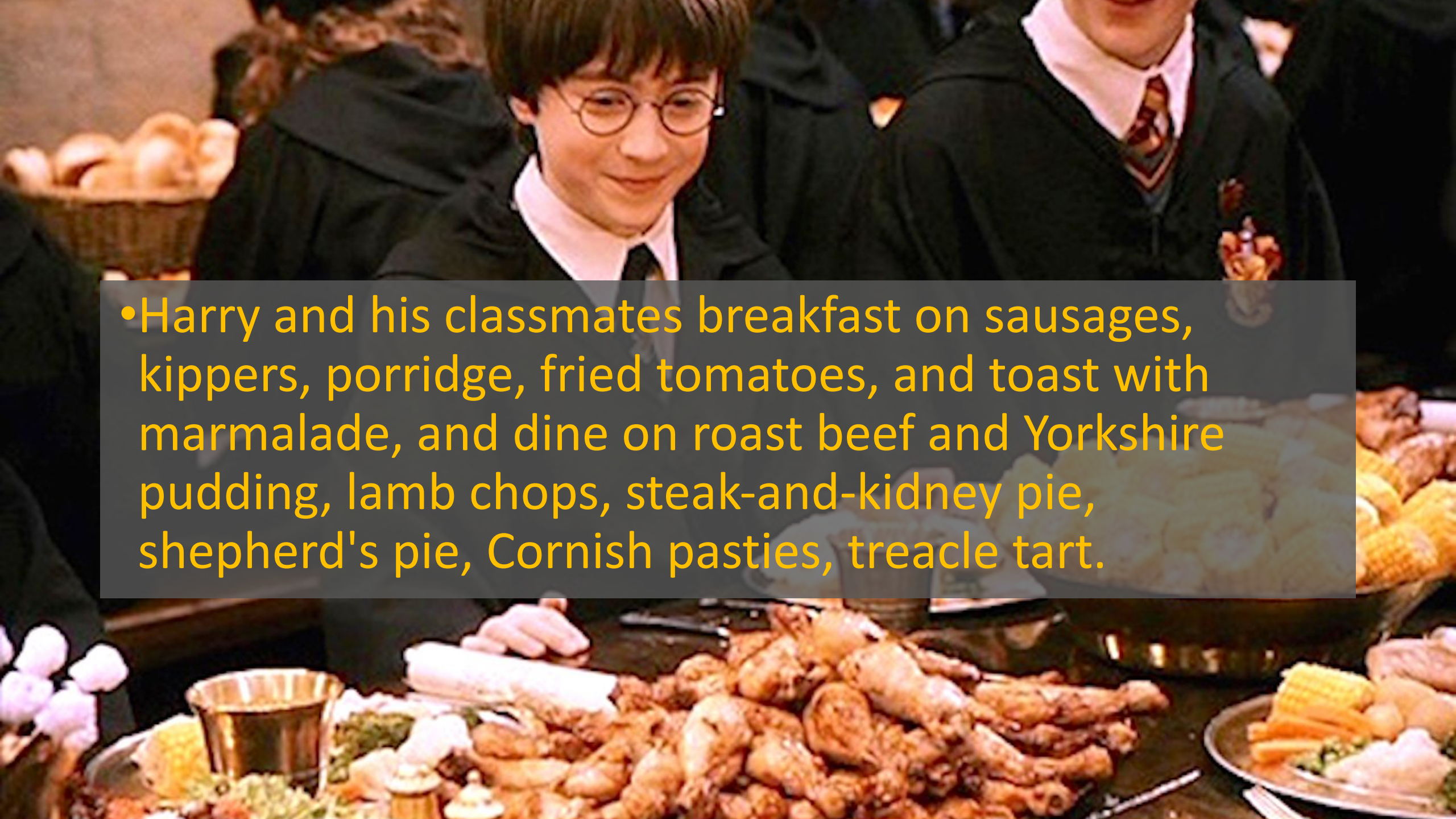


daily routines



How do you think...

- What does Harry usually do in Hogwarts?
- What does Harry Potter usually eat at Hogwarts?
 - What time does Harry go to school?
 - What time does he have lunch?

- 
- A scene from the Harry Potter movies showing Harry Potter and his classmates at a breakfast table. Harry is in the center, wearing his school uniform and round glasses, looking down at the food. To his right, another student is partially visible, also in uniform. The table is laden with a variety of British breakfast and lunch items, including a large pile of fried chicken, sausages, kippers, porridge, fried tomatoes, toast with marmalade, roast beef, Yorkshire pudding, lamb chops, steak-and-kidney pie, shepherd's pie, Cornish pasties, and treacle tart. A basket of bread is visible on the left, and a plate of corn and other food is on the right.
- Harry and his classmates breakfast on sausages, kippers, porridge, fried tomatoes, and toast with marmalade, and dine on roast beef and Yorkshire pudding, lamb chops, steak-and-kidney pie, shepherd's pie, Cornish pasties, treacle tart.



Daily Routines at Hogwarts

- During breakfast, the morning mail arrives in a flurry of hundreds of owls. A bell signals the start of the first class at 9 am. There are two morning classes with a break between (signaled by a bell), followed by lunch and a break. After lunch, classes resume at 1 pm.

The School Year at Hogwarts

- The year begins on September 1
- Hogwarts Express leaves King's Cross Station at 11 a.m.
- Classes begin on September 2 – schedules handed out at breakfast.
- Supper is served in the Great Hall toward evening, after which the students are expected to be in their House common rooms for studying and socializing. Curfew for older students is 9 pm (OP).

RUSSIA I have breakfast at seven o'clock because I start school at ten past eight (unfortunately). I have lunch at school at two o'clock. I finish school and go home at three o'clock. I don't watch TV. I have dinner at eight and I go to bed at about ten o'clock. I go to school on Saturday morning.



Dasha

ENGLAND In England we start school at nine o'clock. We have lunch at school at half past twelve and we start lessons again at a quarter past one. We finish school at half past three. We don't go to school on Saturday.



