

Kazakh Ablai Khan University of International Relations and World
Languages

Crime and Law



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What is crime?

Harmful act or omission against the public which the State wishes to prevent and which, upon conviction, is punishable by fine, imprisonment, and/or death. No conduct constitutes a crime unless it is declared criminal in the laws of the country. Some crimes (such as theft or criminal damage) may also be civil wrongs (torts) for which the victim(s) may claim damages in compensation.



What types of crime exist

- Blackmail
- Terrorism
- Mugging
- Pickpocketing
- Forgery
- Drug-trafficking
- Kidnapping
- Smuggling
- Burglary
- Shoplifting
- Murder



Definition

Blackmail- threatening to make a dark secret public in order to get money

Terrorism- using violence for political ends

Mugging- attacking someone in the street to get money

Pickpocketing- stealing from someone pocket or handbag

Forgery- to try to pass off a copy as the real thing

Drug-trafficking- buying and selling drugs

Kidnapping- taking a person hostage in exchange for money or other favors

Smuggling- taking something illegally into another country

What is law?

Law is a system of rules that are created and enforced through social or governmental institutions to regulate behavior. Law is a system that regulates and ensures that individuals or a community adhere to the will of the state.



Crime in Kazakhstan

In Kazakhstan, from January to September 2017, 137 789 crimes were registered. In the period under review, 38,353 people were brought to justice.

For example:

1. Serious crimes
2. Murder
3. Suicides
4. Corruption

Serious crimes

If we talk about serious crimes, in Kazakhstan their number for 2007 was 29 049.

Murder

In 2008, 1,680 murders were registered in Kazakhstan.

In 2007, the total number of murders in the Republic of Kazakhstan was 1677.

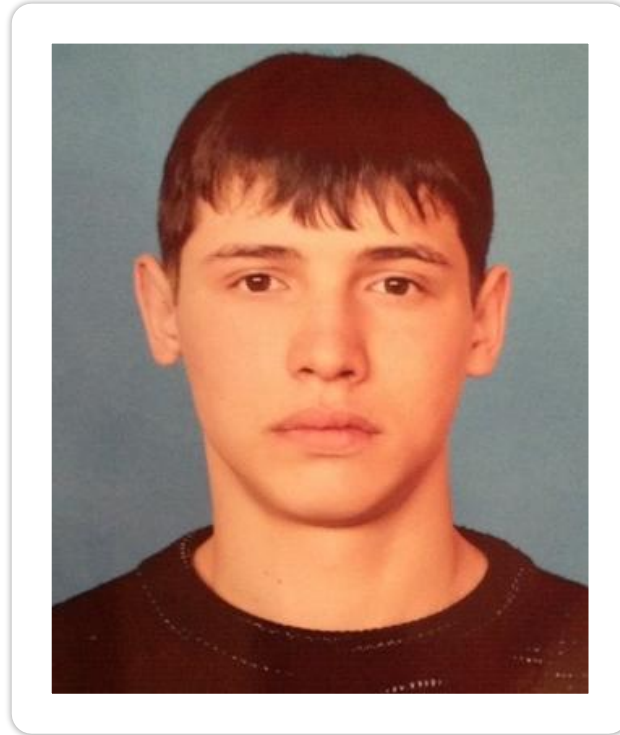
Suicides

During the first nine months of 2010, 2359 suicides were registered, during the same period in 2009, 3,121 suicides were committed.

Corruption

Corruption in Kazakhstan is a significant problem for the economic and political development of the country. In 2004, Transparency International gave Kazakhstan 122 locations a level of corruption in a list of 146 countries. President Nazarbayev announced a "holy war" of corruption and ordered the adoption of "10 measures against corruption" to combat corruption at all levels of the state and society. At the end of 2014, Kazakhstan ranked 126th out of 175 countries in terms of perceptions of corruption according to Transparency International

High-profile crime of 2012 in Kazakhstan



Accused: Chelak Vladislav

Vladislav Valerievich Chelah - ordinary frontier service of Kazakhstan, condemned for life for mass murder of his colleagues. The rank and file personnel of the Arkankergen border post located in a mountainous area on the Kazakh border with China, where between May 28 and 30, 2012, 14 border guards and a civilian - the huntsman - were killed. In addition, in order to conceal the crime, he set fire to the economic buildings of the post and 14 bodies of the border guards killed by him.

Conclusion

Kazakhstan with 17 million people occupies a very high place in crime. This shows that there is a lot of crime in our country. We think this primarily has a bad effect on our country's economy. That there was no crime in the country, we think that people of the country raising children should think more about who will grow up in the future because our future and the future of our country depend on them.