

География населения с основами  
демографии

**Международные миграции**

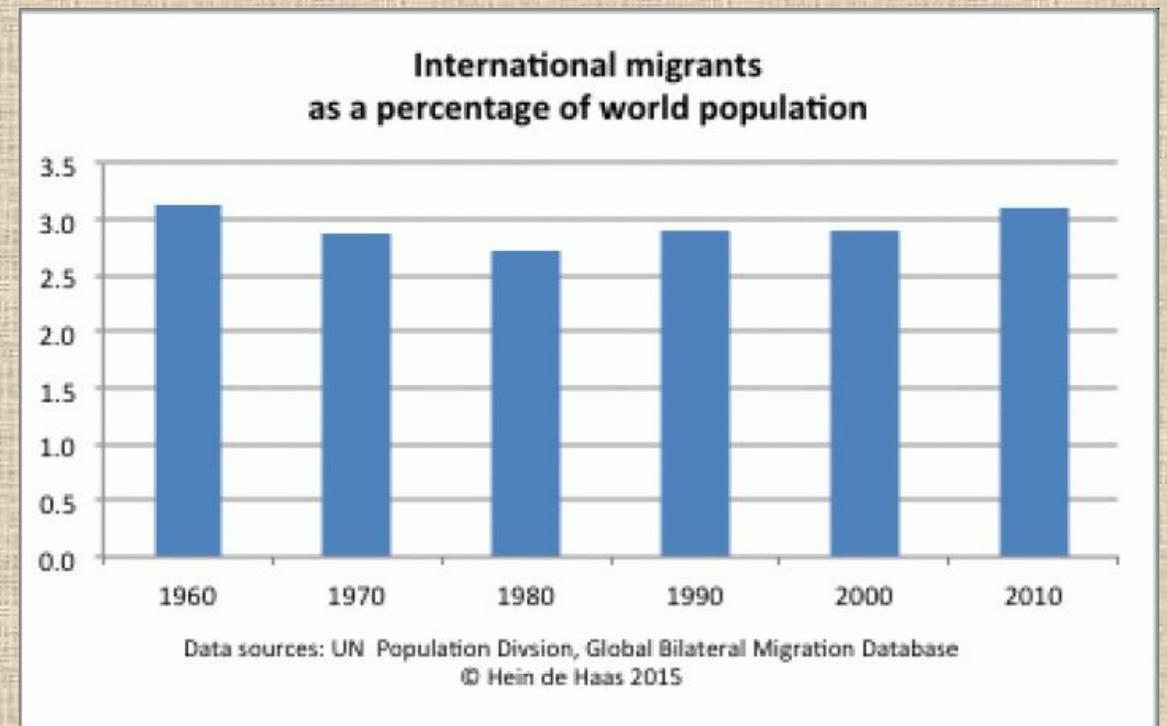
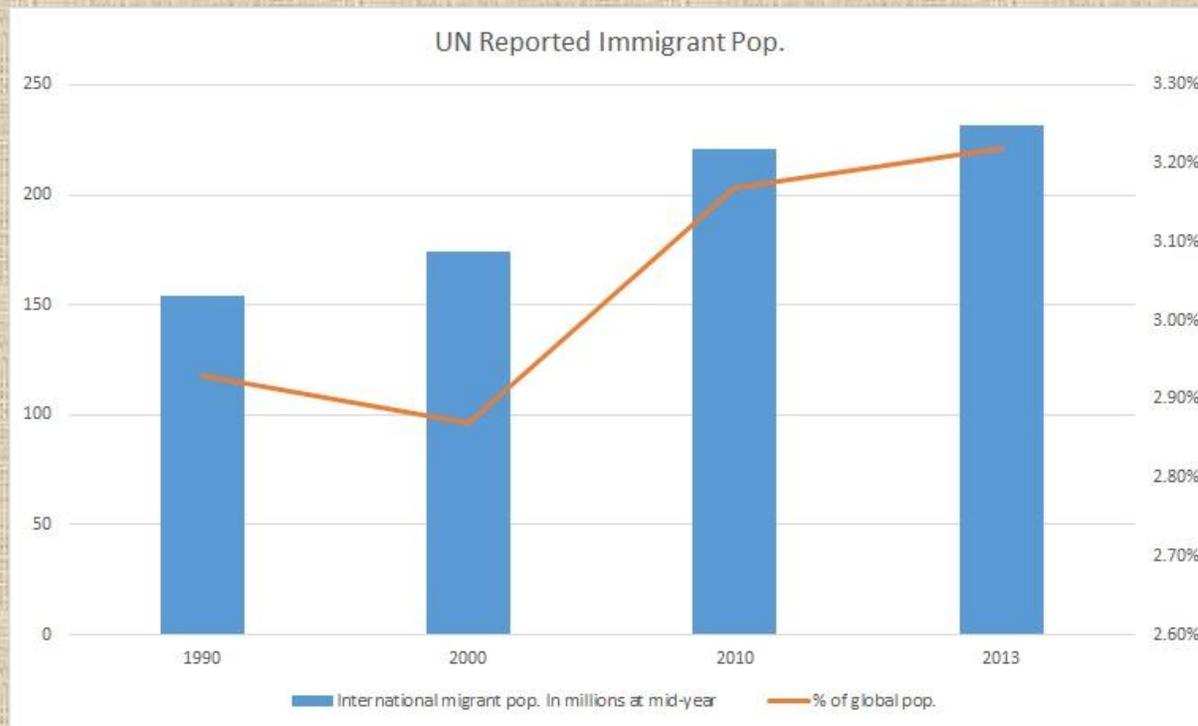
**История и география**

**современных миграционных**

**ПОТОКОВ**

*Ф.А Попов*

# Σ международных мигрантов в мире (2013 г.) = 232 млн (3,2%)



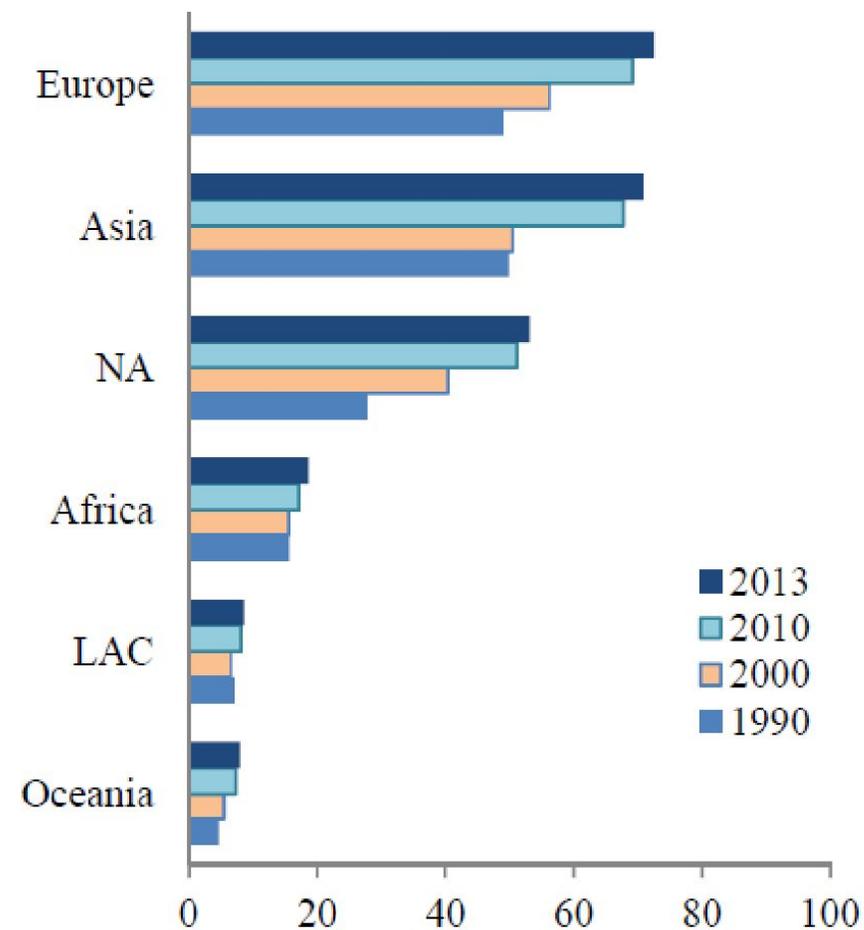
1990-2013 – ↑ в 1,5 раза

доля ↑ ↓ ≈ 3%

# Распределение международных мигрантов по регионам



Figure I.2. International migrants by major area, 1990-2013 (millions)



# Доля международных мигрантов в населении регионов

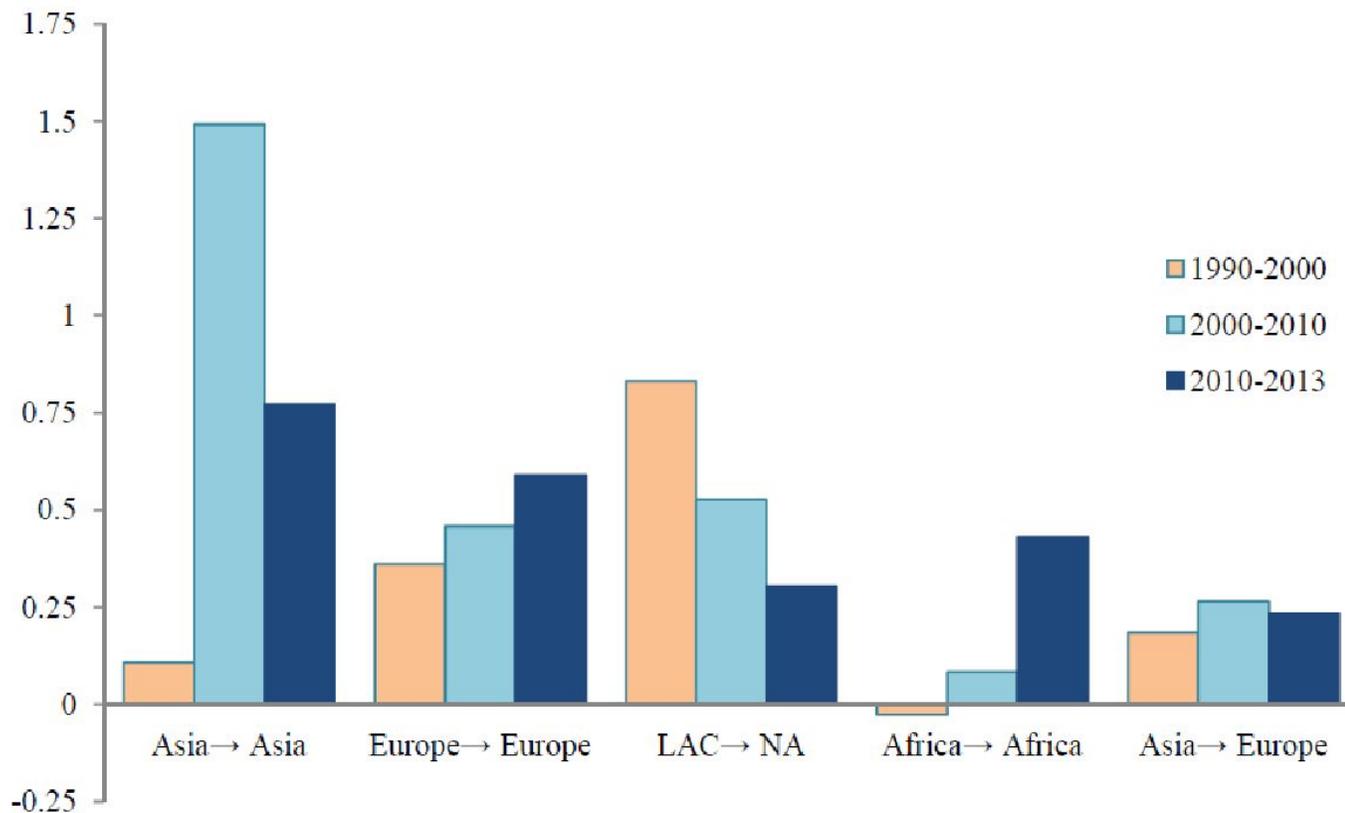
|                     |             |
|---------------------|-------------|
| Австралия и Океания | 21,0%       |
| Северная Америка    | 15,0%       |
| Европа              | 10,0%       |
| <b>Мир</b>          | <b>3,2%</b> |
| Африка              | 7,0%        |
| Азия                | 1,6%        |
| Латинская Америка   | 1,4%        |

