

A graphic featuring a black, saucer-shaped UFO with a yellow light beam shining down from its center. The background is a vibrant, multi-colored galaxy with shades of blue, purple, red, and orange. The text is overlaid on the UFO and the galaxy.

# **Astronomy without light**

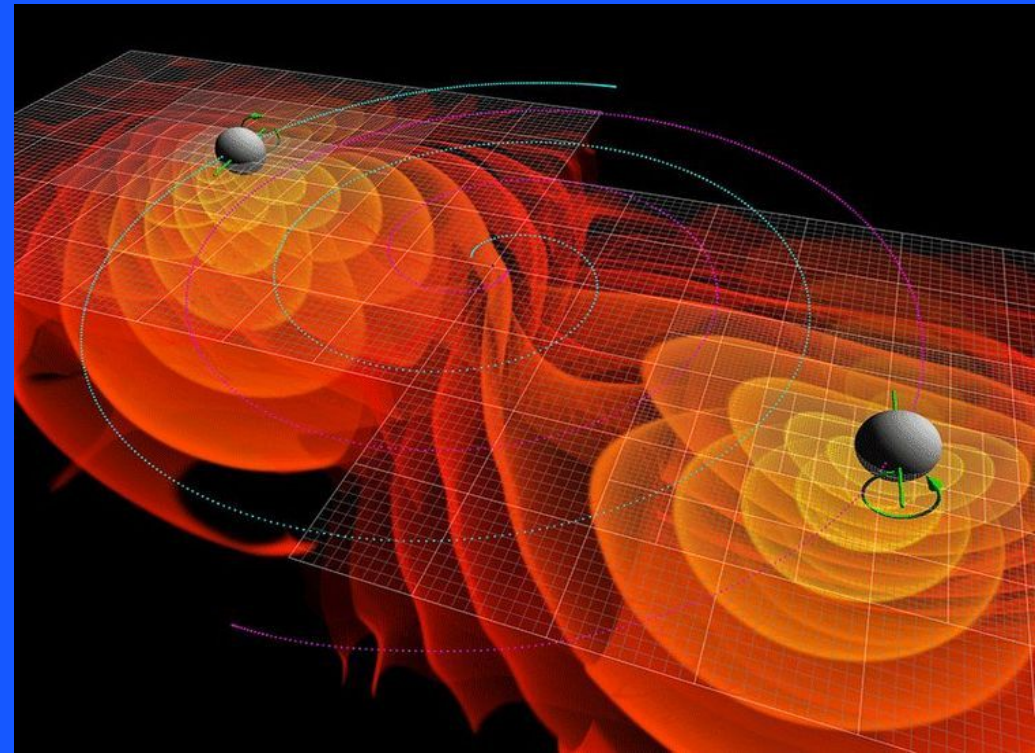
***Now, everything  
becomes visible....***

# Gravitational waves

- Gravitational waves are ripples that deform space-time.
- Gravitational waves are weak interactions, so they are very difficult to observe.

They can be created by:

**Binary neutron stars,  
Supernova explosions,  
Black holes' collisions.**



# New Detectors

**LIGO- Laser Interferometer  
Gravitational-wave Observatory,**  
was designed in 2001  
in Livingstone and Hanford, USA.

- In 2015 the gravitational waves from two black holes' merger were localized and registered.
- In the same year, another version of LIGO was launched.



# New Detectors

- **VIRGO** is French and Italian gravitational -wave detector, which was created in 1993 in Cascina Comune near Piza.
- **VIRGO** uses the mirrors with the extra reflection capability.
- **VIRGO** is able to detect all the gravitational waves, produced in our galaxy and in others, lying nearby.



