OUT AIR TEMPERATURE
Oil Temperature
Fuel Temperature
Air Temperature

Remote temperature indicating systems on aircraft for oil temperature and fluid temperature for example involves the use of resistance bulbs as the sensor and a ratiometer type indicator. For piston engine cylinder head temperature it involves the use of a thermocouple and a moving coil type indicator.

The resistance bulb has resistance wire of nickel or platinum wound on an insulated former and sealed in a brass or stainless steel tube, which may be filled with an inert gas to assist heat transfer to the element. Whether nickel or platinum is used depends on the temperatures to be measured. Nickel can be used up to 300°C and platinum up to 600°C.

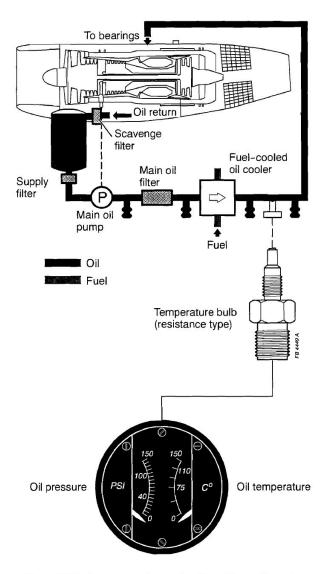


Figure 8 Oil Temperature Indicating System

RESISTANCES TERMOMETRS-Transducer

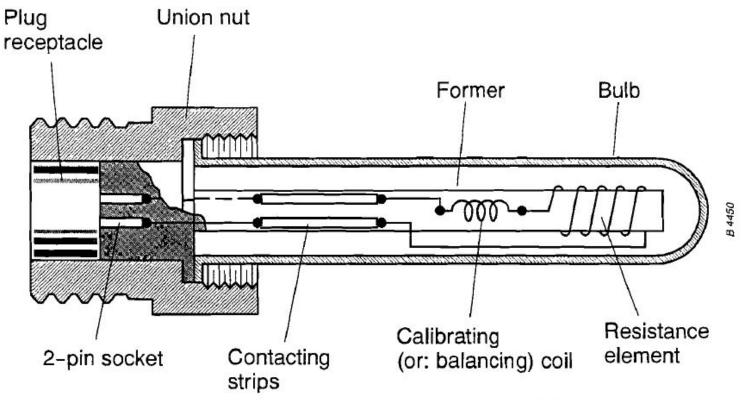
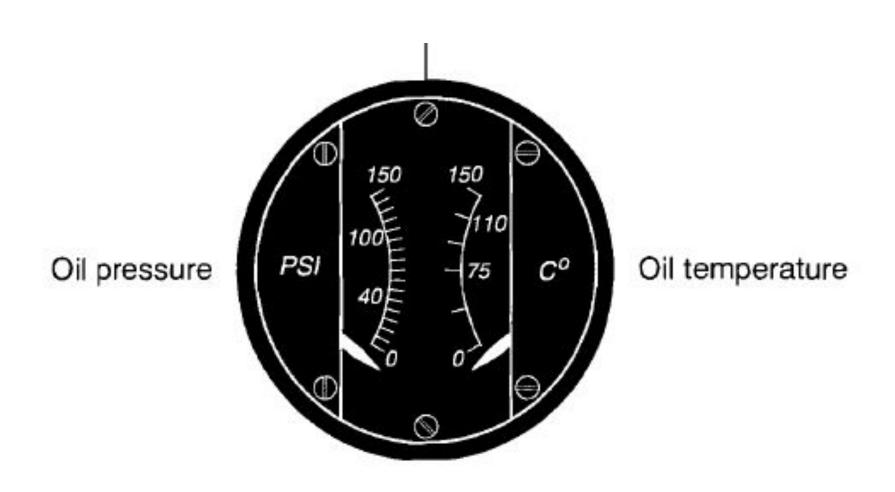
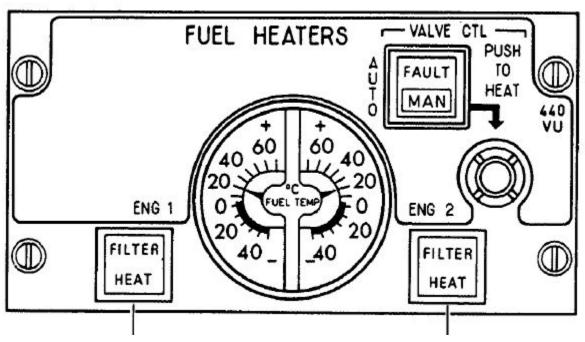
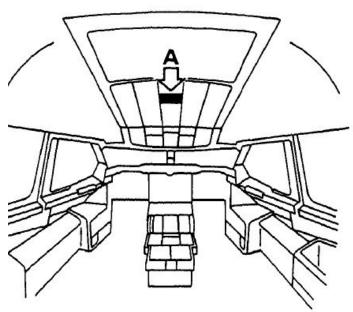


