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The presentation of the Object: «Foreign language»
Subject: Canada.

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Canada is an independent federative state

It is one of the most developed countries.

Canada consists of ten provinces and two territories.

It is situated on the North American continent.

In size Canada is the second in the world after Russia.

Its area is almost 10 million km².

The capital of Canada is Ottawa,
which is situated on the bank of the Ottawa River.

It is famous for its beautiful parks.

It is also known as the city of bridges.



Climate and Nature of Canada

The northern parts lie in the subarctic and arctic climatic zones. Most of the northern islands are covered with ice. The bays between them are covered with ice for 9—10 months a year. This territory has a climate with very cold winters and short, cool summers. The average winter temperature is about 35 degrees below zero. The average summer temperature is about 4 degrees above zero.

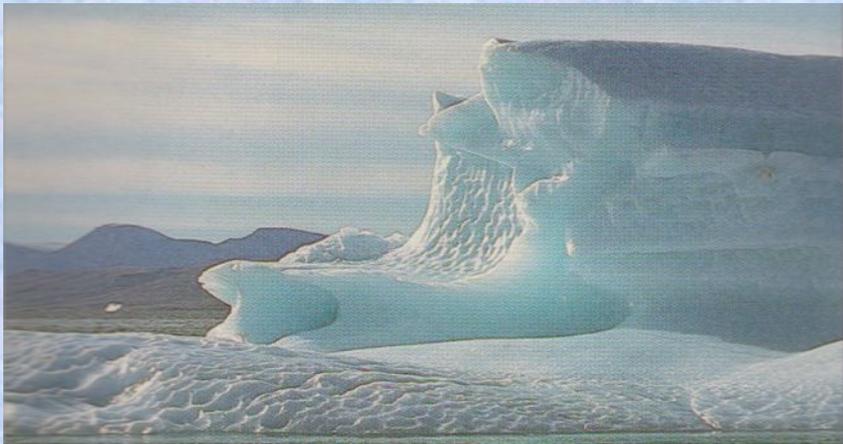
It contrasts with the rest of the territory, where the climate is moderate. This part gets enough amount of rainfall and heat. In the south there are large areas of fertile soils. The west of the country has a mild and humid climate thanks to a warm Pacific current. The average winter temperature is about 4 degrees above zero there. The average summer temperature is 21 degrees above zero.

The region of the Cordilleras is famous for its beautiful forests.

Canadian west is the most attractive part of the country. The snow-capped mountains and ocean bays create a surprisingly beautiful atmosphere. Besides, Canadian south is known for its changeable weather. Sometimes it is too humid, and sometimes it is too dry: the weather can change very quickly. The Niagara Falls situated in that part of the country attracts people from all over the world by its unusual beauty.



About 2 percent of the Canadian territory is covered by glacier ice.

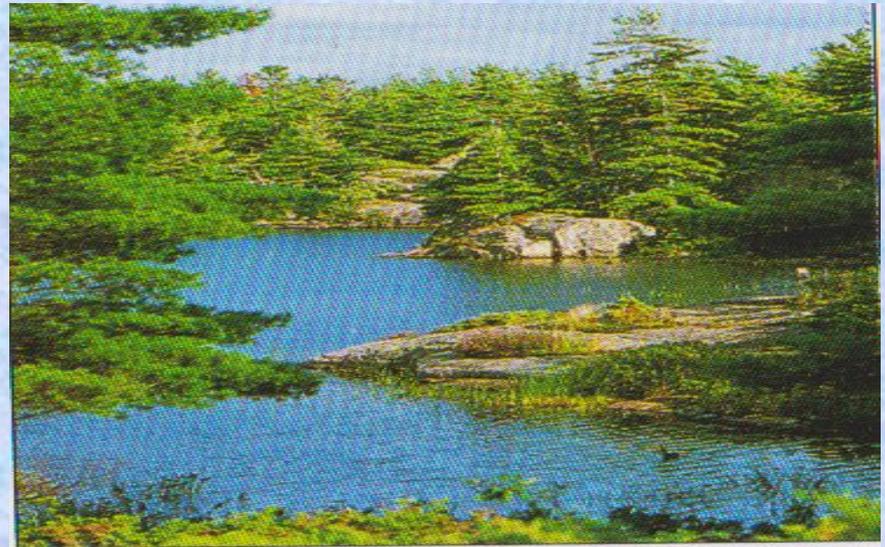


The eastern parts of the country are mainly valleys and plains.

