Changes in the System of the English Vocabulary

Etymological Characteristics of the English Words

common IE words : words used in all IE languages

 common Germanic words : words not used outside the Germanic languages family

 specifically OE words: words not used outside the Old English language

Common IE Words in OE

Terms of kinship: modor, fæder, dohtor, broþor, sunu

- Compare to Greek : pater, meter
- Compare to Latin: pater, mater, frater
- Compare to Sanscrit : sunu

Common IE Words in OE

Natural phenomena : mona, niht, treo, woeter, fyr

- Compare to Greek : mene, drus
- Compare to Ukrainian : ніч, дерево, вода
- Compare to Sanscrit : nakt, dru

Common Proto-Germanic Words :

Words found in Germanic group only: hand, sand, eorþe, grene, steorfan

- Compare to OHG : hant, sant, erda, gruoni, sterban;
- Compare to Icelandic : hond, sandr, graen

Spesifically English Vocabulary

Words not found in other languages : clipian, brid;

Words coined in Old English : wifman

Old English Poetic Vocabulary

masc. man, noble, warrior beorn eafora masc. son, heir freca masc. *warrior* guma masc. *man, warrior* hyse masc. young man fem. woman, lady ides masc. son, young man mago fem. maiden, woman mæġð niþðas masc. men rinc masc. *man, warrior* masc. man, warrior secg wiga masc. warrior

Old English Poetic Vocabulary masc.

fyrdrinc gumrinc gūþrinc heaðorinc hererinc hilderinc magurinc særinc

masc. battle-warrior masc. army-warrior masc. man-warrior masc. war-warrior masc. war-warrior masc. army-warrior masc. war-warrior masc. son-warrior masc. sea-warrior

Borrowings in Old English

Celtic loan-words in the OE vocabulary :

- Place names : Kent, Deira, Bernicia, York, Downs, London,
- Names of rivers : Ouse, Esk, Exe, Avon; Thames, Stour, Dover

Borrowings in Old English

Latin Borrowings in Old English:

- Alphabet;
- First period : cyse, plante, disc (dish), catte, candel, cetel;
- Second period: abbot, angel, canon, tunic, temple, shrine

Word Building in Old English

- Affixation
- Compounding
- Sound interchange
- Word stress

The Middle English Vocabulary

Scandinavian influence : anger, bag, cake, dirt, flat, fog, husband, leg, neck, silver, skin, sky, smile, Thursday, window; happy, ill, low, odd; raise, seem, take, want

French influence (first period) : baron, noble, dame,

servant, messenger, feast, instrel, juggler

French influence (second period): art, painting,

sculpture, music, beauty, curtain, couch, chair, cushion, screen, lamp, apparel, habit, gown, peace, enemy, arms, battle, combat, attorney, bill, petition, complaint

The word building in Middle English

- The use of native affixes with borrowed stems
- The use of borrowed affixes with native stems
- Coining new words out of foreign elements

Conversion in Middle English

annoy (1230) - to annoy (1250) account (1260) - to account (1303) comfort (1225) - to comfort (1290)

Conversion in Early New English

Conversion from verbs to nouns : contest, grasp,

push, scream, award, brew, convert, produce, stew, cheat, pry, sneak, bend, dip, lounge, goggles, rattle, spring

Conversion from nouns to verbs : bottle, channel,

garrison, pocket, gun, net, trumpet; commotion, gesture, paraphrase, serenade, brick, glove, mask, bundle, group, pulp, butcher, mother, nurse, usher

Conversion from adjectives to verbs : dirty,

empty, numb, obscure, idle, mute, shy, swift.

Borrowings in Early New English Borrowings from Latin : fungus: fungi, cactus: cacti/cactuses

<u>Borrowings from French</u> : decision, intuition, trophy, pioneer, pilot, colonel, indigo, vase, vogue, genteel, scene, machine

<u>Borrowings from Spanish</u> : cask, anchovy, sherry, cargo, renegade, booby, creole, desperado, armada, embargo

<u>Borrowings from Italian</u> : artichoke, parmesan, regatta, frigate, traffic, ballot, bankrupt, carnival, sonnet, lottery, duel

<u>Borrowings from Dutch</u> : easel, sketch, landscape, hose, scone, dock, dollar, yacht, wagon, snuff, filibuster, split

Etymological doublets

- deduce, deduct deducere
- discus, disc/disk, dais, desk, dish discus
- species from Latin species
- spice from Old French espice from Latin species
- status from Latin status
- estate Old French estat from Latin status

The Variants of the English Language British English American English Australian English Canadian English