Trevor

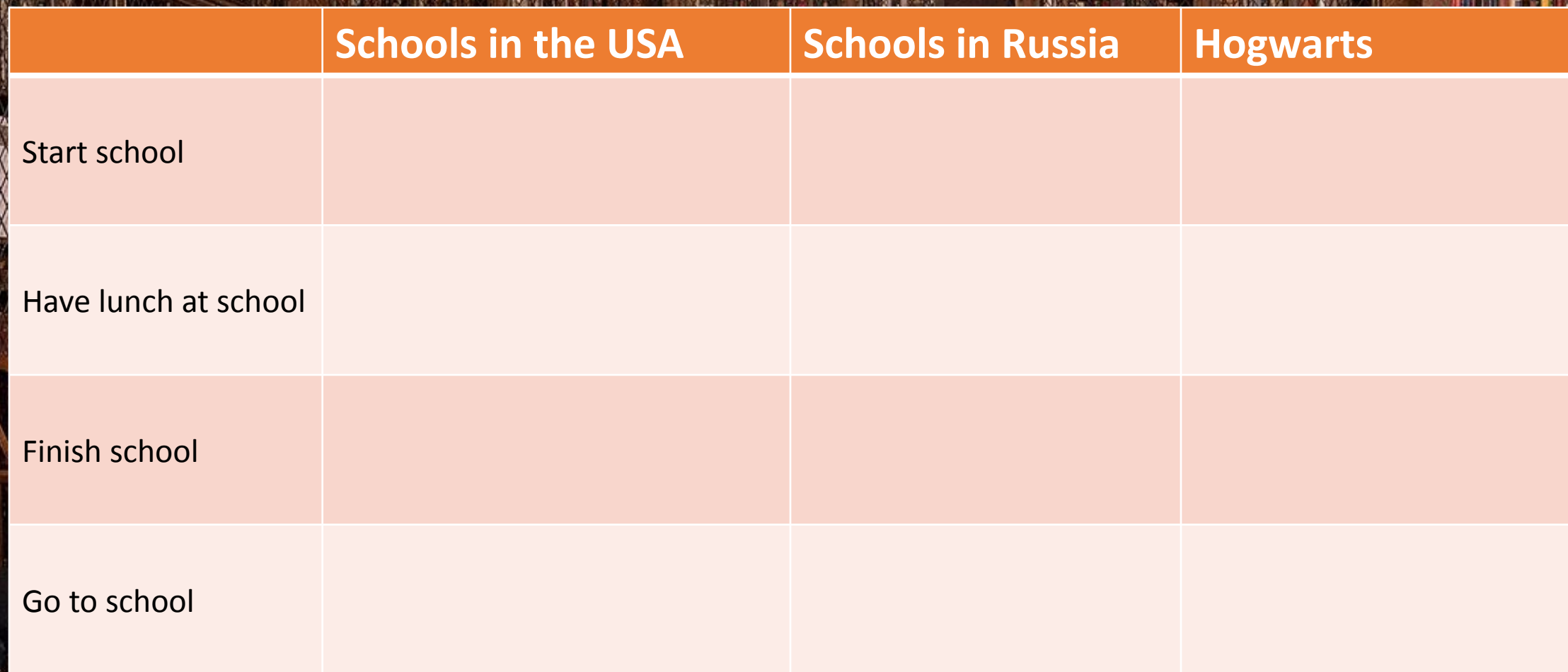
THINK ABOUT GRAMMAR: The Present Simple Tense

	Affirmative	Negative
I/You/We/They	live in Russia.	do not (don't) live in Britain.
He/She/It	lives in Russia.	does not (doesn't) live in Britain.

Формы глаголов в **Present Simple** (простом настоящем времени) используются для сообщений:

- a) о фактах, действиях, состояниях, характеризующих жизнь человека в настоящем;
- b) об обыденных, повторяющихся делах (**routines**);
- c) о том, что известно всем, является общепринятой истиной (**generalisations**).





	Schools in the USA	Schools in Russia	Hogwarts
Start school			
Have lunch at school			
Finish school			
Go to school			

3 Read questions **1–5** and match them with answers **A–E**.

What time do/does...

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1 they start school in Australia? | A She has dinner at seven o'clock. |
| 2 Dasha have dinner in Russia? | B They start school at nine o'clock. |
| 3 you go to school? | C We have lunch at two o'clock. |
| 4 you have lunch in Greece? | D I go to school at half past seven. |
| 5 Trevor start school in England? | E He starts school at nine o'clock. |

4 Read about the *Present Simple Tense*. Then read sentences and match them with the correct answer **a**, **b** or **c** from 'Think about grammar'.

- | | |
|--|-------|
| 1 On Sundays she gets up at six o'clock. | (_) |
| 2 Do Canadians speak English and French? | (_) |
| 3 He works part-time for The RAP journal. | (_) |
| 4 In informal situations, the British people say 'Hi' or 'Hello'. | (_) |
| 5 She never gets up before 7 o'clock in the morning. | (_) |
| 6 The children's friends live in England. | (_) |

9

Match the pictures and the sentences.



- 1 It's quarter past one.
- 2 It's half past two in the morning.
- 3 It's four o'clock in the morning.
- 4 It's quarter to four.
- 5 It's ten to eight.

- 6 It's eleven p.m.
- 7 It's half past seven.
- 8 It's six twelve.
- 9 It's 7 a.m.

Vocabulary and grammar

4 Fill in the gaps with one of these question words: *Whose, Where, What, Who*.

1 — How old are you?

— I'm thirteen.

2 — _____ book is this?

— It's Robert's.

3 — _____'s your name?

— My name's Angela.

4 — _____ photos are these?

— They're Nevita's.

5 — _____ are you from?

— I'm from Edinburgh.

6 — _____'s your phone number?

