

# **МКОУ СОШ №2 С. ШАЛУШКА**

**Презентация на тему:  
«Достопримечательности Кабардино - Балкарии»**

**Выполнила: ученица 5 «А» класса Каратляшева С.А.**

**Нальчик 2019г.**

# KABARDINO-BALKARIA

The **Kabardino-Balkar Republic** is a federal subject of Russia located in the North Caucasus. The direct romanization of the republic's name in the Russian language is Kabardino-Balkarskaya Respublika, or Kabardino-Balkariya. The republic is situated in the North Caucasus mountains, with plains in the northern part. Kabardino-Balkaria's natural resources include molybdenum, tungsten ores, and coal. The republic has a continental type climate.



# MOUNT ELBRUS



**Mount Elbrus** is a dormant volcano in the Caucasus Mountains in Southern Russia, near the border with Georgia. It could be considered the highest mountain in Europe, notwithstanding that the Caucasus mountains are at the intersection of Europe and Asia, and it is the tenth most prominent peak in the world.

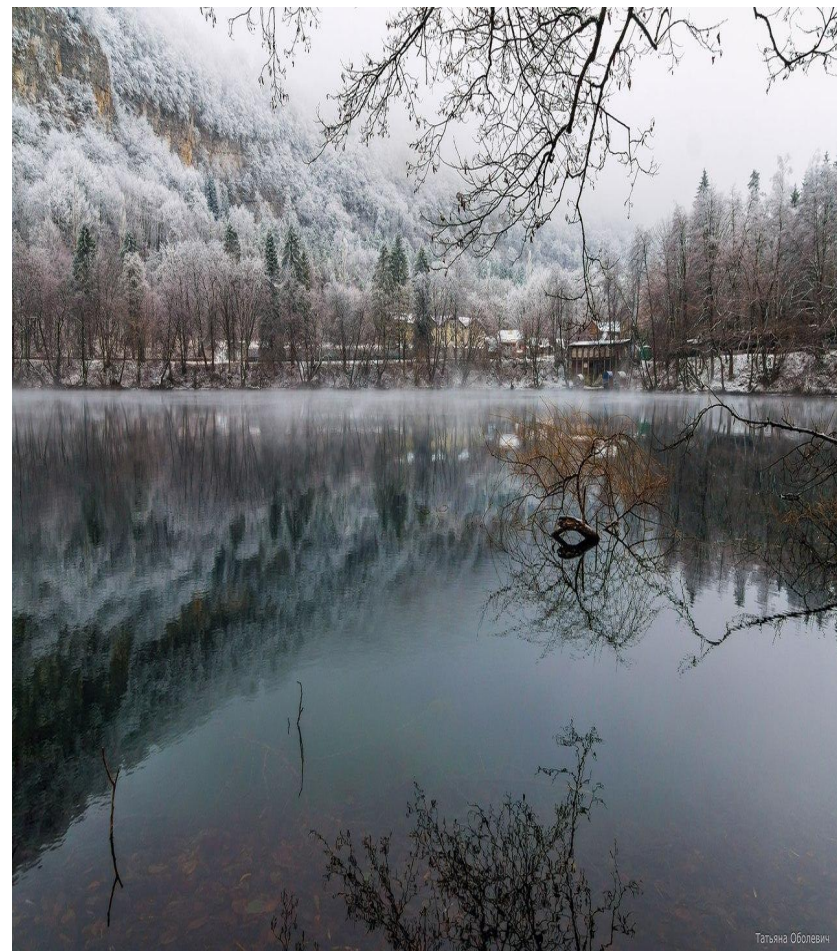
# BLUE LAKE

Located 30 miles (50 kilometers) south from Nalchik, Russia lays the Blue Lake. It is believed to be one of the deepest lakes in the world at 846 feet (258 meters) deep. Although deep it is not a large lake at 770 feet by 426 ft. It is oval shaped shaft the burrows deep into the Earth. With unexplored caves it may be even deeper. As a comparison Lake Michigan measures a vast 307 miles by 118 miles and a maximum depth of 925 feet.

No rivers or streams seem to feed this body of water. Not that can be seen. The lake is maintained by an underground source. While cave fed the water is extremely clear; visibility can reach up to 131 feet depending on where you are in the lake.



