





TERRITORY:

Beirut is covering an area of 19.8 km2. Its bounded by the medditerranean sea to the west and north and Beirut river to the east. Beirut is the only municipality in Lebanon which is also a governorate. The governer is Marwan Abboud and the mayor is Jamal Itani. Beirut municipality is divided into 12 quarters:

- Port
- Achrafieh
- Dar El Mreisseh
- Mina El-Hosn
- Rmeil
- Bachoura

- Saifi
- Ras Beirut
- Mazraa
- Medawar
- Zuqaq El-Blat
- Mousaitbeh



FOUNDATION

After the civil war 1975-1990, A large area of buildings was destroyed. Much of the area is soon to be transformed into a futuristic complex by Solidere a development company which established by prime minister Rafik Hariri. It's cultural landscape went major

reconstruction.





DEVELOPMENT

The government putted a development program targeted several fields:

- Transportation
- Banking & Finance
- Tourism





TRANSPORTATION

The transportation was the most important field between all sectors. It included:

- 1. Building a modern airport:
- It is the only operational airport in the country
- Improving the existing port: The port of Beirut is one of the largest and most commercial in the eastern Mediterranean.
- 3. Improving Infrastructure: created a new roads, bridges, and highways connecting Beirut with Syrian cities such as Damascus.









BANKING & FINANCE

Beirut became an established banking enter for Arab wealth, Much of which was invested in construction, commercial enterprise, and industry. It is resulted from characteristics of Lebanese banking system:

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- Lebanese currency is fully convertible and can be exchanged freely with any other currency.
- ☐ No restrictions on the free flow of capital and earnings into and out of Lebanese economy.
- Banking-secrecy law



TOURISM

The tourism industry is important to the local economy, and major source of revenue for the city, and Lebanon in general. It was ranked 9th best city in the world and a beta+ city for the cultural and modern places that has such as:

- 1. National museum of Beirut
- 2. Jeita grotto
- 3. Zaitona bay



PLACES OF INTEREST

- 1. Museum of Beirut: the museum is a magnificant insight into lebannon's history. It has a numerous number of pheonician and the egyptian artifacts.
- 2. Jeita grotto: is a system of 2 interconnected karastic limestone caves
- Zaituna bay: an innovative tourist attraction extending the existing Beirut corniche, and the new sea promenade, a series of overlapping platforms, provide outdoor spaces and public areas for dislaying artwork.









POPULATION

Beirut is not only the largest city in Lebanon, but also it has the highest population which is equal to 2.4 M. Beirut has undergone through a huge increase in population which is equal to 0.73%.

It is one of the most religiously diverse cities in the Middle East. There is a total of 18 recognized religions within the area, include four Muslim sects, twelve Christian sects, and a Jewish sect.





ARTS & FASHION

Beirut has hundreds of art galleries with international fashion designers who not only put Beirut on the style map, but also continue to dominate paris fashion year after year such as: Elie Saab, Zuhair Murad, Reem Acra.







