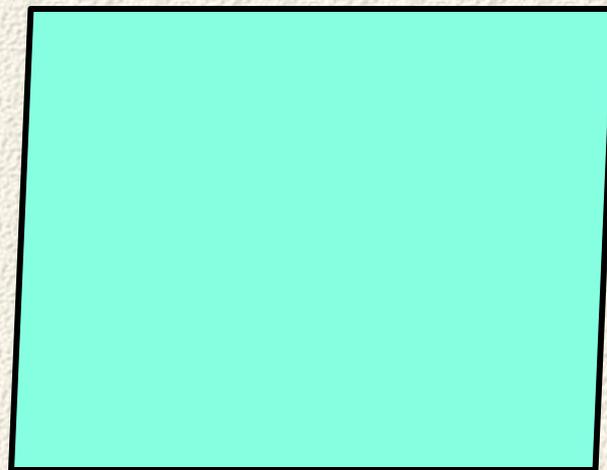
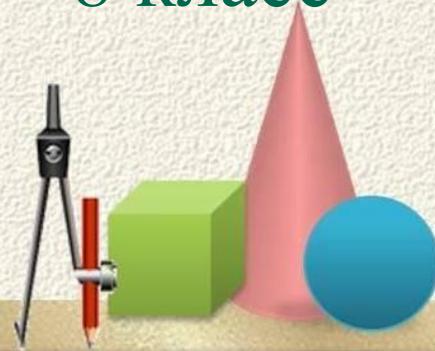
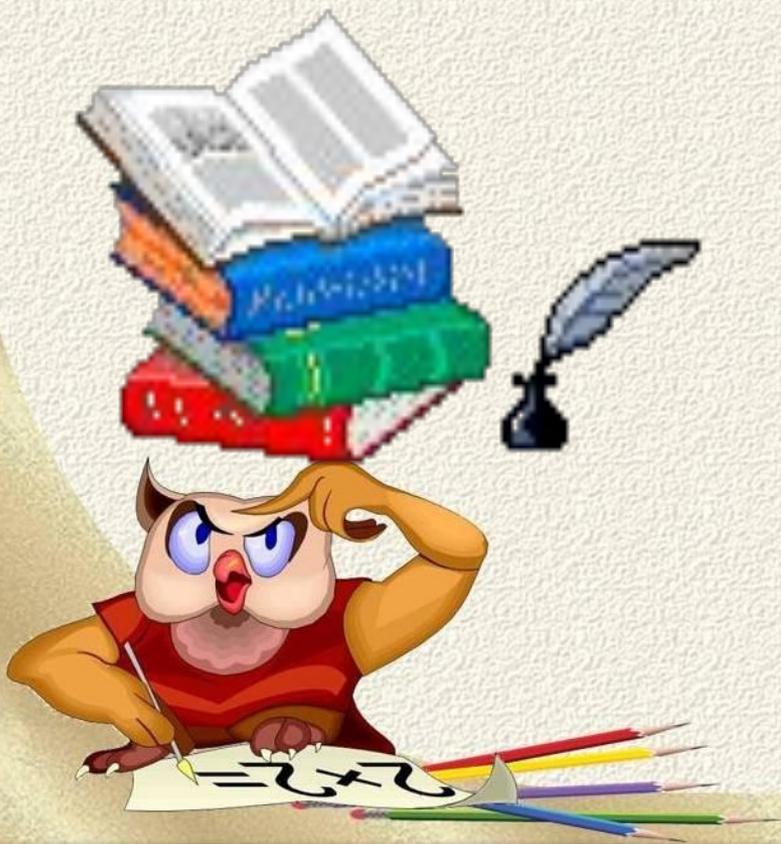


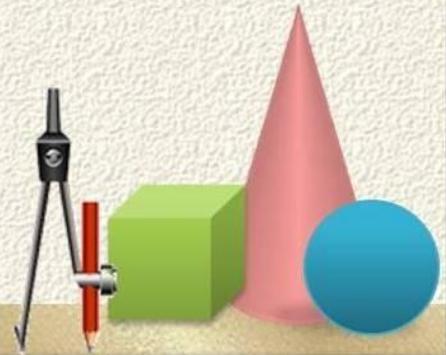
Площадь параллелограмма.



8 класс

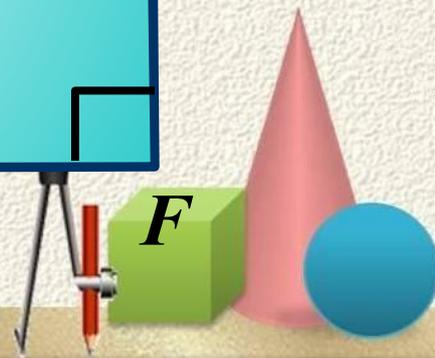
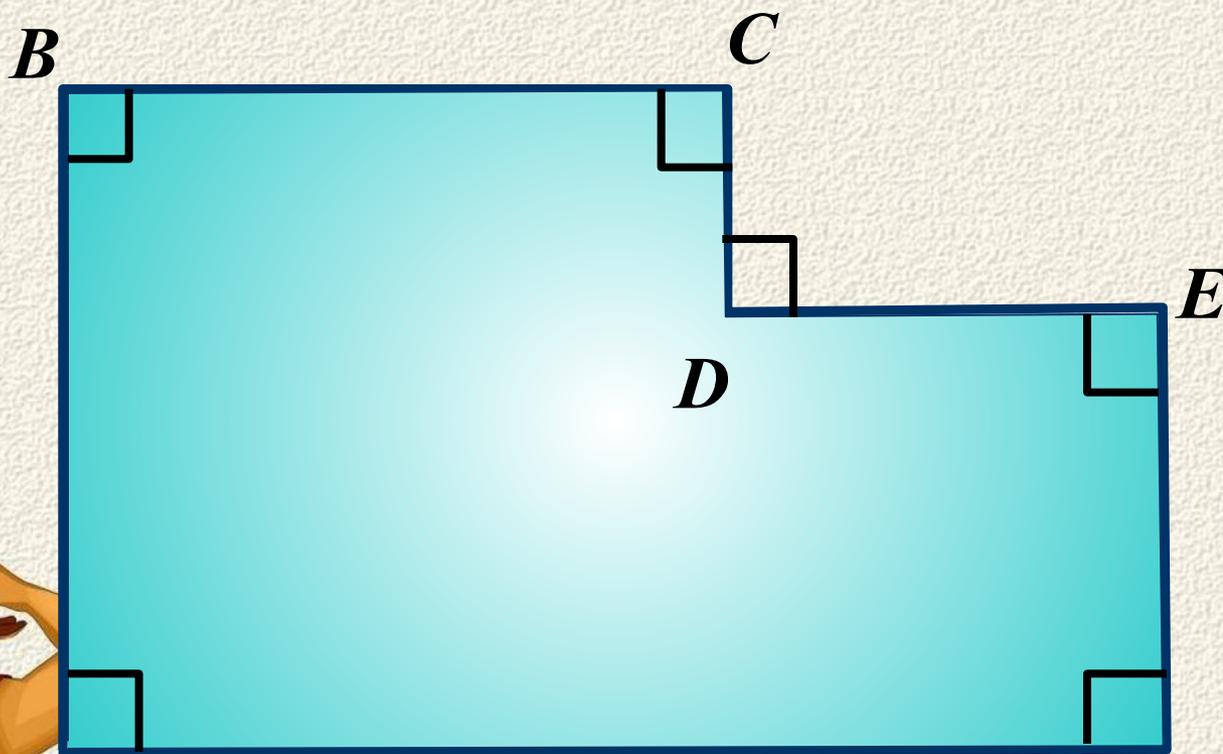


• Решите устно:



