



Group Abu Nidal Abu Nidal Organization

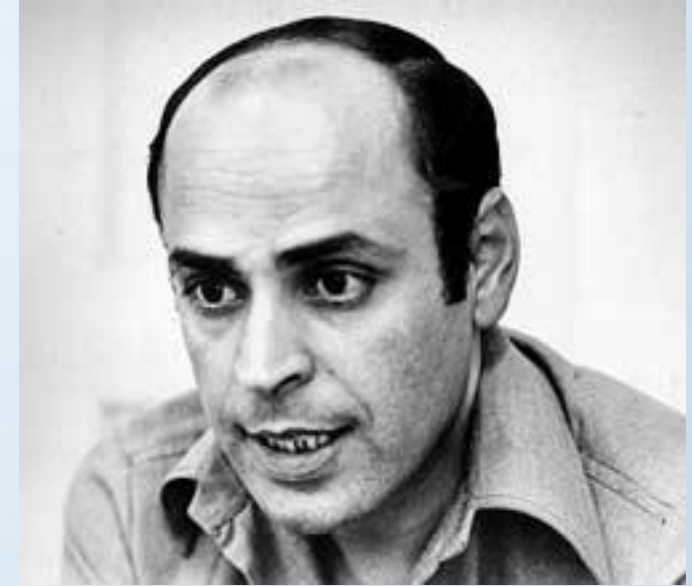
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- 1 History

It was founded a nationalist Palestinian Abu Nidal in 1973 as a result of disagreements with Yasser Arafat. Abu Nidal considered Arafat a traitor, "the Palestinian national idea", as he was ready to operate not only terrorist, and diplomatic methods. In 1973, Abu Nidal was sentenced to death by a court Fatah, escaped with the help of the Iraqi people, and founded his own terrorist organization - "Revolutionary Council" Fatah "" [1]. In 1980, the organization relocated to Syria, where the Abu Nidal organization engaged in terrorist attacks against the PLO and Jordan on the instructions of the Syrians Real name of the legendary Abu Nidal - Sabri Khalil al-Banna. He was born in Jaffa in May 1937, to a wealthy family, which still lives in Jordan.



His father, Khalil Banna, was one of the richest men in Mandate Palestine and owned 3 thousand hectares of land from Jaffa to Ashkelon and the Gaza Strip, grown rich on trade in fruits and vegetables. It controlled 10% of the production, which was exported to Europe from Palestine. I had a home in France, Syria and Turkey. Sabri's father had 13 wives, 16 sons and eight daughters. Abu Nidal - the 14th child of 8 th wife, Syrian origin.

The family mainly lived in Haifa. My father wanted to give the children a European education and sent a senior in English private schools. But Sabri went to a Catholic French school in Jaffa, which is still kept recording, "Sabri al-Banna graduated from the basic course of this school." In 1945, Khalil Banna died. Older brothers Nidal insisted that Sabri moved from a prestigious Catholic school in a Muslim school of Al-Umar Jerusalem. He studied in the 4th grade, when the UN General Assembly adopted a resolution on the partition of Palestine into two states. Clashes broke out between Arabs and Jews, who sunk to Jaffa. And in 1948, numerous land confiscated by the new government of the family. Start wandering around the refugee camps: Strip, Nablus ... Accustomed to luxury 20-room home, the family lived in a normal tent, among the tens of thousands of refugees. At this time, it seems, the hatred born Abu Nidal to Israel, which stripped him of his homeland. In Nablus everything slowly began to enter normal. Nidal resumed his studies. True, in a public school. In 1955 Sabri goes to the Faculty of Engineering at Cairo University. But after two years of his rule, and he returned home to teach in a school in Jerusalem. (Later he said that he is a chartered engineer.)

Comrade Nidal

By this time, Sabri become a permanent member of political debate within the Palestinian community, and then enters the Arab Baath Socialist Party (Baath). Then he joined the Palestinian organization "Harakat al-Tahrir al-Filastyniyya" or abbreviated Fatah ("Victory"), created by Yasser Arafat. Send arrests, interrogations, torture, imprisonment and finally deportation of the whole family. In Nablus, his family returned a few months before the "Six Day War" in June 1967. Perhaps, this event became the final argument to start the underground struggle of the future of the famous terrorist. He escapes to Amman to his older brother, where he receives today known all over the world the name of Abu Nidal ("father fight" or "comrade Nidal"). Leaders of Fatah quickly notice the ambitious and cruel fighter. Especially his deputy privechali Arafat - Salah Khalaf (Abu Iyad). Thanks to him, Nidal sent to North Korea and China, where four months studying diversionary tactics - the first of Fatah. And in 1969 he was appointed head of the Fatah in the Sudan - the highest position, which he has made in Fatah. Ambition pushes him to separate action - follow the review and translation of Iraq. Perhaps it was the biggest mistake of Arafat, because it was then that began a long friendship Nidal and Saddam Hussein, backed up by cooperation with the Iraqi security forces. Soon, Abu Nidal began to refuse to comply with the instructions and Arafat became the "Palestinian №1 in Iraq."