Figure 9 Oil Temperature Transmitter and Indicator







OIL INDICATING 79-30 **DESCRIPTION ECAM System Page** 1.Oil Temperature Indication Flashes Green (Advisory) when Temp 140°C Is amber when 155°C or 15min > 140°C 2.Oil Pressure Indication Color turns red (Warning) when Pressure <13 PSI 3.Oil Quantity Indication Flashes Green (Advisory) when QTY < 4 Quarts 4.Oil Filter Clog (White and Amber)Warning appears on the Screen when the Engine Scavenge Filter is Clogged

A320

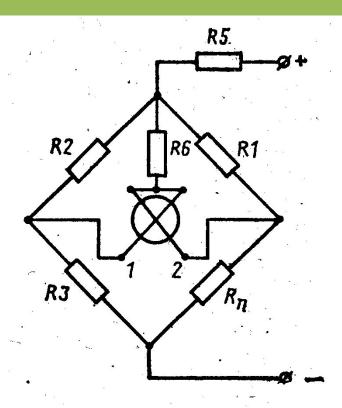
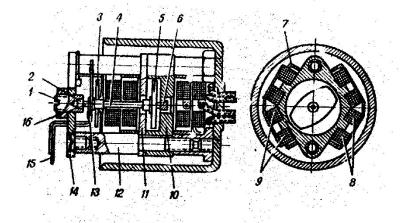


Рис. 105. Принципиальная электрическая схема термометра масла:

R1, R2, R3, R5, R6— резисторы мангониновых катушек; Rn— резистор приемника; 1 и 2— рам-ки логометра



Puc.4. Jorometo

І-вант регулировочний; 2-подпятник; 3-позвращающий магнит; 4-оом; 5-магнит; 6-подпятник; 7-кмастина; 8,9-рамки; 10-уолокомкель; П-крымка; 12-стойка; 13-крестовина с грузинами; 14-мостик; 15-стражка; 16-кери