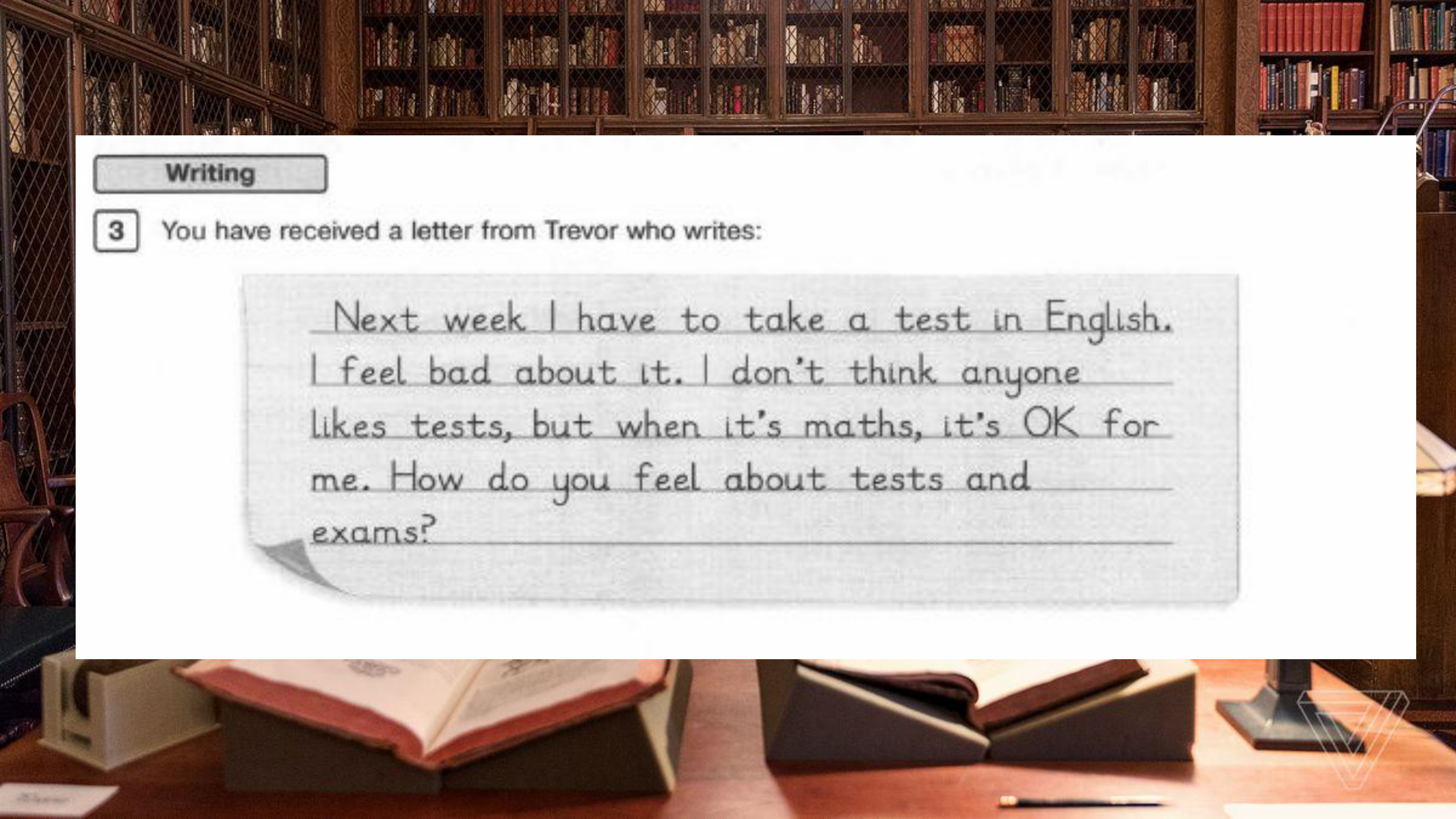
— It's 250150.

7 — _____'s she?

— She's my sister.

8 — _____'s he?

— He's Robert.



Writing

3 You have received a letter from Trevor who writes:

Next week I have to take a test in English.
I feel bad about it. I don't think anyone
likes tests, but when it's maths, it's OK for
me. How do you feel about tests and
exams?

THINK ABOUT GRAMMAR: Present Simple questions

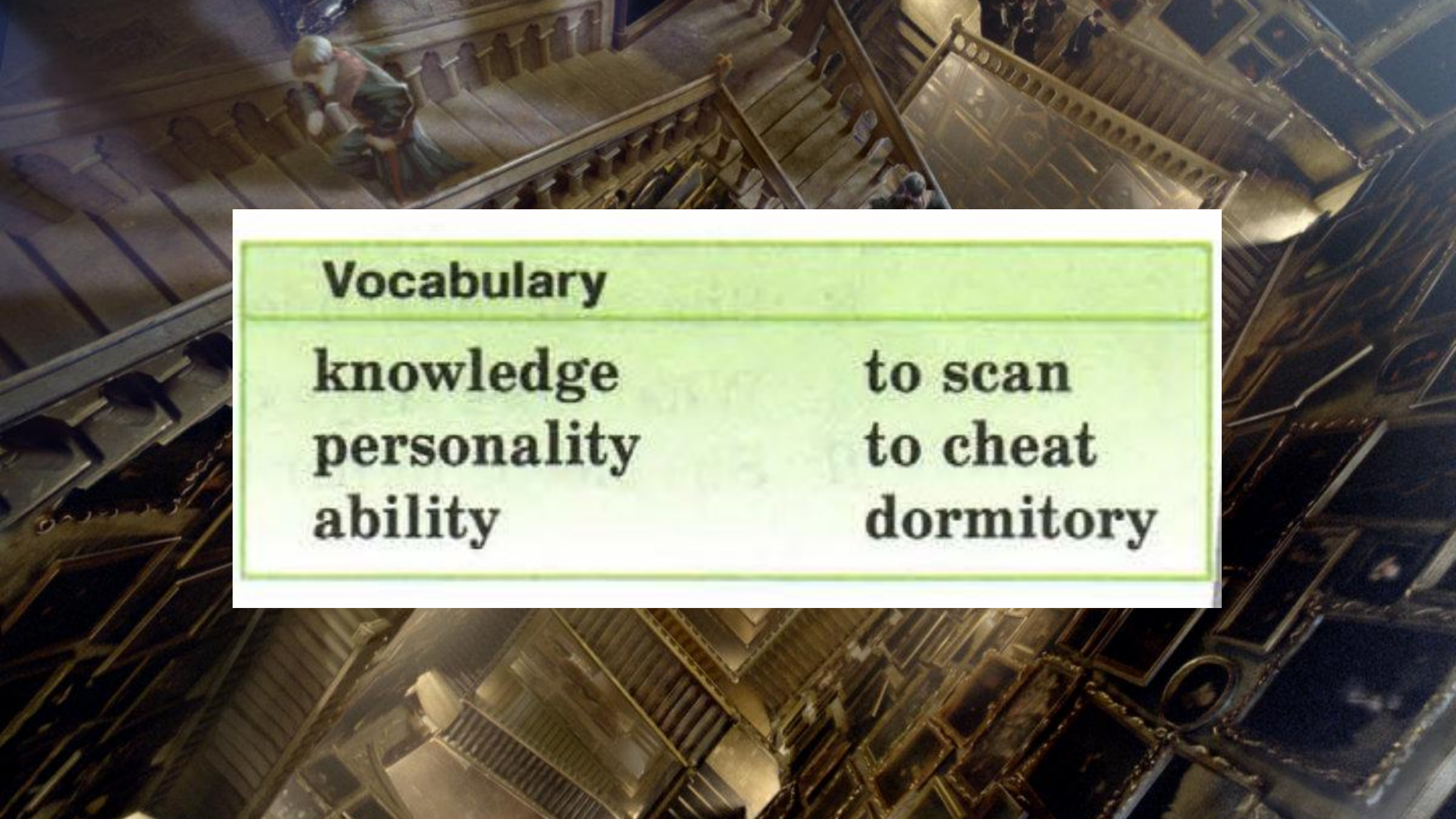
Вопросительные предложения в формах Present Simple

Yes/No questions		Short answers	
		Affirmative	Negative
Do I/you/we/ /they	go to bed after 11 p.m.? always have breakfast?	Yes, I/you/we/ /they do .	No, I/you/we/ /they don't .
Does he/she/it		Yes, he/she/it does .	No, he/she/it doesn't .