The western territories are occupied by the Cordilleras.

They stretch from the American border to the Arctic Ocean.

The Cordillera region is composed of numerous mountain groups: the Rocky Mountains, the Coast Mountains and others.



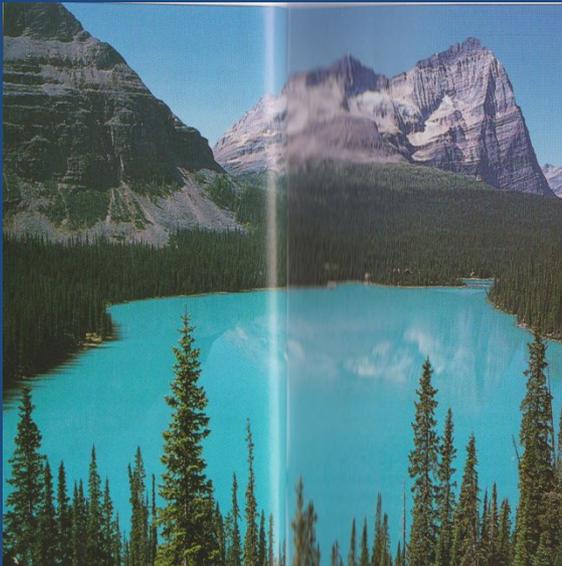


The main Canadian islands are Newfoundland, Victorian Island, Baffin Island and others.

There are a lot of rivers and lakes in Canada.

Among them there are the Great Bear Lake, the Great Slave Lake and the Great Lakes District.

The largest rivers are the Nelson, the Ottawa, the Mackenzie and the Yukon.



History of Canada

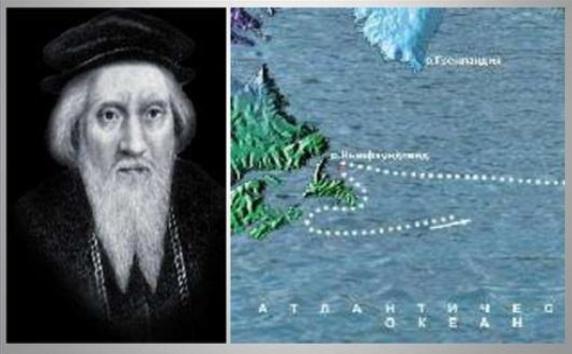
Canada's history is an exciting story of development of a vast wilderness into a great nation. Most experts believe that the first people who lived on this land came from Asia about 15000 years ago. They came over a land bridge that once connected Asia and North America. Their descendants are known today as Indians. The ancestors of the Eskimos came to Alaska after them probably about 5000 years ago.



In 1497, John Cabot, an Italian navigator in the service of England, found rich fishing grounds off Canada's south-east coast. His discovery led to the European exploration of Canada. France set up a colony in eastern Canada in the early 1600's. Great Britain gained control of the country in 1763, and thousands of British emigrants came to Canada.

In 1867, the French and English-speaking Canadians helped to create a united colony called the Dominion of Canada. Two groups worked together to settle the country and to develop its great mineral deposits and other natural resources.

Canada gained its independence from Britain in 1931. During the middle of 20th century, hard-working Canadians turned their country into an economic giant.



Policy

Canada is a parliamentary democracy with a federal political system. Each province has its own elected legislature headed by a Prime Minister, who shall appoint their representatives to the Federal Parliament in Ottawa. The house of Commons is the main Federal legislative body of the country. The Prime Minister- the head of the entire political structure , as well as an elected member of the house of Commons in which he needs to have a majority of supporters. The bills passed through the house of Commons, sent to the upper house of Parliament, the Senate, for ratification.



Changing of flag in Ottawa.

The ceremonial unveiling of the new Nunavut flag in 1999.