# Внутрирегиональная миграция

|                        |     |
|------------------------|-----|
| Африка                 | 82% |
| Азия                   | 76% |
| Латинская Америка      | 64% |
| Европа                 | 52% |
| Австралия и<br>Океания | 14% |
| Северная Америка       | 2%  |

# Основные миграционные «коридоры» по регионам

Figure I.4. Average annual change in the number of international migrants along the five largest migration corridors, 1990-2013 (millions)



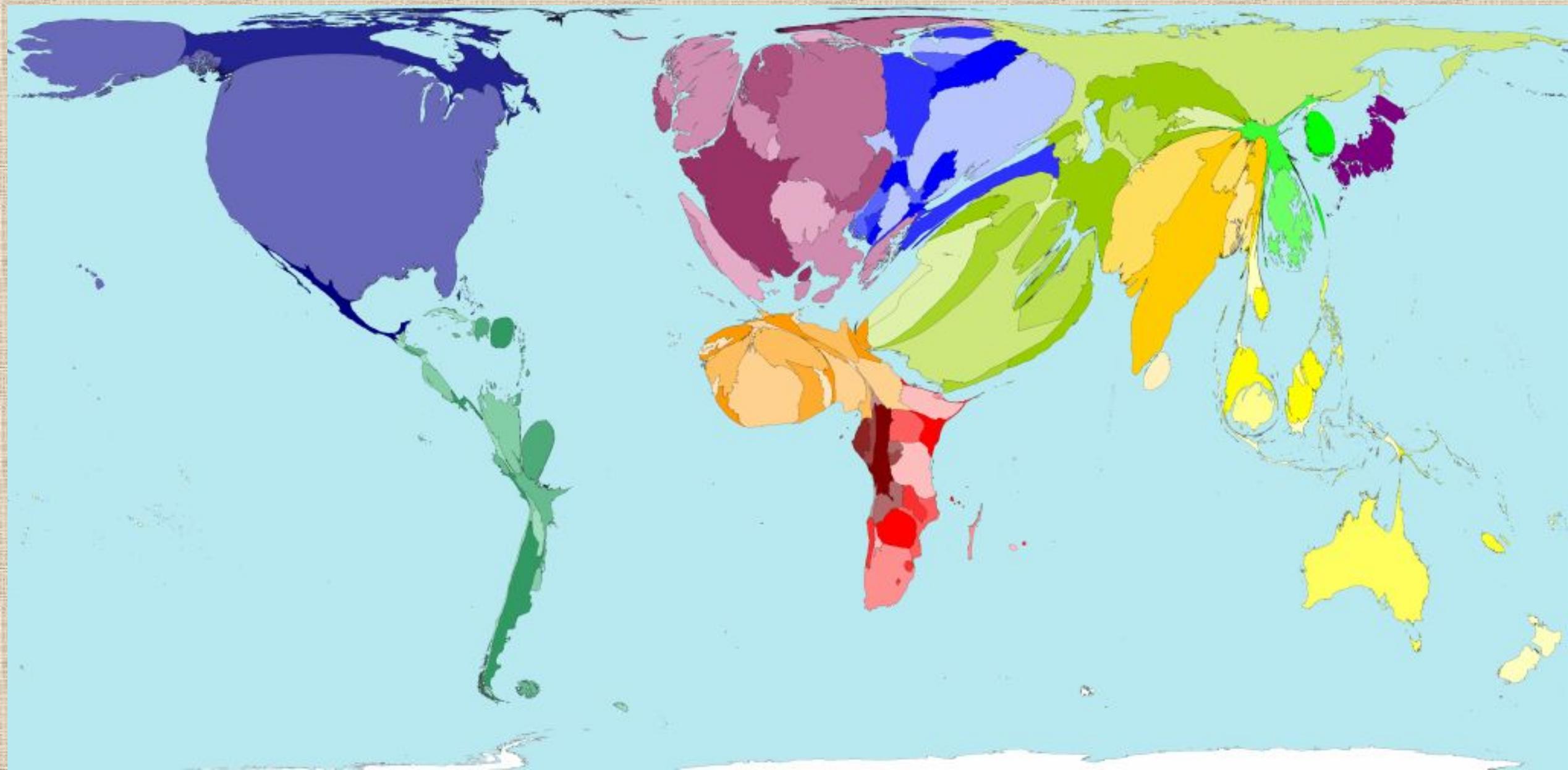
Азия -> Азия:

ЮА/ЮВА -> ЗА (нефть)  
беженцы (Ирак, Сирия)

Европа -> Европа: ВЕ/ЮЕ ->  
ЗЕ

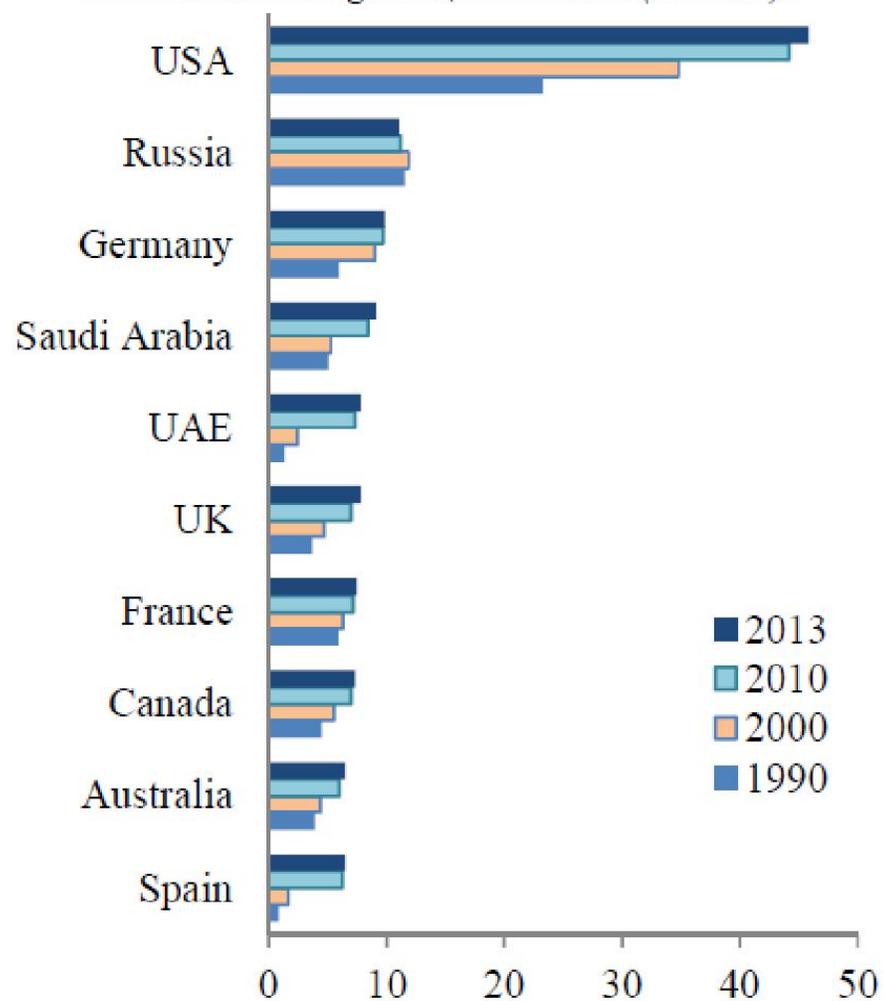
Африка -> Африка: СА -> ВА

# Международные мигранты по странам



# Международные мигранты по странам

Figure I.5. Ten countries with the largest number of international migrants, 1990-2013 (millions)