Wh-questions			Answers
When	do I/you/we/ /they	go to school? get up?	I go to school at 9 o'clock.
What time	does he/she/it	finish school? have breakfast.	They get up after 7 a.m. She finishes school at 3.30 p.m.

REMEMBER!

В вопросительных предложениях с местоимениями he, she, it окончание 3-го л. ед. ч. имеет только *вспомогательный глагол does*.



Vocabulary

knowledge

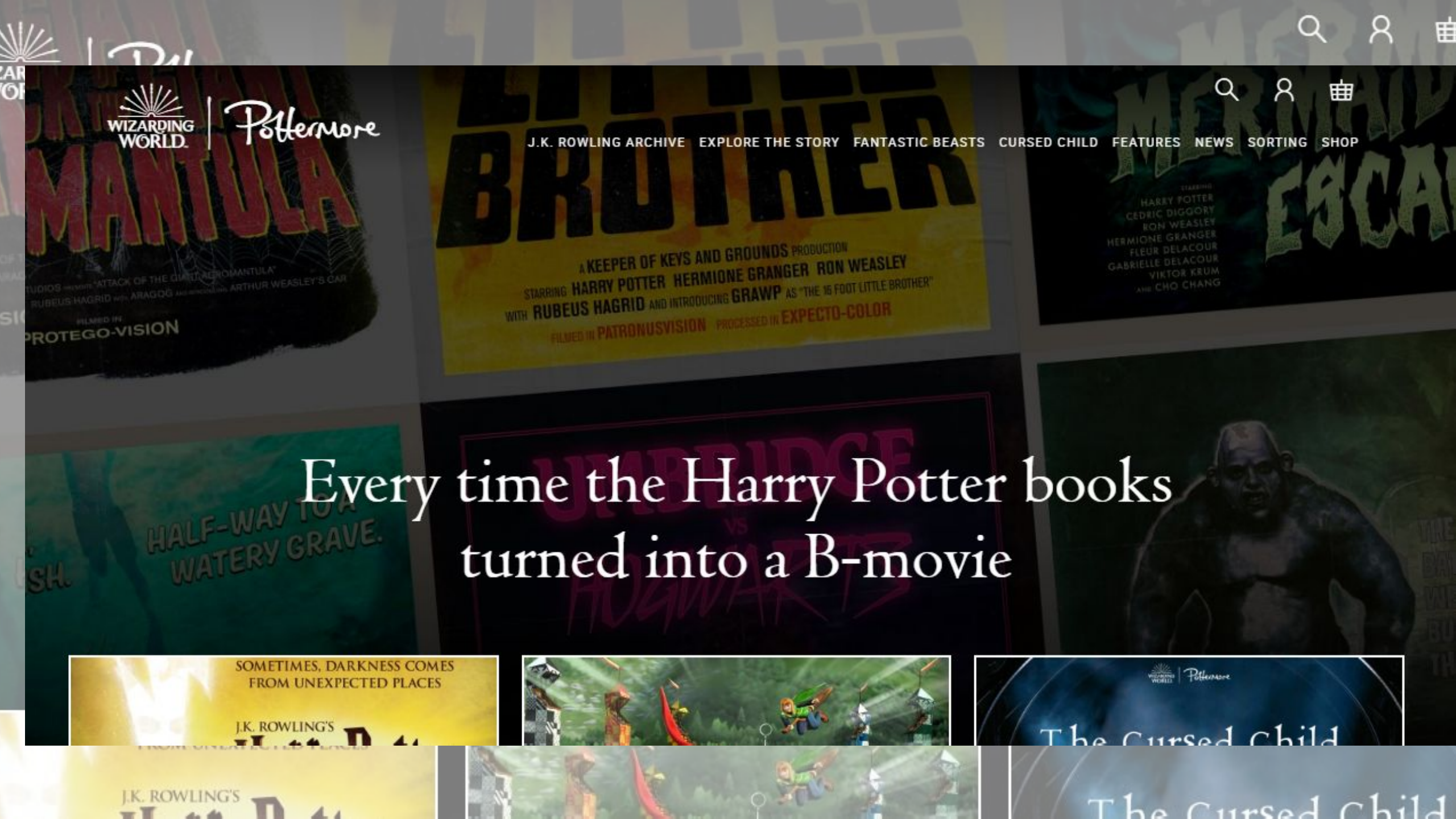
personality

ability

to scan

to cheat

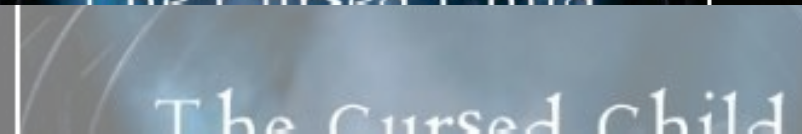
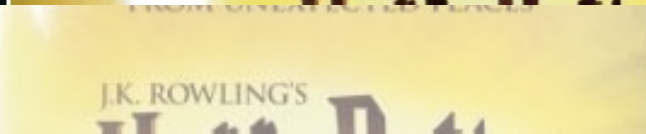
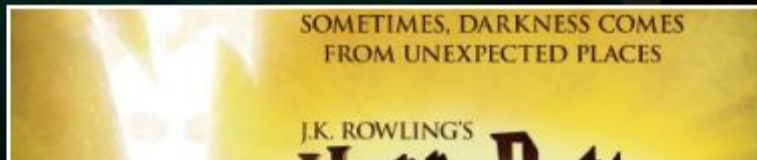
dormitory



Pottermore

J.K. ROWLING ARCHIVE EXPLORE THE STORY FANTASTIC BEASTS CURSED CHILD FEATURES NEWS SORTING SHOP

Every time the Harry Potter books
turned into a B-movie





Dawn or dusk?