The capital and largest city of Canada

Ottawa

The Capital Of Canada

[OBJ] The Capital Of Canada. Located in the Eastern part of the province of Ontario on the banks of the Ottawa river, which forms the border between the provinces of Ontario and Quebec. Ottawa is the fourth largest city in the country and the second



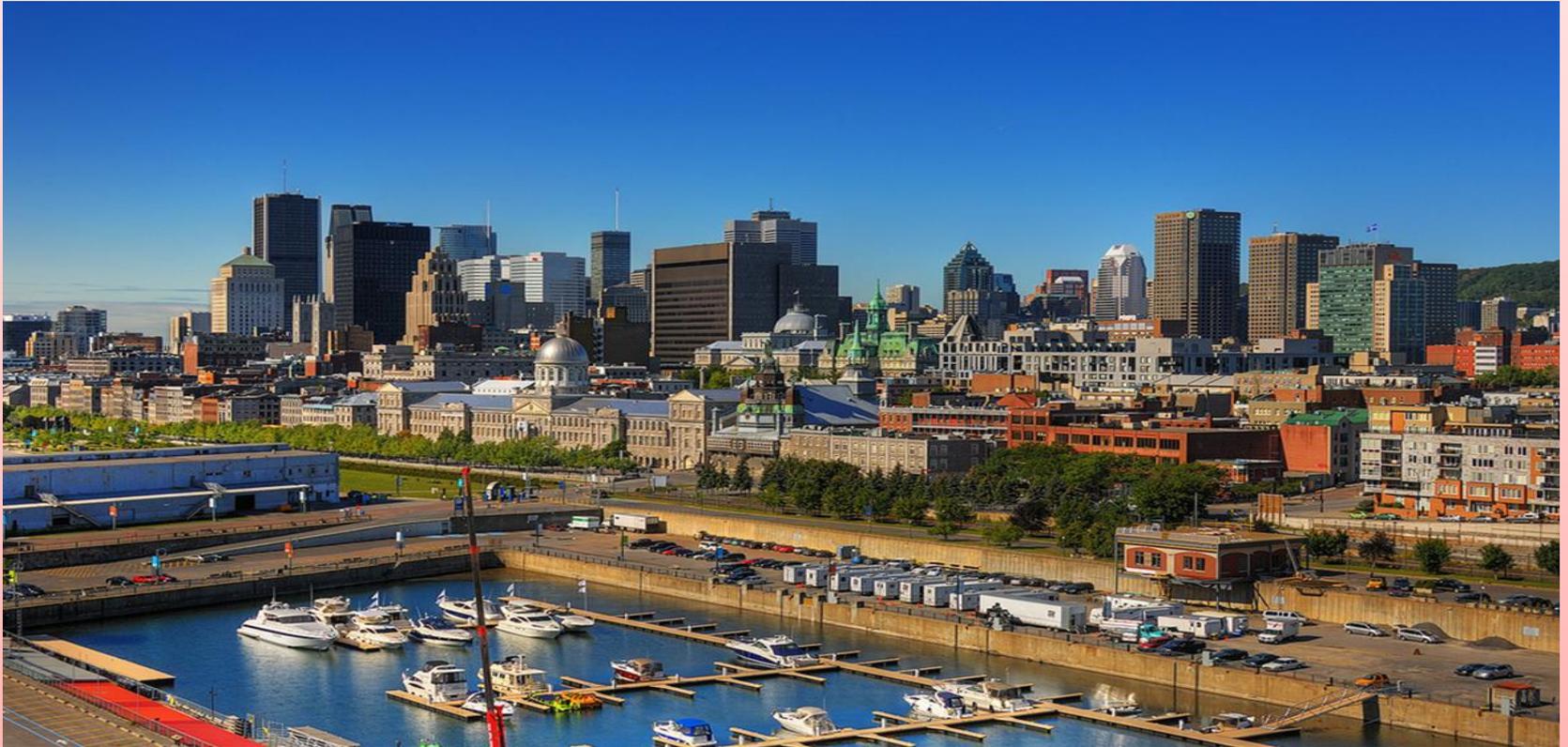
Toronto

Toronto is the largest city of Canada, located at the intersection of water and overland routes. The population 2.518.000 residents. In Toronto and the surrounding area is home to around 1/3 of the population of Canada.



Montreal

Canadians are proud of their second largest city, which hosted the world exhibition Expo 67 and the Olympic games in 1976. And indeed it is a beautiful and pleasant city that is worth visiting at any time of the year.