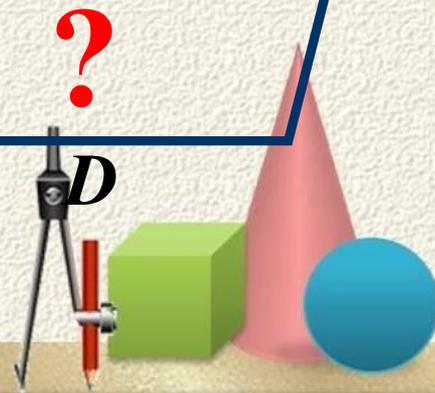
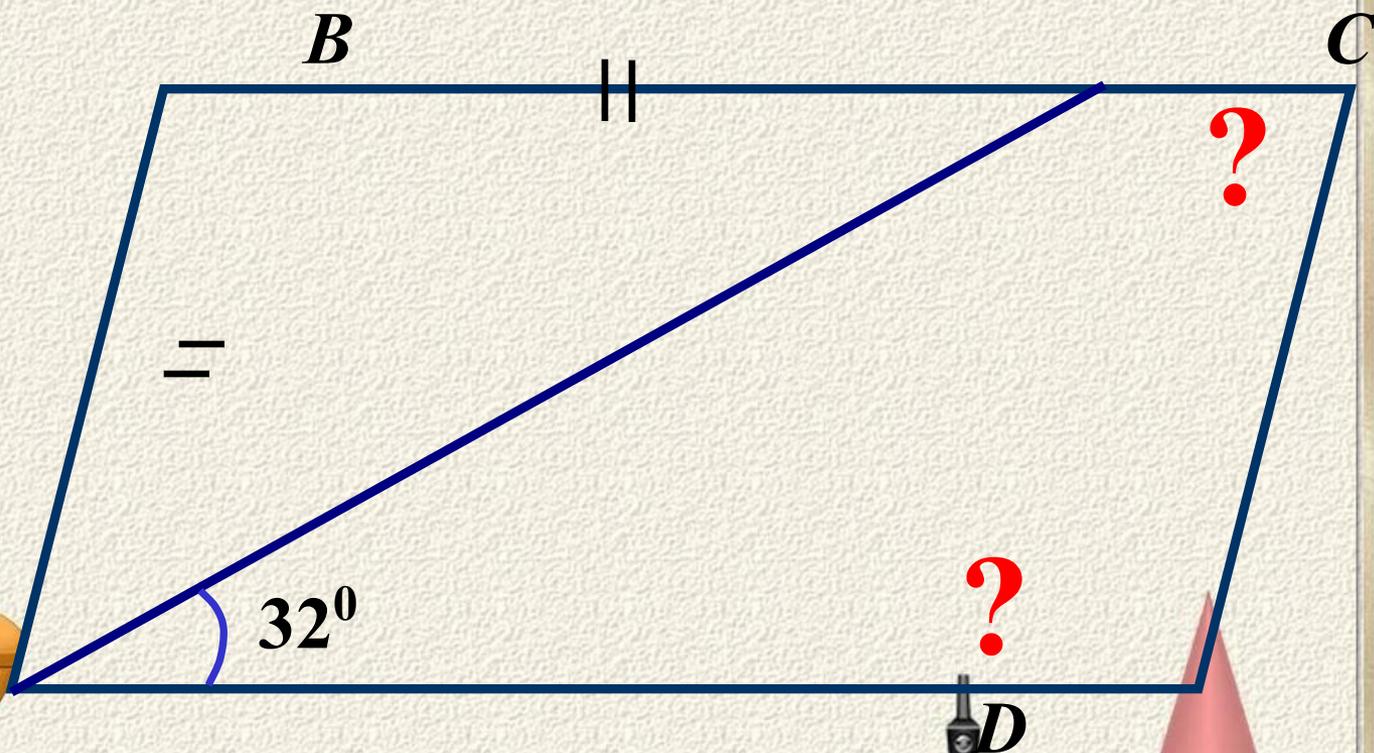
1. Дано: $AB = BC = 3$; $AF = 5$; $EF = 2$

Найти: S_{ABCDEF}



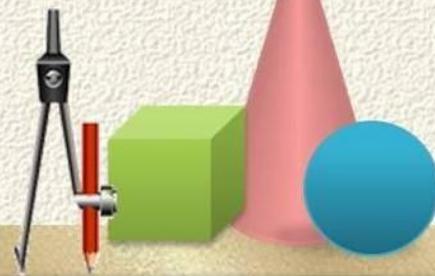
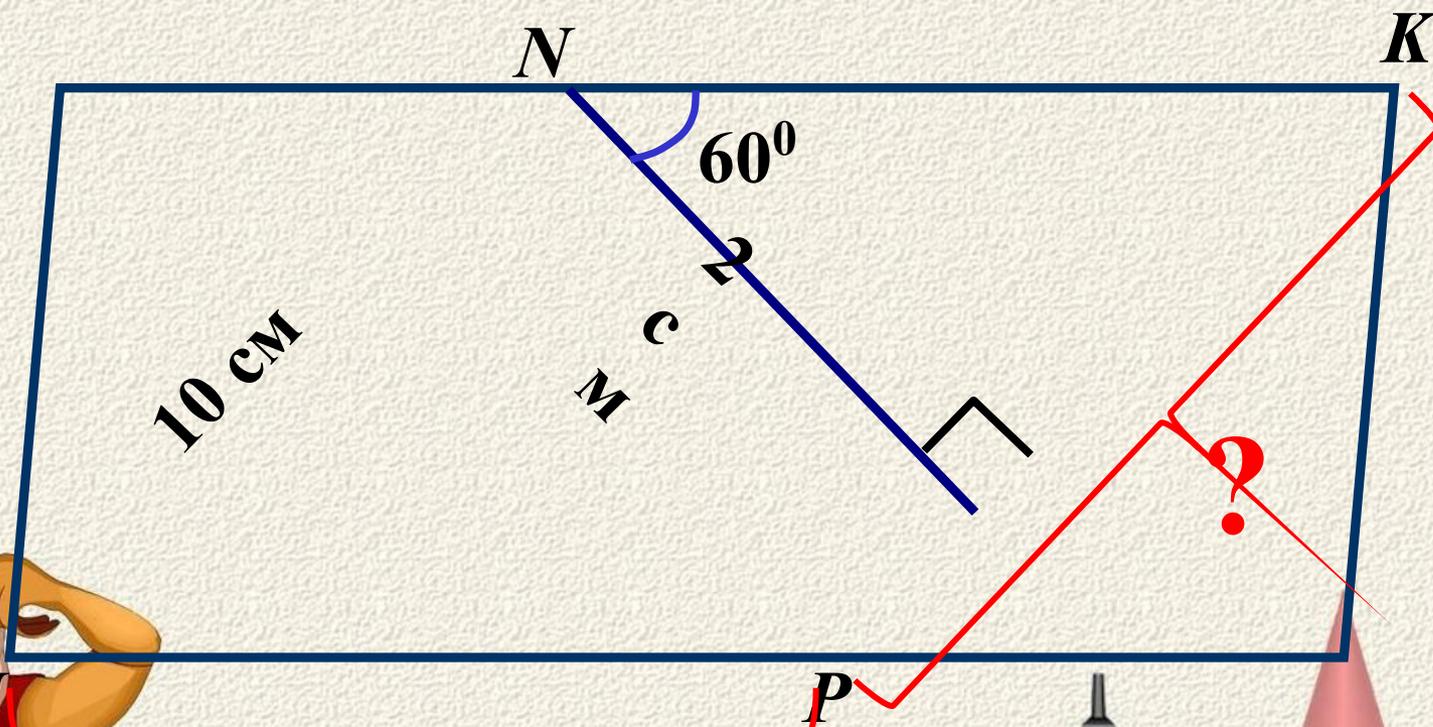
2. Дано: $ABCD$ – параллелограмм

