## Charlotte Bronte's life.

Created by Yana Vdovichenko.

GR 17-22.



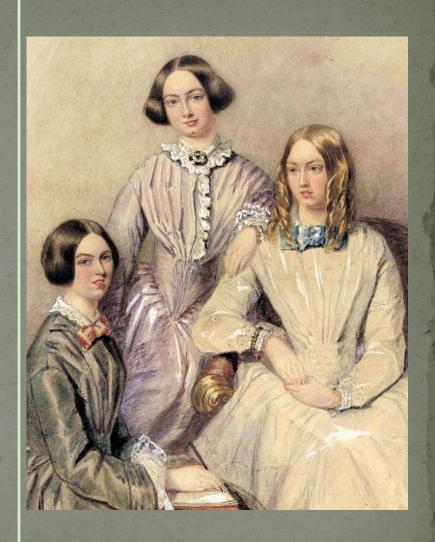
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1. The beginning of her life.

2. Her second novel.

3. The early years and education.

4. first publication.





## PART I



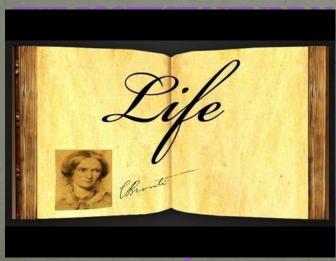
THE BEGINNING OF HER LIFE AND NOVELS.

Charlotte Bronte (commonly 21 April 1816 – 31 March 1855) was an English novelist and poet, the eldest of the three Brontë sisters who survived into adulthood and whose novels became classics of English literature. She enlisted in school at Roe Head in January 1831, aged 14 years. She left the year after to teach her sisters, Emily and Anne, at home, returning in 1835 as a governess. In 1839 she undertook the role as governess for the Sidekick family, but left after a few months to return to Haworth where the sisters opened a school, but failed to attract any pupils. Instead they turned to writing and they each first published in 1846 under the pseudonyms of Currer, Ellis and Acton Bell. Her first novel The Professor was rejected by publishers, her second novel Jane Eyre was published in 1847, although it was not initially well received; one critic described it as a "pre-eminently an anti-Christian composition". The sisters admitted to their Bell pseudonyms in 1848, and by the following year were celebrated in London literary circles.

CHARLOTE BRONTE'S SISTERS.



IN 1842 CHARLOTTE AND EMILY TRAVELLED TO ENROL



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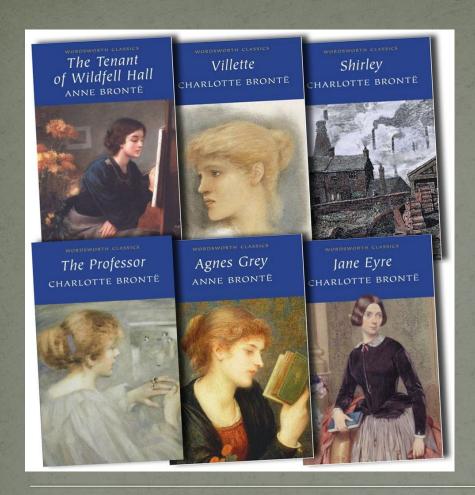
IN RETURN FOR BOARD AND TUITION CHARLOTTE TAUGHT ENGLISH AND EMILY TAUGHT MUSIC. THEIR TIME AT THE SCHOOL WAS CUT SHORT WHEN THEIR AUNT ELIZABETH BRANWELL. WHO HAD JOINED THE FAMILY IN HAWORTH TO LOOK AFTER THE CHILDREN AFTER THEIR MOTHER'S DEATH, DIED OF

POST AT THE SCHOOL. HER



SUBTOPIC PSEUDONYMS IN 1848, AND BY THE FOLLOWING YEAR WERE CELEBRATED IN LONDON LITERARY CIRCLES.

BRONTË EXPERIENCED THE EARLY DEATHS
OF ALL HER SIBLINGS. SHE BECAME
PREGNANT SHORTLY AFTER HER MARRIAGE
IN JUNE 1854 BUT DIED ON 31 MARCH 1855 OF
TUBERCULOSIS OR POSSIBLY TYPHUS.



# PART II HER SECOND NOVEL.

#### Shirley and bereavements

In 1848 Brontë began work on the manuscript of her second novel,

• After Anne's death Brontë resumed writing as a way of dealing with her grief, and Shirley, which deals with themes of industrial unrest and the role of women in society, was published in October 1849. Unlike Jane Eyre, which is written in the first person, Shirley is written in the third person and lacks the emotional immediacy of her first novel, and reviewers found it less shocking. Brontë, as her late sister's heir, suppressed the republication of Anne's second novel, The Tenant of Wildfell Hall, an action which had a deleterious effect on Anne's popularity as a novelist and has remained controversial among the sisters' biographers ever since.