## Доля стран в общем числе международных мигрантов

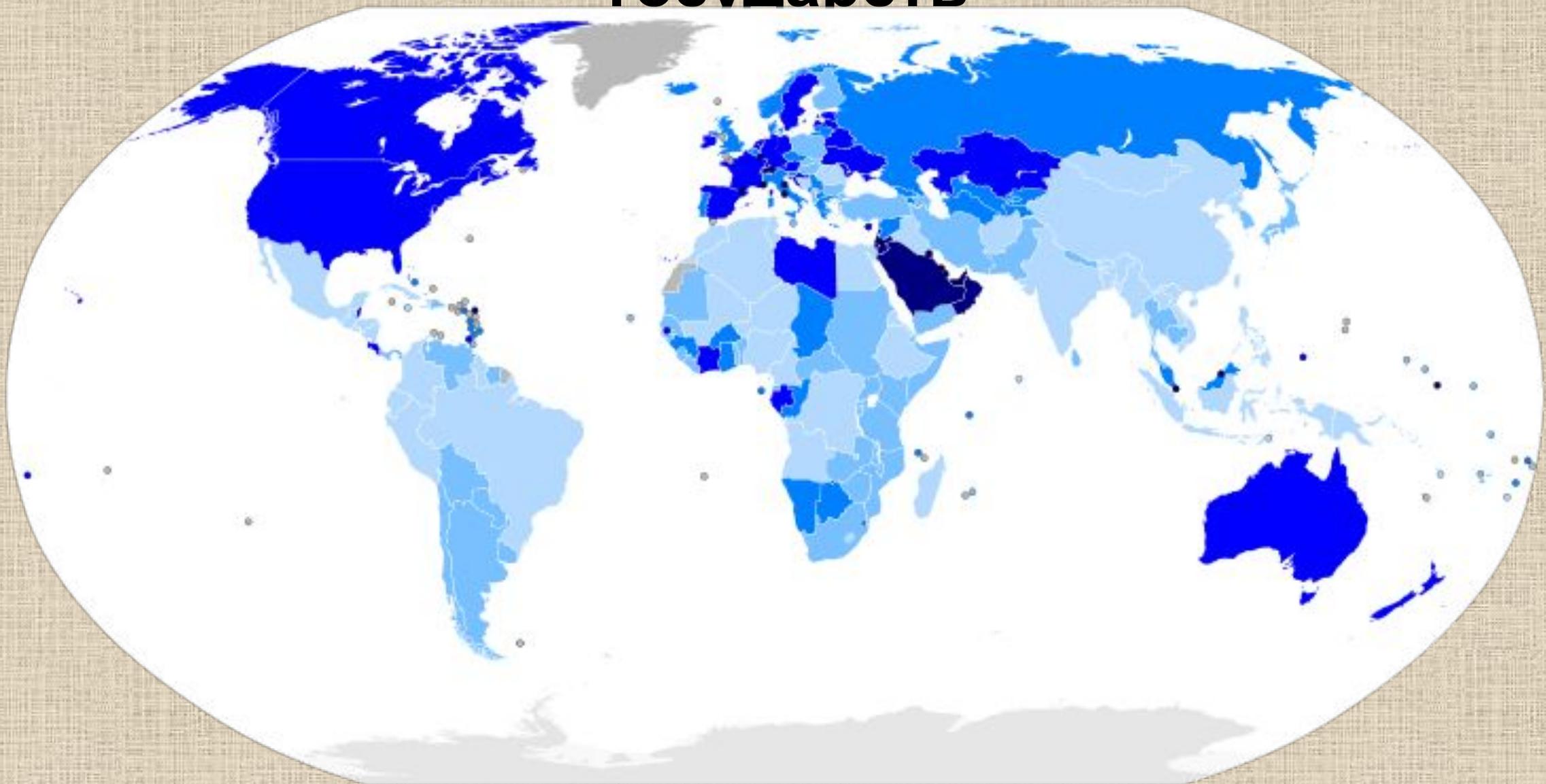
|                   |       |
|-------------------|-------|
| США               | 19,8% |
| Россия            | 4,8%  |
| Германия          | 4,2%  |
| Саудовская Аравия | 3,9%  |
| ОАЭ               | 3,4%  |
| Великобритания    | 3,4%  |
| Франция           | 3,2%  |
| Канада            | 3,2%  |
| Австралия         | 2,8%  |
| Испания           | 2,8%  |

10 стран = 51,5%  
всех

международных  
мигрантов

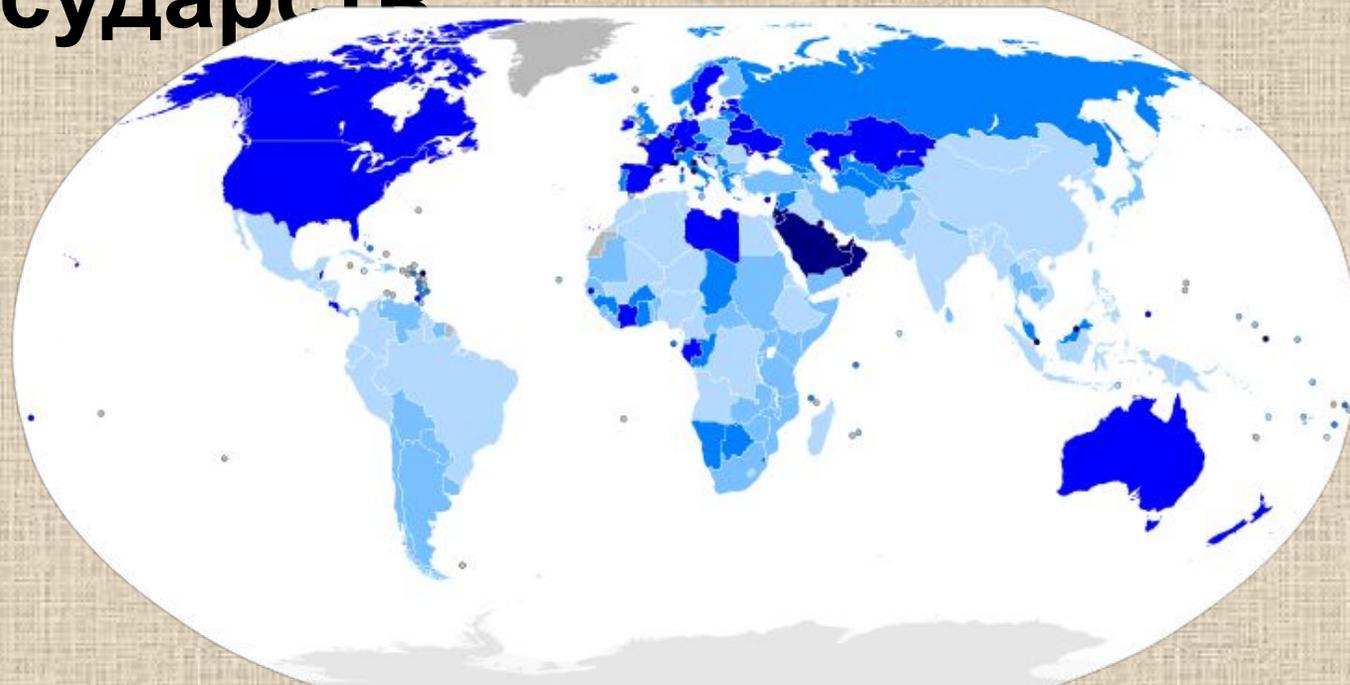
США  $\approx$  1/5

# Доля международных мигрантов в населении государств



# Доля международных мигрантов в населении государств

|    |            |        |
|----|------------|--------|
| 1  | Ватикан    | 100,0% |
| 2  | ОАЭ        | 83,7%  |
| 3  | Катар      | 73,8%  |
| 4  | Кувейт     | 70,0%  |
| 5  | Монако     | 64,2%  |
| 6  | Андорра    | 56,9%  |
| 7  | Бахрейн    | 54,7%  |
| 8  | Бруней     | 49,3%  |
| 9  | Люксембург | 43,3%  |
| 10 | Сингапур   | 42,9%  |



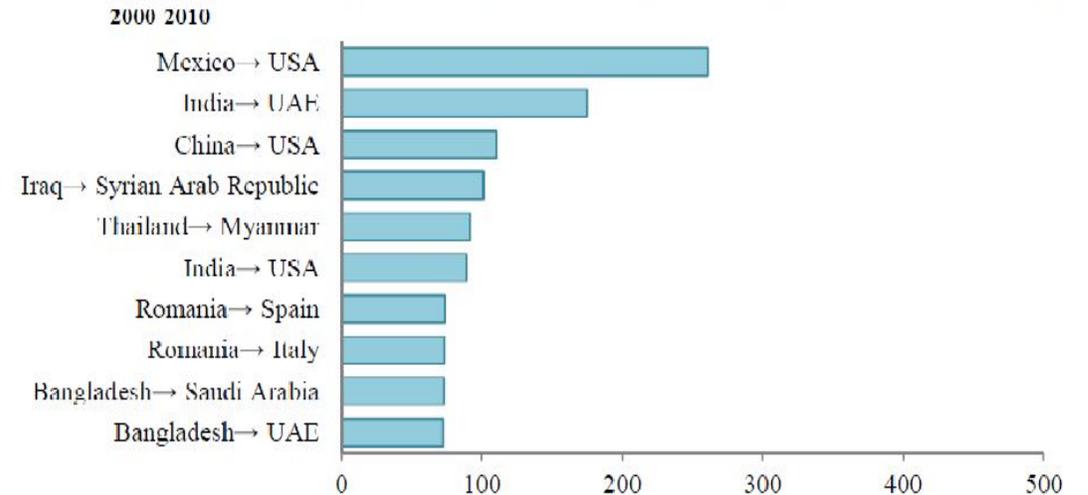
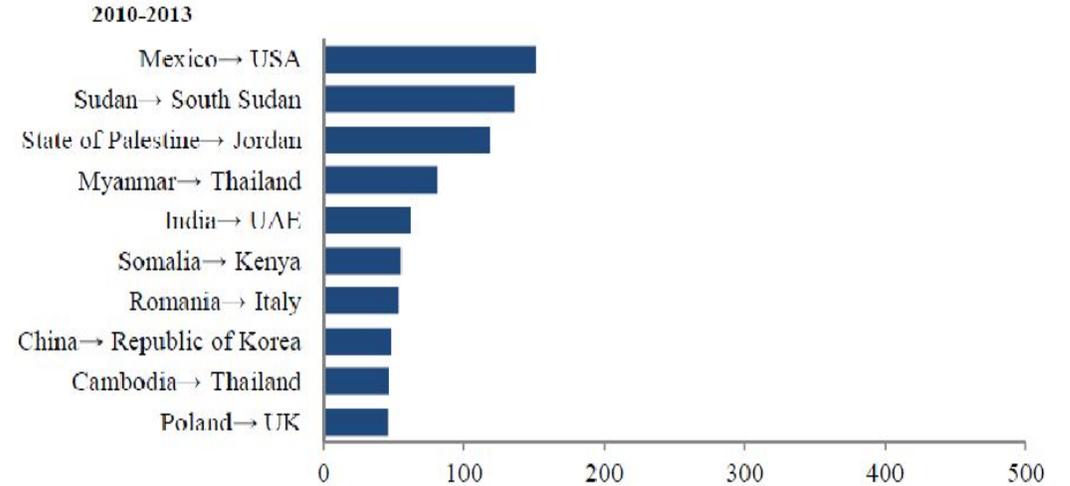
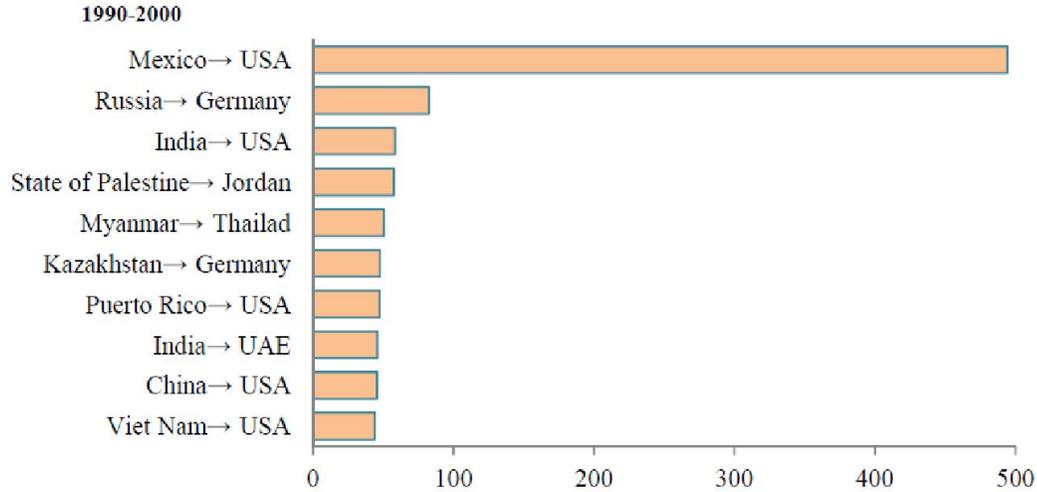
Китай, Индонезия, = 0,1%  
Вьетнам,  
Мадагаскар, Куба, Лесото

