

A photograph of a birch forest with a yellow banner overlay. The banner contains the text "KADNIKOV IS THE TOWN ON THE HILL" in purple. Below the banner, there is a line of Russian text in yellow.

KADNIKOV IS THE TOWN ON THE HILL

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History



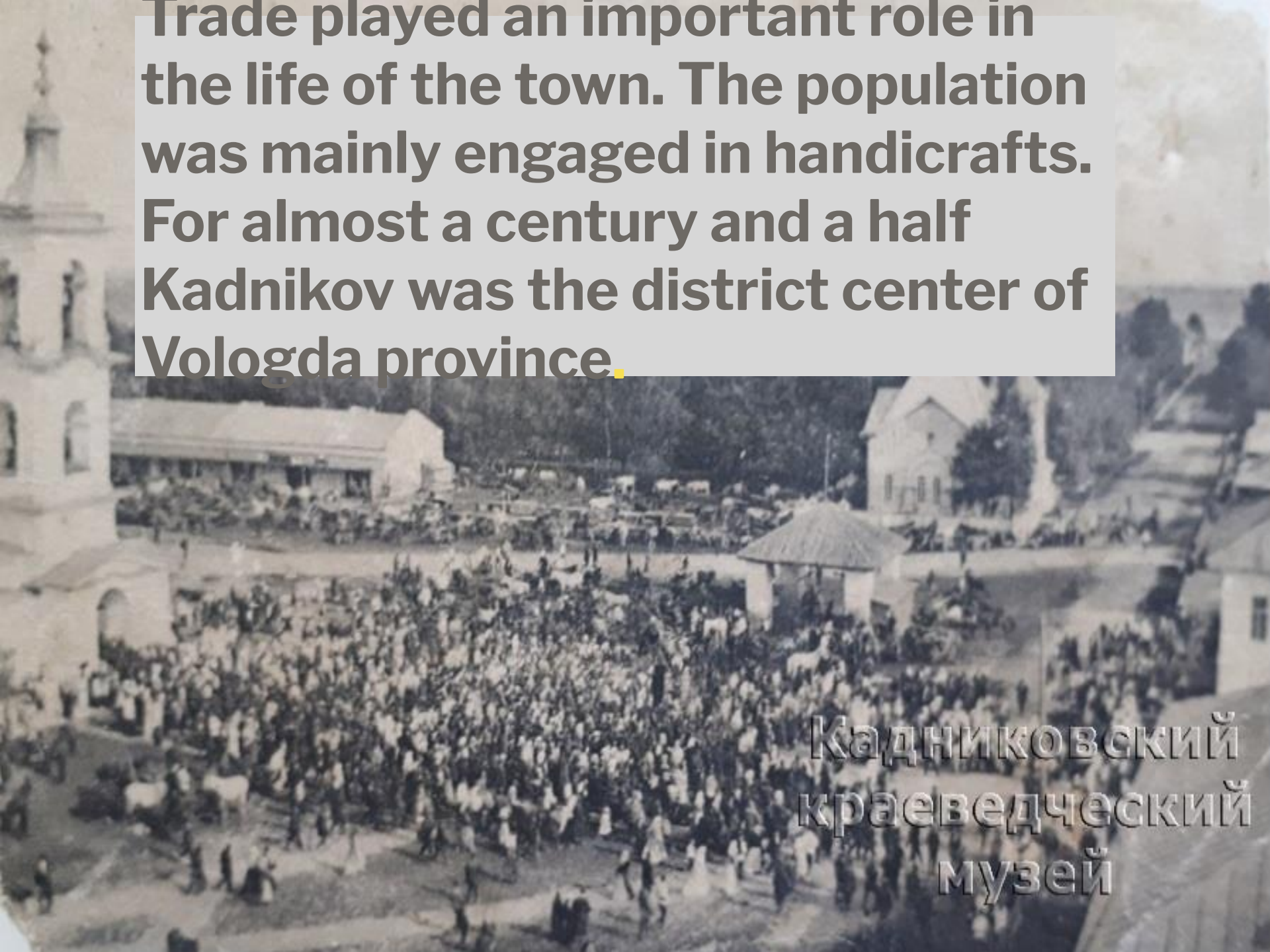
Kadnikov is an ancient town in the North of Russia. This place was first mentioned in 1492. The Moscow Metropolitan Zosima gave the donation certificate to Grigory Mochalov. He was granted the right to own Kadnikov wasteland in Vologda district.