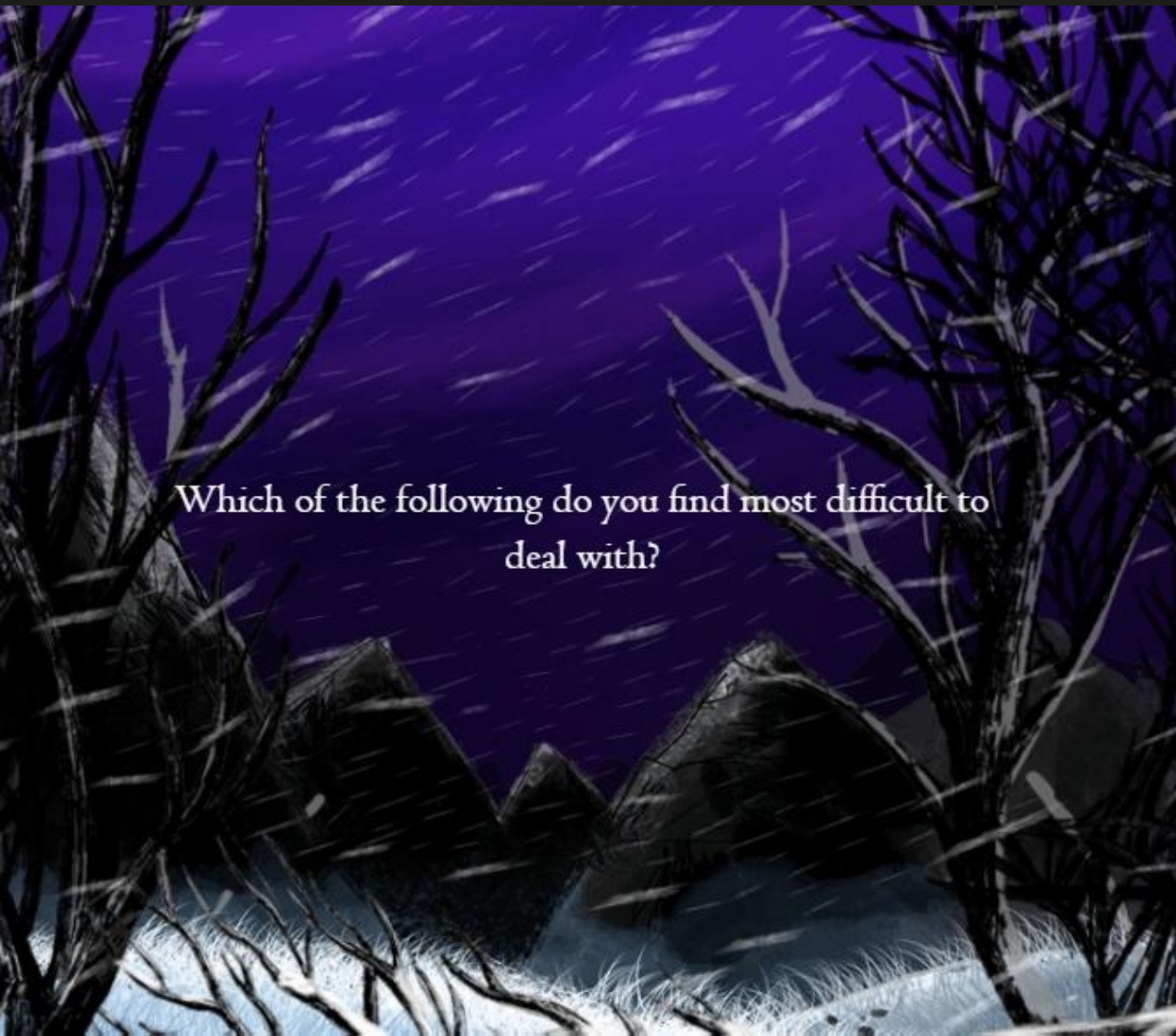


Dawn



SELECT





Which of the following do you find most difficult to deal with?

