PROPER NAMES in TRANSLATION

Proper Names include:

- Personal names, family names, nicknames, names of animals;
- Geographical names, cultural names (monuments;
- Names of tribes, peoples;
- Names of firms, companies, corporations;
- Names of sport teams, clubs;
- Names of space-rocket hardware, warlike equipment, cars;
- communications station call signs;
- Mass media, periodicals, etc.



Proper Names are

"the most problematic to translate, in part because their significance is often culturally specific and dependent on cultural paradigms".

Proper Names:

the words whose main function is to identify an individual referent (an individual person, animal, place, or thing)

nouns used to name a certain person, place or thing

Proper names may be non-descriptive, though they

- are "not non-informative",
- indicate ethnic, national, racial, and religious identity;
- reveal the existence of the "cultural otherness", and signal that the text originated in a different culture;
- are context-free words.



William	Вильям и Уильям
Huxley	Гексли и Хаксли
Watson	Ватсон и Уотсон



German Titov	немец Титов
The Gaza Strip	Газовый Сектор
Charles de Gaulle	Чарльз де Голль
The Legend of Icarus	Легенда об Икарусе



Elementary Transformations



transcription: Mary – Мэри, Murdoch - Мэрдок

Transliteration: Wellington – Веллингтон, Newton- Невтон (but: Ньютон)

Calque: the Indian Ocean -- Индийский океан

Traditions and personal preferences should be taken into account

Van Cliburn - Ван Клиберн (Ван Клайберн,)

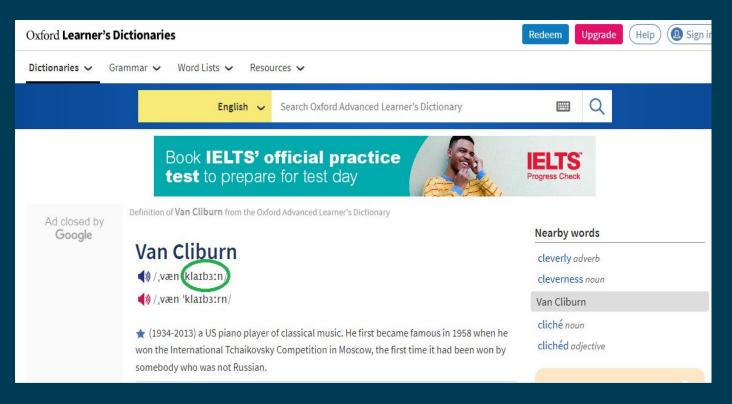


https://www.marieclaire.ru/vestnik/top-5-m elodiy-vana-kliberna-kotoryie-doljen-znat-k ajdyiy/

Check pronunciation:

https://www.howtopronounce.com/

https://www.oxfordlearnersdictionaries.com/definition/english/van-cliburn



Personal Names in Translation



Names of foreign origin, spelt in the Latin alphabet, are usually written in English in their original form:

Beaumarchais – Бомарше

Aeschylus – Эсхил

Nietzsche – Huume

Dvořak – Дворжак

Mozart – Moyapm

In Russian they are rendered mostly by their <u>sound form</u> - in **transcription**.

Some Renaissance and eighteenth-century figures adopted classical names which are then sometimes naturalized:

Copernicus – Copernic – Коперник,

Linnaeus – Linné – Линней.



Oriental names

differ from English names:

Mao Zedong - Mao Цзэдун (Mao is the family name and *Zedong* is the first name).

Some Chinese have westernized their names, putting their given names or the initials for them first:

P.Y. Chen

Most Chinese personal names use the official Chinese spelling system known as Pinyin, literally 'spell-sound.'

Pinyin - the standard system of romanized spelling for transliterating Chinese characters into the Roman alphabet (developed in China, 1958).

Liang – Лянь Ming – Мин (не Минг))

Spanish Names:

Juan - Хуан (а не Джуан, Жуан) Jose - Хосе (не Джоуз)

Hawkes

Хокс	транскрипция
Хаукес/ Гаукес	транслитерация
Ястребов/Ястребс	калькирование



The names of kings are of special interest, as they are traditional in form:

Henry - Генрих Charles – Карл

George – $\Gamma eopr$

James – Иаков

William – Вильгельм

George - Георг

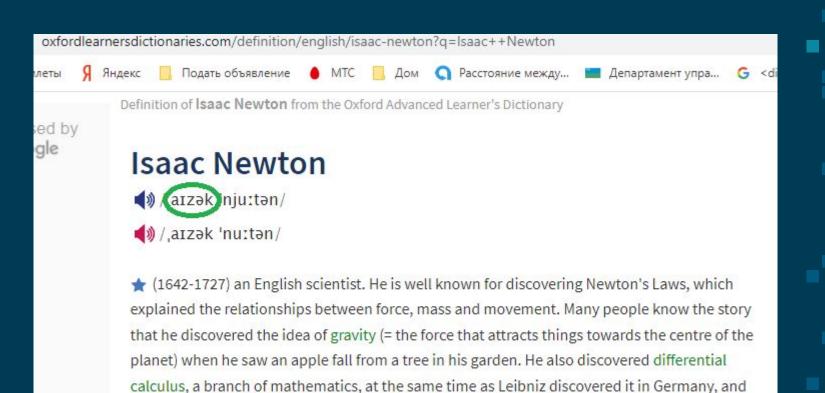
"Bloody Mary: Мария Кровавая, but "Кровавая Мэри"

Traditionally, **names of prominent people** are rendered by their Russian counterparts:

Isaac Newton – Исаак Ньютон,

Abraham Lincoln – Авраам Линкольн





made important discoveries about the nature of light and colour. He was made a knight in

1705.