Найти: $\angle C, \angle D$



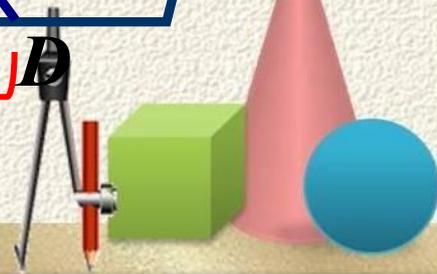
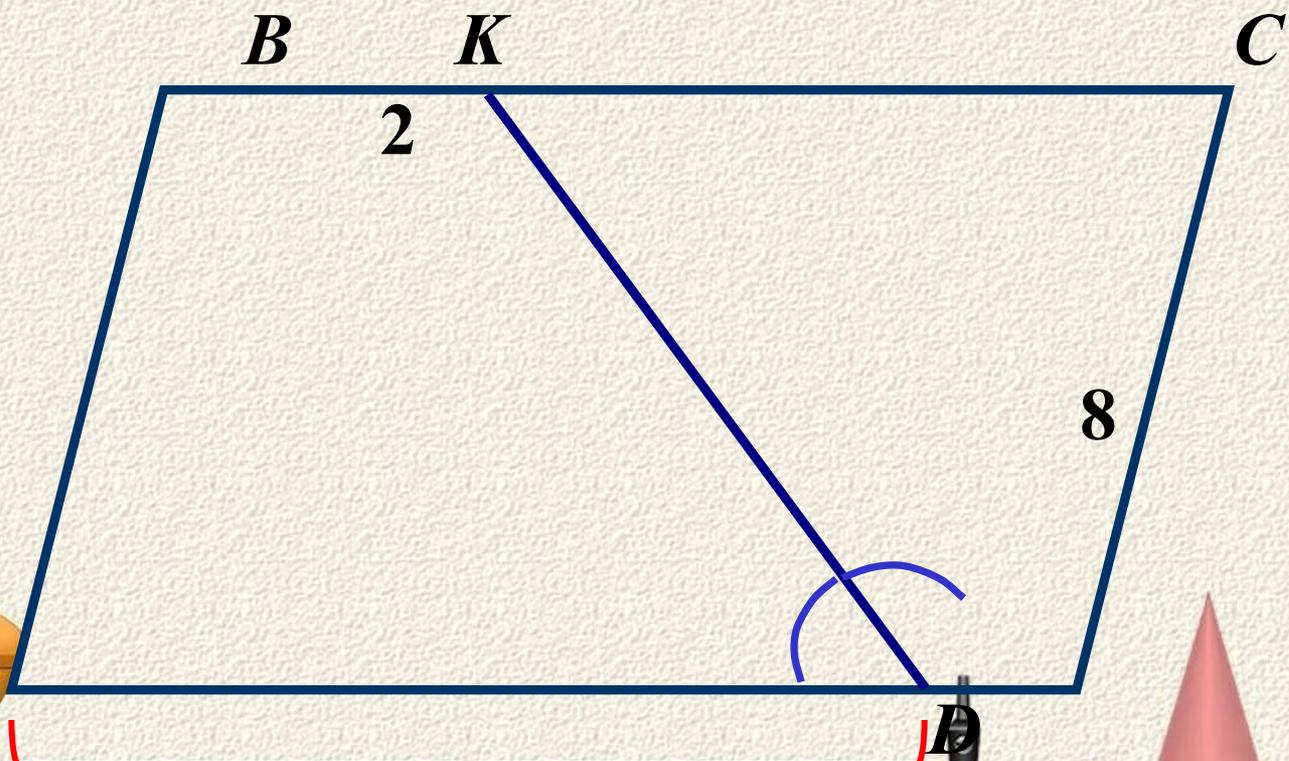
3. Дано: $MNKP$ – параллелограмм