- 2 Terrorist Activities

Group Black Abu

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Then it numbered 150-200. It was one of the first Palestinian terrorist organizations based on state - Iraq, Syria and Libya. People Black Abu operated in 20 countries in Africa, Europe and Asia, carrying about 200 terrorist operations in airports, public places, strikes, sabotage, murder, kidnapping. Always suddenly and with numerous victims who are Israelis, Americans, Europeans, Arabs ... only 900 corpses. Nidal is very distressed that he could not kill Egyptian President Anwar Sadat

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Messages are sent by courier and encrypted. They usually begin with the words: "Welcome on behalf of the fight!" - And ends: "Revolution until victory!". The first independent Nidal terrorist attack carries 5 September 1973 It was the seizure of the French Embassy in Saudi Arabia. The terrorist demanded the release of one of their colleagues - Abu Daoud, who was arrested in Jordan three years earlier, during the fighting between the Jordanian army and Palestinian police. For this he was expelled from Fatah. Soon the PLO Tribunal sentenced in absentia to death schismatic. After three months, and Nidal Ahmed Ghafoor made at the airport of Rome killing 32 people. A year Nidal openly opposed Arafat declared recognition of the right of Jews to live in Palestine. During that Nidal was dismissed from all posts held by the Palestinian resistance. It was then that Abu Nidal said: "Anyone who intends to betray the Palestinian cause, will be destroyed. I kill - so I exist. "

Furious, he sent militants to kill Arafat, but they managed to intercept. Furious Black Abu arranges the assassination attempt against the leader of the PLO assistants. Killed Said Hammami, Issam Sartawi ... Total 16 people. The hostile attitude of Arafat and Abu Nidal lead for combat operations - the organization headed by them fight each other. At most Abu Nidal attempted too many times. Last time it was supposed to eliminate the militant organization of his own ... In 1980, the Iraqi authorities have appointed Sabri al-Banna leader "of the Political Committee of the Palestinian Revolution in Iraq." His position among the Palestinian community in Iraq became even stronger. A year later, they were supported by \$ 50 million. Some of the money went into the creation of the radio station "Voice of Palestine", the news agency "Wafa" and the newspaper "Palestinian revolution". But in November 1983 Nidal deported to Syria, where he was welcomed with open arms. And helps in the fight against Jordan. But improving relations with the West, forcing the Syrian authorities to abandon support for international terrorism. Nidal goes to another ally - Libyan leader Muammar Gaddafi. Suddenly began divisions within the organization. But Saddam Hussein thought of an old friend and helped him. Abu Nidal returned to Iraq.

Bomb for the Queen

Surprisingly, at first glance, the case if re-read the list of "feats" of the organization of Abu Nidal, one can see that his targets were not primarily Israelis or the Americans, but also their fellow Arabs, Muslims. After the raid on the Saudi embassy in Paris in 1976. Abu Nidal group has carried out several terrorist attacks against Syria. In September, he was captured by the hotel "Semiramis" in Damascus. Two are the participants of the rally raid cost the life of their publicly hanged. October 11, he organized two attacks on the Syrian Embassy - in the Pakistani capital of Islamabad and in Rome. A little later, the terrorists made an unsuccessful attempt to assassinate the Syrian Minister of Foreign Affairs and Hadama raid on the Syrian Embassy in Turkey. October 25, 1977, they again staged attack on Hadama - this time in the United Arab Emirates. Hadam again survived, but was killed by Emirati minister. The following year, in 1978 Abu Nidal militants were killed several members of Yasser Arafat's Palestine Liberation Organization: London - Said Hammami, Kuwait - Ali Yasin, Paris - Izzaldin al-Kalak and his assistants. Only since 1980 Abu Nidal starts

large-scale actions against Israel - and in Western Europe. July 27, 1980 terrorists staged an attack on the children of students of a Jewish school in Antwerp, Belgium; At the same time the organization of the Black Abu claimed responsibility for the murder of Israeli commercial attache in Brussels. In August, the 81 th was attacked a synagogue in the Austrian capital - where two people were killed, 17 were injured. The list of victims of Palestinian terrorists grew: president of the Society of Austrian-Israeli friendship Heinz Nittel in Vienna, the PLO representative in Brussels Naim Khader ...