Россия =

7,70%

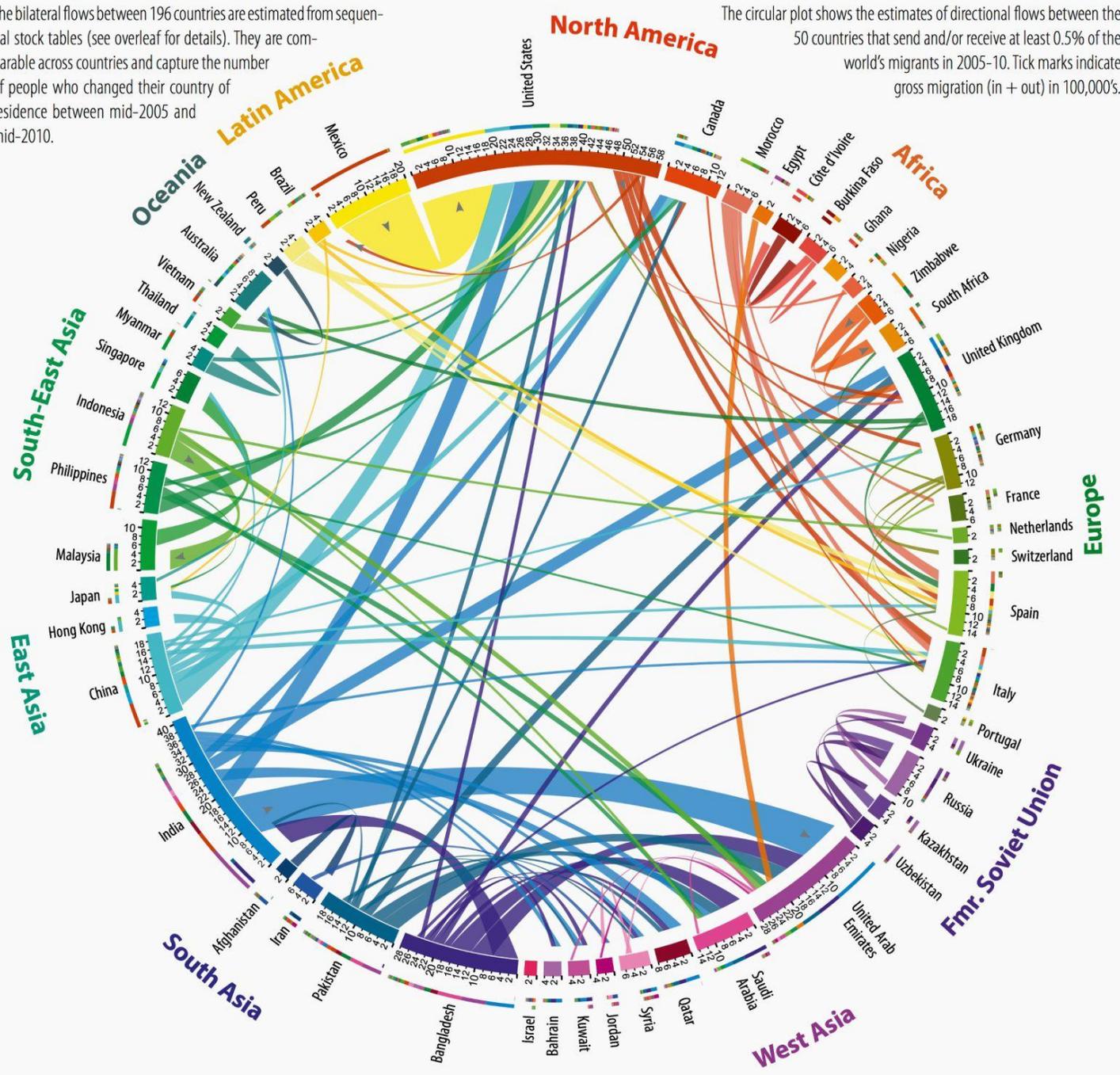
# Основные миграционные коридоры по странам

Figure 1. 6. Ten bilateral migration corridors with the largest number of international migrants per annum, 1990-2013 (thousands)



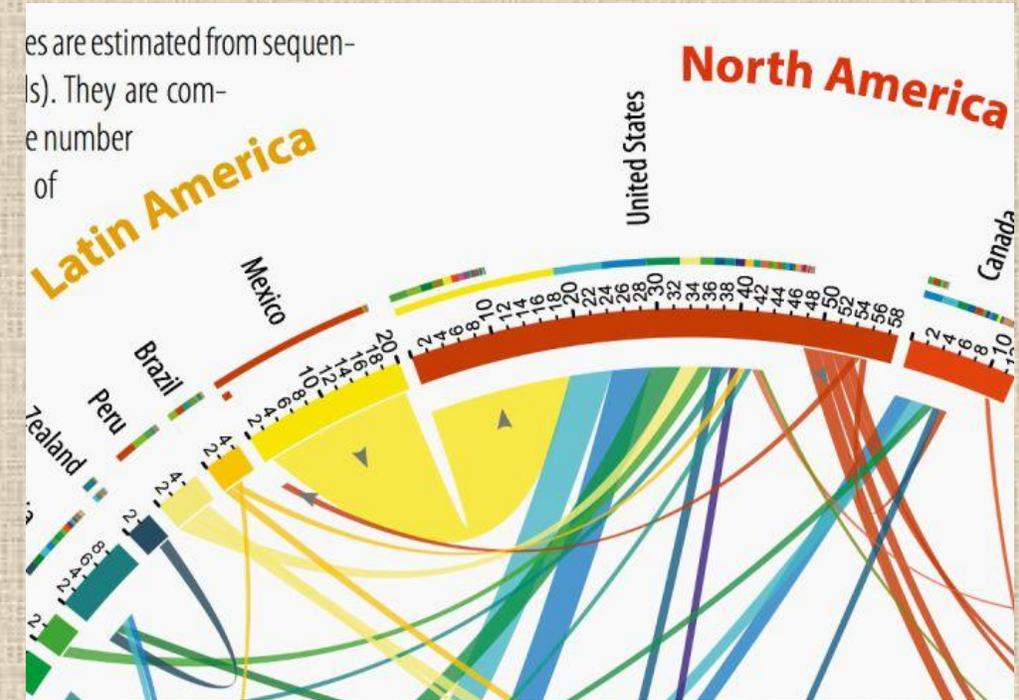
**Крупнейший  
коридор во всех  
периодах:  
Мексика -> США**

The bilateral flows between 196 countries are estimated from sequential stock tables (see overleaf for details). They are comparable across countries and capture the number of people who changed their country of residence between mid-2005 and mid-2010.



# Миграционные коридоры

es are estimated from sequen-  
ls). They are com-  
e number  
of



# Международные мигранты по полу и возрасту

Figure I.7. Percentage of women among all international migrants, 1990-2013

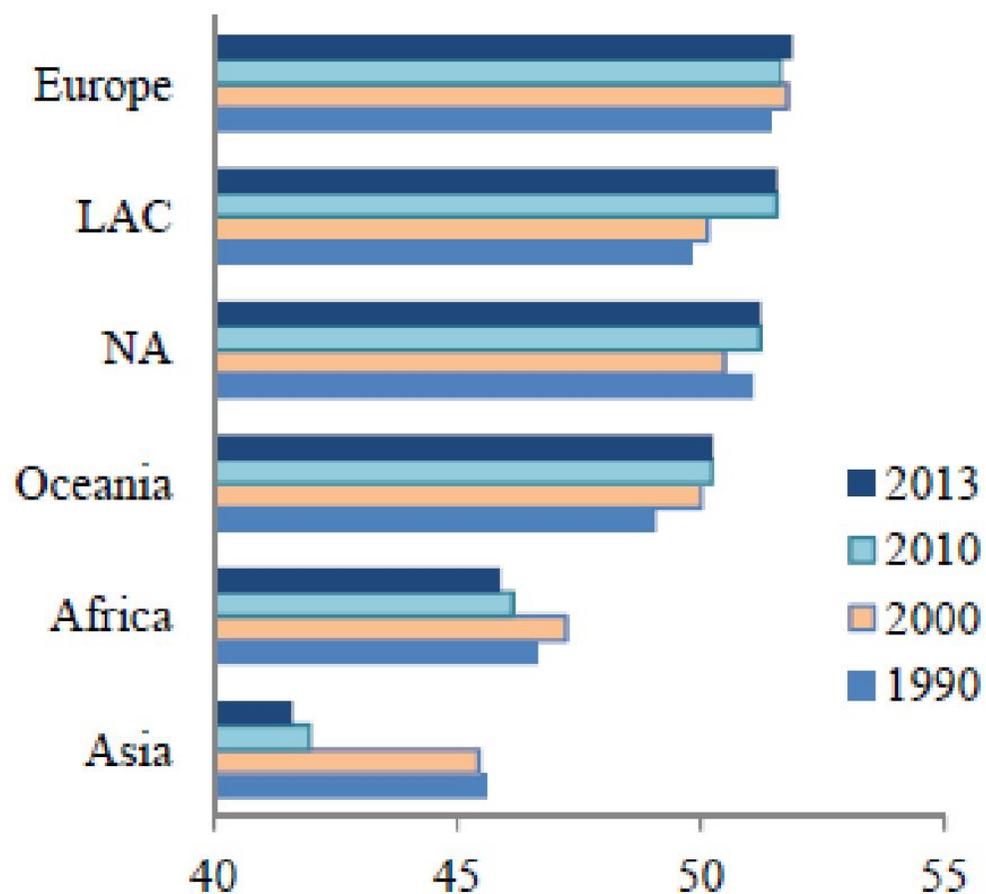
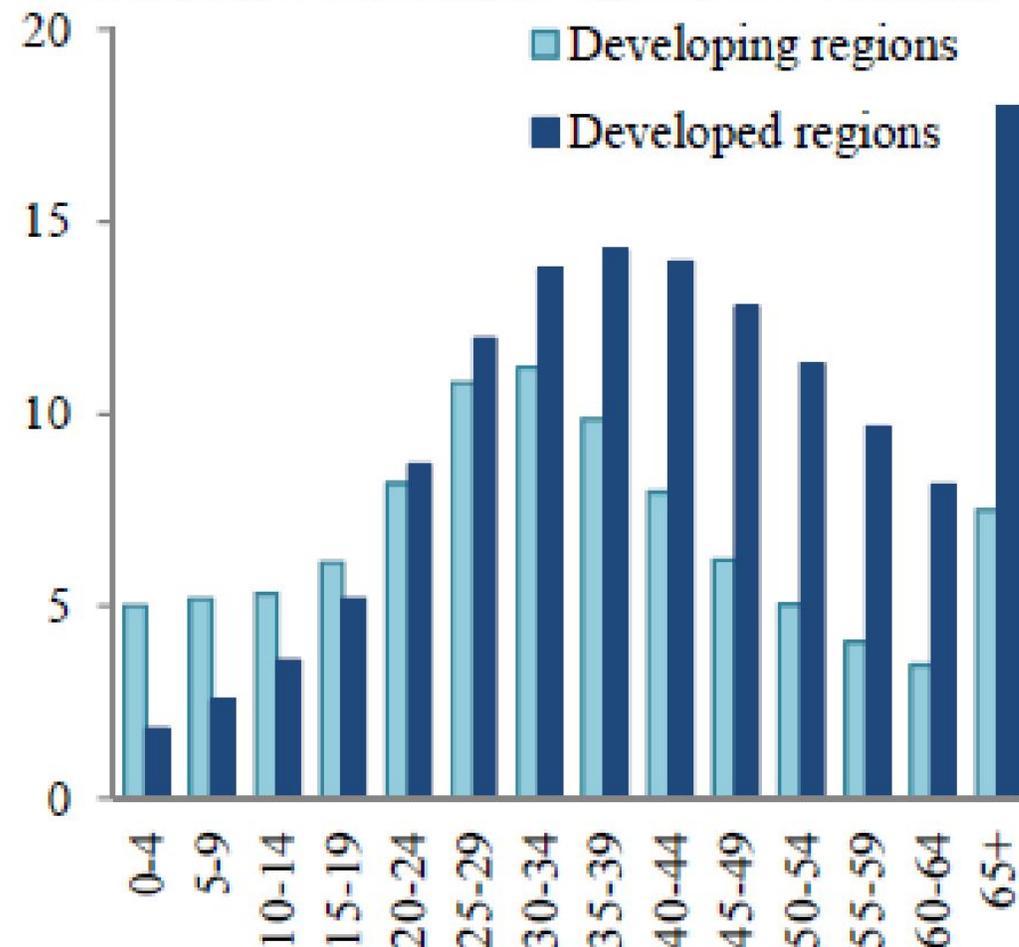