Найти: MP ; PK



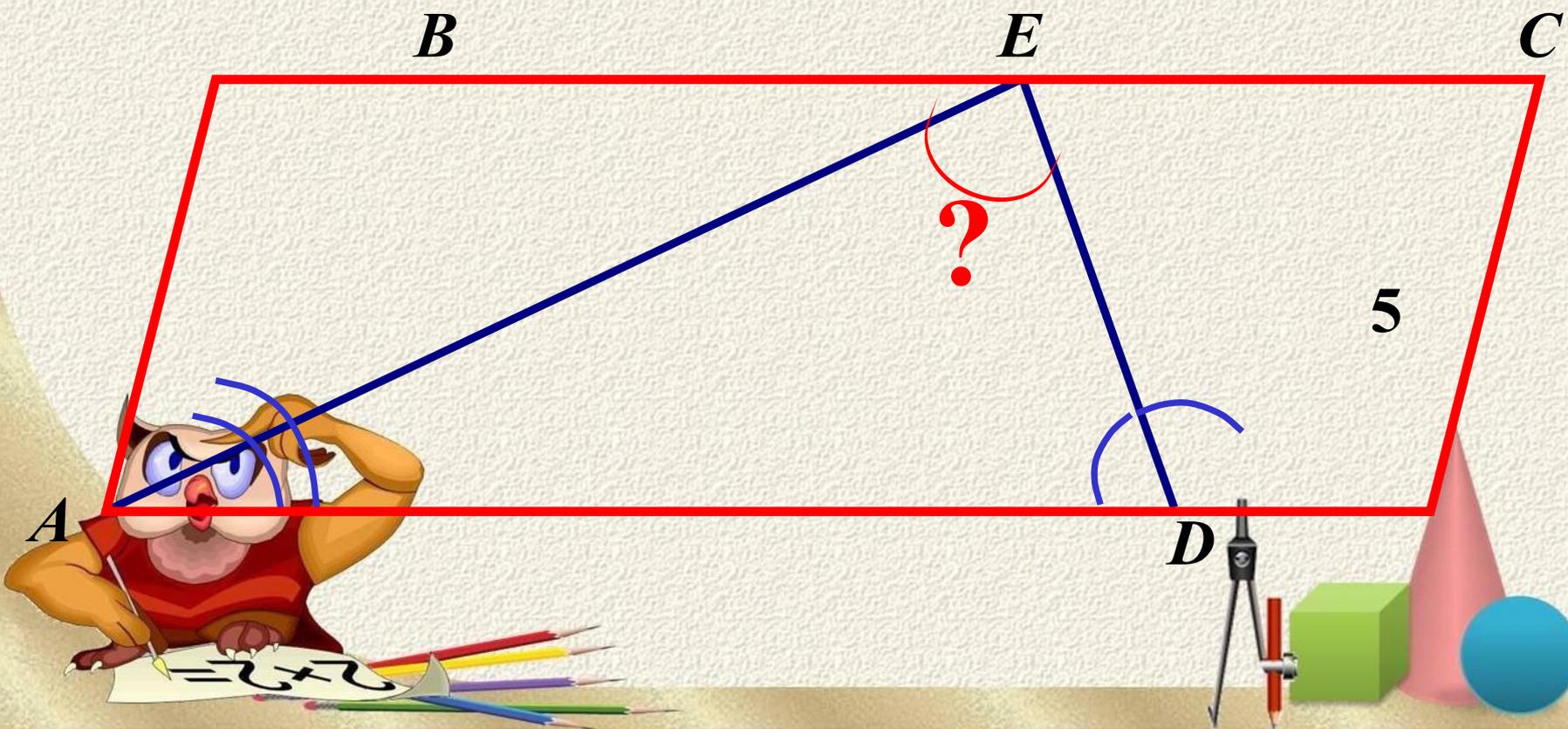
4. Дано: $ABCD$ – параллелограмм

Найти: AD



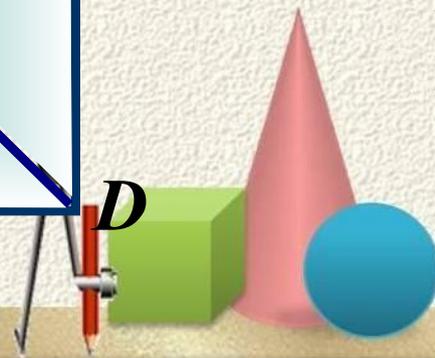
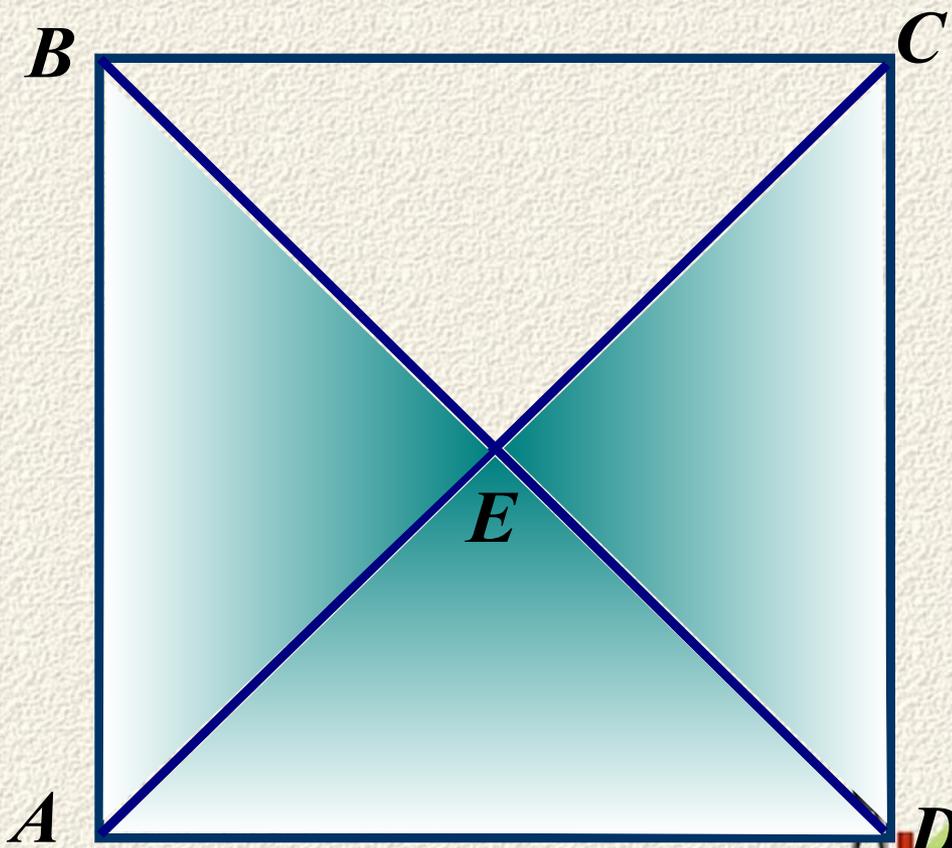
5. Дано: $ABCD$ – параллелограмм

Найти: P_{ABCD} , $\angle AED$



6. Дано: $P_{ABCD} = 48\text{см}$

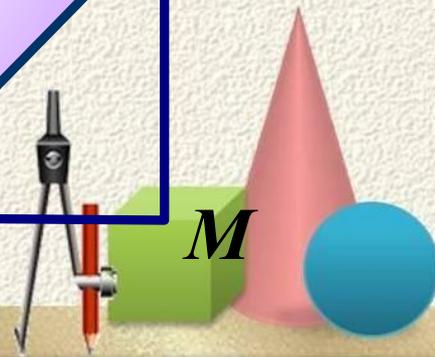
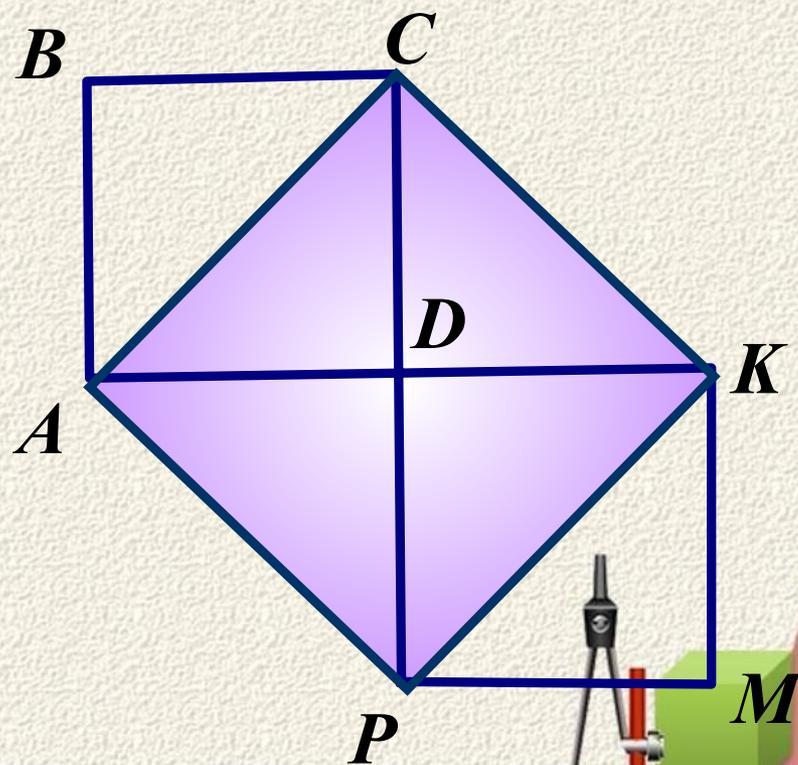
Найти: S_{ABECD}



7.

Дано: $AB = 8\text{ см}$
 $ABCD$ и $DKMP$ – равные квадраты

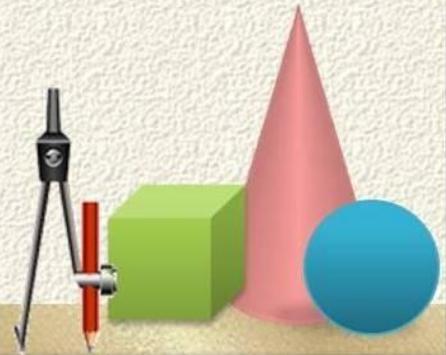
Найти: S_{ACKP} , P_{ACKP}



Площадь параллелограмма.

Теорема:

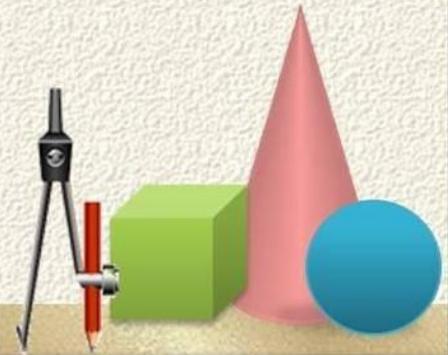
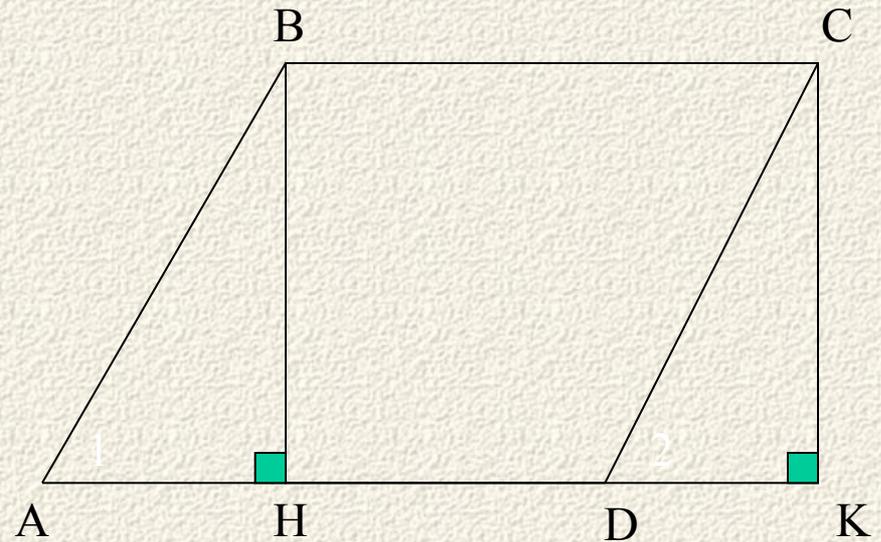
Площадь параллелограмма равна
произведению его основания на
высоту.