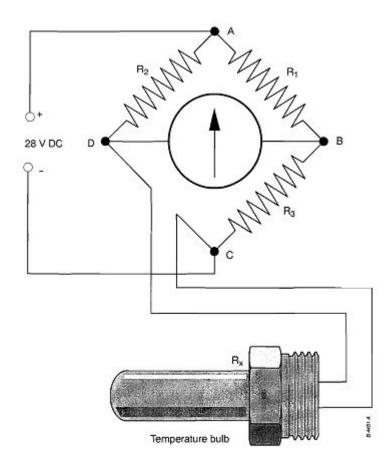


Figure 10 Electrical Oil Temperature Measuring Circuit

Термометр сопротивления

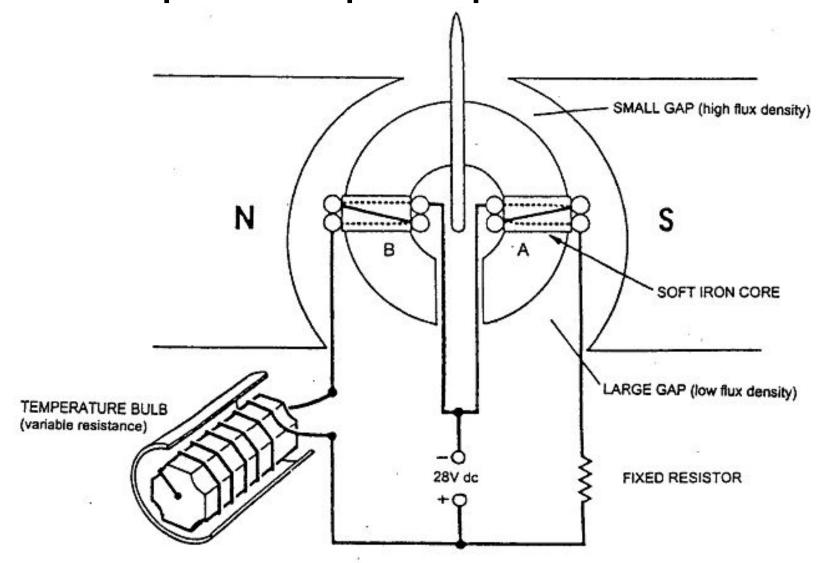


Fig. 37 DC RATIOMETER TYPE INDICATOR

Temperature Probe (Ref. Fig. 002)

The fuel temperature sensor is located at the top of the filter housing on the fuel pump unit. It is a resistance type probe, giving a continuous reading of fuel temperature to :

- the fuel temperature indicator on panel 440VU
- the right ECAM display unit (engine data) for both analog and digital presentation (not fed to the warning system).
- the automatic monitoring system controlling fuel heating (Ref. 73-15-00).

Fuel Temperature Indicator

The fuel temperature is continuously indicated on FUEL HEATERS panel 440VU and also on the right ECAM display unit under the engine page.

The display on panel 440VU is a dual indicator ranging from $-50^{\circ}C$ to $+70^{\circ}C$. The indicator features integral lighting.

The ECAM display unit is in the form of a vertical scale, range -50°C to +100°C, with confirmatory digital display of the indicated fuel temperature.

Electrical Circuit (Ref. Fig. 001)

The fuel temperature indicator on panel 440VU is supplied with 28VDC from busbar 104PP (106PP) via circuit breaker 1EM (2EM). Power supplies for the fuel temperature probes are routed through the indicator.

Индикатор температуры топлива

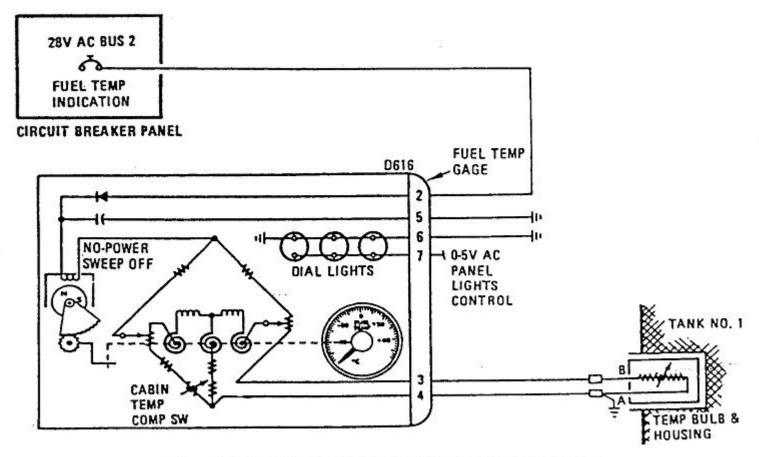
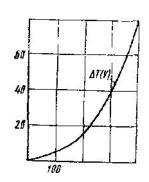


Fig. 38 FUEL TEMPERATURE INDICATION

Основной температурой среды является термодинамическая температура (символ T), единицей которой служит кельвин (символ K). В силу исторических причин термодинамическая температура может быть выражена также температурой Цельсия (символ t) *= Γ —273.15 K. (5.1)

Единицей для выражения температуры Цельсия является градус Цельсия (символ °C), размер которого равен размеру кель-вииа.
70



