What Tenses do we use to express Future Tenses? • Future Simple

- To be going to
- Present Simple
- Present Continuous

Future Simple

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we, you, they
+ will + 1ф. глагола
he, she, it
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I, we, you, they
+ + 1ф. глагола
he, she, it
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не, she, it we, you, they they he, she, it they have a she will not they he, she, it they have a she will not the she will not they have a she will not they have a she will not the she will not the
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Future Simple

Is used to express:

- Спонтанное решение What would you like? I'll take a tea.
- Предложение I'll wash the dishes tonight.
- Обещание I'll write you every day.
- Предупреждение Be quiet or teacher will be angry.
- Предсказание In 2100 people will travel in flying cars.
- Надежда I hope I will win the race.
- Yrposa

Stop talking or I will send you out!

Is used with the following words:

Time expressions:

Tomorrow – завтра The day after tomorrow послезавтра Next week – Ha следующей неделе Next month/year - B следующем месяце/году In a day – через день In three days – через 3 дня In a week – через неделю In a month – через месяц In 2020 - B 2020

- ✓ Think
- **✓** Expect
- ✓ Suppose
- ✔ Hope
- ✓ Believe
- ✓ Know
- ✔ Probably
- ✓ Fear
- ✓ Be afraid.
- ✓ Promise
 - Be sure

Shall vs. Will

Shall:

- 1) Я запрашиваю инструкции (что мне делать) Shall I do it right now? Shall I send him a fax?
- 2) Я предлагаю помощь Shall I help you? Shall I carry your bags?
- 3) Я предлагаю сделать что-то Shall we go out tonight? Shall we go to the cinema?
- Не используется в
- Гили <mark>₩е только</mark>

Spot the correct meaning:

1. I am sure you will enjoy the film.

opinion

2. I will come and see you before leaving.

promise

- 3. Will you have a cup of tea? offer
- 4. Will you help me to find an earring? I dropped it in the bathroom.

request

- 5. Don't drink coffee at night. You will have problems with sleep.
- 6. Listen carefully to me or I will punish you!
- 7. I hope you will be ready tomorrow.
- 8. I'm thirsty! I'll bring you a glass of water.
- 9. I'm afraid I won't pass this test.
- 10. In 2020 the climate will change

threat

Spontaneo us decision





Be going to

am
 We, you, they are + going to + 1ф. глагола
 He, she, it is

? Am I
Are we, you, they + going to +
Is he, she, it

I'm I'm not
He's/she's/it's
He/she/it isn't
We're/they're/you're
We/you/they aren't

am not
We, you, they are not + going to + 1ф. глагола
He, she, it is not

Be going to

Be going to

Очевидность действия Look! Watch out!

Планы намерения

Choose the appropriate form for a future state or activity

- 1) Look at the waiter! He's carrying too much. He'll drop / is going to drop all those plates!
- 2) I hope one I will have / am going to have more free time.
- 3) One day everybody will have / is going to have a proper housing.
- 4) What are your plans for this evening? I'll stay / am going to stay at home.
- 5) This programme is boring. I *will switch / am going to switch* to another channel.
- 6) He'll win/is winning. He always does.
- 7) If it gets any colder it will snow / is going to snow.
- 8) I'll give / am going to give you a lift to the station tomorrow if you like.
- 9) There's a dangerous virus in your computer, it's going to crash / will crash soon.
- 10) I'm sure he won't mind it/ he is going to mind it.

Spot mistakes & correct them.

- 1) Look, that building over there will collapse soon. is going to collapse
- 2) I am absolutely sure that our team easily going to beat theirs. will easily win
- 3) I hope you'll be doing well in your driving test. will do
- 4) These dark black clouds mean we are going to have a storm.
- 5) Look out! We will crash! are going to