Vancouver

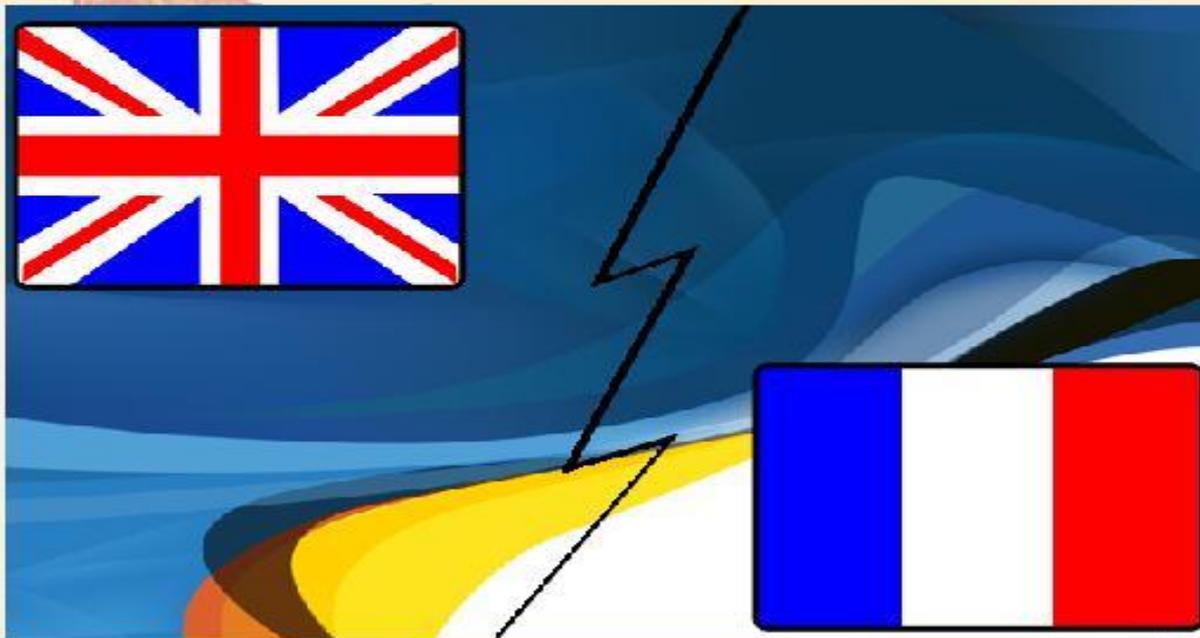
Vancouver is the third largest city in Canada. It is located on the West coast of the mainland, in the province of British Columbia. Originated in the XIX century thanks to the "gold rush", and soon became the largest port in North America.

Now, this Canadian city is one of the most prosperous life on Earth



The languages

The official languages of Canada are English and French.



Culture and art

The Canadian culture is unique and distinctive. It attracts many guests from all over the world. After all, a Union of different cultures, traditions of many peoples who immigrated here in different years. The culture of Canada's truly diverse. It is so diverse that some researchers sometimes come to a standstill, when trying to give her an unequivocal definition. The reasons for this lie in the country's history. Because the current population of Canada was formed of migrants, who for centuries have arrived here from different parts of the world. With them they brought cultural characteristics, traditions and customs inherent in their people. Familiarity with the culture of Canada is best to start with etiquette. After all, the established rules of conduct form a person's relationships in society, regulate the life and systematic life. For communication in Canada typical a few things you need to know if you decide to visit this country or are seriously interested in its characteristics and traditions.



Sport

Ice hockey - sport number 1 in Canada. Great place in the lives of Canadians is a sport. The official winter sport of Canada, and exceptionally popular leisure activities is ice hockey.

Seven cities of Canada - Toronto, Montreal, Vancouver, Ottawa, Calgary, Edmonton and Winnipeg - have their own team-members of the National hockey League (NHL).

50% of all players in the League

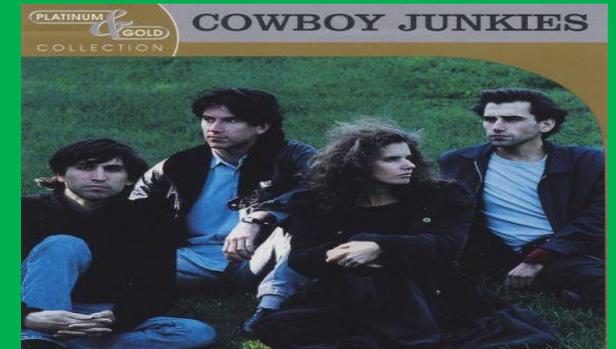
(30 teams from Canada and the USA) from Canada.