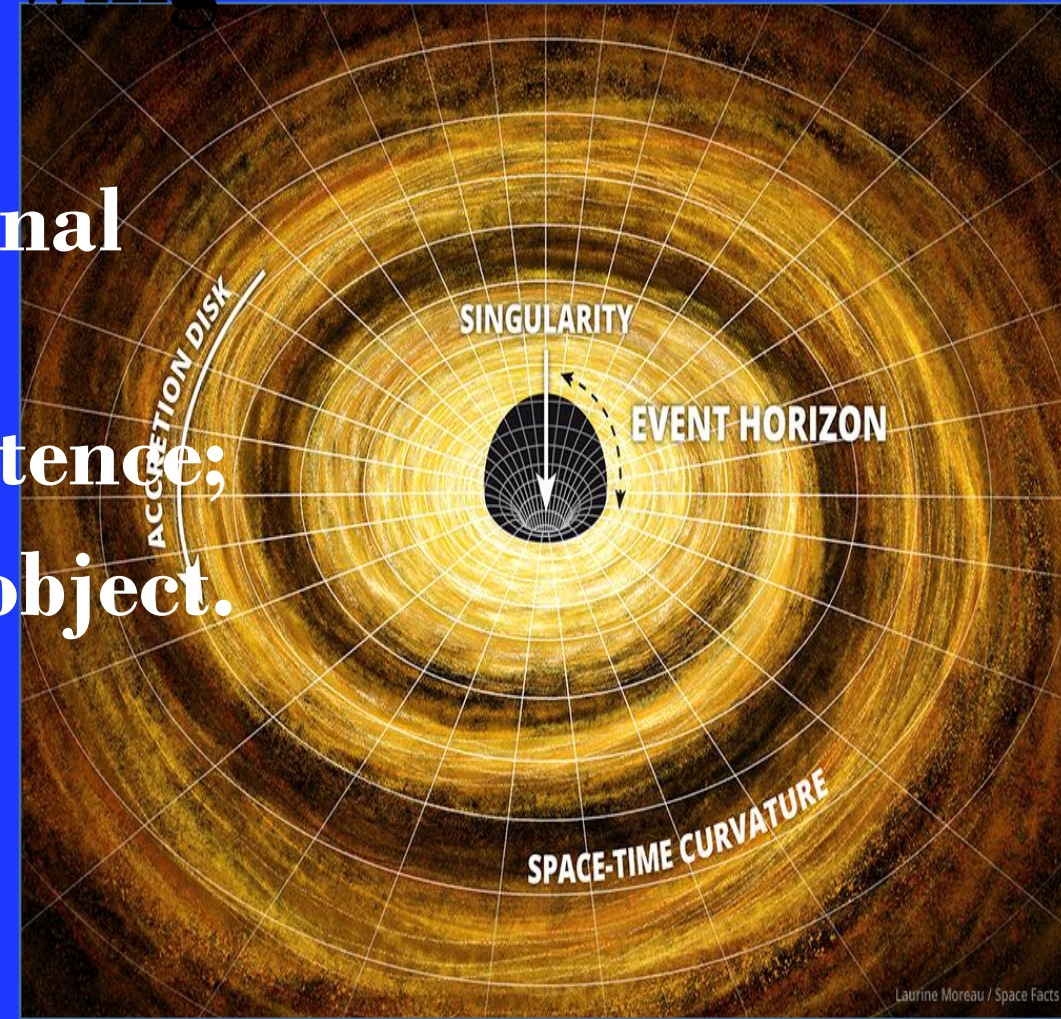
# Marvellous Discovery

On the 11<sup>th</sup> of February, 2016 the collaboration of VIRGO and LIGO declared the discovery of gravitational waves, which were released during the collision of two black holes of 60 stellar masses.