Доказательство:

Рассмотрим параллелограмм $ABCD$ с площадью S . Примем сторону AD за основание и проведем высоты BH и CK . Требуется доказать, что

$$S = AD \cdot BH$$

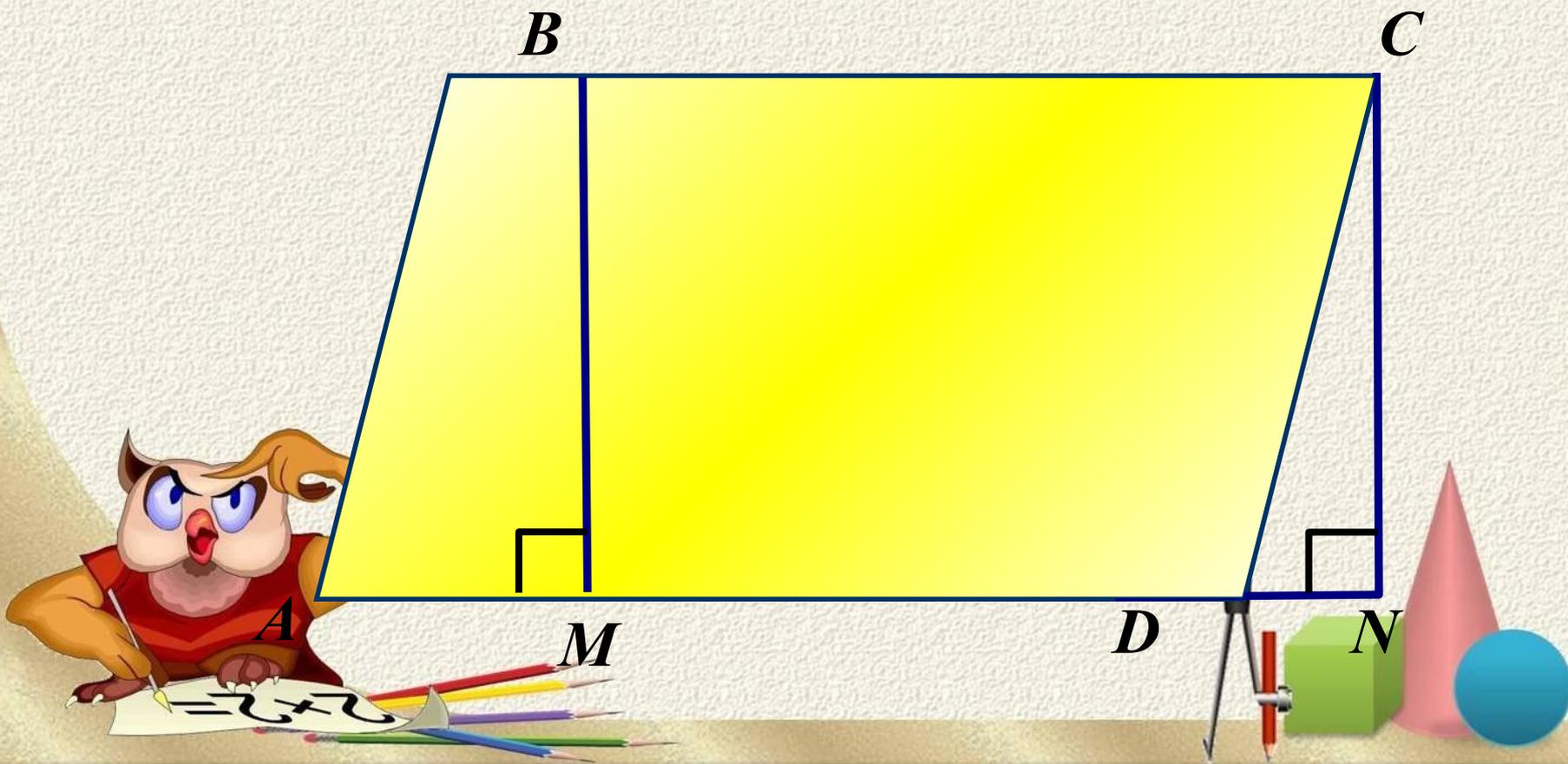


1.

Дано:

