MASS MEDIA AND MEDIA LITERACY

REPORT

Goals:

- Define communication, mass communication, mass media and culture;
- Describe the relationships among communication, mass communication, culture, and those who live in the culture;
- Evaluate the impact of technology and economics on those relationships;
- List the components of media literacy;
- Identify key skills required for developing media literacy;



Communication, mass communication, mass media, and culture



Communication

- It's nearly impossible to go through a day without the use of communication. Communication is sending and receiving information between two or more people.
- Mass communication is the public transfer of messages through media or technology-driven channels to a large number of recipients from an entity, usually involving some type of cost or fee.



Mass media

- Mass media means technology that is intended to reach a mass audience. It is the primary means of communication used to reach the vast majority of the general public.
- The general public typically relies on the mass media to provide information regarding political issues, social issues, entertainment, and news in pop culture.



Relationship among communication, mass communication and culture

- Cultures are created through communication; that is, communication is the means of human interaction through which cultural characteristics— whether customs, roles, rules, rituals, laws, or other patterns—are created and shared.
- Without communication and communication media, it would be impossible to preserve and pass along cultural characteristics from one place and time to another.
- To understand the implications of the communication-culture relationship, it is necessary to think in terms of ongoing communication processes rather than a single communication event.

Impact of technology and economics on the relationship among culture and

commented word offers countless possibilities for communication, and economical relations are more important than ever.

Mass media is in the best state it has ever been, with the information available in almost any form imaginable.

Pursuit of economical growth, made the communication between cultures common, and technology made the process

easier.

Main components of media literacy

- Media messages are constructed
- Media messages share a point of view
- Different media use special techniques
- Different people interpret media differently
- Many people today can create media



Key skills required for developing media literacy

We can identify 4 essential skills for media literacy:

- Slowing down in a fast-paced world
- Finding the source(s)
- Exploring media as a creator
- Understanding bias



Thank you!

