and their equivalents

Can, may, must, have to, be

to, should, shall ought to, need

Can you?

Can you hop like a rabbit? Can you jump like a frog? Can you walk like a duck? Can you run like a dog? Can you fly like a bird? Can you swim like a fish? And be still like a good child, As still as you wish?

Humpty-Dumpty sat on a wall,
Humpty-Dumpty had a great fall.
All the King's horses,
And all the King's men,
Couldn't put Humpty together again.

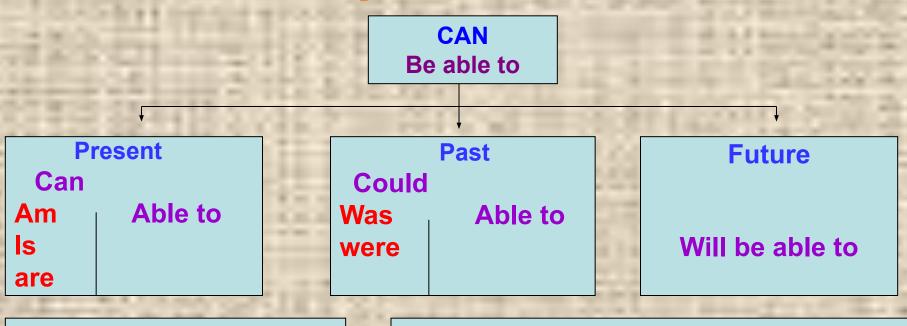
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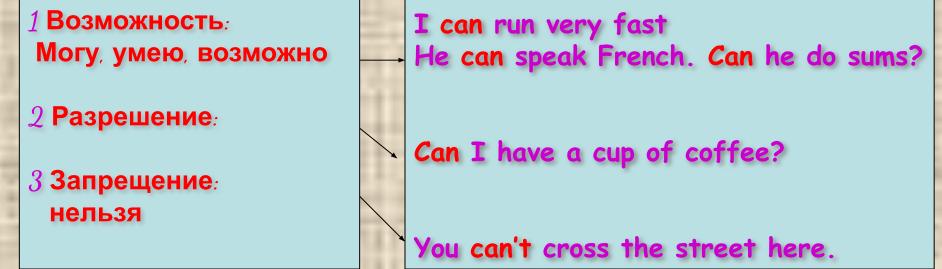
A man can do no more then he can.

* * *

Child must first creep, then go.

Modal verbs CAN and their equivalents



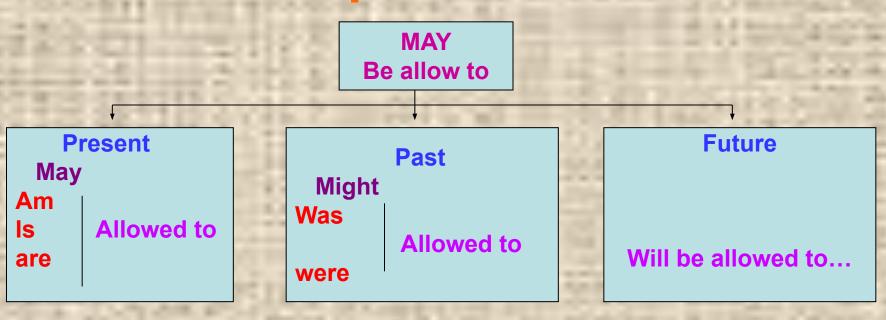


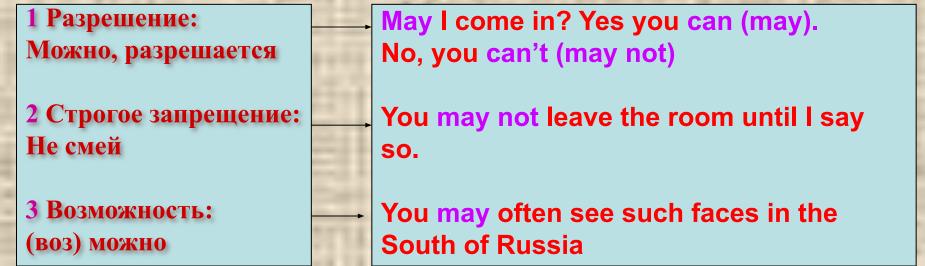
Значения глагола could и его эквивалента не всегда полностью совпадают. В некоторых случаях could и его эквивалент was/were able to используются в разных контекстах:

could - постоянная способность делать чтолибо в прошлом - мог was/were able to - имеет значение смог, удалось - исключительная ситуация.

- I could read when I was 5.
- When he was 17 he could play chess well.
 Once he even was able to beat the champion.

Modal verbs MAY and their equivalents





Спросить разрешение сделать что- либо можно следующим образом:

CAN/ COULD/ MAY/ MIGHT I borrow your pen? Краткий отрицательный ответ на такой вопрос может быть выражен следующим образом:

No, I don't - просьба не делать этого
No you may not - запрещение
No you must not - запрещение происходит не от вас это
запрещено
No you can not - правилами законами и т.д.