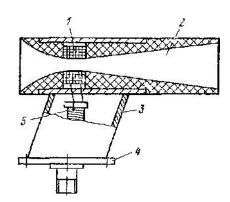


Рис 51 График зависимости превыше-Рис 52 Приемник темния Л7' от скорости течения газа

Temperature Probe (Ref. Fig. 002)

The fuel temperature sensor is located at the top of the filter housing on the fuel pump unit. It is a resistance type probe, giving a continuous reading of fuel temperature to :

- the fuel temperature indicator on panel 440VU
- the right ECAM display unit (engine data) for both analog and digital presentation (not fed to the warning system).
- the automatic monitoring system controlling fuel heating (Ref. 73-15-00).

Fuel Temperature Indicator

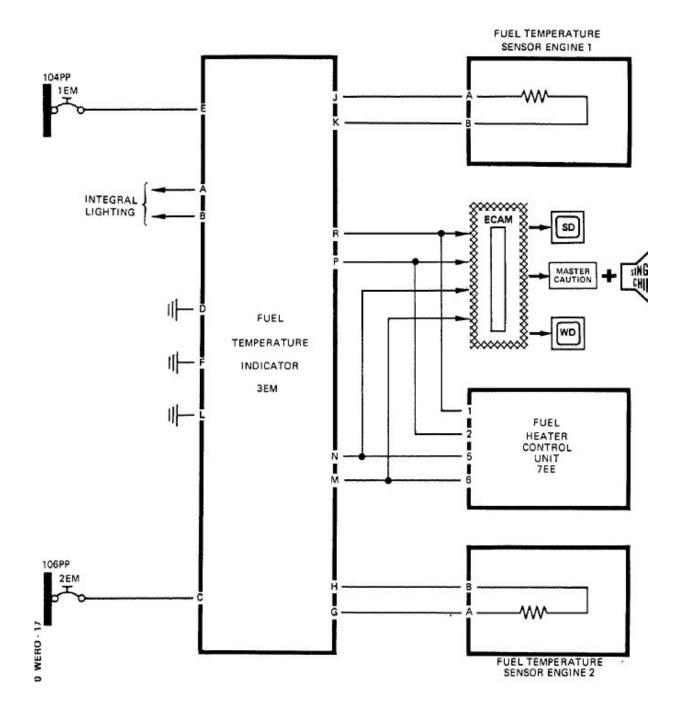
The fuel temperature is continuously indicated on FUEL HEATERS panel 440VU and also on the right ECAM display unit under the engine page.

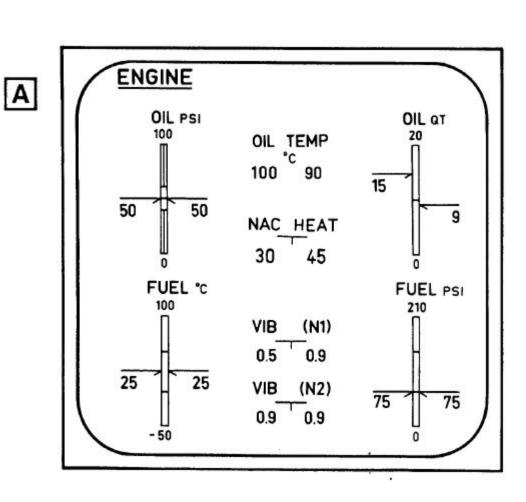
The display on panel 440VU is a dual indicator ranging from $-50^{\circ}C$ to $+70^{\circ}C$. The indicator features integral lighting.

The ECAM display unit is in the form of a vertical scale, range -50°C to +100°C, with confirmatory digital display of the indicated fuel temperature.

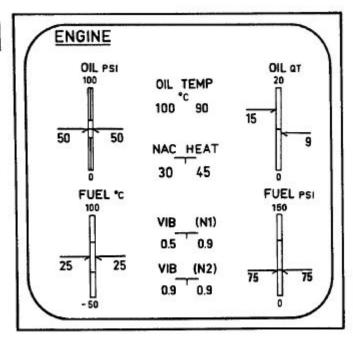
Electrical Circuit (Ref. Fig. 001)

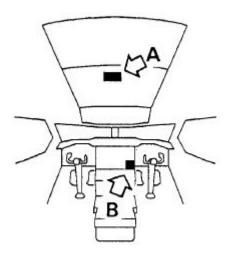
The fuel temperature indicator on panel 440VU is supplied with 28VDC from busbar 104PP (106PP) via circuit breaker 1EM (2EM). Power supplies for the fuel temperature probes are routed through the indicator.