. . .

Может собственных Платонов
И буйных разумом **Невтонов**Земля Российская рождать.

М.В.Ломоносов «Ода на восшествие на престол Елизаветы Петровны»



TOKEN NAMES



Humpty-Dumpty – Шалтай-Болтай,

Shorty – Коротышка;

Scout – Глазастик;

Тяпкин-Ляпкин – Slap-Dash



Names of Folklore characters:

Баба-Яга - Baba-Yaga;

Hobbit - Хоббит;

goblin - гоблин



Geographical Names in Translation



1. Conventional usage:

England – Англия, Scotland – Шотландия, Ireland – Ирландия Москва -- Moscow Beijing – Пекин the Hague -- Гаага Санкт-Петербург -- St. Petersburg,

Strait of Dover – Па-де-Кале, the English Channel – Ла-Манш

2. Calques:

Rocky Mountains – Скалистые горы, Saint Helena Island – остров Святой Елены, залив Золотой Рог – Golden Horn Bay.

3. Half-calques (can be used to translate toponyms with classifiers, such as *river*, *lake*, *bridge*):

Waterloo Bridge – мост Ватерлоо,

Salt Lake City – город Солт-Лэйк-Сити.

Transcription:

Iowa – Айова ['aıəuə]

Transliteration:

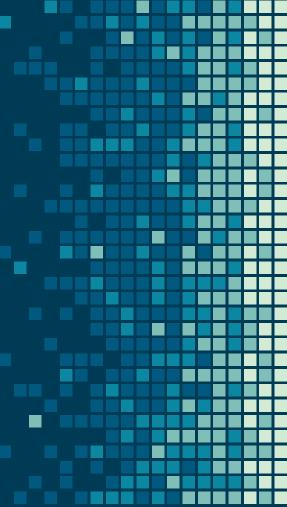
Illinois – Иллинойс [ˌɪlɪˈnɔɪ] Michigan – Мичиган [ˈmɪʃɪgən] Kentucky – Кентукки [kenˈtʌkɪ]

Transcription+ semantic translation:

the Gulf of Mexico -- Мексиканский залив River Thames -- река Темза the Pacific Ocean -- Тихий океан



Names of Streets



1. Transcription:

Bayswater Road – Бейсуотер-роуд.

2. The names of streets in historical novels which sometimes happen to be **token names are translated:**

The Economist publishing office is in Threadneedle Street – Редакция журнала «Экономист» находится на Треднидл-стрит

But:

"tailors lived in Threadneedle Street" – портные жили на **улице Иголка с Ниткой** (token name).

3. Half calque:

Fifth Avenue – Пятая авеню



Names of Periodicals

The Times – газета «Таймс»

For pragmatic reasons such words as *газета, журнал, еженедельник* are added in Russian respectively.

The United States News and World Report – американский еженедельник «Юнайтед Стейтс Ньюс энд Уорлд Рипорт».

Listener - журнал "Лиснер" (еженедельный журнал)

ВВС - Би-би-си («Русский орфографический словарь РАН»)

People's Daily – газета «Женьминь Жибао»



Transcription:

Names of companies, firms, cars, etc.:

Carnegie Foundation — Фонд Карнеги,

 $\overline{\textit{McDonald Observatory}}$ — Обсерватория Макдоналда,

John A. Logan $\overline{\text{College}}$ — Колледж (имени) Джона А. Логана,

Guggenheim Museum — Музей Гуггенхейма.

Subaru – Субару

Mitsubishi – Мицубиси

Suzuki - Судзуки

School: Br vs Am

Calque:

London School of Economics – Лондонская школа экономики

BUT

Princeton <u>School of Law</u> – <u>Юридический институт</u> Принстонского университета (амер. School of Law – Юридический институт)



Calque

- словосочетания в политической, научной и культурной областях: Верховный Суд Supreme Court;
- названия памятников истории и культуры: Зимний дворец - Winter Palace White House - Белый Дом
- географические названия гор, озер, морей и т. п. переводятся, если в них входят "переводимые" компоненты:

the Rocky Mountains -- Скалистые Горы the Salt Lake -- Соленое Озеро Черное Море -- the Black Sea Ivory Coast -- Берег Слоновой Кости.

STRATEGIES IN TRANSLATION OF PROPER NAME

Foreignization: a way of translation which keeps cultural aspects.

Domestication: a way of translation that makes some changes to the text or sometimes omits some aspects of culture.

According to Lawrence Michael Venuti:

Foreignization is very close to a literal translation and "attempts to bring out the foreign in the TT itself" when ST syntax and lexis are maintained in order to "preserve SL items in the TT (target text),"

Domestication is the opposite strategy, and "involves downplaying the foreign characteristics of the language and culture of the ST".



References:

Д.И. Ермолович. Имена собственные на стыке языков и культур.

А.И. Рубакин. Словарь английских личных имен.

Р.С. Гиляревский, Б.А. Старостин. Иностранные имена и названия в русском тексте.

Грамота.py http://new.gramota.ru/spravka/buro/search-answer?s=

https://www.oxfordlearnersdictionaries.com/definition/english/ https://www.howtopronounce.com/

Oxford Learner's Dictionaries

http://forvo.com

Концевич Л. Р. Китайские имена собственные и термины в русском тексте. Пособие по транскрипции. — М.: Муравей, 2002»