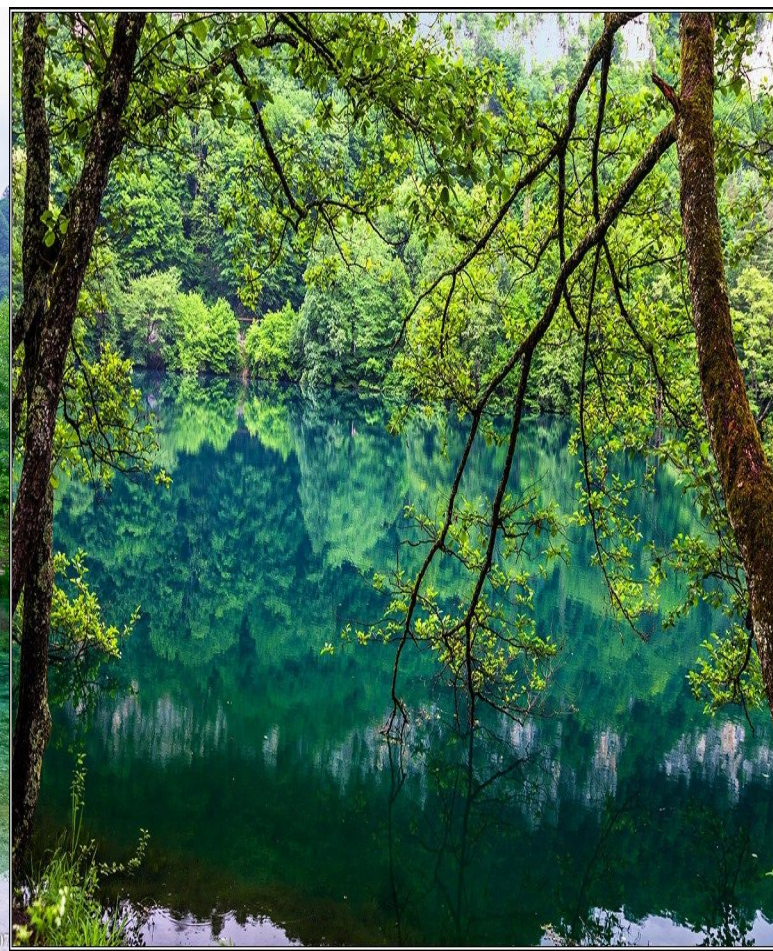
# BLUE LAKE



Татяна Оболвин

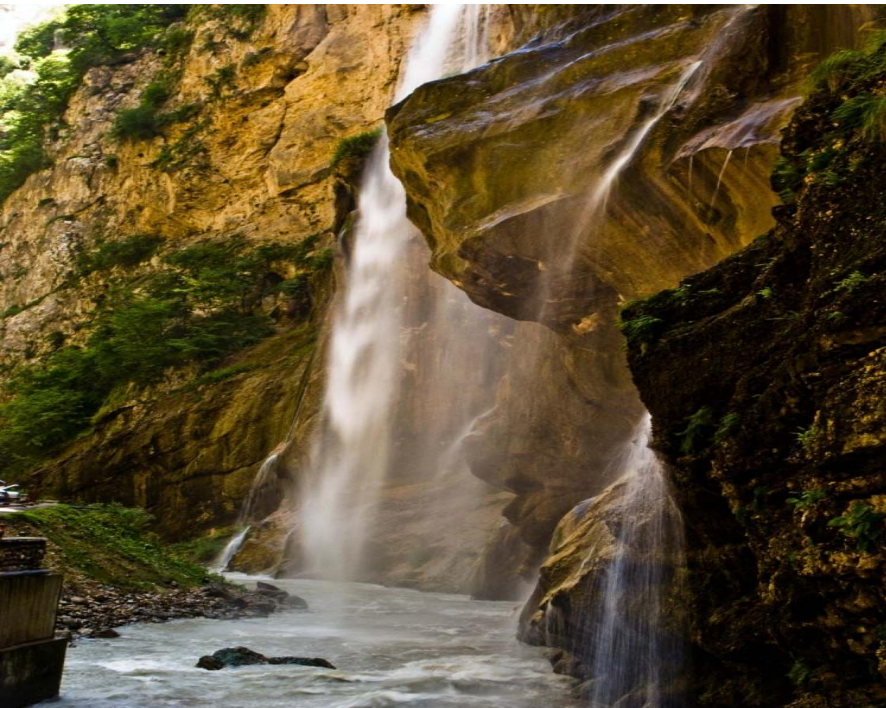


Radomani



# CHEGEM WATERFALLS

**Chegem Waterfalls** – Su-Auzu (translated from Balkar “water from the throat”) – a rare beauty pageant. On the right bank of the cliffs descend to the river Chegem noisy streams of water. Some of them were thrown out of the jets of small (finger thick) round holes in the rock and, describing an arc in the air, fall down. Others poured from a height of 30-50 meters in wide ribbon and before it reaches the river, breaks on ledges of cliffs, forming numerous water sparks. Illuminated by sun (by 10-11 o’clock of the day), waterfalls form a colorful rainbow.