# Results of the discovery

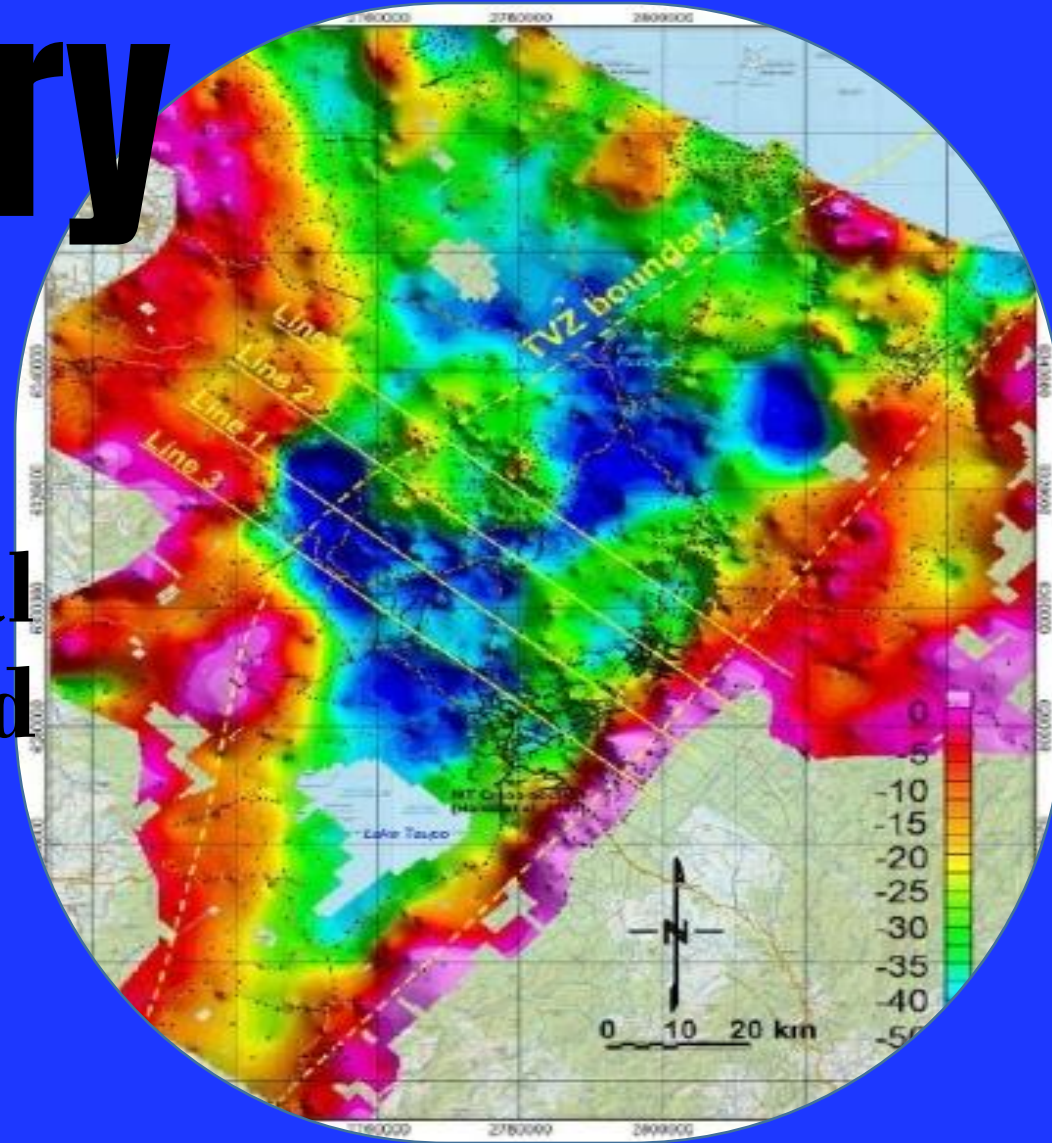
The discovery has led to the following results:

- The direct observation of gravitational waves;
- The direct proof of black holes' existence;
- The discovery of the hugest cosmic object.



# New opportunities for the industry

- The technologies, used in new gravitational detectors can be also implemented in gravitational exploration of different fields and improve the accuracy of laser gravimeters.



**Thanks for attention**