Figure I.8. Age distribution of international migrants in developing and developed regions, 2013 (millions)



# Международные эмигранты по странам

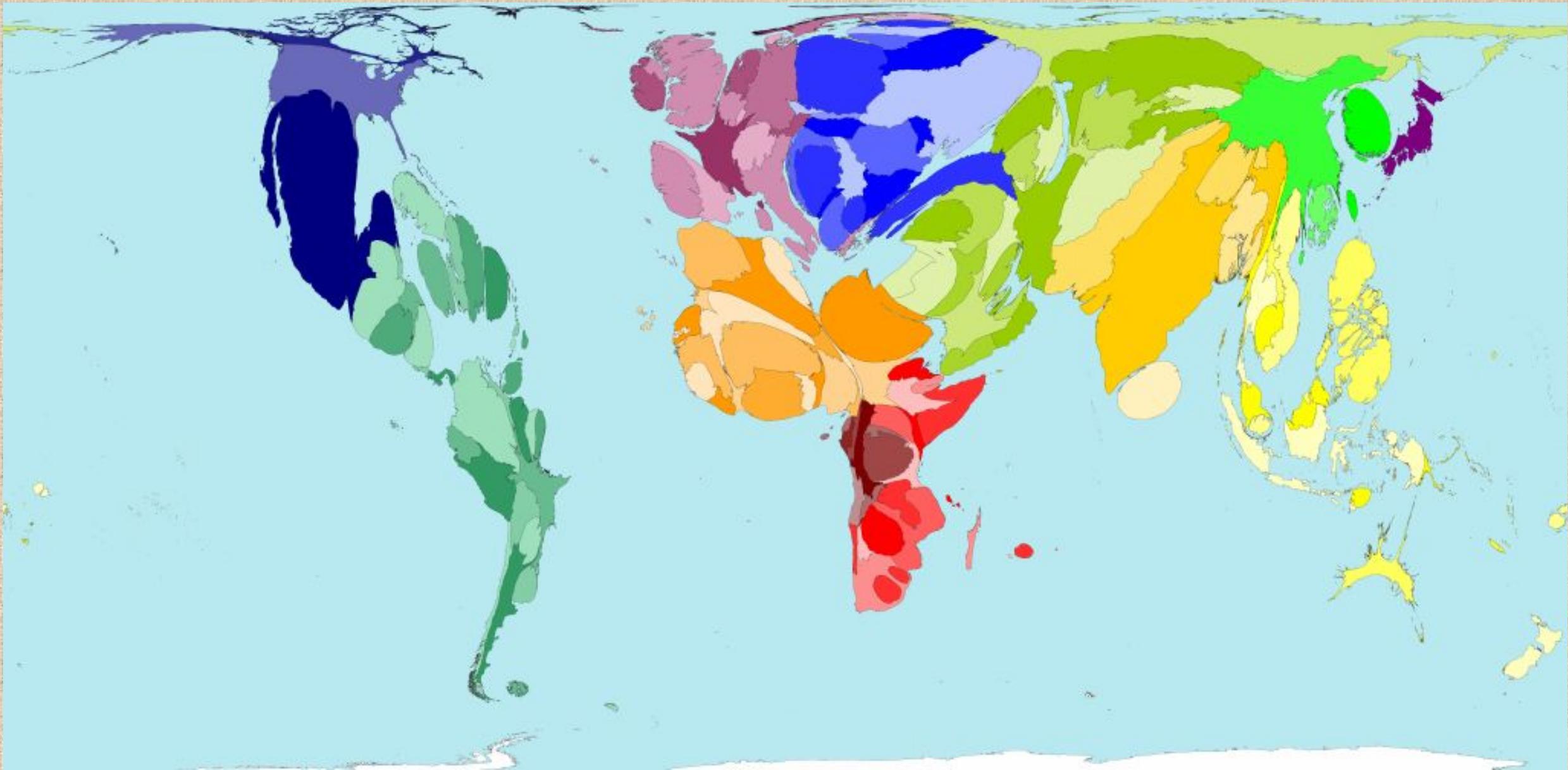
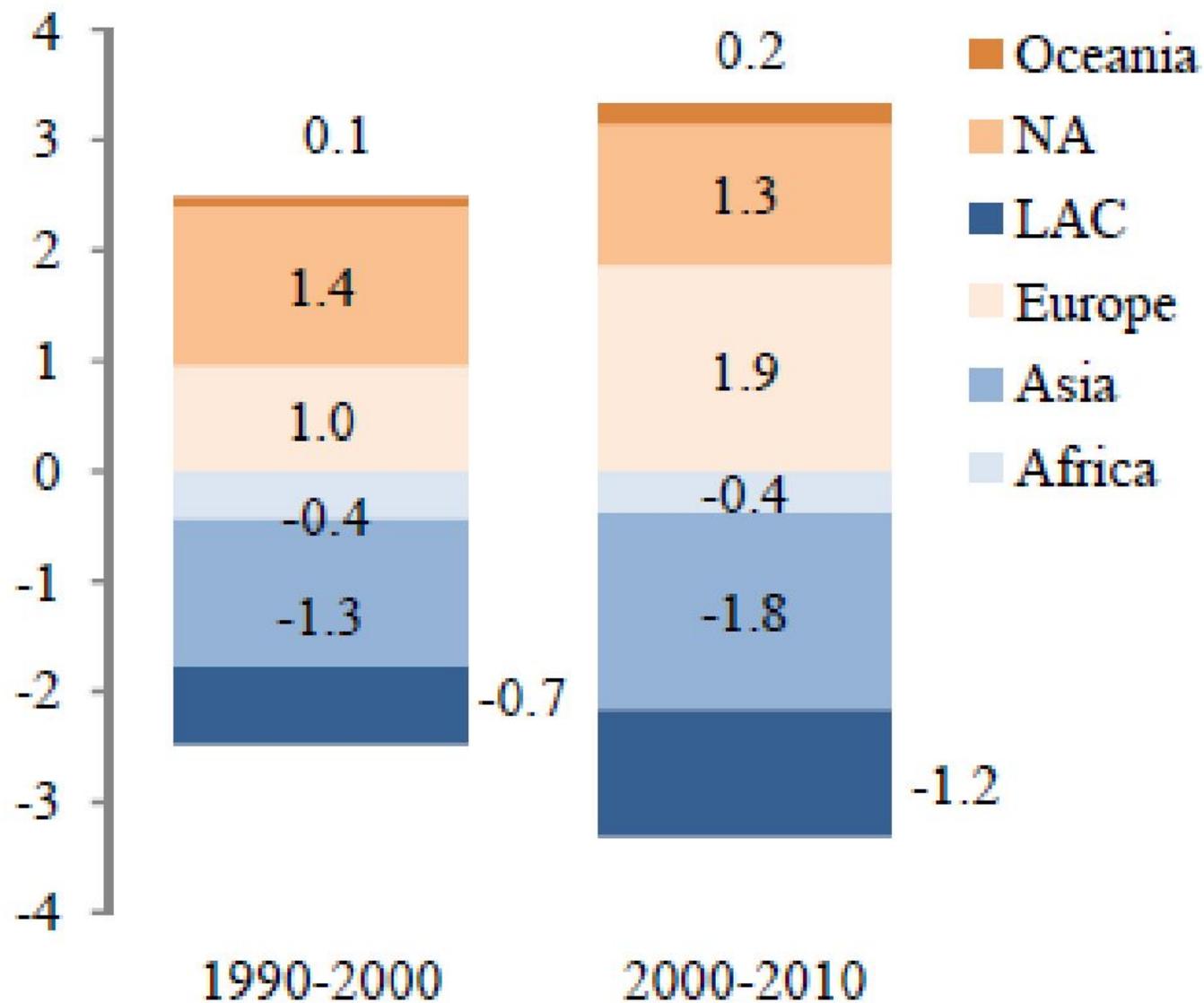