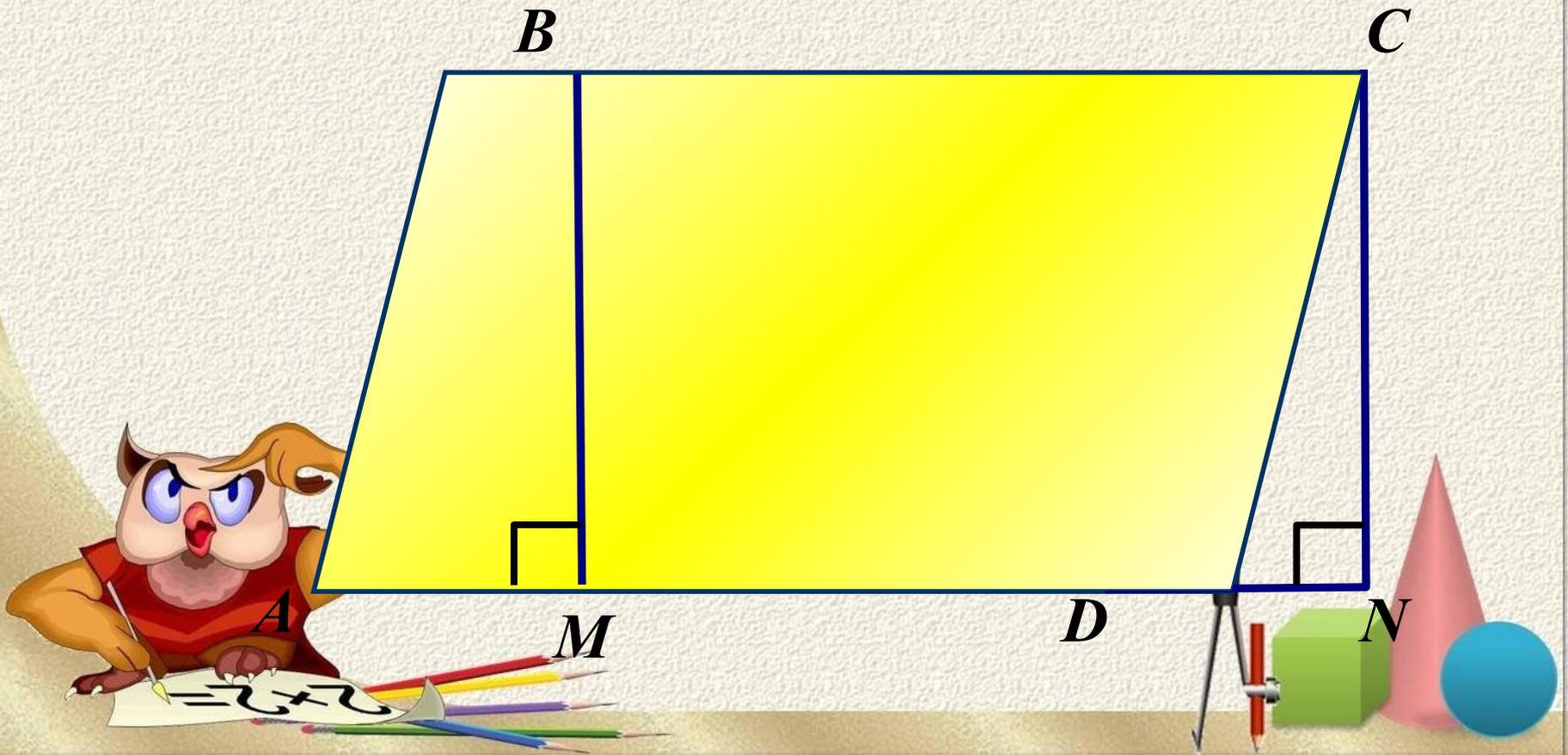
ABCD-параллелограмм, $AD=6$, $CN=4$

Найти: S_{ABCD}



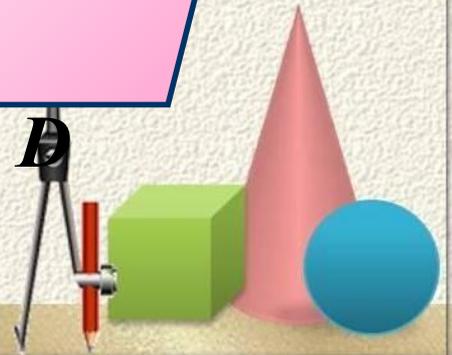
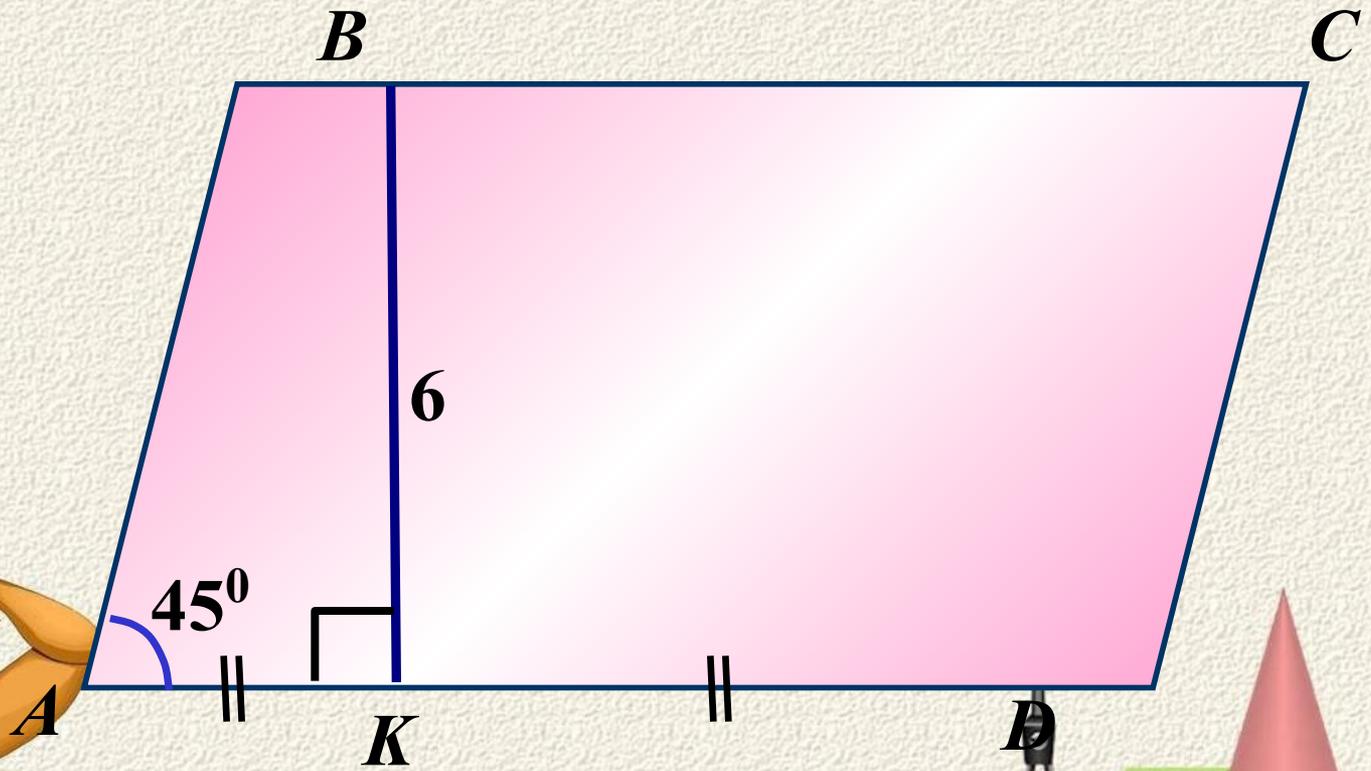
2. Дано: $ABCD$ – параллелограмм
 $BM = 4$, $MN = 6$

Найти: S_{ABCD}



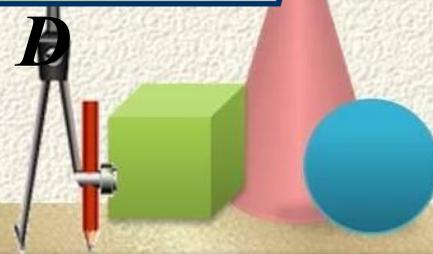
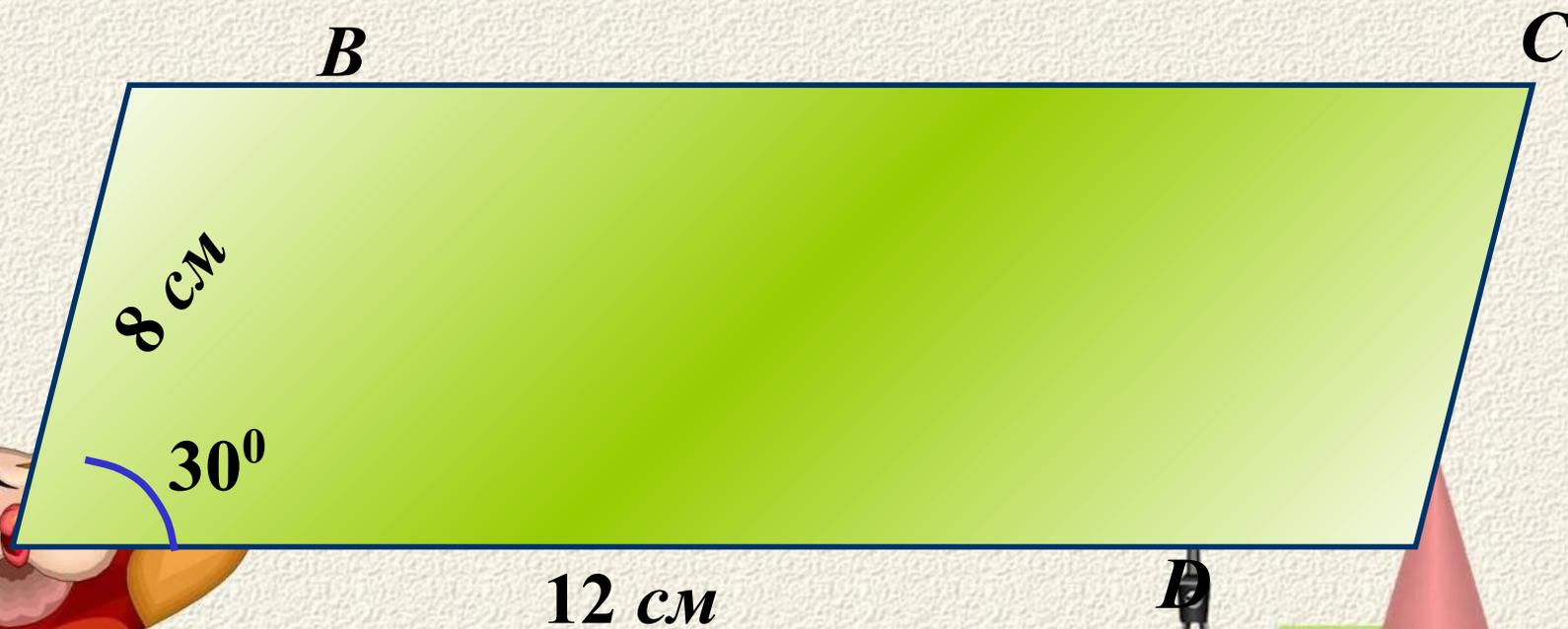
3. Дано: $ABCD$ - параллелограмм

