


BRAZIL



A photograph of a group of indigenous people, likely from Brazil, wearing elaborate traditional headdresses made of feathers and other natural materials. They are standing in a line, possibly during a ceremony or dance. The background is a warm, hazy landscape. The text is overlaid on the image, centered horizontally and vertically.

Before arrival of Europeans Brazil was occupied by Indian tribes of Arawaks and Caribs in the north, be in a stupor - guarani - on east coast and in the valley of Amazon, re - in the east and the South of the country, a panel - in the West.



**The Portuguese
seafarer Pedro Álvares
Cabral was the first
European in Brazil in
1500. In the middle of
the XVI century the
territory was declared
by the Portuguese
colony. In 1808 to Brazil,
escaping from
Napoleon, the king of
Portugal emigrated.**

Latin America






From 1945 to 1964 in the country there was a democratic regime, at the same time the capital of the country from Rio de Janeiro was transferred to Brasília.

The image shows the official coat of arms of Brazil. It features a large five-pointed star with a yellow field and green triangles at the points, outlined in red. Inside the star is a blue circle containing 27 white stars, representing the Brazilian states and Federal District. The star is set against a background of yellow and green rays. It is flanked by two branches of coffee and tobacco. Below the star is a blue ribbon with the text 'REPÚBLICA FEDERATIVA DO BRASIL' and the date '15 de Novembro de 1889'.

In 1974 democratic changes started happening. In 1967 the country was renamed into the Federative Republic of Brazil.



The country is the member of the UN and the majority of specialized agencies of this organization, Organization of American States

A satellite map of South America, with Brazil's borders highlighted by a thick yellow line. The map shows the Amazon rainforest in green and surrounding land in brownish-green. The surrounding oceans are dark blue.

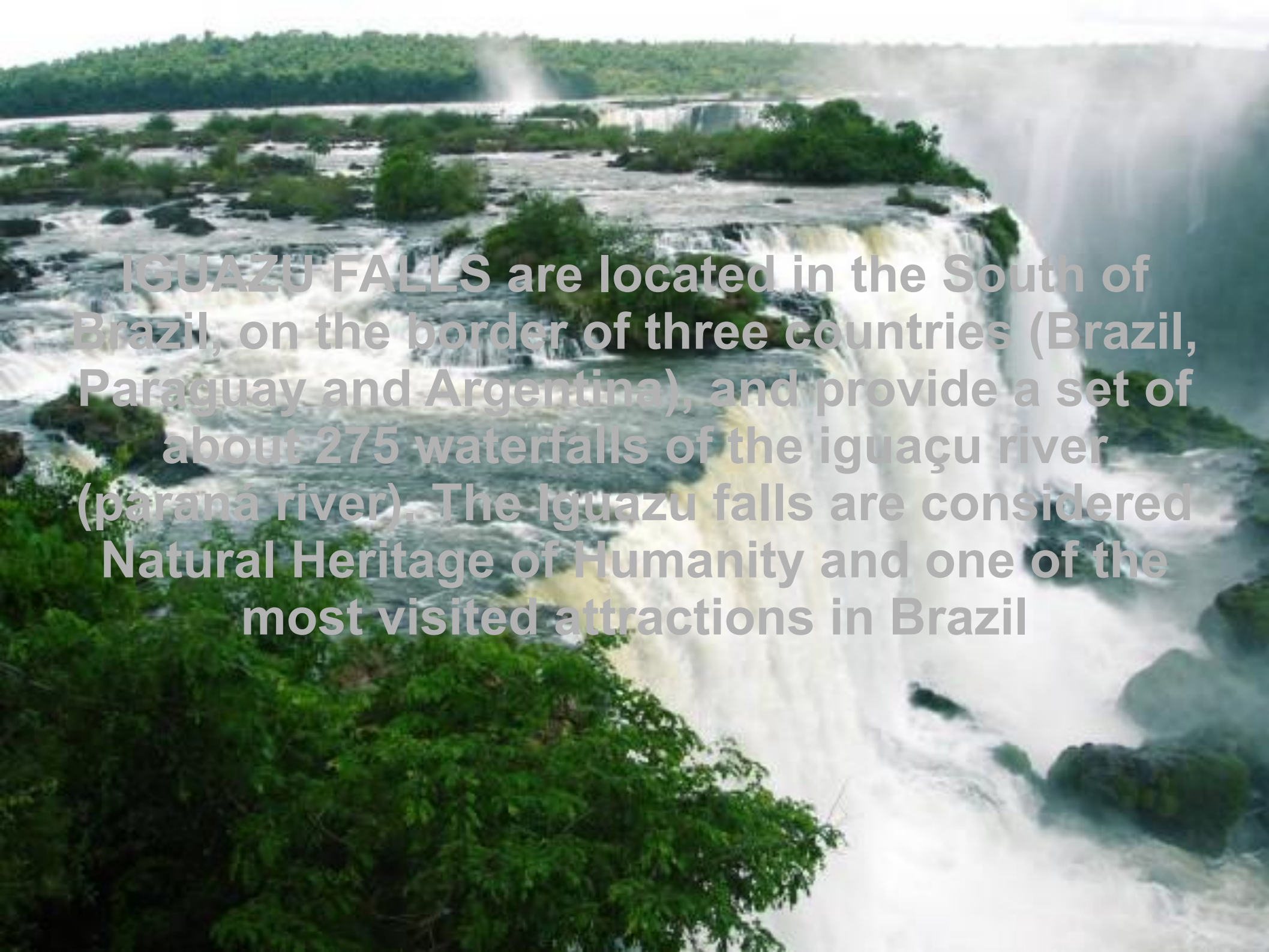
Brazil is the largest country in Latin America and fifth largest in the world. The size of Brazil - 8,514 million square kilometers.

