### MARKETS. COMPETITION.



«I think its wrong that only one company makes the game monopoly»

- Steven

Wright

## WHAT DEPENDS ON THE

SUPPLY, THE QUANTITY OF A SELLER PRODUCT THAT SUPPLIERS WILL PROVIDE, IS THE SELLER'S SIDE WHAT DEPENDS ON THE CONSUMER QUANTITY OF A

PRODUCT THE

CONSUMER

WANTS IS THE



# IN A PERFECT MARKET THERE CAN BE ONLY ONE PRICE FOR A GIVEN COMMODITY: THE LOWEST PRICE WHICH SELLERS WILL ACCEPT AND THE HIGHEST WHICH CONSUMERS WILL PAY.



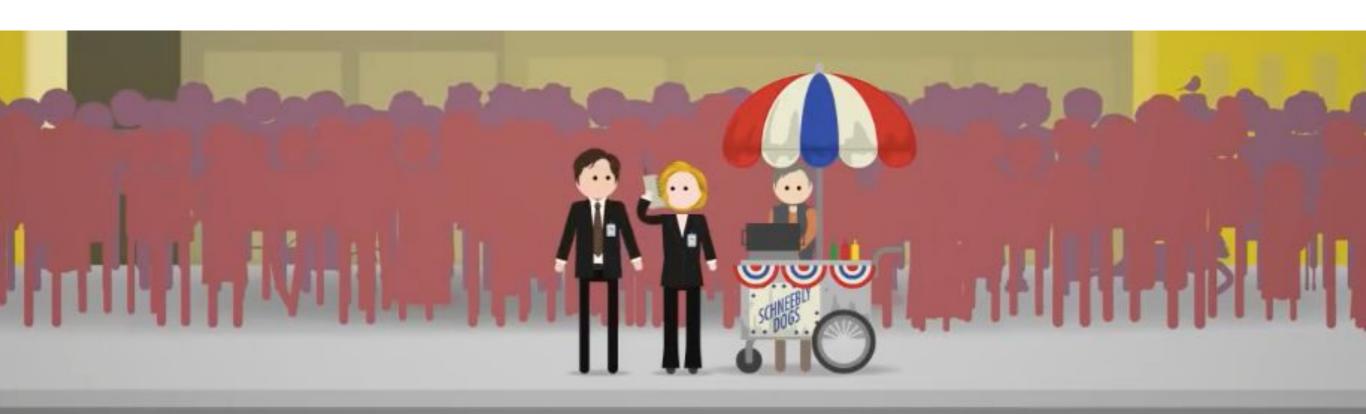
### MONOPOLY

A PURE MONOPOLY IS A SINGLE SUPPLIER IN A MARKET. FOR THE PURPOSES OF REGULATION, MONOPOLY POWER EXISTS WHEN A SINGLE FIRM CONTROLS 25% OR



### MONOPOLY BARRIERS

MONOPOLIES EXIST BECAUSE OF BARRIERS TO ENTRY INTO A MARKET THAT PREVENT COMPETITION. BARRIERS TO ENTRY INCLUDE LEGAL BARRIERS, SOCIOLOGICAL BARRIERS, AND NATURAL BARRIERS.



A LEGAL BARRIERS, SUCH AS PATENTS, PREVENT OTHERS FROM ENTERING THE MARKET UNTIL THE PATENT EXPIRES.



SOCIOLOGICAL BARRIERS – NOT EVERYONE HAS THE BRAINS TO WIN A NOBEL PRIZE NOR THE SKILL TO SLAM-DUNK A BASKETBALL

# NATURAL BARRIERS – WHERE THE I HAS ECONOMIES OF SCALE TO DUCE WHAT OTHERS CANNOT LICATE.



# THE KEY DIFFERENCE BETWEEN A MONOPOLIST AND A PERFECT COMPETITOR

FOR A COMPETITIVE FIRM,

MARGINAL REVENUE EQUALS PRICE:

P = MR

FOR A MONOPOLIST IT DOES NOT.