The town of Kadnikov was founded in 1780. It got its name after the village Kadnikovo. At that time it was quite a significant settlement located on the route to Arkhar



Кадниковъ Волог. № 5.
Торговая площадь Июль 1914 года.

Trade played an important role in the life of the town. The population was mainly engaged in handicrafts. For almost a century and a half Kadnikov was the district center of Vologda province.



**Кадниковский
краеведческий
музей**



In the XVI century, the trade route from Arkhangelsk to Moscow ran through the Kadnikov wasteland. That factor contributed to the revival and expansion of trade in the region and to the birth of entrepreneurship. None of those who were going to the capital or to the North passed Kadnikov.



Many famous historical figures stayed here. Among them are the names of such famous people as the founder of the Old believes Archpriest Avvakum (1664), Emperor Peter I (1694), one of the greatest Russian scientists - M.V. Lomonosov (1730).

Kadnikov is associated
with the names of three
Royal persons:

-Catherine II

Her decree granted
the status of the city on
January 25, 1780





- On June 16, 1858 Tsar Alexander II passed through Kadnikov to Arkhangelsk. In honor of this event, the garden was laid in the city center.





- with the name of Tsar Peter I, who twice passed through the village of Kadnikovo from Arkhangelsk in 1693 and in 1694. He stayed here and had tea at a local place.



Its ancient name, derived from the name of wooden tubs (kadka) was immortalized on the approved coat of arms of the town. Cooperage and fishing were traditionally widely developed in these places. The kadka is full of resin that meant people sold a lot of it. The coat of arms of Kadnikov was approved on October 2, 1780.



Kadnikov became the center of the vast Kadnikovsky County, which included 49 counties, 1900 settlements. Its area was 17,385 square kilometers, the population was 200 thousand people. The County became the birthplace of five districts of Vologda region (Sokolskiy, Ust-Kubenskiy, Kharovski, Vozhega, Syamzhenskiy) and one in Arkhangelsk (Konosha).

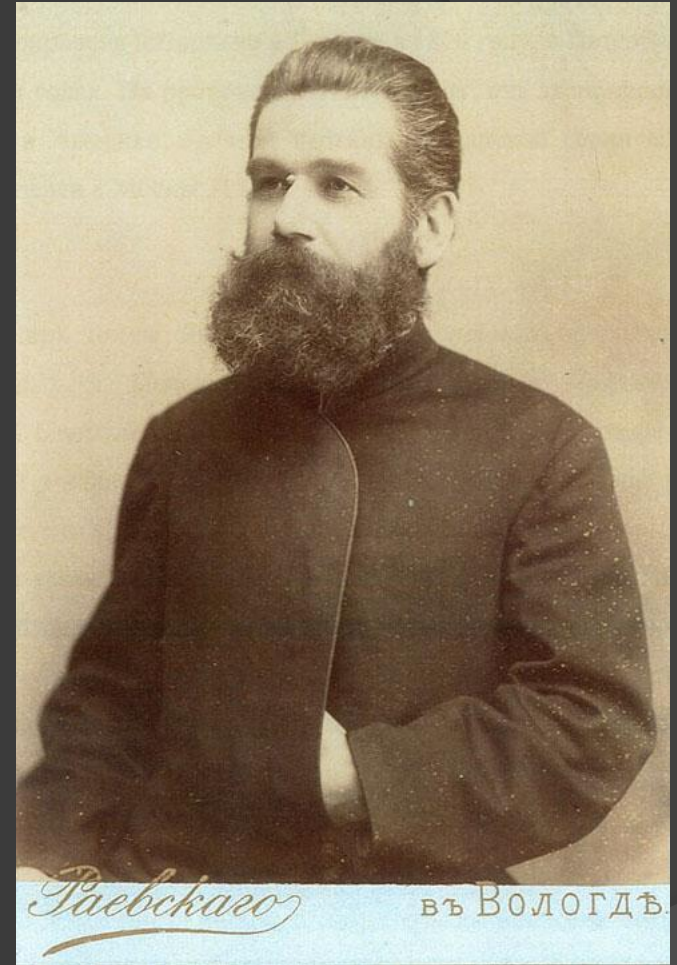


Clergymen, merchants, tradesmen, servants, officials, artisans lived in the town at that time. Kadnikov developed particularly due to its merchants. They built a lot of houses that are still in a good condition now.