Мы используем эквивалент модального глагола may (be allowed/permitted to...) когда хотим подчеркнуть, что разрешение/ запрещение исходит от кого- либо: You are not allowed/permitted to wait here

Modal verbs MUST and their equivalents

Must have to

Present	Past	Future
Must	-	-
must have/has to	had to	will have to
am/is/are to	was/were to	

1. долг, обязательство:	We must study hard.	
должен	I must buy some bread.	
2. приказ, настоятельный совет:	You must go there at once.	
	Vou must see the dector immediately	
должен	You must see the doctor immediately.	
3. запрещение:	You mustn't smoke here.	
HORE OF CORPOUND		

BE TO

	Глагол	Present	Past	Future
I am to meet	Be to	am to	was to	5.74
her in the	Должен (я	are to	were to	2072
library today.	обещал, запланировал	is to		200
Я должен (мне	по расписанию,	15000		10000
предстоит, мы договорились)	по	200	111000	
встретиться с	договоренности	100 octo	L SYLE	2312,7
ней в библиотеке	200 Sold HILL E	21212	- ALUE:	3531
сегодня.	989 20111111111		3 77 100	45353
ALCOHOLD VICES	462.541.545		4 10000	1000

"Should" - «следует»



If you want to give somebody advice, you can use "should".

You should go in for sports to be healthy.



You should sleep enough to be healthy.



You should be friendly to be healthy.



"shouldn't"- «не следует»



If your advice is negative, you can use "shouldn't".

You shouldn't smoke to be healthy.



You shouldn't eat unhealthy food.



You shouldn't work on the computer too long to be healthy.





If you want to ask for advice, you can put the word "should" at the beginning of your question:

- Should I consult the doctor?

Pay your attention to the possible answers:



-No, you shouldn't.



Fill in "should" or "shouldn't"



- 1) You should get up early and go to bed early.
- 2) You shouldn't eat too much or too little.
- 3) You shouldn't watch TV too much.
- 4) You **should** eat vitamins.
- 5) You shouldn't eat between meals.
- 6) You **should** take regular exercises.
- 7) You **should** take a cold shower.
- 8) You **shouldn't** go to bed late.



Well done!!!

Shall

Shall с местоимениями you, he, she, it, they

Выражает обязанность или обязательство совершать действие в силу установленных законов или договоренностей и используется в официальных документах (контрактах, юридических документах).

В соответствующем русском предложении употребляется сочетание глагола должен с инфинитивом

No one shall inform about the private life of any citizen.

Никто не должен давать информацию о личной жизни любого гражданина

Для образования отрицательной и вопросительной формы с глаголом have to употребляются вспомогательный глагол do/does/did:

- Why do you have to go to the dentist every three months?

(not: «Have I to do)

- Did you have to go to school yesterday? (not: «Had you to go)

То have to в вопросительных и отрицательных предложениях в значении долженствования

Present	I have to get up early. Do you have to get up early. He has to get up early. Does he have to get up early?	Yes, I do. Yes, he does.	No, I don't. I don't have to get up early. No, he doesn't. He doesn't have to get up early.
Past	He had to get up early. Did he have to get up early?	Yes, he did.	No, he didn't. He didn't have to get up early.
Future	He'll get up early. Will he have to get up early?	Yes, he will.	No, I won't. He won't have to get up early.

Need

- * You needn't clean the windows.
 - Тебе не нужно мыть окна.
- * They are clean already.
 - Они чистые.

Needn't

Нет никакой необходимости (нужды)

Какой глагол следует употребить?

- 1. Нам **пришлось** уйти с бейсбольного матча, так как мы боялись опоздать на последний автобус.
 - a) were to b) had to c) must d) should

- 2. Мы должны (договорились) встретиться у стадиона.
 - a) have to b) are to c) must d) ought to
- 3. Вы **должны** быть на занятиях в школе за партой до того, как прозвенит звонок.
 - a) must b) have to c) ought to d) should

- 4. Вам **следует** делать домашнее задание ежедневно. a) must b) have to c) should d) ought to e) are to
- 5. **Следует** стучаться, перед тем, как Вы входите. a) must b) ought to c) should d) have to e) are to
- 6. **Не нужно** (нет по расписанию) приходить сегодня на занятия.
 - a) don't have to b) mustn't c) are not d) needn't
- 7. Ученикам **запрещено** играть на улице a) must not b) don't have to c) needn't

- 8. Вам не нужно покупать эту книгу. Она у меня есть. a) needn't b) mustn't
- 9. Автобус пришел, и мы **должны были** идти пешком. a) must b) had to
- 10. Ты **должна** рассказать ему эти новости, я настаиваю. a) must b) have to
- 11. Я не люблю вставать рано, но я должна (приходится), так как занятия начинаются в 8 часов утра.а) must b) have to



Be healthy III