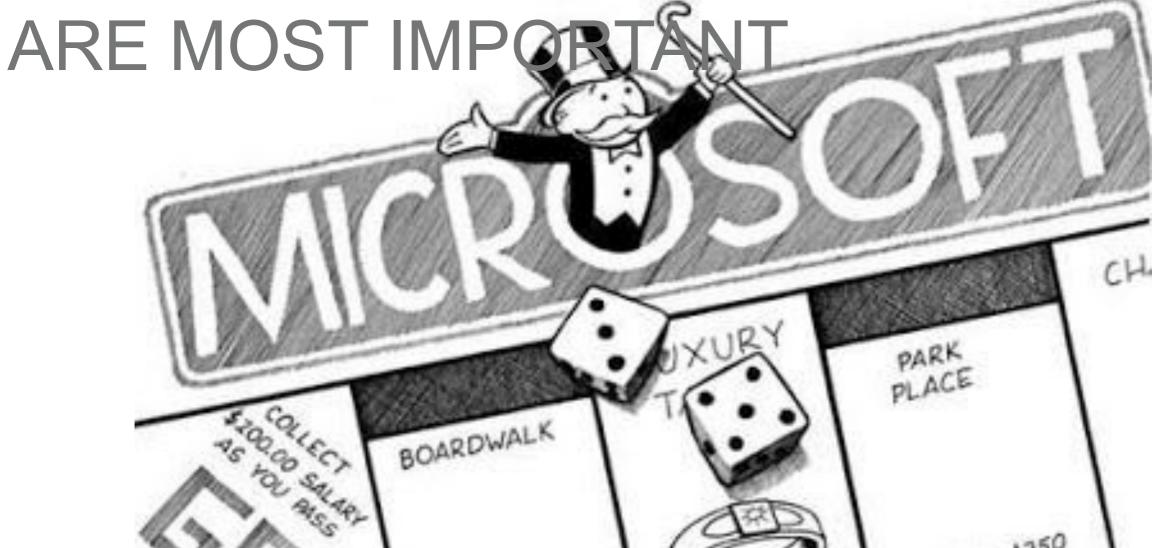
THE MONOPOLIST MUST TAKE INTO ACCOUNT THE FACT THAT ITS PRODUCTION DECISION WILL SIMULTANEOUSLY SET PRICE.

#### NATURAL MONOPOLY:

WHEN A MONOPOLY IS ESTABLISHED DUE TO NATURAL CAUSES THEN IT IS CALLED NATURAL MONOPOLY. TO-DAY INDIA HAS GOT MONOPOLY IN MICA PRODUCTION AND CANADA HAS GOT MONOPOLY IN NICKEL PRODUCTION. THESE MONOPOLY NATURES HAS PROVIDED TO THESE COUNTRIES.



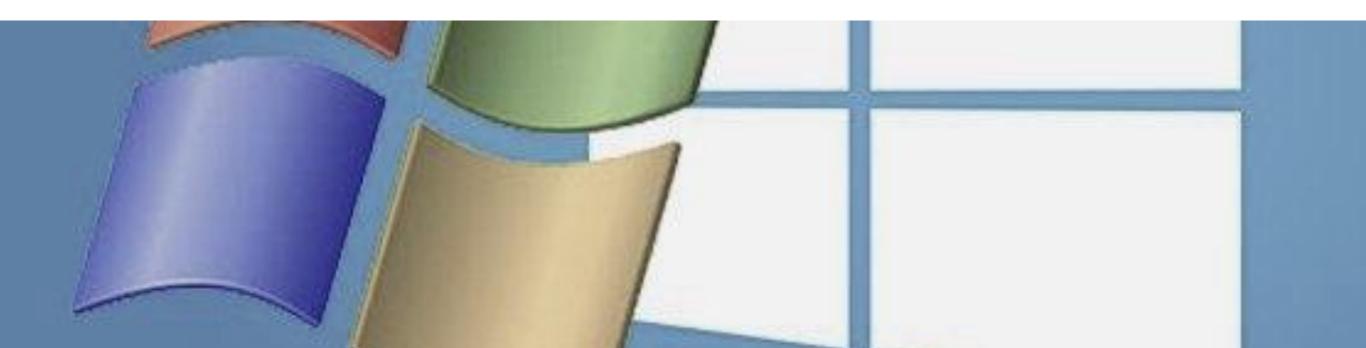
LEGAL MONOPOLY:
WHEN ANYBODY RECEIVES OR
ACQUIRES MONOPOLY DUE TO
LEGAL PROVISIONS IN THE
COUNTRY. IN THIS CASE PATENTS



### TECHNOLOGICAL

WHEN A SMONTHAN EXCLUSIVE RIGHTS OVER THE TECHNOLOGY USED TO MANUFACTURE IT.

AN EXAMPLE IS WINDOWS 7 BECAUSE IT WAS PATENTED SO NO ONE ELSE CAN TAKE THE CREATION.



#### GEOGRAPHIC MONOPOLY

A SOLE PROVIDER FOR A CERTAIN AREA OR REGION, WHICH CAUSES OTHER BUSINESSES NOT TO ENTER DUE TO PROFITS BEING SO SMALL.