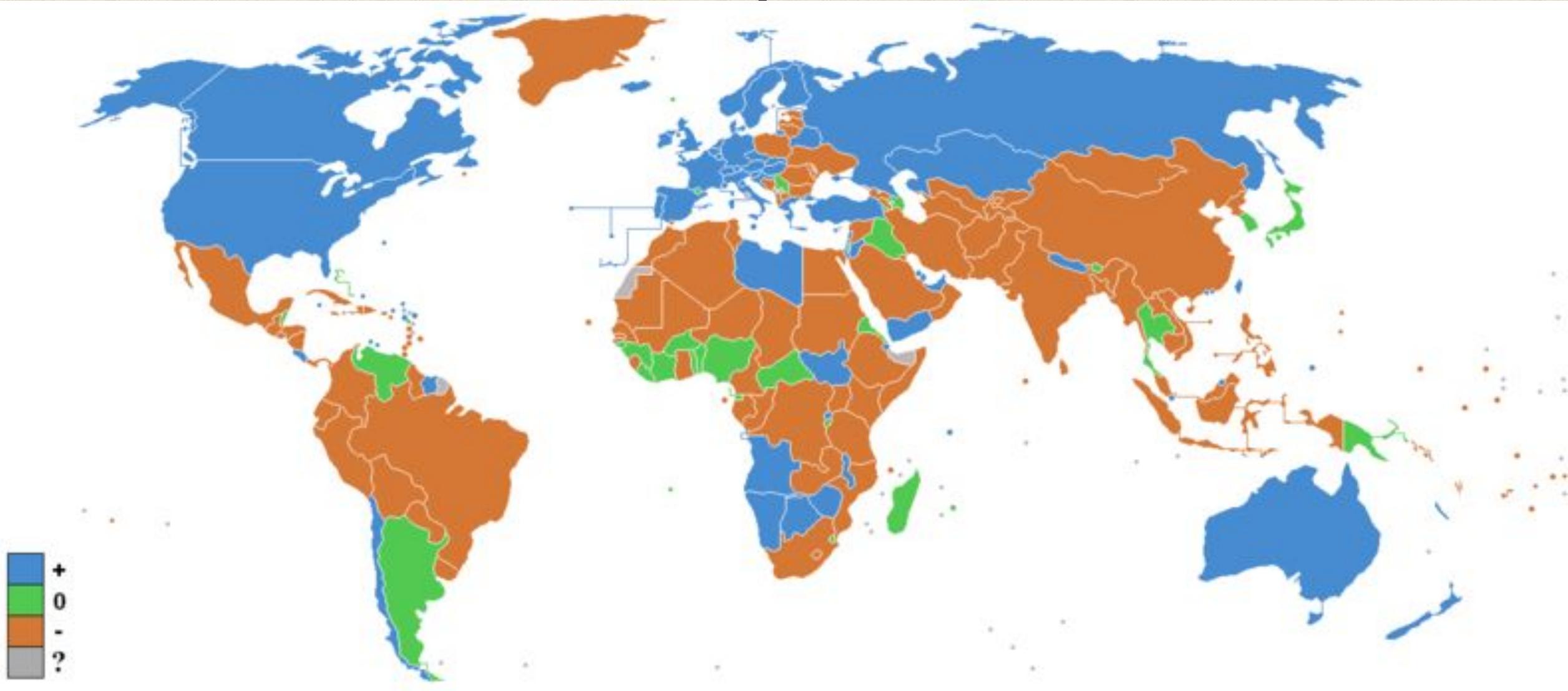
Figure II.1. Annual net migration by major area, 1990-2000 and 2000-2010 (millions)



**Сальдо  
международны  
х миграций по  
регионам**

# Сальдо международных миграций по странам, 2014

Г





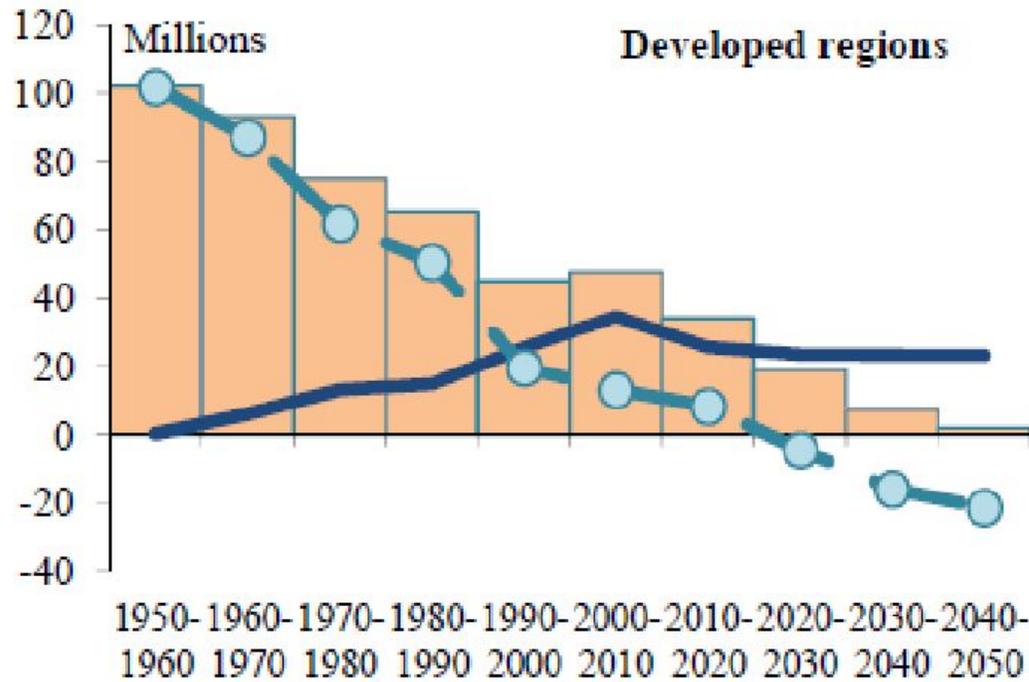
# Сальдо международных миграций по странам

TABLE II.2: COUNTRIES AND AREAS WITH THE HIGHEST AND THE LOWEST LEVEL OF ANNUAL NET MIGRATION, 1990-2000 AND 2000-2010 (THOUSANDS)

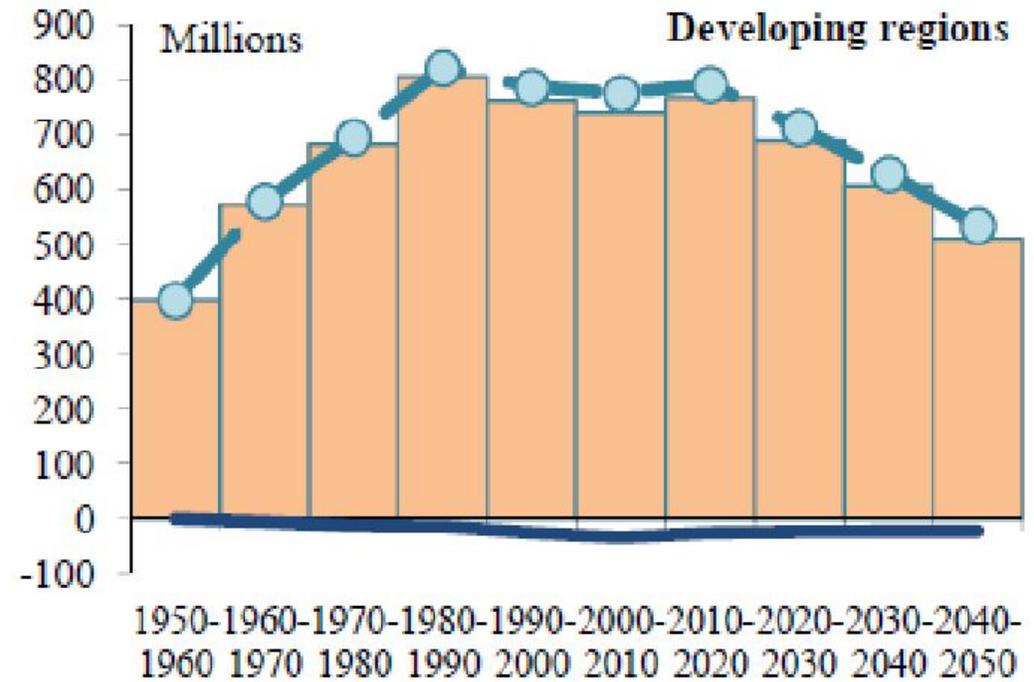
| <i>A. Net immigration countries or areas</i> |                                  |                  |                                |                  |
|--|----------------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|
| <i>Rank</i>                                  | <i>Country or area</i>           | <i>1990-2000</i> | <i>Country or area</i>         | <i>2000-2010</i> |
| 1.   | United States of America .....   | 1 292            | United States of America ..... | 1 055            |
| 2.   | Russian Federation .....         | 453              | Spain .....                    | 508              |
| 3.   | Germany .....                    | 407              | United Arab Emirates .....     | 468              |
| 4.   | Afghanistan .....                | 264              | Russian Federation .....       | 389              |
| 5.   | Canada .....                     | 146              | Italy .....                    | 376              |
| 6.   | Spain .....                      | 112              | South Africa .....             | 247              |
| 7.   | Ethiopia .....                   | 99               | Saudi Arabia .....             | 235              |
| 8.   | South Africa .....               | 96               | Canada .....                   | 228              |
| 9.   | Australia .....                  | 87               | United Kingdom .....           | 181              |
| 10.  | United Arab Emirates .....       | 79               | Australia .....                | 181              |
| <i>B. Net emigration countries or areas</i>  |                                  |                  |                                |                  |
| <i>Rank</i>                                  | <i>Country or area</i>           | <i>1990-2000</i> | <i>Country or area</i>         | <i>2000-2010</i> |
| 1.   | Kazakhstan .....                 | - 284            | Bangladesh .....               | - 557            |
| 2.   | Mexico .....                     | - 264            | Mexico .....                   | - 498            |
| 3.   | Egypt .....                      | - 205            | India .....                    | - 490            |
| 4.   | Bangladesh .....                 | - 169            | China .....                    | - 418            |
| 5.   | Iran (Islamic Republic of) ..... | - 166            | Pakistan .....                 | - 360            |
| 6.   | Pakistan .....                   | - 159            | Philippines .....              | - 236            |
| 7.   | Philippines .....                | - 147            | Myanmar .....                  | - 180            |
| 8.   | China .....                      | - 143            | Viet Nam .....                 | - 165            |
| 9.   | Morocco .....                    | - 118            | Zimbabwe .....                 | - 150            |
| 10.  | Republic of Korea .....          | - 115            | Nepal .....                    | - 148            |