A high-angle, wide shot of a massive carnival float in a large stadium at night. The float is highly ornate, featuring two large, stylized human figures in bright yellow and pink costumes. The float is decorated with colorful geometric structures, including a large, multi-colored star or web-like structure in the background. The stadium is filled with a dense crowd of spectators, and the scene is illuminated by bright stadium lights.

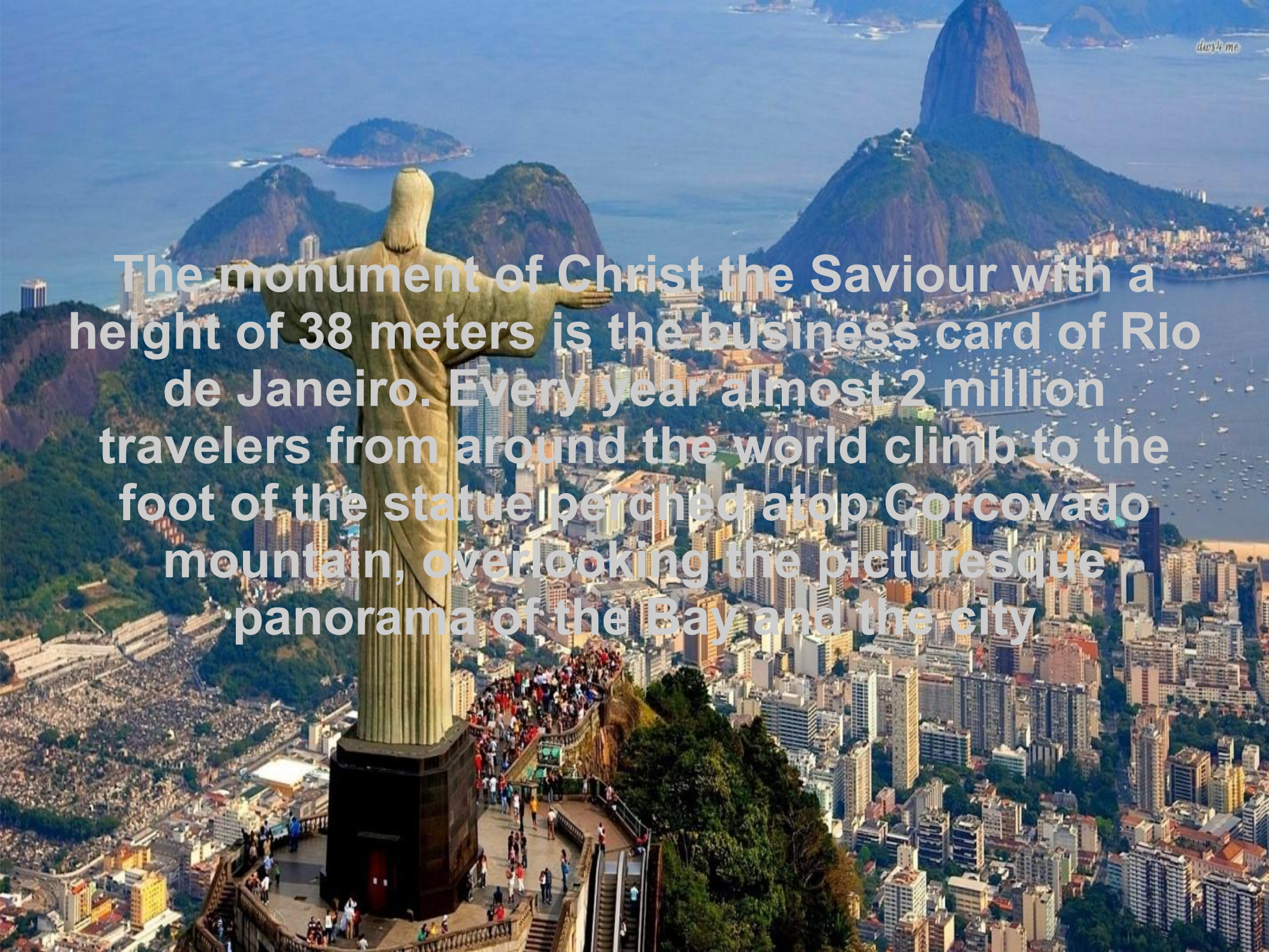
In Brazil, people celebrate carnival in February or March. Every region has its own festival, but carnival in Rio is the most famous. It lasts four days and millions of people go to it, including 300,000 foreign visitors. It's bigger than any other Brazilian carnival.