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. Terrorists provoked this war. The eighties began to Abu Nidal time "Benefit" - hijacking dozens of victims, the killing of Kuwaiti diplomat in Madrid, the British ambassador in Athens, attacks against synagogues in Brussels, Rome; killing a Palestinian representative to the Socialist International conference in Lisbon, the failed attempt on the diplomats from the United Arab Emirates, Jordan, Kuwait ... Their plan was given to the place and the British Queen Elizabeth II. Its going to kill during her visit to Jordan in March 1984. Around the hotel "Intercontinental", which is going to stop, Elizabeth, was blown up by a bomb. British diplomats raised a fuss, demanding that the Jordanian secret service to deal with terrorists. Jordanians found out the authorship of a terrorist attack: as you may guess, it was the work of Abu Nidal. Himself catch him then failed, but were captured by the rank and file fighters. As if in retaliation, in the same 84-year abunidalevtsami he was killed by the British High Commissioner in India, and bombed the office of "British Airways" in Beirut. Since the beginning of the 90s Black Abu quite unexpectedly turns its activities and goes to the bottom.

The organization Abu Nidal Abu Nidal Organization (Fatah Revolutionary Council, Arab Revolutionary Council, Arab Revolutionary Brigade, "Black September", the socialist revolutionary organization of Muslims) - OAH. One of the dangers of the existing terrorist groups. The area of military operations OAH most extensive. The group emerged after Arafat refused in 1973 by carrying out acts of international terrorism and limited combat operations territory of Israel and the occupied lands. He protested against the attempts of a peaceful settlement of the Palestinian question. Nidal undertaking military operations against Israel, Western countries (USA, UK, France and so on. D.) Supporting policies Arafat Palestinians, moderate Arab regimes against the PLO. The object of the attempt OAH considers all Jews, regardless of nationality. OAH considers terrorism against the "Zionists" as the main method of struggle of the Palestinian resistance movement. The main purpose of terrorism is to undermine efforts to conclude the Israeli-Palestinian peace. As a result, the Palestinians waged an uncompromising struggle must be realized the destruction of Israel. The second purpose of terrorism - carrying out acts of violence, to force the release of imprisoned comrades Nidal. OAH opposes any plans for a peaceful settlement of the Arab-Israeli conflict. The group argues that the use of terrorism against the Palestinians and Arab moderates is necessary to bring the general Arab revolution, which only leads to the liberation of occupied Palestine.

Abu Nidal Organization in September. Nidal in 1973, despite the ban, holds the first independent international nature of terrorist operations: capturing the Saudi embassy in Paris, demanding the release of Abu Daoud, who was arrested in the Jordanian terrorist Fatah. After this operation, Nidal was expelled from the PLO and soon formed his own militant organization. In October. 1974 Nidal attempted murder of a senior Fatah figure Abu Mazima and attempted murder of Arafat, for which he was sentenced to death decision of the PLO. Hostile attitudes and Nidal Arafat led to fighting between Fatah and OAH. The Organization sought to destroy one another. In 1970-80-ies. OAH killing several leaders of the PLO - Arafat allies. In 1978 there was a short-term improvement in relations PLO and the OAH.

Initially, the administration OAH was in Iraq (1974-83). At the service of Saddam Hussein, one of the main activities of Nidal - the attack on the Syrians. In 1983, Nidal was deported to Syria, where he was in 1983-87. Despite numerous attacks on before the Syrians, Assad took Nidal to the service, the latter directed terror against Jordan. At the end of the 1980s. Syria seeks to improve relations with the West, which is trying to demonstrate the rejection of support for international terrorism. In 1987, Nidal was forced to pressure the Syrians to go to Libya. There OAH steel increase the odds that put her on the brink of elimination, but thanks to the help of Saddam Hussein Nidal managed to restore discipline and fighting capacity. In 1990 Nidal relations with Saddam Hussein were restored and part of the organization was again in Baghdad. Currently OAH cells scattered throughout the Middle East: Lebanon (in the Bekaa Valley and the Palestinian refugee camps in coastal areas of Lebanon), Algeria, Sudan and other countries in Asia and Africa.