# Влияние международных миграций на изменение общей численности населения

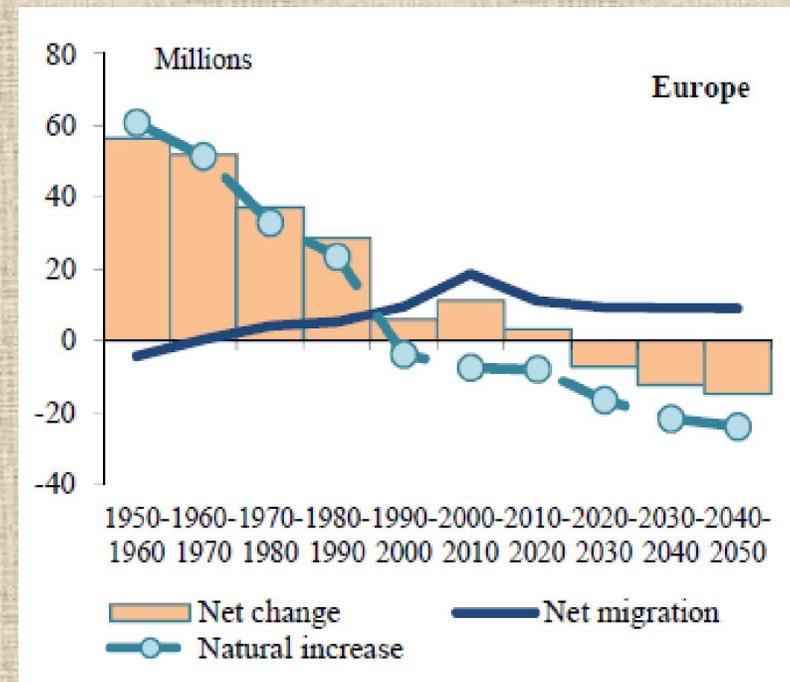
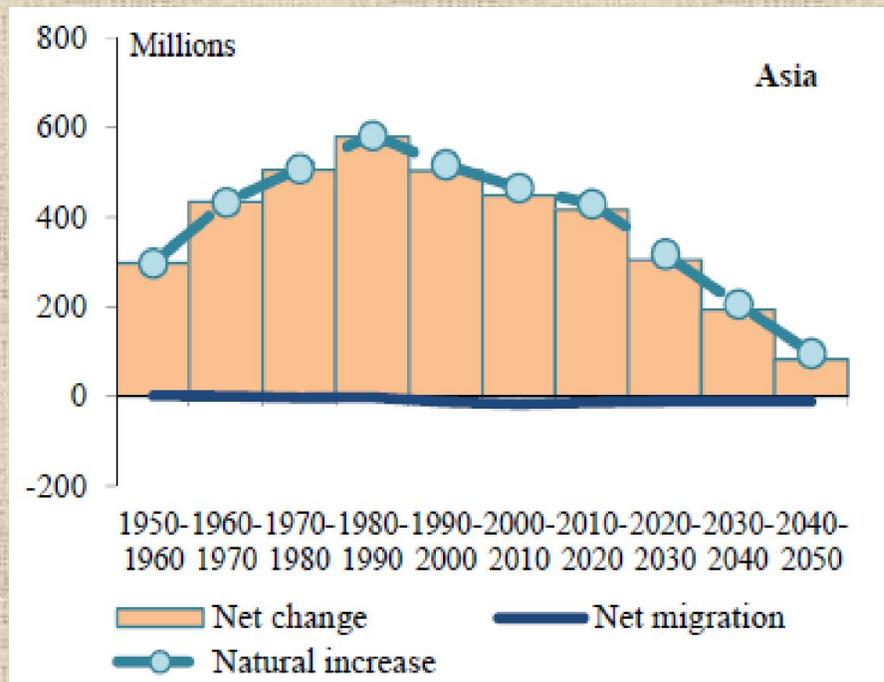
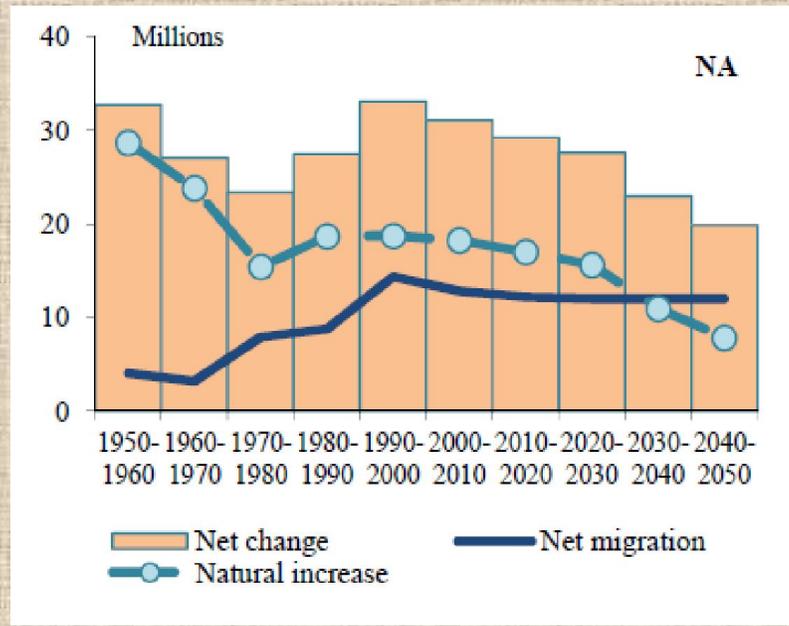
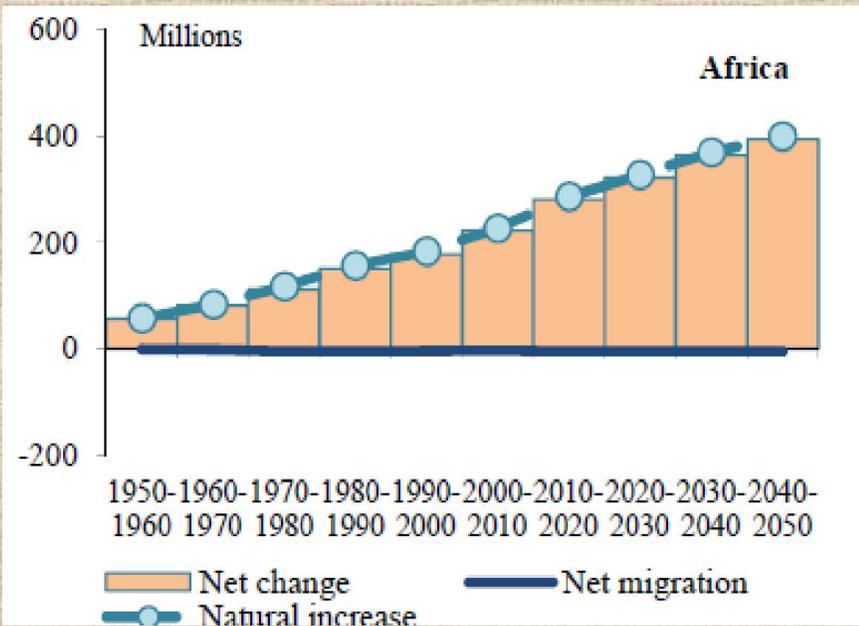
Figure II.2. Contribution of natural increase and net migration to total population change by development group, 1950-1960 to 2040-2050 (millions)



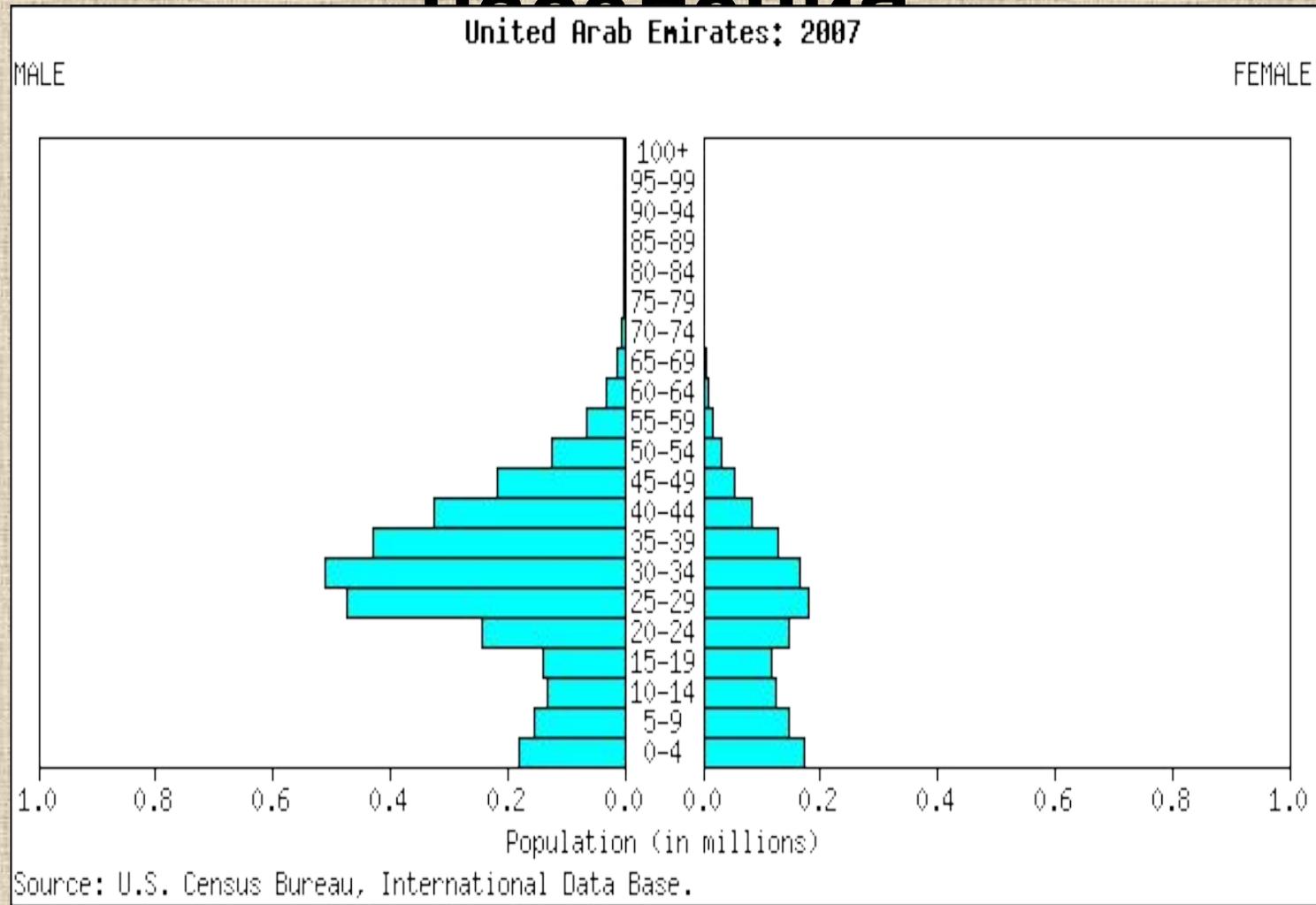
Net change      Net migration  
 Natural increase