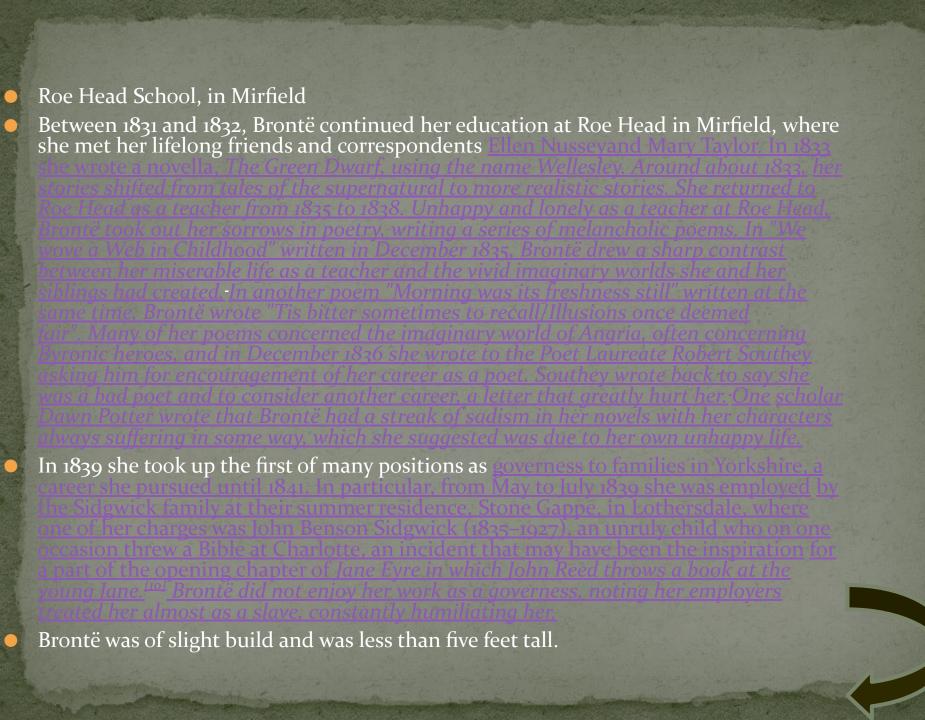


## PART III.

Early years and education.

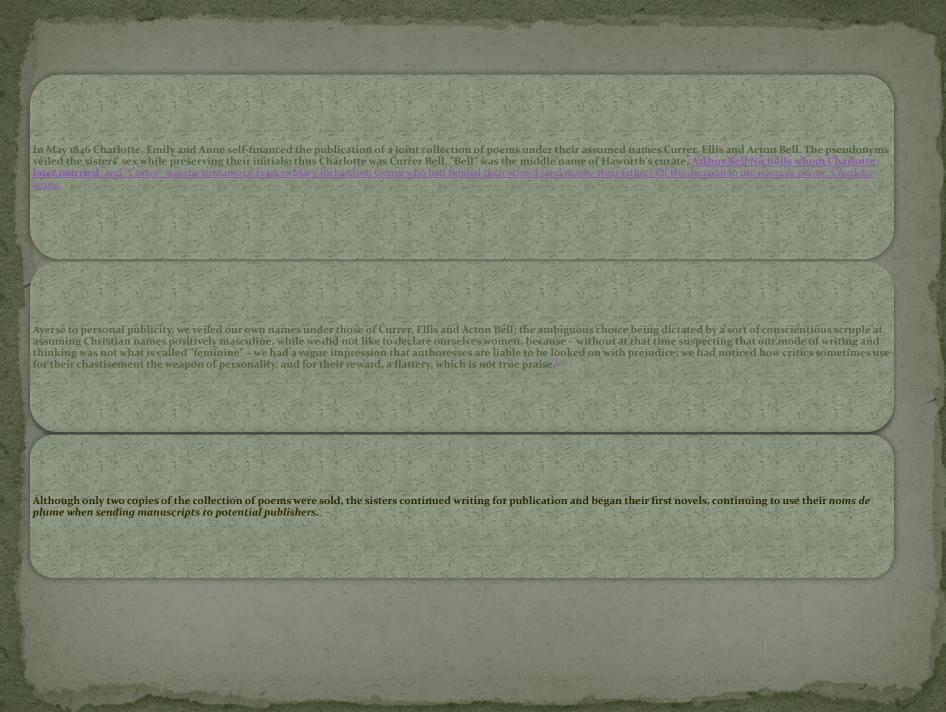


Before the publication of Villette, Brontë received an expected proposal of marriage from her father's , who had long been in love with her. She initially turned down his proposal and her father objected to the union at least partly because of Nicholls's poor financial status. Elizabeth Gaskell, who believed that marriage provided "clear and defined duties" that were beneficial for a woman, encouraged Brontë to consider the positive aspects of such a union and tried to use her contacts to engineer an improvement in Nicholls's finances. Brontë meanwhile was increasingly attracted to Nicholls and by January 1854 she had accepted his proposal. They gained the approval of her father by April and married in June. Her father Patrick had intended to give Charlotte away, but at the last minute decided he could not, and Charlotte had to make her way to the church without him. The married couple took their honeymoon , County Offaly, Ireland. By all accounts, her marriage was a success and Brontë found herself very happy in a way that was new to her.





HER FIRST PUBLICATION.



 Brontë's first manuscript, The Professor, did not secure a publisher, although she was heartened by an encouraging response from

