

«Технический пожарно-спасательный колледж им.

В. М. Максимчука»

Структурное подразделение

«Обручевское»

ПРЕЗЕНТАЦИЯ
ПО ДИСЦИПЛИНЕ «АНГЛИЙСКИЙ ЯЗЫК »
НА ТЕМУ «GREAT SCIENTIST»

*Prepared by:
Student 1kIS-17 group
Kobzev M.L.*

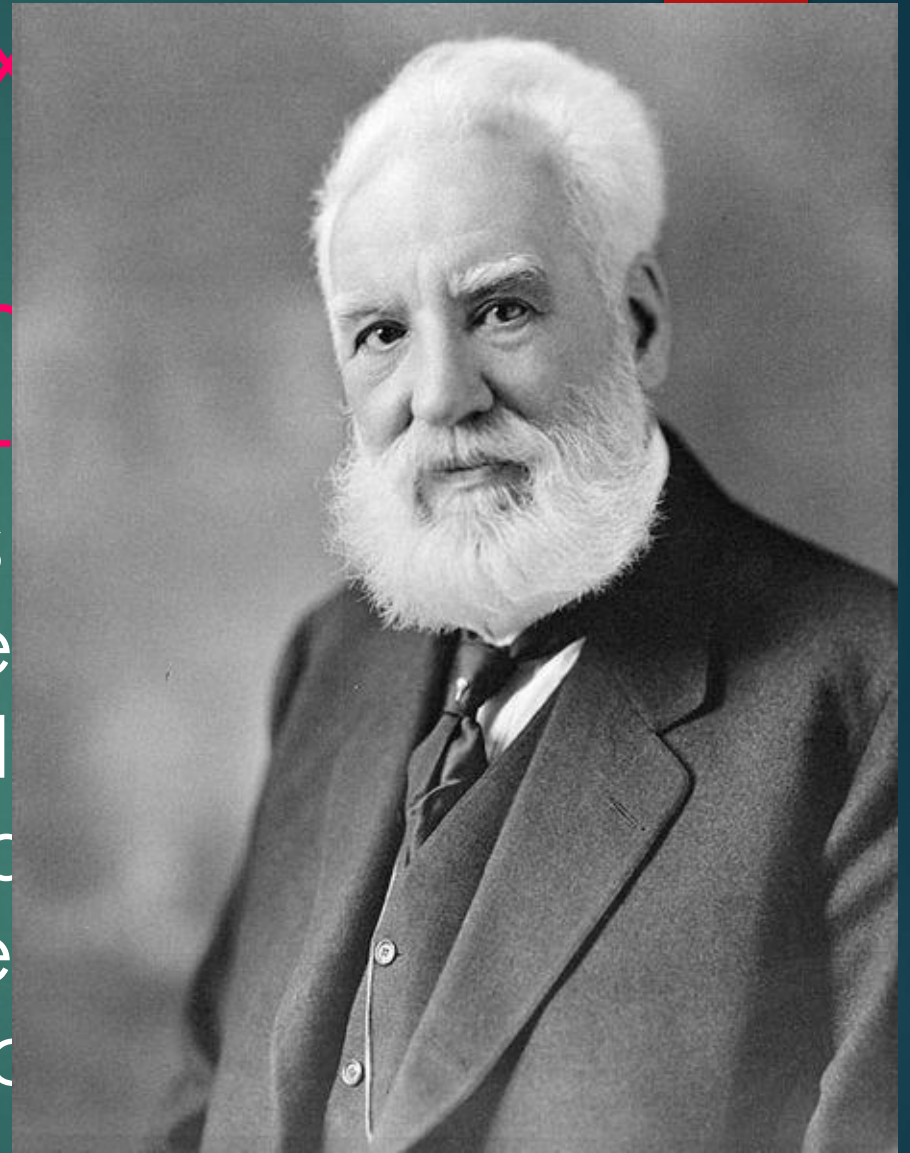
Dmitri Ivanovich Mendeleev (8 February 1834 – 2 February 1907)



- ▶ was a Russian chemist and inventor. He is credited as being the creator of the first version of the periodic table of elements. Using the table, he predicted the properties of elements yet to be discovered.