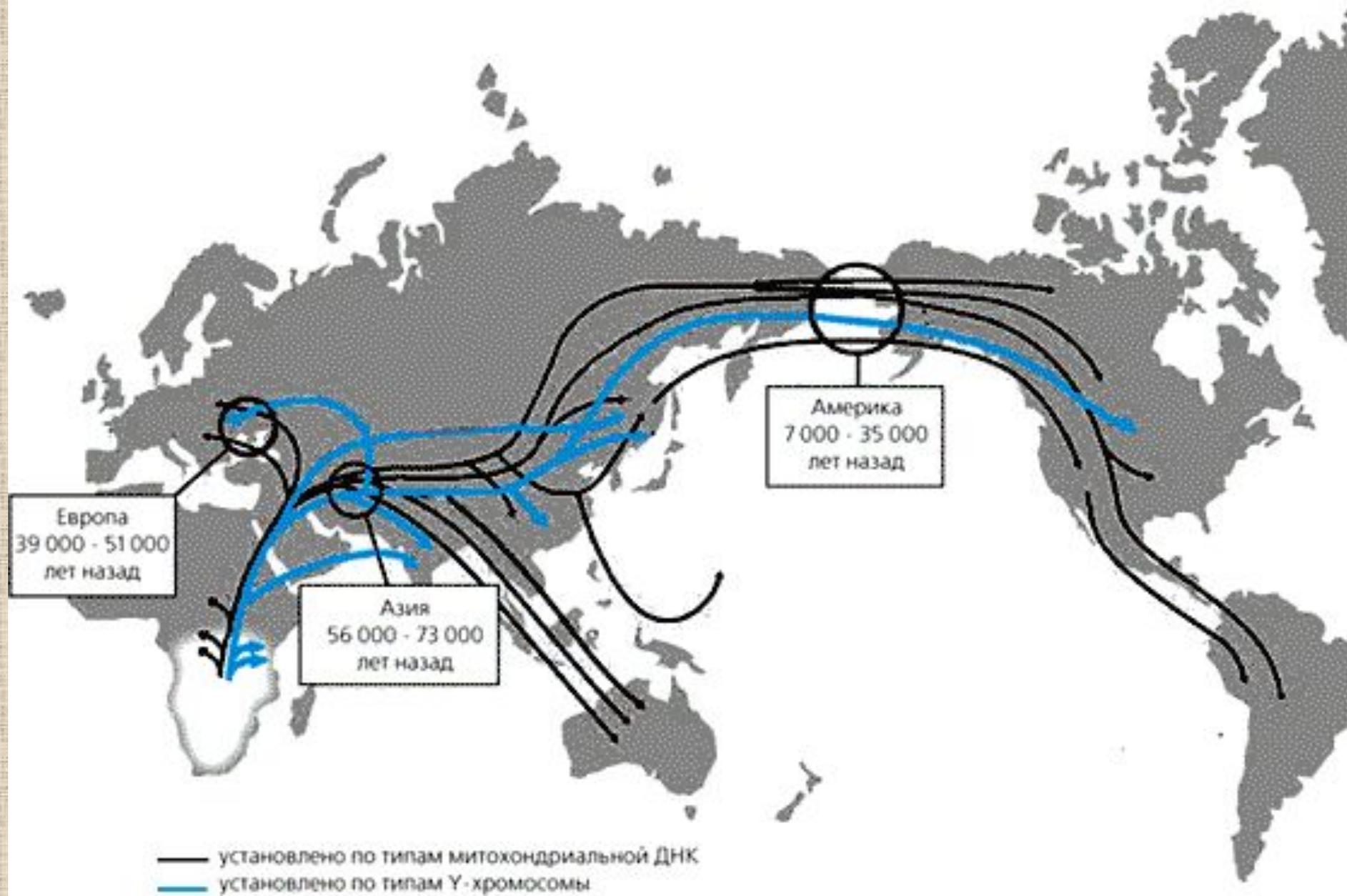


Net change      Net migration  
 Natural increase

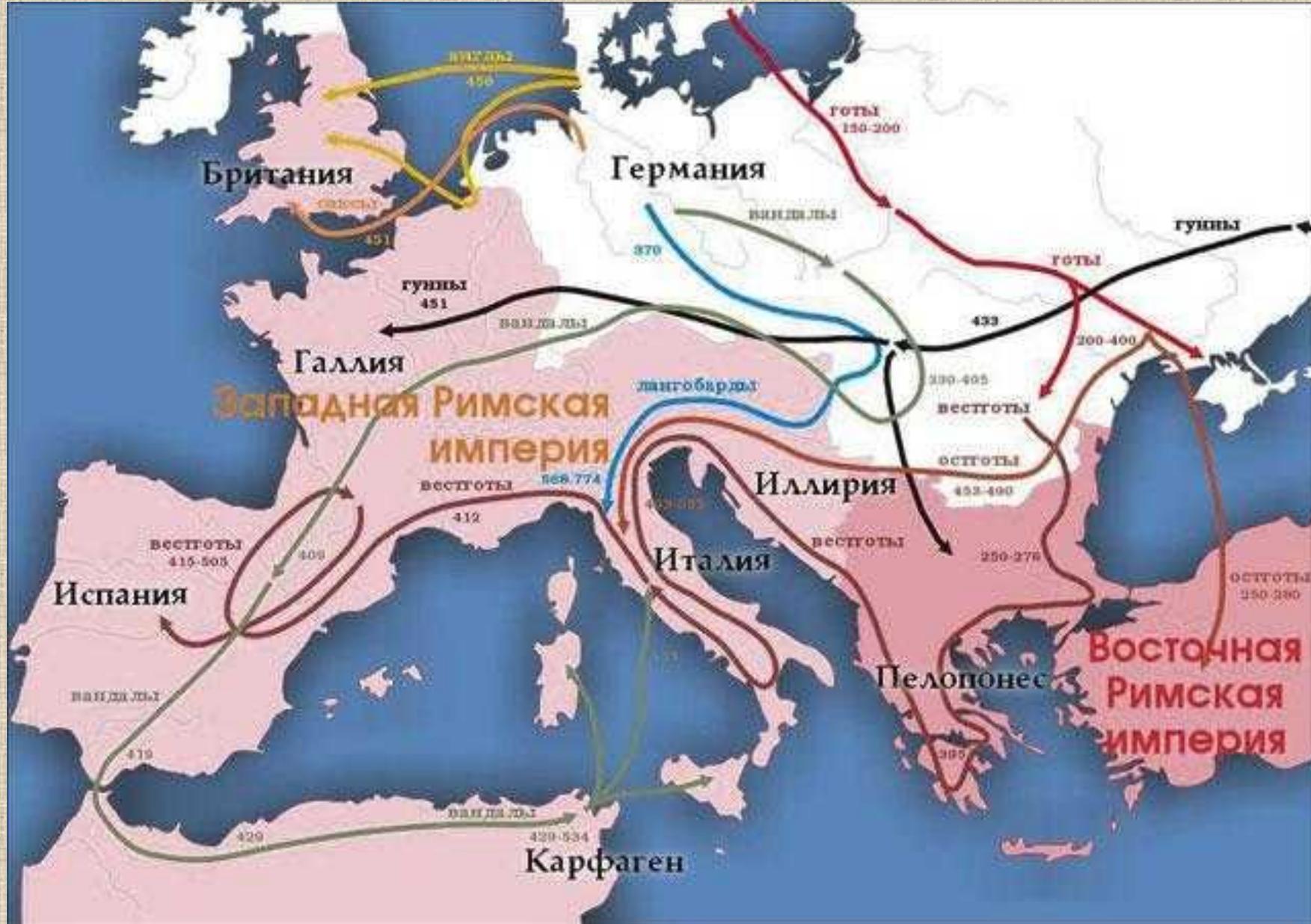


# Влияние международных миграций на изменение половозрастной структуры

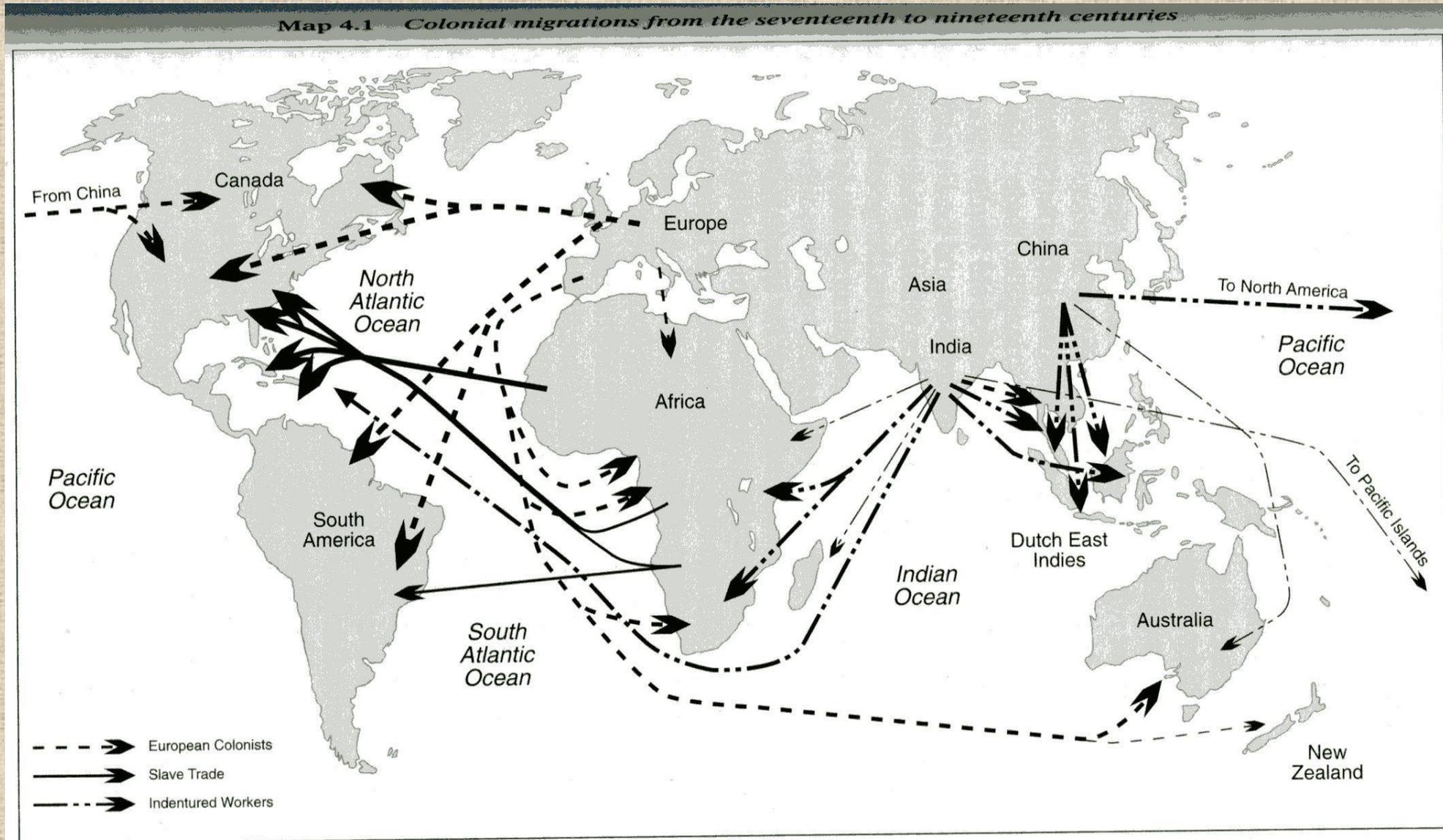




# Великое переселение народов (IV—VII вв.)



# Мировые миграционные потоки в XVII-XIX



Note: The arrow dimensions give an approximate indication of the volume of flows. Exact figures are often unavailable.