# ADYR-SU GORGE

The gorge (**Ущелье Адыр-Су**), its sheer rock sides rising thousands meters, widens somewhat soon after town Tyrnyauz. The southern slopes, now gentler, are bare of woods, the northern are overgrown with birches, bird cherries and alders and higher up, pines. Some 18 kilometers from town Tyrnyauz is the village of Verkhny Baksan. This is the point from which climbers would set off to the peaks of Elbrus in the past century. The village stands by the river Kyrtyk, a small left-hand tributary of the Baksan. In 1967 a mudflow ran down the Kyrtyk channel, and destroyed part of the village. The people who had lost their homes moved over the opposite, right bank; part of village was rebuilt.



# OBSERVATORY TERSKOL

Observatory Terskol Peak is an international astronomical observatory founded in 1980 at Terskol Peak. Since January 1, 2005, the observatory has been operated jointly by the National Academy of Sciences of Ukraine, the INASAN Terskol Branch and the International Center for Astronomical and Medical-Ecological Research.

Not far from the Terskol observatory, the Baksan neutrino observatory is also located.

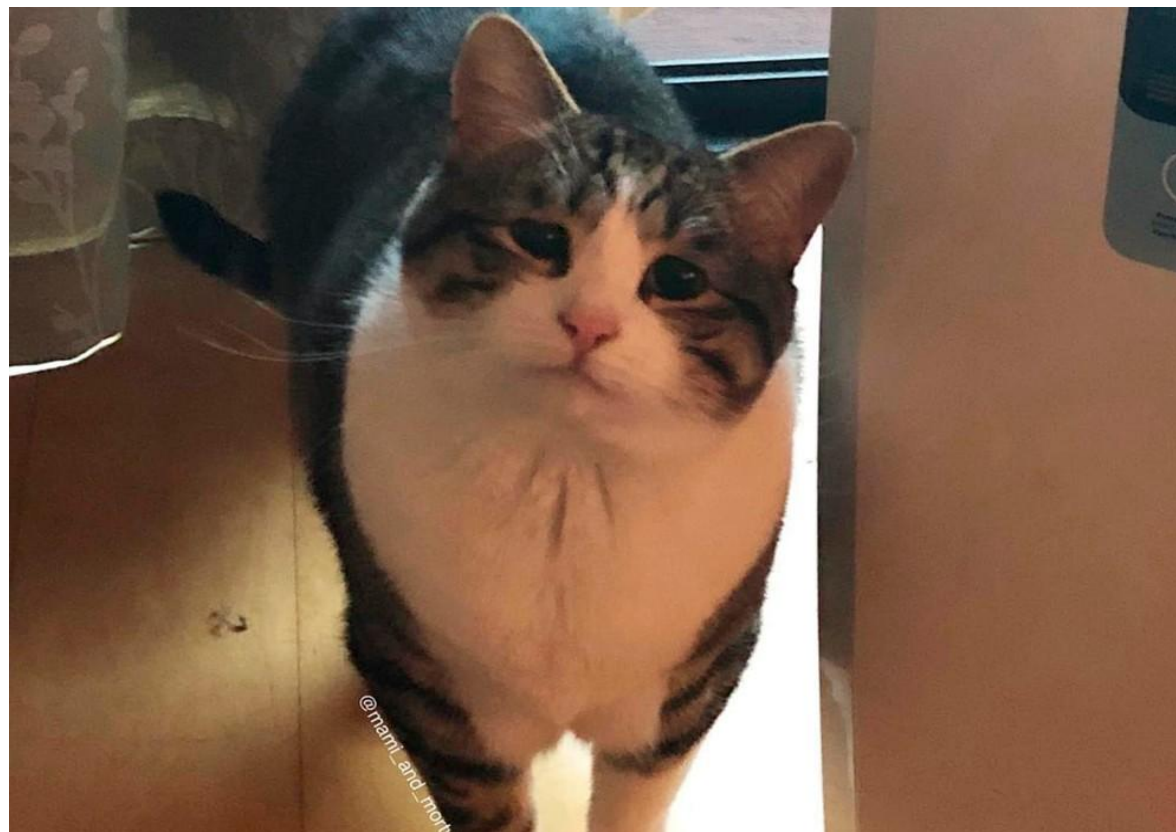




# ATAZHUKINSKY GARDEN



Atazhukinsky Garden is a city culture and leisure park located in Nalchik, the KBR. It was founded in 1847. One of the largest parks in the North Caucasus. The garden occupies more than 250 hectares of land, the main alley of the garden has a length of about one and a half kilometers.



**THANKS FOR ATTENTION!!!**