The organization reaches a population of 400 people, is based on the clan principle and consists of various functional committees: political, military, financial. Shares are made by individual cells. Organization OAH acts in deep secrecy: members of one cell will never know anything about the activities and composition of the others. Armed with Kalashnikov assault rifles, grenade launchers, submachine guns Polish and other weapons. OAH making armed attacks on airports, public places public, strikes, sabotage, murder, kidnapping, seizure of aircraft and ships. Operations marked by a special group of daring and numerous victims. Since 1974, it committed more than 90 terrorist attacks in 20 countries, killing or injuring almost 900 people.

At various times, OAH has received wide-ranging support from Iraq, Syria, Libya, Jordan, in the form of shelter, training, logistical support and financial assistance. Despite the large-scale sponsorship from the Middle Eastern regimes, OAH conducts an independent policy and carries out terrorist operations on the basis of their own ideas about the political situation in the region and the world. Help OAH from sponsors it is not more than a third of the necessary funds OAH is one of the richest of terrorist organizations and the remaining two-thirds (millions of dollars) of funds received from the property business organizations and racketeering

3 CHRONOLOGY OF TERROR OF SHARES:

1975 OAH militants captured British planes, and set in Tunisia, demanding the release of 15 Egyptian prison companions and return to Arafat's delegation in New York; The same year Nidal sends his fighters to kill Arafat, but the killers were intercepted by the security forces of Fatah;

1976 - Damascus, at the "Semiramiks" comes the taking of hostages to demand the release of a number of detainees from Syrian prisons terrorists

October 1976 - the attack on the Syrian Embassy in Pakistan and Italy; twice (unsuccessfully) undertaken an attack on Syrian Foreign Minister Khaddam (in December. 1976 (Damascus) and October. 1977 (Abu Dhabi), the latter was killed by UAE Minister of Foreign Affairs);

November 1976 - Four gunmen seizes hostages in Amman, the hotel "Intercontinental"; during the liberation operation killed two soldiers, three hostages; Jordanians killed 3 terrorists, the fourth penalty;

1978 - London, assassinated PLO representative Said Hammami

July 1980 - Vienna, an attack on a Jewish school children in Antwerp

1981 - killed by a member of the Board of Vienna; threats against the Austrian Chancellor Kreiskogo

1981 - Vienna, OAH conducts an attempt on Arafat; Brussels, assassinated PLO representative Naim Khader;

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03/06/1982 - London, the attack on the Israeli ambassador to London, Shlomo Agrovit

june 1982 - killed by a car bomb the PLO representative in Rome;

August 1982 - an attempt to kill the consul of the United Arab Emirates in Bombay;

08/09/1982 - Paris, in a Jewish restaurant "Jo Goldberg" Four terrorists opened fire with automatic weapons, killing 6 and wounding 22 people

08/10/1982 - Paris, an explosion at the Rue de la Baume;

08/11/1982 - Paris, car explosion caused a fire in the Iraqi embassy, while 4 persons suffered;

September 1982 - killed a Kuwaiti diplomat in Madrid

October 1982 - killed a child and injured ten people in an attack on a synagogue in Rome; in the Socialist International Conference in Lisbon, assassinated PLO representative Issam Sartawi;

April 1983 - at the International Socialist Conference in Lisbon, assassinated PLO representative Issam Sartawi

October 1983 - an attempt to kill the Jordanian ambassadors in Rome and in India (injured);

November 1983 - the attack on the Jordanian Embassy in Athens

December 1983 - sabotage against the French Cultural Center in Izmir, Turkey;

1983 - Portugal, assassinated PLO representative Issam Sartawi;

February 1984 - Paris, killing UAE ambassador

March 1984 - Athens, killed a British diplomat;

November 1984 - India, killed by British High Commissioner in Bombay;

December 1984 - Rome, killed a supporter of the policy of Arafat Ismail Darwish

March 1985 - the kidnapping of British journalist Alec Collett in Beirut, was killed a year later

1985 - Roman attack on the offices of the Jordanian airline Alia; responsibility for simultaneous attacks on the offices of Alia in Athens and Nicosia;

April 1985 - missile attack on the plane Alia (the rocket did not explode);

July 1985 - Madrid attacks: the offices of the British and Jordanian airlines;

September 1985 - Rome, burst cafe (injured 38 people);

november 1985 - Athens, capturing the Egyptian aircraft Athens - Cairo (the plane was planted in Malta, 60 hostages were killed during the storming of the aircraft commando squad of Egypt)

- 4 Biography

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