Найти: S_{ABCD}



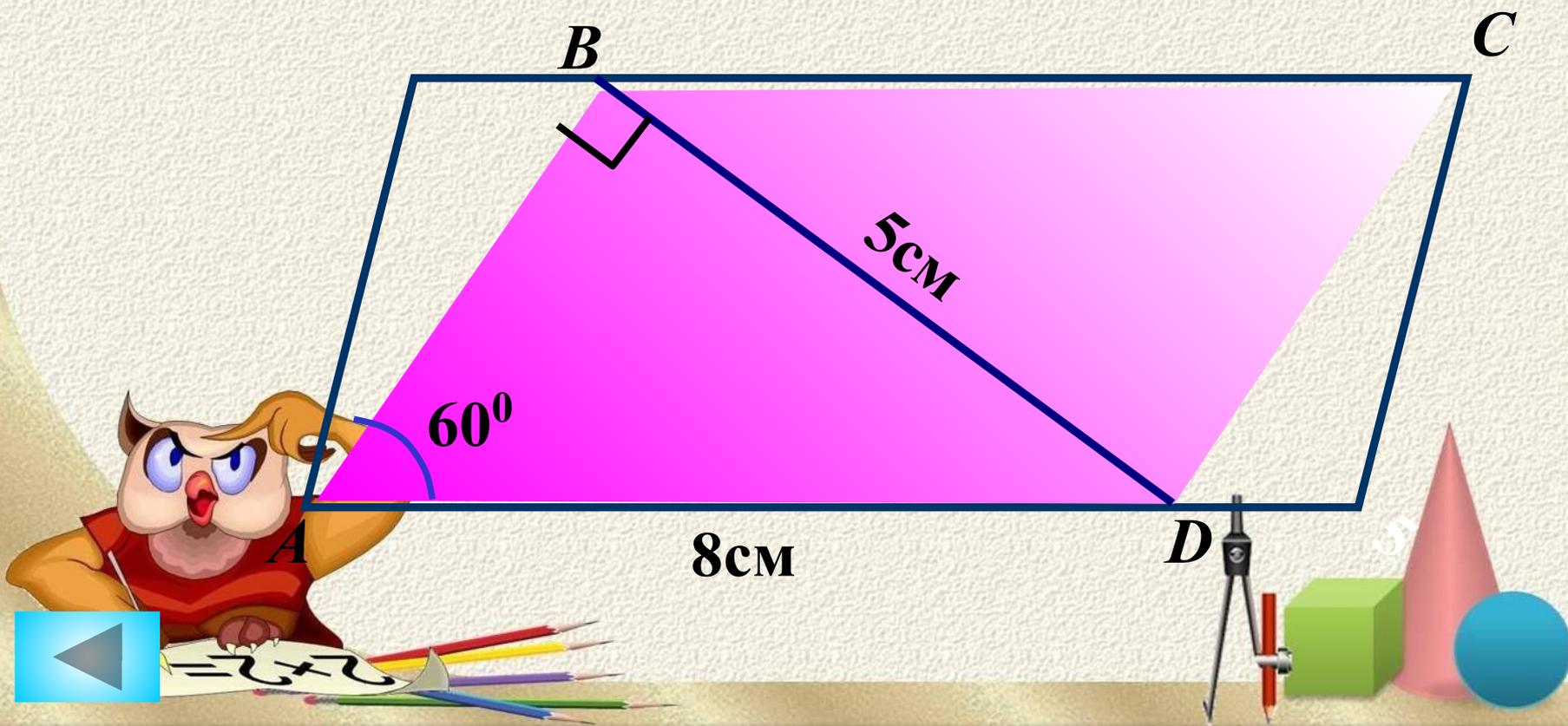
4. Дано: $ABCD$ – параллелограмм

Найти: S_{ABCD}



5. Дано: $ABCD$ – параллелограмм

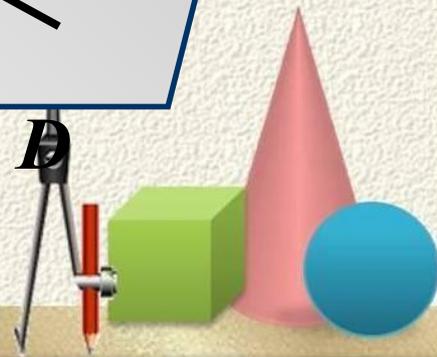
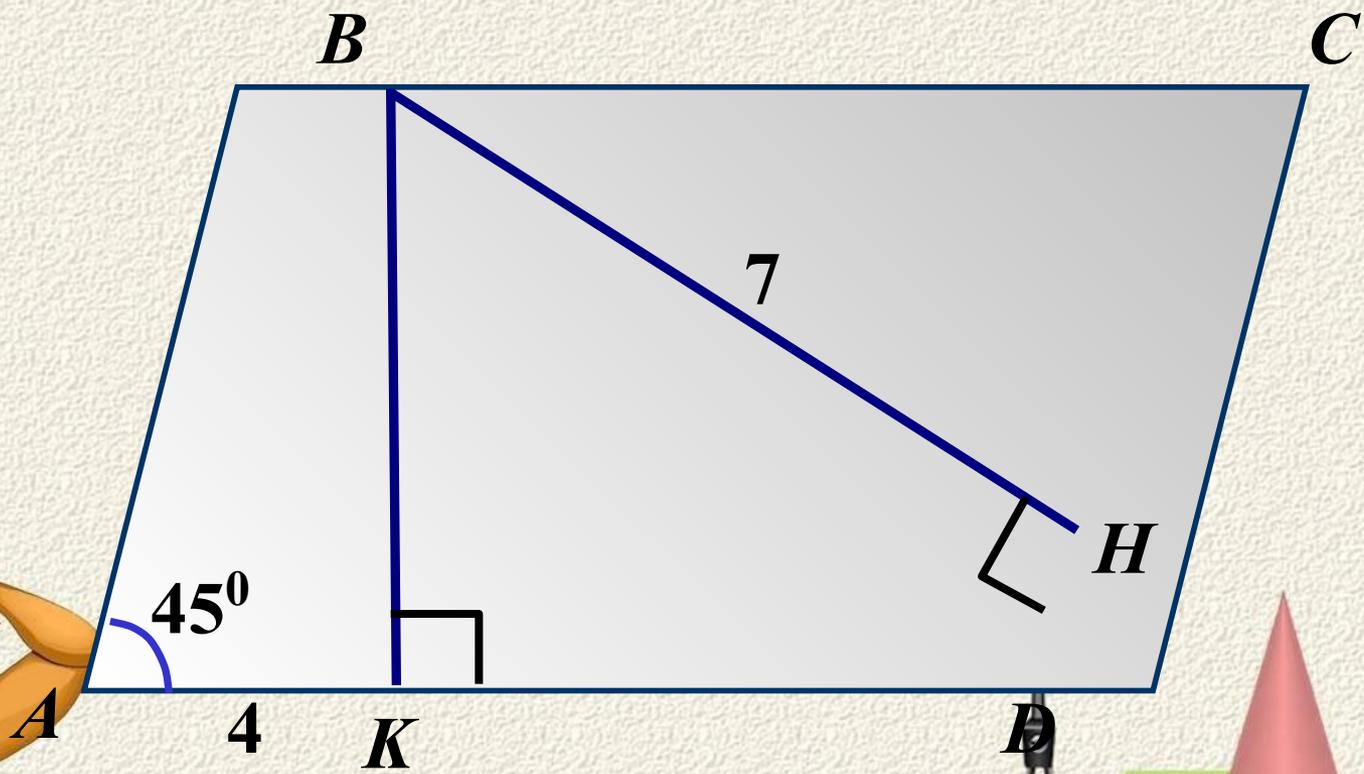
Найти: S_{ABCD}



6.

