



The system of government of Russia

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THE PRESIDENT

THE FEDERAL ASSEMBLY

the Federation Council

the Duma
(450 deputies)

THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

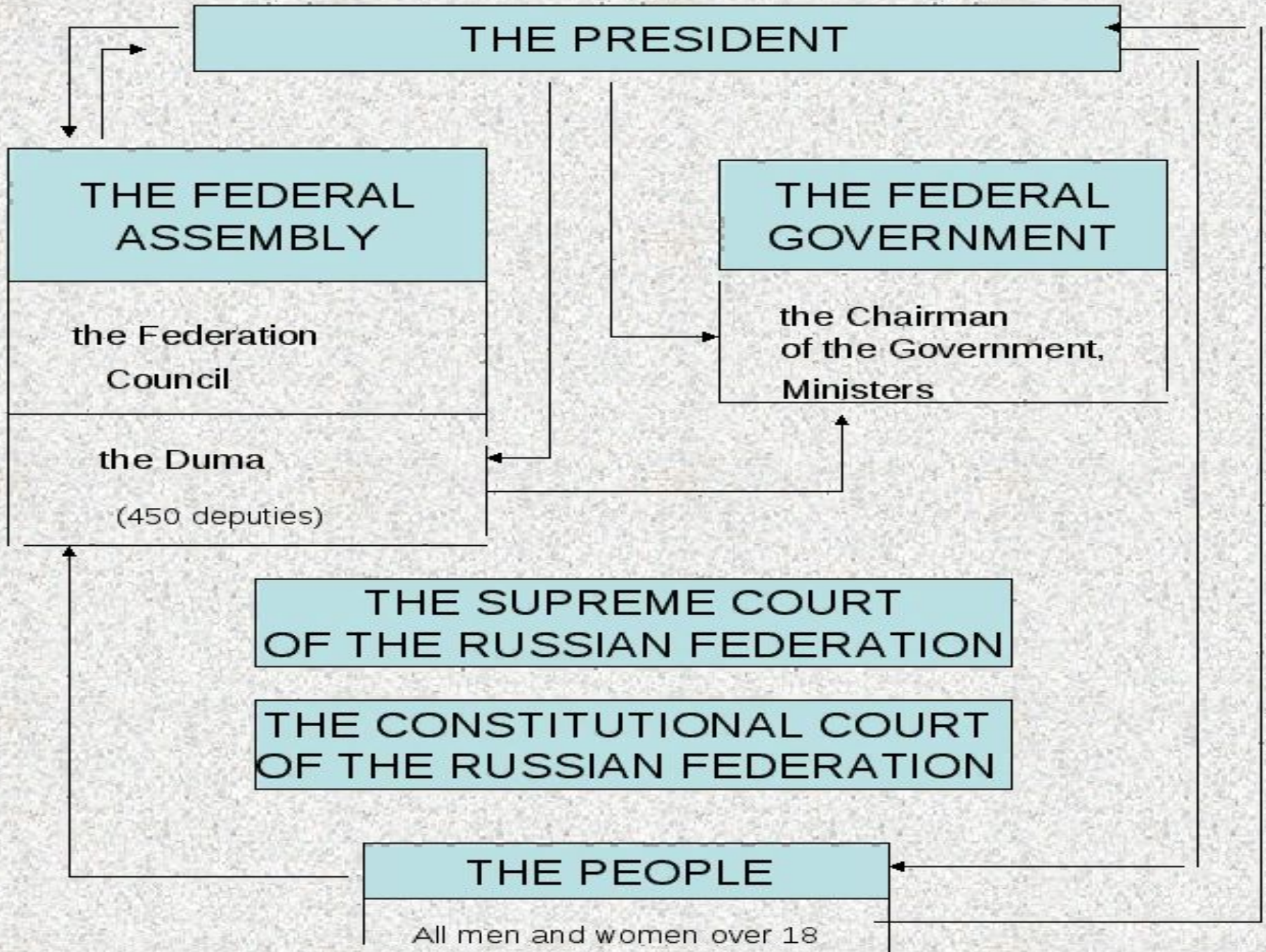
the Chairman of the Government,
Ministers

THE SUPREME COURT OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

THE CONSTITUTIONAL COURT OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

THE PEOPLE

All men and women over 18



The President



- The President of the Russian Federation is the head of state
- He is elected for 6 years. The President must be over 35 years old and live in the Russian Federation for more than 10 years
- The same person can not hold post more than twice

The President

Functions:

- The President takes measures to protect the sovereignty of the Russian Federation and its independence, keeps the functioning and interaction of the authorities
- The President decides the main directions of the domestic and foreign policy of the state, represents the Russian Federation inside the country and in international relations.
- The President appoints The Chairman of the Government, the Chairman of the Central Bank, candidates for the position of court, the command of the Armed Forces.
- Also the President passes decrees and orders, signs diploma, conducts discussions , resolves questions of citizenship and awards prizes.

The Federal Government

- The Federal Government realizes executive power in the Russian Federation.
- It develops the Federal budget, keeps the conduction of financial and monetary policy, policy in culture, science, education, health care, social security, ecology
- The government saves the defense of the country, keeps the rights and freedoms of citizens, public order, the fight against crime



Legislative power

Legislative power is exercised by the Federal Assembly. It is divided into the State Duma and the Federation Council.



Legislative power

The State Duma

- Elective legislative representative part of power
- The Duma consists of 450 deputies
- Head is elected by people and the other part consists of deputies appointed by their parties
- Elected for 5 years-Lower Chamber

The Federation Council

- The Federation Council consist of 170 deputies.
- Two representatives are nominated from every subject of Russia.
- Hasn't fixed period of functioning.

Legislative power

Functions of the State

Duma

- giving consent to the appointment of the chairman of the government of the Russian Federation
- solution of the problem of trust in government
- appointment and dismissal of the head of the central bank of the Russian Federation
- announcement of amnesty
- charge the president for dismissing

Functions of the Federation Council

- approval of changes of border between subjects of the Russian Federation
- approval of presidential decrees on martial law and emergency
- the choice elections of president
- appointment of judges and prosecutor general and his removal from office
- solution of the problem of use of armed forces outside the country

The judicial power

- The judicial power in Russia is exercised by the courts and administered by the Ministry of Justice
- The Supreme Court of Russia is at the highest level
- The judges of the Constitutional Court
- The Supreme Court and the High Arbitration Court are appointed by the Federation Council.