Famous people

No matter how small the town was, it gave the country a lot of talented people who showed themselves in the field of science and art: Vasiliy Krasov, a famous poet of the first half of the 19th century, Professor of the University of Warsaw, N. Andreev, the writer and theatrical figure Zubov Yu. M. , Professor of Kazan University N. P. Sluginov



Zubov Yu. M.

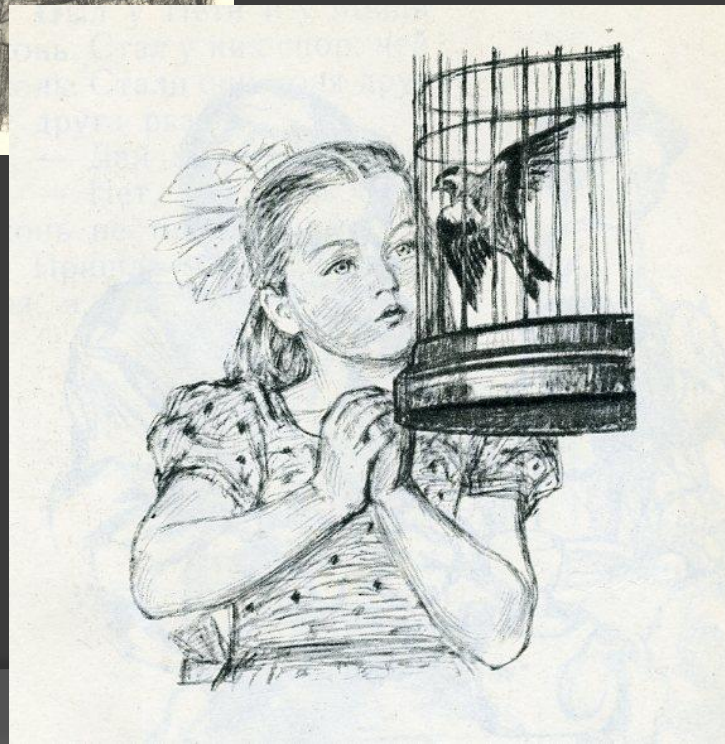
The historical and cultural heritage of Kadnikovsky district is inseparably linked with the well —known noble names of Zubov, Mezhakov, Popov-Vedensky, who contributed a lot to the development of the city.



academician
I. I. Chernyaev



Professor of botany I. A. Perfiliev



A. F. Pakhomov

A famous composer V. A. Gavrilin



Today Kadnikov is the second largest urban settlement of Sokol municipal district, despite the difficulties of the XX century, Kadnikov kept the charm of the provincial merchant town, the main values of which are its original culture, historical monuments and landscapes





The residents of the town are characterized by a warm hospitality and kindness. We are always glad to see tourists and guests of Kadnikov, strive for the development of inter-municipal cooperation and are ready to establish partnership.



The main attractions of the town



The main attractions of the town are located along the main street named after Rosa Luxemburg (former Cathedral street). There are several stone mansions, the Epiphany Cathedral, rebuilt into the House of culture, Lenin Park .



The chapel of Gregory Pel'chemskiy was built in 1879.
It is very beautiful.





Elias-Zasodimsky Church (Il'inskiy Pogost) is a Federal monument of architecture. It is visited by a lot of people, even by foreigners. There is a well near the church with holy water



There is a Local History Museum. The Museum was opened in 1985 and existed on a voluntary basis. Since 1993, it has officially received the status of a museum. Its expositions were presented in 3 halls. The 1st hall - the history of the city, work and life of the population; the 2nd hall-military Kadnikov during the second world war, the 3rd hall — literary and musical living room. The Museum presented the auto lithography of the the USSR artist A.F.Pakhomov, an exhibition dedicated to the composer V. A. Gavrilin and the exhibition dedicated to Zubov's family. Now the museum is being reconstructed.

They say:
“Kadnikov is
beautiful!
Let’s go there!”

A.Romanov





Использованы материалы:

- 1.Материалы Кадниковского краеведческого музея
- 2.Города земли Вологодской. Кадников. ООО «Рекламное агенство «Русский север», Вологда ,2010.
- 3.

<http://cityattr.ru/rossiya/dostoprimechatelnosti-goroda-kadnikov-vologodskaya-oblast.html>



Welcome to Kadnikov