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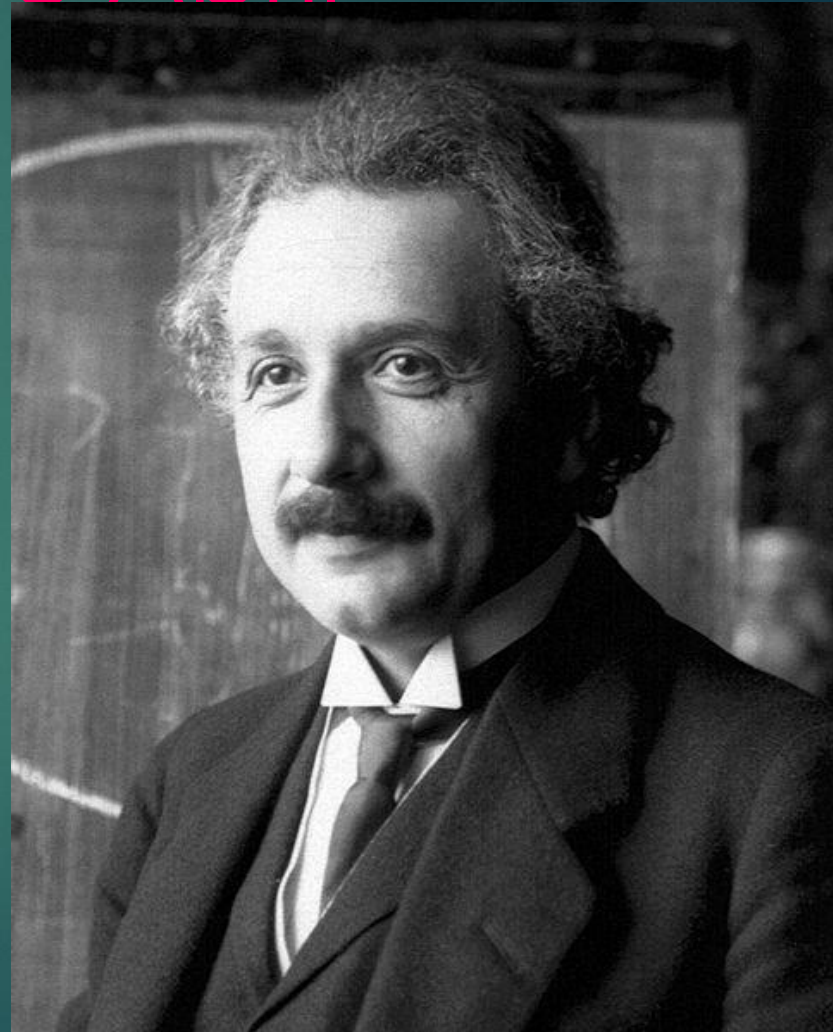
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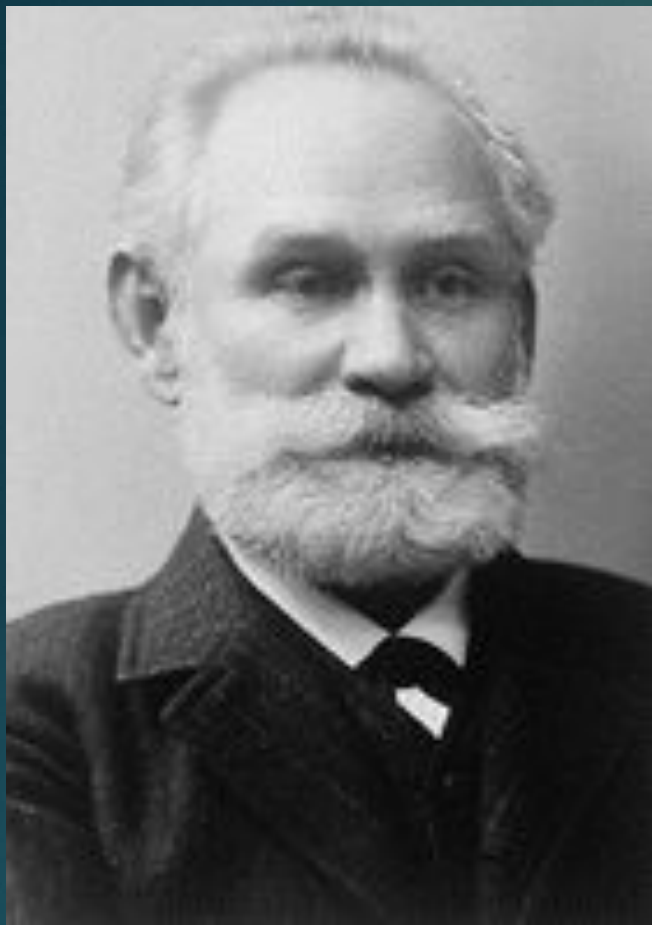


Albert Einstein

► (14 March 1879–18 April 1955)

was a theoretical physicist who is widely regarded as one of the most influential scientists of all time. Einstein is best known for his theories of special **relativity** and general relativity. He received the 1921 Nobel Prize in Physics "for his services to Theoretical Physics, and especially for his discovery of the law of the photoelectric effect."





Ivan Petrovich Pavlov

(September 14, 1849
– February 27, 1936)

- ▶ was a Russian, and later Soviet, physiologist, psychologist, and physician. He was awarded the Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine in 1904 for research pertaining to the digestive system. Pavlov is widely known for first describing the phenomenon of classical conditioning.

Marie Skłodowska Curie (7 November 1867 – 4 July 1934)

- ▶ was a physicist and chemist of Polish upbringing and French citizenship. She was a pioneer in the field of radioactivity, the first person honored with two Nobel Prizes, receiving one in physics and later, one in chemistry. She was the first woman to **serve** as professor at the University of Paris.



John Logie
(14 August 1899 –
June 1940)

- ▶ was a Scottish
inventor and
working tele-
vision engineer
the world's first
colour television
His early success
demonstrated
television
colour and
work earned him
place in the



Michael Faraday, (22 September 1791 – 25 August 1867)



- ▶ was an English chemist and physicist (or natural philosopher, in the terminology of the time) who contributed to the fields of electromagnetism and electrochemistry.

Alexander Stepanovich Popov



1859 – January 13
was a Russian physicist who first demonstrated the practical application of electromagnetic (radio) waves, although he did not apply for a patent for his invention.



Thank for you attention!