Boredom

Cold

Hunger

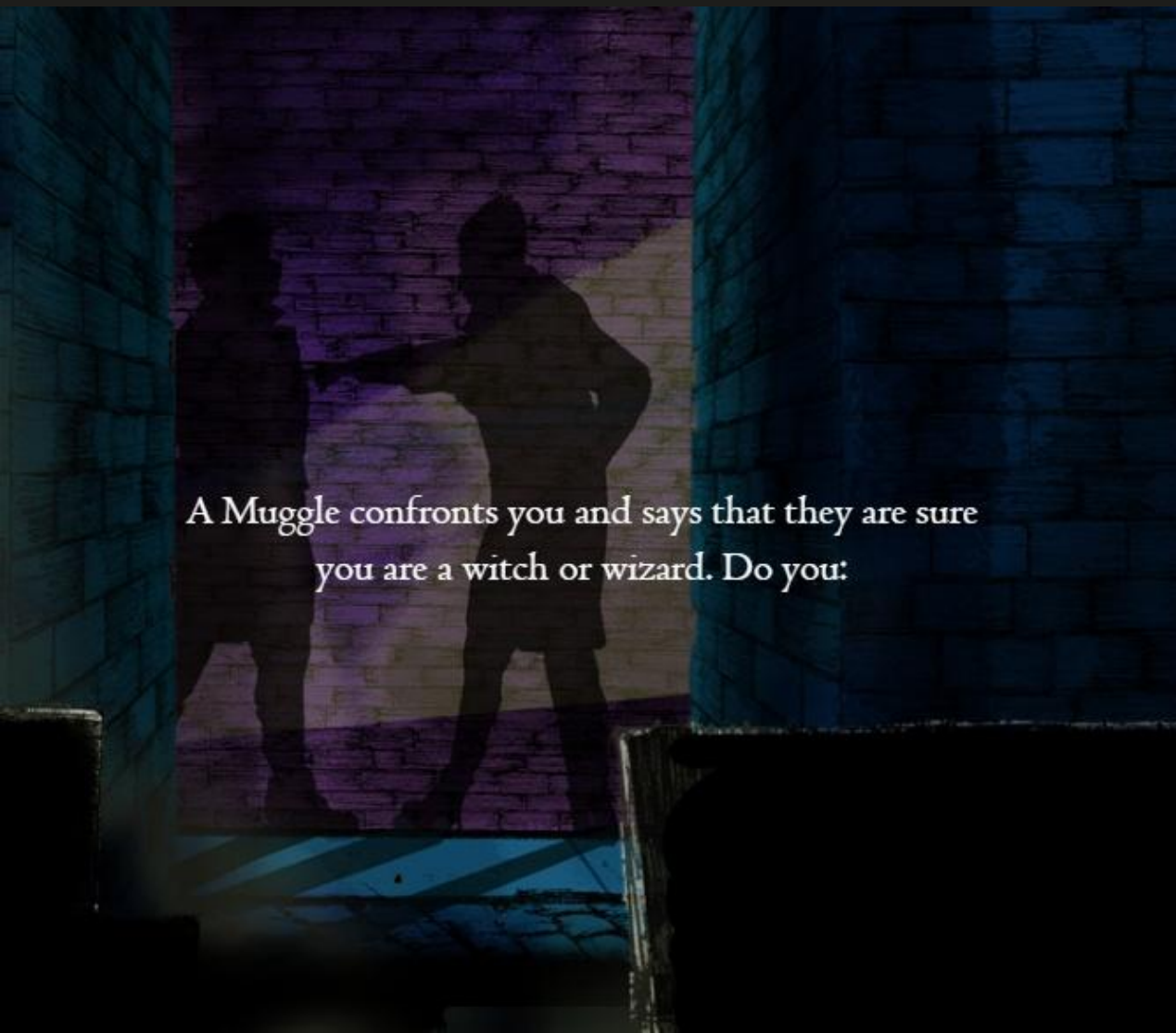
Loneliness

Being ignored



SELECT





A Muggle confronts you and says that they are sure you are a witch or wizard. Do you:

Agree, and walk away, leaving them to wonder whether you are bluffing?

Tell them that you are worried about their mental health, and offer to call a doctor.

Ask what makes them think so?

Agree, and ask whether they'd like a free sample of a jinx?



SELECT



If you were attending Hogwarts, which pet would you choose to take with you?

Three toed tree toad

Brown owl

Natterjack toad

Black cat

Screech owl

Tawny owl

Ginger cat

Snowy owl

Barn owl

Common toad

Harlequin toad

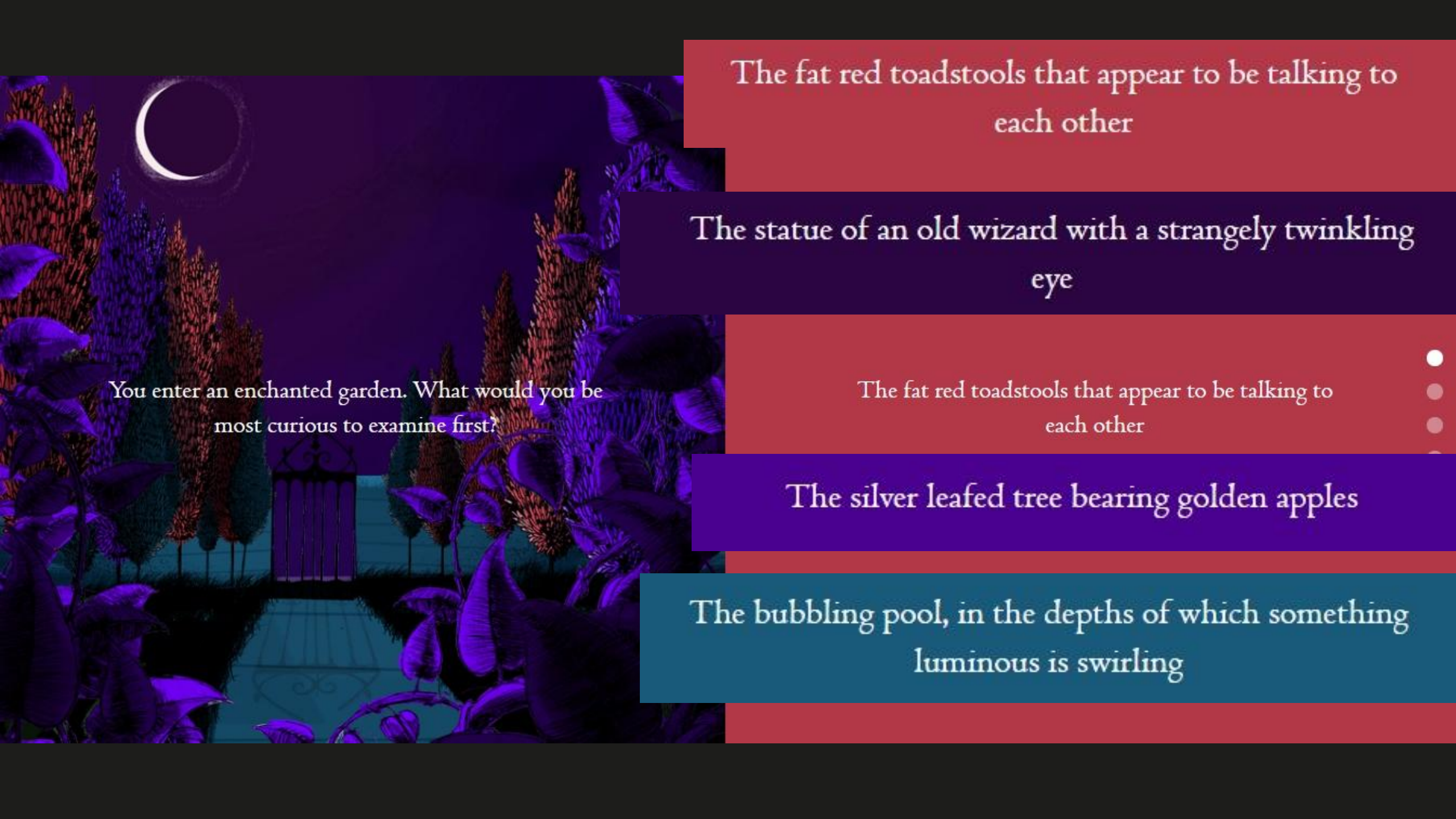
Dragon toad

Siamese cat

Tabby cat

White cat

SELECT



The fat red toadstools that appear to be talking to
each other


The statue of an old wizard with a strangely twinkling
eye

You enter an enchanted garden. What would you be
most curious to examine first?

The fat red toadstools that appear to be talking to
each other

The silver leafed tree bearing golden apples

The bubbling pool, in the depths of which something
luminous is swirling



After you have died, what would you most like people
to do when they hear your name?

I don't care what people think of me after I'm dead;
it's what they think of me while I'm alive that counts

Miss you, but smile

Ask for more stories about your adventures

Think with admiration of your achievements



Left or right?