Present Simple

we, you, they He, she, it + глагол + глагол +

S

```
Ро I, we, you, they + ГЛАГОЛ □

Does he, she, it + ГЛАГОЛ □
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не, she, it + don't + глагол П
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Present Simple

Is used to express:

• расписание (на вокзалах, уроков, любое)

The train leaves at 3.50 tomorrow. Maths starts at 8.30.

 то, что делаешь каждый день (умываешься, кушаешь, спишь, ходишь в школу и т.д.)

I get p at 6 am. I don't go to school on Sunday.

• привычки

She doesn't like apples. He hates pop music.

• короткие действия (войти в комнату, закрыть дверь и т.д.)

She goes out every day. Mum goes jogging every other day.

Time expressions:

- ♦ every day каждый день
- ◆ often часто
- ♦ in the afternoon днем
 - ♦ never никогда
- ❖ in the evening вечером
 - ♦ rarely редко
- ♦ every morning каждое утро
 - ♦ always всегда
- ♦ every year каждый год
- ♦ at night ночью
- ♦ sometimes иногда usually обычно

Use the correct Tense form in the following sentences:

	_ (to wake up) at 9 a.m.
She(not to	wake up) at 7 a.m. Her
husband, James,	always (to wake
up) at 9.30 a.m. S	he usually (to
take) a long show	er, (to get)
dressed and	(to eat) breakfast.
She usually	(to have) cereals for
	(not to take) a
train. She usually	(to drive) her car.

Present Continuous

• am
We, you, they are + глагол +
He, she, it is

ing

? Am I Are we, you, they + глагол + Is he, she, it I'm I'm not
He's/she's/it's
He/she/it isn't
we/re/they're/you're
We/you/they aren't

am not We, you, they are not + глагол + He, she, it is not

ing

Present Continuous

Is used to express:

- □ личный план (сам выбрал сделать что-то)
- □ приготовления (к поездке)
 - My dad is flying to Paris tonight.
 - ☐ She says she's baby-sitting tonight.
 - □ What are you doing this evening? I am going to the theatre.

Lacro & financinamis go, come, arrive, fly, move

Present Continuous vs. Be going to

Present Continuous Личный план

They are having a party next week. (все уже организовано. Приглашения тоже отправлены)

Be going to План

They are going to have a party in two weeks. (они решили, но еще ничего не организовали)

+ to go, to come

I am going out tonight.

□ to go, to come

I am going to go out tonight.



B Present Continuous for arrangements (1)

For each situation write a sentence with the Present Continuous. Use the verbs in brackets.

- Mike and Harriet have accepted an invitation to Tom's party next week. (go)

 They're going to Tom's party next week.
- 1 Laura has agreed to be in the office on Saturday. (work)
- 2 Claire has just bought a plane ticket to Cairo dated 15 May. (fly)
- 3 Mark has arranged a meeting with his boss at four o'clock this afternoon. (see)
- 4 Matthew and Daniel have booked a tennis court for tomorrow afternoon. (play)

C Present tenses for the future (1–2)

Put the verbs into the Present Continuous or the Present Simple.

Emma:	(>) Are you doing (you / do) anything tonight?
Matthew:	Yes, (1) (I / go) to the station to meet my friend Richard.
	(2) (he / stay) here for the weekend, remember? His train
	(3) (get) in at eight fifteen.
Emma:	Oh, of course. I'd forgotten about that.
Matthew:	Maybe we'll see you later. What (4) (you / do) tonight?
Emma:	Oh, (5) (I / go) to the cinema with Vicky and Rachel and a
	couple of other people. The film (6) (finish) quite early, so
	(7) (we / go) to a pizza place afterwards.

Finish these dialogues using the Present Continuous for the future, and the words in brackets (). Use short forms where possible.

•	Steve: Are you doing	. (you/do) anything this weekend?
		(I/see) a film on Sunday. Do you want to come?
1	Pete: Jane, Joe and Sally	(come) to my house on Friday night.
	Mark:	(you/have) a party?
	Pete: No, we aren't	(We/play) cards. Would you like to come?
2	David:	. (I/fly) to New York on Sunday.
	Chris:	(you/see) John there?
	David: Yes,	(we/meet) at the airport.
3	Philip: Mary and I	(drive) to Scotland next Wednesday.
	Mike:	(you/stay) in Edinburgh?
	Philip: No.	(we/visit) my mother in Aberdeen.
4	Paul:	(I/start) a new job on Monday.
	Clive: Really? What is it?	
	Paul:	(I/sell) cars. Do you need a new car?

Fill in the correct present or future tense-forms.

- 1. John & Anna (fly) to Paris on Monday for a holiday. Their flight (take off) at 7.10 in the morning & (arrive) in Paris at 8.10.
- 2. Dave is a sales manager & today he (see) a new client.
- 3. A new supermarket (open) today & I (meet) my friend there in the afternoon.
- 4. According to the programme the show (start) at 7 p.m.
- 5. The match (start) in half an hour. We must hurry up.
- 6. The Prime Minister (come) on a two-day official visit to our capital tomorrow.
- 7. Look at the sun! It (be) a hot day tomorrow.
- 8. Watch out! Those boxes (fall)!
- 9. He (open) a new branch shop in Denmark next month.
- 10. The plane (take off) at 10.45, so we'd better check in by 8.45.
- 11. Look at the baby! He (eat) that flower.
- 12. The car (come) at 11.00 to collect the guest speakers & they (arrive) at the hall at 11.30.
- 13. We (have) our weekly meeting tomorrow, so I (present) your proposal then.
- 14. Are you sure he (do) well in all his tests?