Toronto is the world's largest hockey hall of fame. The official summer sport is lacrosse. In Canada Curling is also popular and Canadian football, similar to American, there is the Canadian football League. In European football, basketball and baseball play more on the Amateur and youth level, but these sports are not so popular in the professional field as the others, although one of the NBA clubs and is based in Toronto. Canada was the mistress of the Junior world Cup in 2007, and in 2010 in the Canadian city of Vancouver and the nearby ski resort of Whistler (Britannia Colombia), was held the XXI Olympic winter games.



Music

The tradition of folk music in Canada is embodied in the works of such artists as Leonard Cohen, Kate and Anne Magarrell, Joni Mitchell and Neil young. Among the new generation of singers and songwriters that continue the tradition of melodic, suggestive meditation music – Alanis Morissette. A group of "Cowboy Junkies" and Shania TWAIN playing in a new style of country music. Superstars Celine Dion and Brian Adams thundered throughout Europe and the United States. As for classical music, the Montreal Symphony orchestra, known around the world, like the pianist Glenn Gould. Jazz music provided by pianist Oscar Peterson, and in Montreal each year is one of the world's most famous festivals.



pianist Glenn Gould

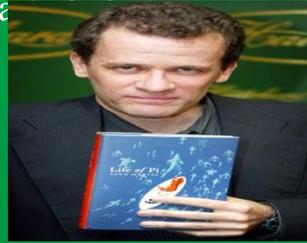
the Montreal Symphony orchestra

Celine Dion

Literature

Due to the fact that the country has two official languages, Canadian literature is usually divided into two great traditions: Anglo-Canadian literature and French Canadian literature. In recent decades, the literary diversity of the country has expanded significantly due to the influence of international immigration, as well as the recognition of literary traditions of the indigenous peoples of Canada. In the 1990-ies the success of writers Canada has received wide international recognition. Michael Ondaatje and Margaret Atwood won a Booker prize in 1992 and 2000 years, respectively, Carol Shields is the Pulitzer prize in 1998.

Since 1959, the Canadian review of literature is carried out in the same magazine, which is published with the support of the University of British Columbia. It is a quarterly journal.



M

Yan Martel (1963)



the winner of the Booker prize 2000

the author of the novel "Life of PI"

the author of novel «The Stone diaries»

Canadian symbols (flag and emblem)

FLAG



- The red and white Canadian flag shows a leaf of the maple tree, which grows in North America. The maple leaf is the official emblem of Canada. The official ceremony inaugurating the new Canadian flag was held on Parliament Hill in Ottawa on February 15, 1965, with Governor General Georges Vanier, Prime Minister Lester B. Pearson, the members of the Cabinet and thousands of Canadians in attendance.

The Coat of Arms

- Canada's Coat of Arms was officially proclaimed on November 21, 1921.
- The present Coat of Arms was approved in 1994.



The fauna of Canada

The most famous representative of the animal world Canada is the beaver. This animal is a symbol of the country. Thanks to this animal was previously investigated and developed a large area of Canada.



Canadian beaver

black bear

brown bear

polar bear

grizzly bear



Freshwater and coastal waters are inhabited by numerous fish species.

Canadian sights



TV tower CN
Tower

The CN tower — a symbol of Toronto and is the tallest structure in the world 1976-2007. The height of the CN Tower is 553,33 meter.



Royal Ontario Museum -

Canada's largest Museum of culture and natural history, as well as the 5th largest museum in North America.



Hockey hall of fame

Hockey hall of fame is a popular site dedicated to the history of Canadian and world hockey. There is a hockey Museum and entertainment rides.



Hindu temple Shri Swaminarayan Mandir and Museum indocanadian cultural heritage.



Van Dusen Botanical Gardens

Botanical garden, named after a local lumberman, philanthropist and nature lover of Whitford Julian van Dusen.



Niagara falls Canada one of the most beautiful waterfalls in the world.



**Thank for your
attention !**