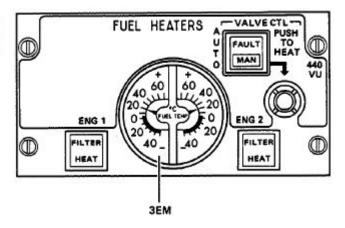


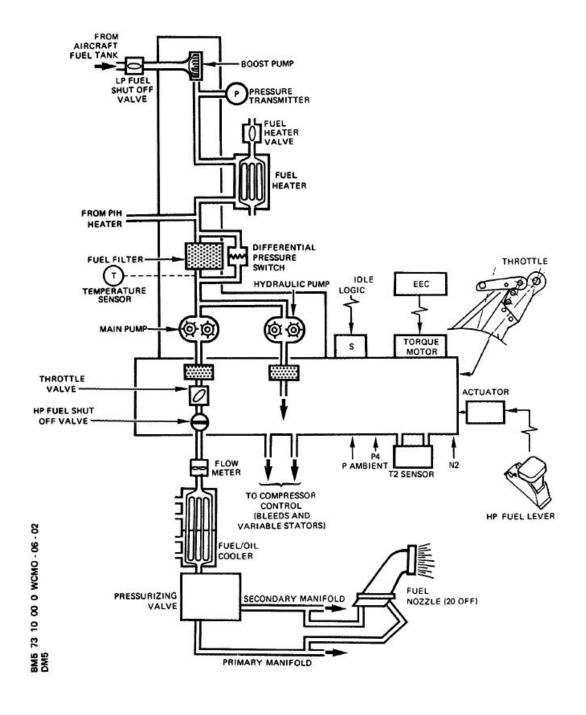


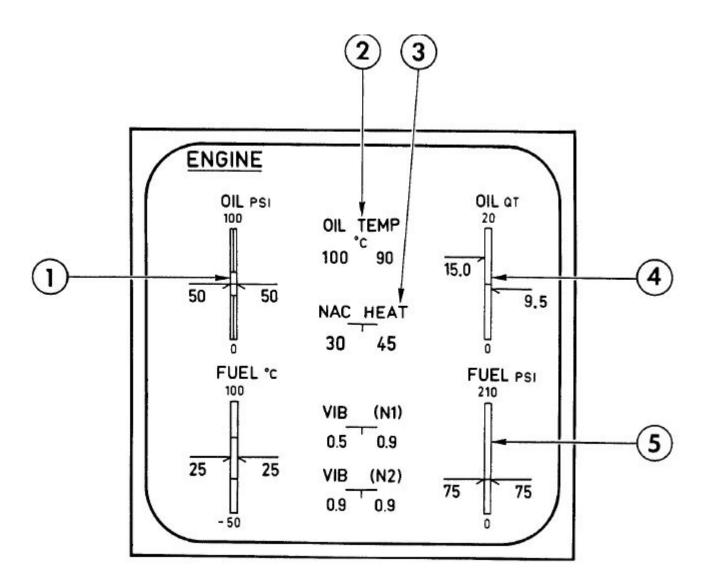












- 1 OIL PRESSURE (G) FLASHES WHEN P ≤ 38 PSI (A) WHEN P ≥ 60 PSI OR ≤ 35 PSI.
- 2 OIL TEMPERATURE (G) FLASHES WHEN t ≥ 140° C (A) WHEN t ≥ 163° C
- 3 NACELLE TEMPÉRATURE (G) ...
 FLASHES WHEN t ≥ 70° C
- 4 OIL QUANTITY (G)
 FLASHES WHEN QUANTITY ≤ 4 QTS
- 5 FUEL PRESSURE NO ADVISORY