Right



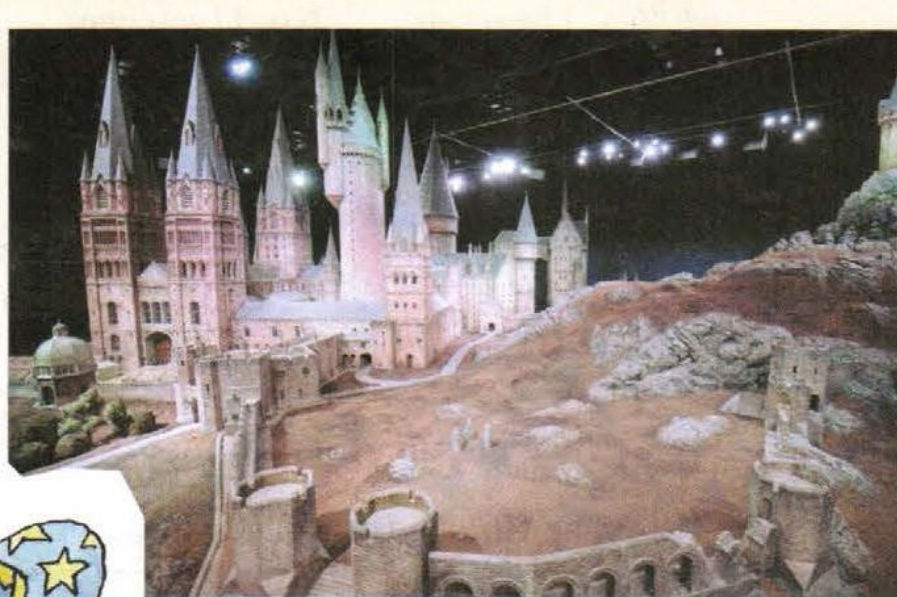
SELECT



Life in Hogwarts

Hogwarts is not an ordinary school. It is a school of Magic! But as in many other schools in many countries, the school year there begins on September 1.

Magic starts when students arrive at King's Cross station. It is a real railway station in London and hundreds of trains leave from its platforms every day. But have you ever seen platform 9½? There are no platforms with such numbers in any railway station. The train to Hogwarts goes from platform 9½! To get there future Hogwarts students have to go through... a wall!



Every Hogwarts student belongs to one of four Houses. As one of the characters says, '... your House will be something like your family within Hogwarts. You will have classes with the rest of your House, sleep in your House dormitory, and spend free time in your House common room.'

A magic hat called the Sorting Hat decides where a student belongs. There are no exams. There are no tests. The hat does all the work! The hat thinks and talks and sorts out. It scans a student's knowledge, personality and abilities. All a student has to do is sit on a stool and put on a hat. Seems easy, but you can't cheat the magic hat!

The academic year starts with a celebration. Students and teachers sit at a long table and enjoy lots of nice food and drinks. Classes begin on September 2 and go on until June. There are two terms in the academic year with two week holiday breaks in between. Like many schools in real life!

Exams are held the first week of June. Results come out the second week of June. There are celebrations at Halloween, Christmas, Easter and at the end of the academic year. At Christmas and Easter holidays most of the students and some of the teachers go home for a break. All teachers and students leave Hogwarts during the summer.

Vocabulary

knowledge
personality
ability

to scan
to cheat
dormitory

Paragraph 1.

Title –

Question –

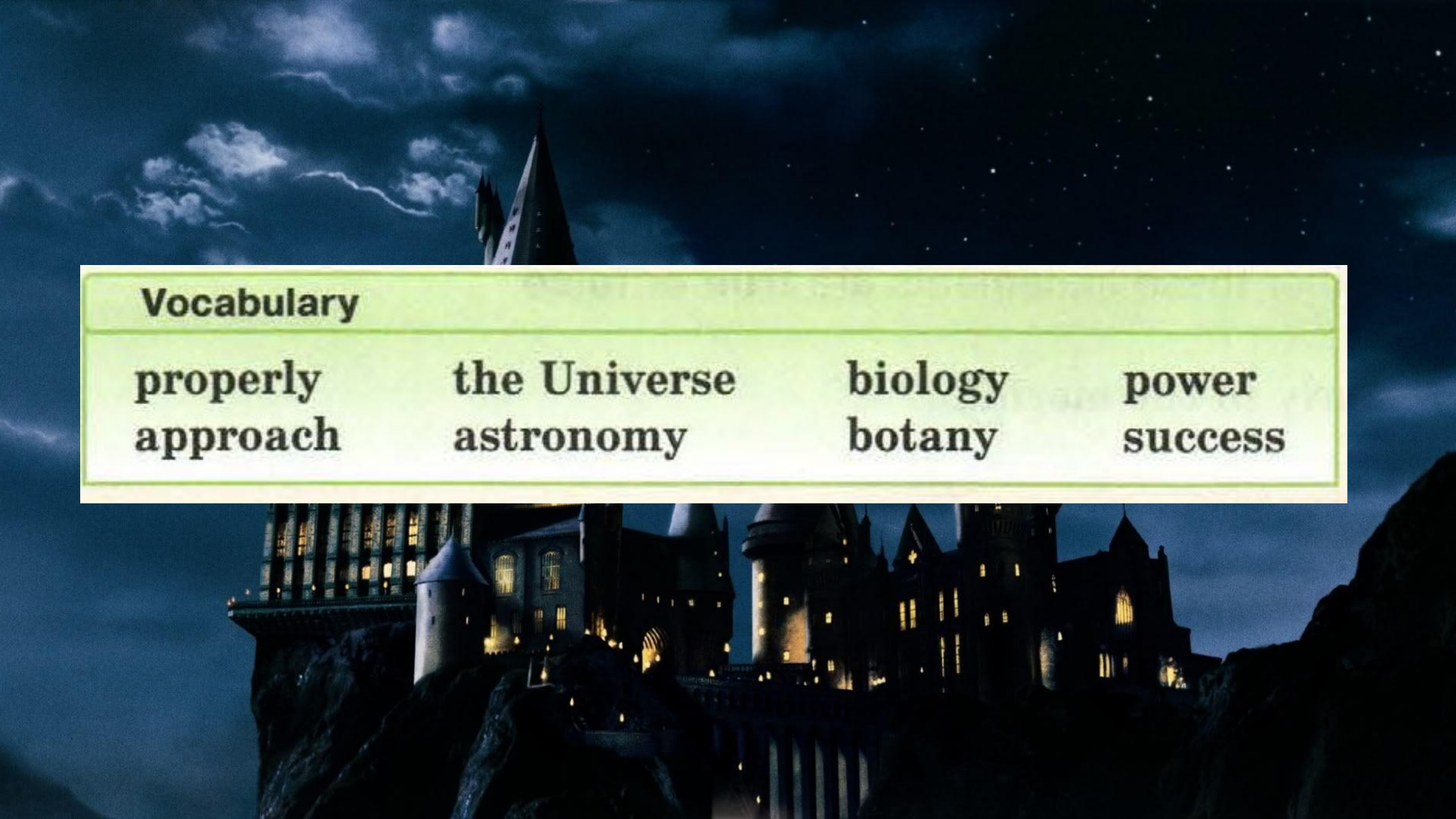
Paragraph 2. title –

Question –

Paragraph 3. ...



