THE MAIN METHODS OF PEDAGOGICAL INFLUENCE ON THE AUDIENCE, AND INDIVIDUALS

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THE MAIN METHODS OF PEDAGOGICAL INFLUENCE ON THE AUDIENCE

- Pedagogical influence is a combination of the most characteristic and sustainable methods used in the management process.
- The first experimental psychological study of leadership styles was conducted in 1938 by the German psychologist Kurt Levin

Authoritarian



Democratic







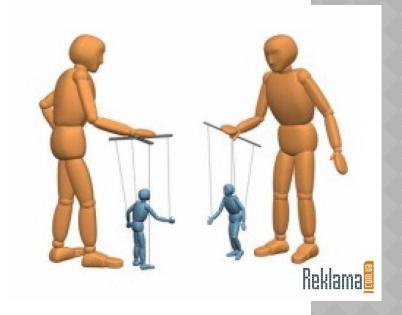
AUTHORITARIAN



- -focus on work
- -total disregard for people
- -high exactingness
- -personal control over the course
- -the educational process

use of coercive methods Autocracy Position in communication -TOP

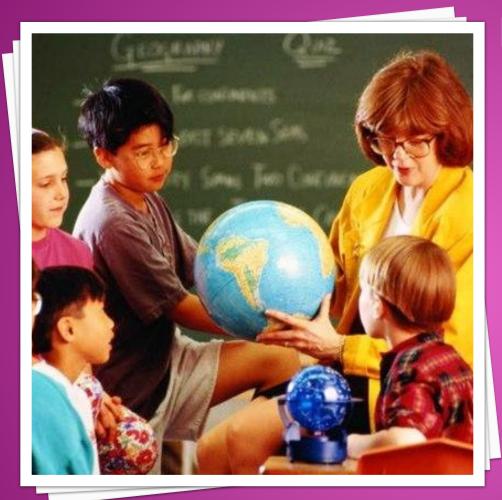
can be justified in a group with undeveloped material and higher needs, as well as in extreme situations





LIBERAL

- -non-interference in the affairs of students and class
- -lack of initiative
- -waiting for directions from above
- -inconsistency in one's actions
- -easily lends itself to the
- -opinion of others (influence)
- -incompetent in dealing with issues
- -fear of making decisions
- -Position in communication IN THE PARTY



DEMOCRATIC

-collective decision-making -The control system assumes familiarization of pupils in management -the teacher "accompanies" the student -creating conditions for the student's initiative -Position in communication -TOGETHER, NEAREST