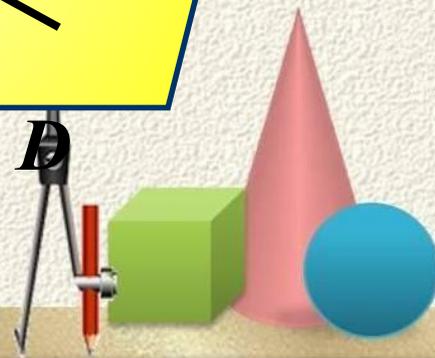
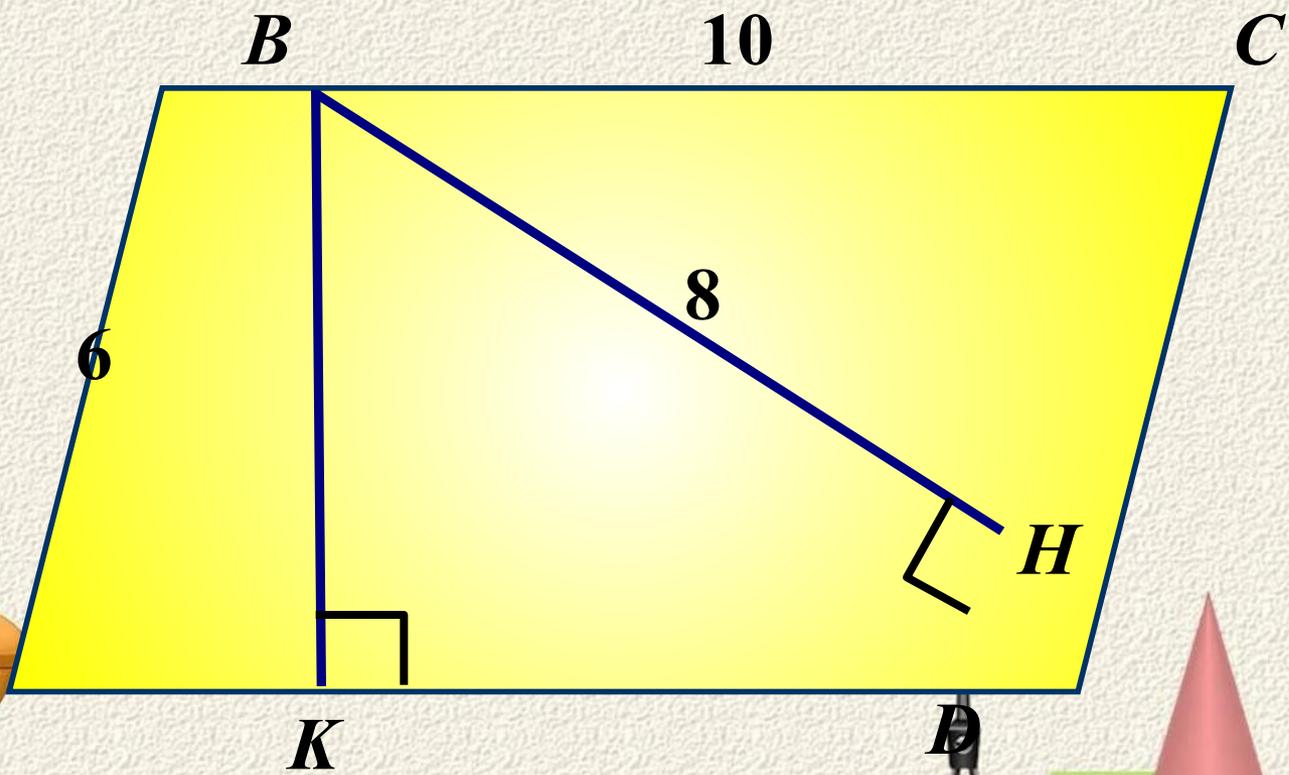
Дано: $ABCD$ – параллелограмм

Найти: S_{ABCD}



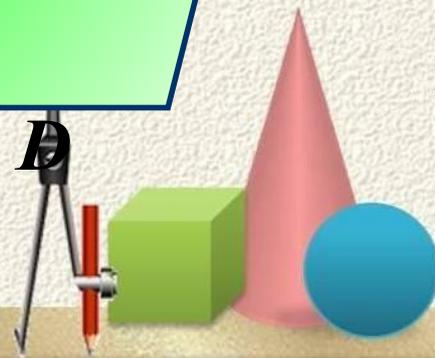
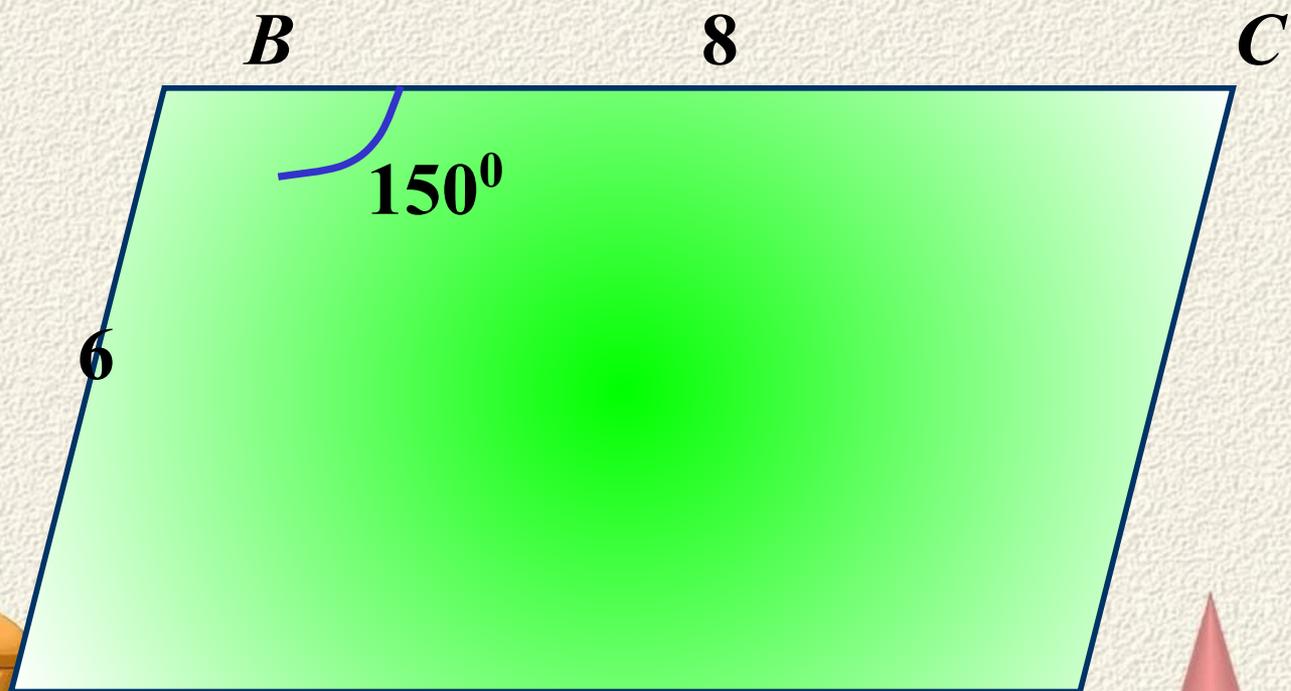
7. *Дано:* ABCD – параллелограмм

Найти: BK



8. Дано: $ABCD$ – параллелограмм

Найти: S_{ABCD}



9. Дано: $ABCD$ – параллелограмм

Найти: S_{ABD}