Classes of Hogwarts

A background image of Hogwarts Castle at night, illuminated by warm lights from its windows and towers, set against a dark, starry sky with some clouds. The castle is perched on a rocky cliff.

Vocabulary

properly
approach

the Universe
astronomy

biology
botany

power
success

LANGUAGE FOCUS: Talking about time of the day

17

© T014 Listen and read.

She wakes up **at five o'clock** in the morning.

I usually go home **at quarter to four**.

We have lunch **at quarter past one**.

They often finish school **at half past four**.

He goes out on Friday **at 7 p.m.**

She doesn't often go to bed **before 11 p.m.**

Remember!

a.m. (ante meridiem) before noon, the time from midnight to noon

p.m. (post meridiem) after noon, the time from noon to midnight

12 a.m. — midnight (полночь)

12 p.m. — noon (полдень)

P Listen and repeat.

Read the text quickly and choose the best title for it.

A Trevor's school

B Trevor's day

C Trevor's hobby

I love sleeping, so I never get up before 8 a.m. My mum usually wakes me up. I always have breakfast (usually at half past eight). I go to school at quarter to nine. School starts at nine o'clock in England. I have lunch at school at half past twelve. Lessons start again at 1.15 p.m. We finish school at 3.30 p.m. I usually come home at quarter to four.

After school I'm always tired and I never do my homework before dinner. My brain works best after dinner. We usually have dinner at 6 p.m. I often watch TV after school. My favourite sport programme starts at twenty past four. I don't often go to bed before 11 p.m but I never go to bed after midnight.



19 Read the text again and say whether these statements are **true** or **false**.

- 1 Trevor enjoys getting up early in the morning.
- 2 He goes to school at 8.45.
- 3 He goes home to have his lunch.
- 4 After lunch, lessons start again at quarter past one.
- 5 Trevor goes home at half past three.
- 6 He does his homework before dinner.
- 7 His favourite news programme starts at 4.20.
- 8 Trevor always goes to bed before midnight.

Too either



- Sometimes we can think in the same way with the other person while speaking.
- We do not have to use a long sentence again.
- What can we use in a short way?



SO, TOO, NEITHER, EITHER

-I like Japanese food a lot.

-**So** do I. / I do, **too**

-I'm crazy about dessert.

-**So** am I. / I am, **too**.

-I can eat spicy food.

-**So** can I. / I can, **too**.

- I don't like greasy food.

- **Neither** do I. / I don't **either**.

I'm not in the mood for Indian food.

Neither am I / I'm not **either**

I can't stand fast food.

Neither can I./ I can't **either**

LANGUAGE FOCUS:

Agreement with affirmative and negative statements

22

© T015 Listen and read.

I love reading.



I love reading, **too**.



P Listen and repeat.

I **don't** like maths.

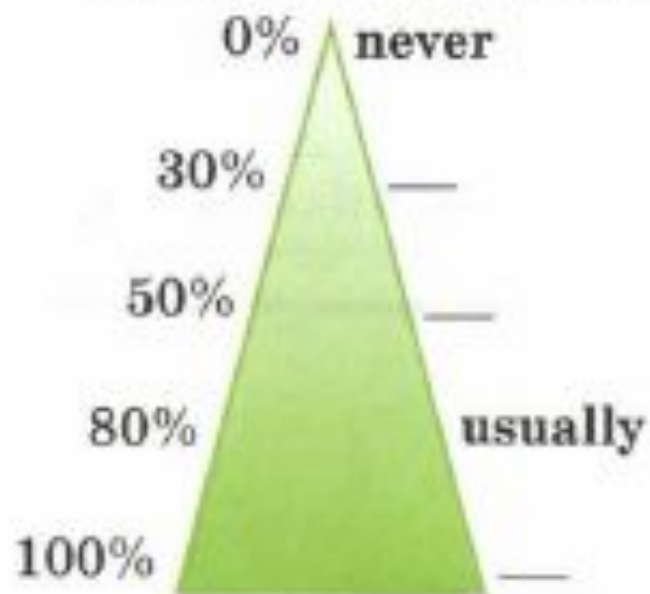


I **don't** like maths, **either**.



27 Look at the underlined words and complete the triangle with adverbs *sometimes*, *often*, *always*. Speak about yourself.

Example: What do you never do? What do you often do?



English children never go to school on Saturday.

Russian children sometimes have lunch at school.

English children often watch television in the evening.

English children usually have lunch at school.

English children always finish school at half past three.

Adverbs of Frequency

An adverb of frequency tells us how often something takes place.





28

Put the words in the correct order to make sentences.

- 1 bed/never/go/to/we/very late
- 2 always/bed/is/she/in/11 p.m./before/
- 3 usually/she/goes/the cinema/to/the weekend/at
- 4 sometimes/before/watch/they/TV/dinner
- 5 he/tired/often/is/school/after

I **seldom** go to cinema.
Do you **seldom** go to cinema?

Sometimes they go to cinema.
Do they go to cinema **sometimes**?

- 1) They usually have lunch at home.
- 2) Sometimes they go to Moscow.
- 3) They seldom give us their books.
- 4) I read this book every week.



Journey in time

Here are 10 facts about life in the USA 110 years ago:

- 1 Only 14 percent of homes in the US had a bathtub.
- 2 Many people died at the age of 50.
- 3 Only 8 percent of homes had a telephone.
- 4 There were only 8,000 cars in the US.
- 5 The maximum speed limit in most cities was 10 mph.
- 6 The American flag had 45 stars. Arizona, Oklahoma, New Mexico, Hawaii and Alaska were not states yet.
- 7 Crossword puzzles and television were not yet invented.
- 8 There was no Mother's Day or Father's Day.
- 9 One in ten US adults could not read or write.
- 10 Only 6 percent of all Americans had 10 years of schooling.

What will the 21st century bring? Let's see in 100 years!