A group of samba dancers in elaborate costumes with tall, pointed hats and large feathered headdresses, performing in a parade. The costumes are primarily blue and yellow, with large pink feathered headdresses. The dancers are wearing blue and yellow striped skirts and blue and yellow striped leggings. They are also wearing blue and yellow shoes. The background is filled with confetti and streamers, creating a festive atmosphere.

There are two nights of parades in the streets and in the giant samba stadium, which holds 90000 people. Each parade lasts ten to twelve hours and the judges choose the best dancers



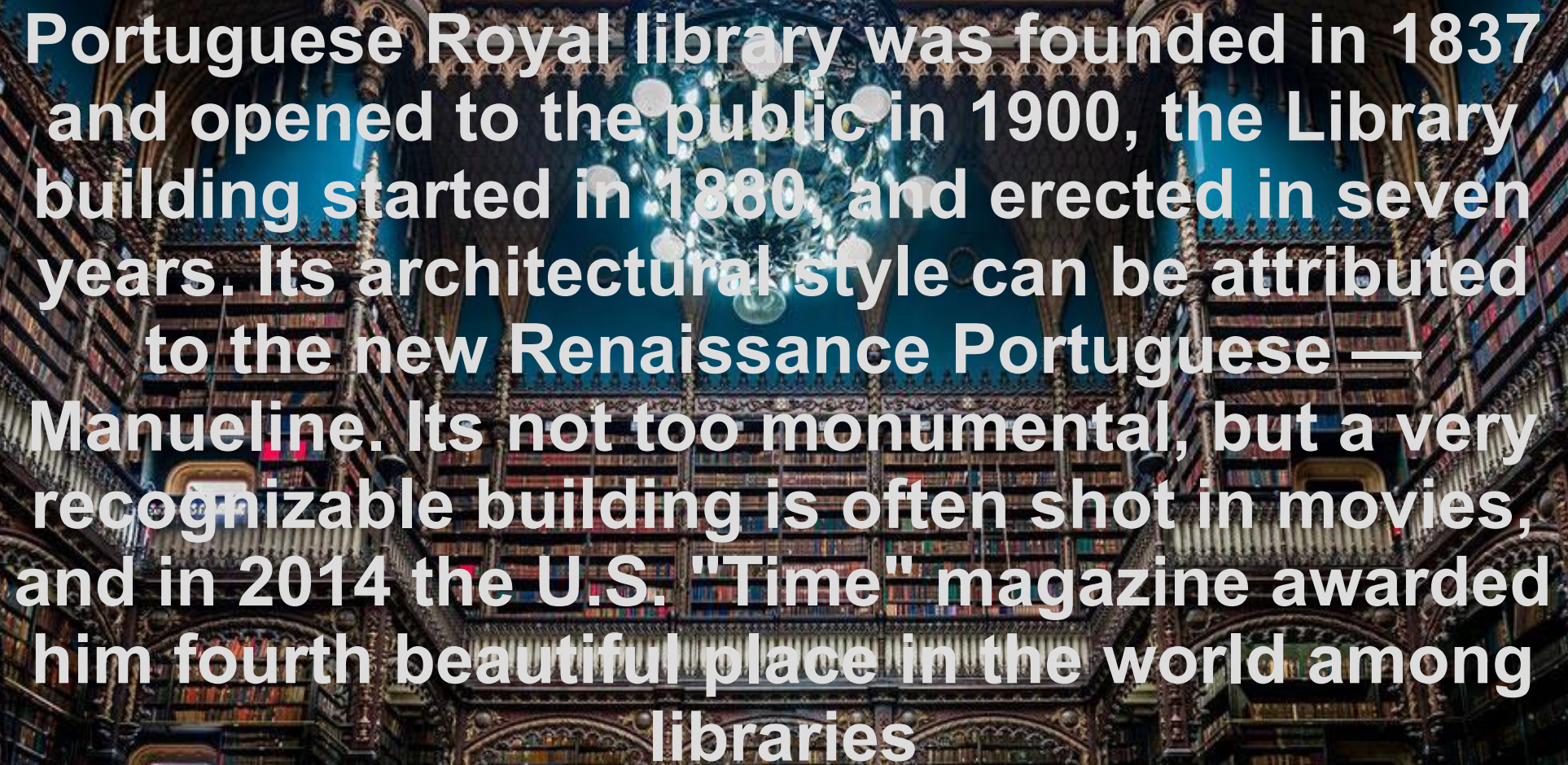
IGUAZU FALLS are located in the South of Brazil, on the border of three countries (Brazil, Paraguay and Argentina), and provide a set of about 275 waterfalls of the iguaçu river (paraná river). The Iguazu falls are considered Natural Heritage of Humanity and one of the most visited attractions in Brazil

An aerial photograph of Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, featuring the Christ the Saviour statue on Corcovado Mountain. The statue, a large green Christ figure with arms outstretched, stands prominently in the foreground. Below it, a crowded walkway and a cable car are visible. The background shows the dense urban landscape of Rio de Janeiro, the bay with numerous boats, and the iconic Sugarloaf Mountain (Pão de Açúcar) rising from the water. The text is overlaid in a large, white, sans-serif font.

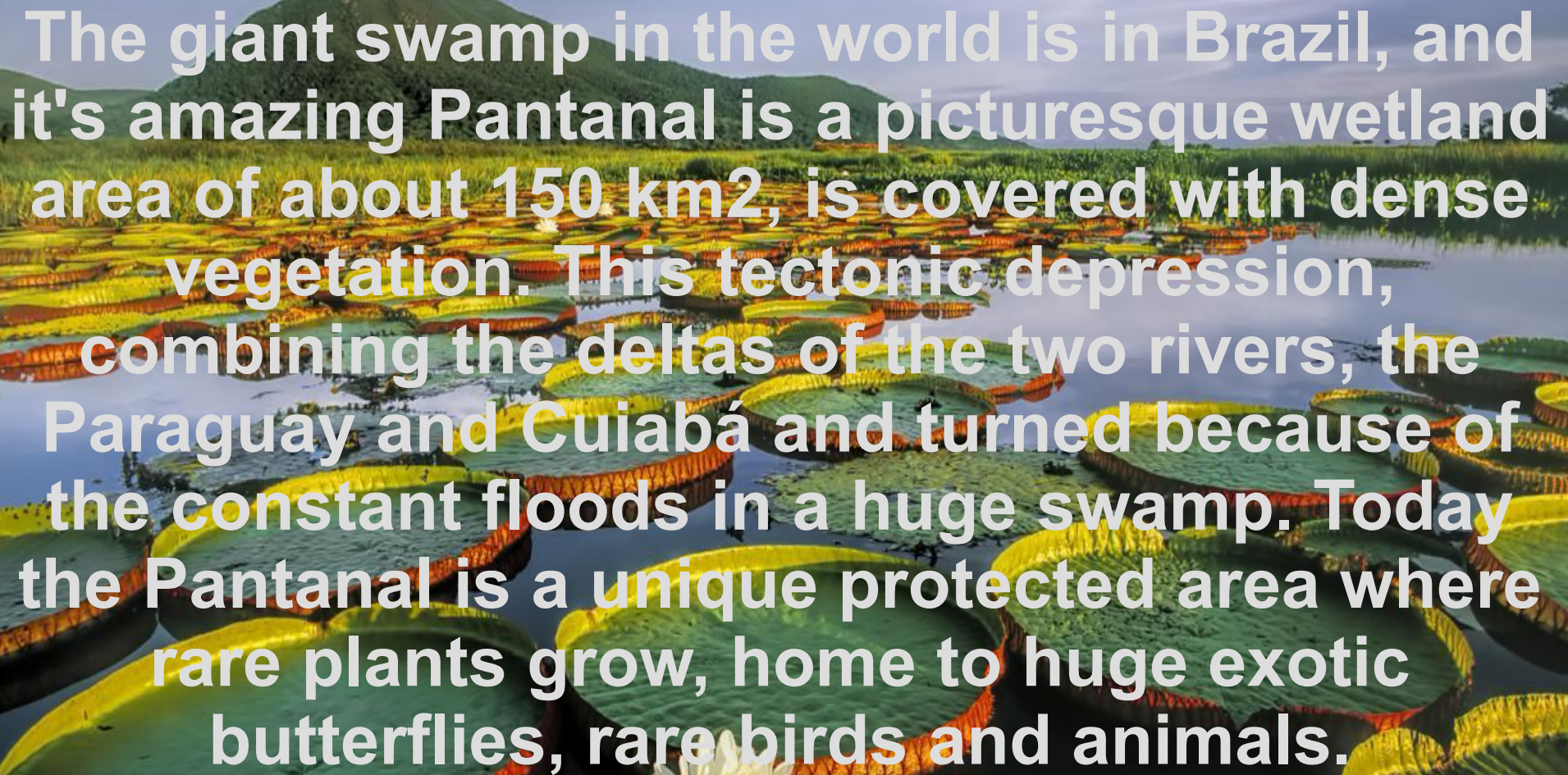
The monument of Christ the Saviour with a height of 38 meters is the business card of Rio de Janeiro. Every year almost 2 million travelers from around the world climb to the foot of the statue perched atop Corcovado mountain, overlooking the picturesque panorama of the Bay and the city

An aerial photograph of the Maracanã Stadium in Rio de Janeiro, Brazil. The stadium is a large, oval-shaped structure with a green roof and a blue and white facade. It is surrounded by a large parking lot and a green field. In the background, the city of Rio de Janeiro is visible, with its dense urban landscape and the surrounding mountains. The text is overlaid on the image in a large, white, sans-serif font.

The maracanã stadium in Rio de Janeiro is not only one of the largest sports facilities in the country, but a real landmark of the city. The facility was built over 60 years ago to the world Cup in Brazil, however, and today he is amazing.

The background image shows the interior of the Portuguese Royal Library, a grand hall with multiple levels of ornate wooden bookshelves filled with books. A large, intricate chandelier hangs from the ceiling, and the architecture features Gothic Revival elements like pointed arches and decorative carvings. The lighting is warm, highlighting the rich wood tones and the vast collection of books.

Portuguese Royal library was founded in 1837 and opened to the public in 1900, the Library building started in 1880, and erected in seven years. Its architectural style can be attributed to the new Renaissance Portuguese — Manueline. Its not too monumental, but a very recognizable building is often shot in movies, and in 2014 the U.S. "Time" magazine awarded him fourth beautiful place in the world among libraries



The giant swamp in the world is in Brazil, and its amazing Pantanal is a picturesque wetland area of about 150 km², is covered with dense vegetation. This tectonic depression, combining the deltas of the two rivers, the Paraguay and Cuiabá and turned because of the constant floods in a huge swamp. Today the Pantanal is a unique protected area where rare plants grow, home to huge exotic butterflies, rare birds and animals.