

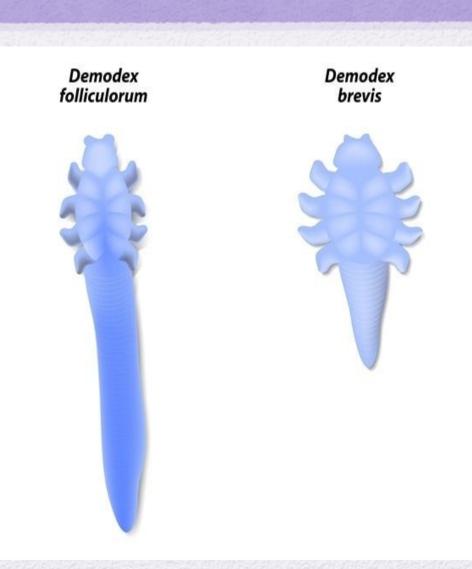


Presented by Hami Tran



What is Demodex?

- The Demodex mite is an eight-legged (an arachnid) ectoparasite that can reside in our hair follicles and sebaceous glands.
- Of the 65 described Demodex species, only **Demodex brevis** and **Demodex folliculorum** are found on humans.
- Demodex is contracted and spread by either direct contact or dust containing eggs.

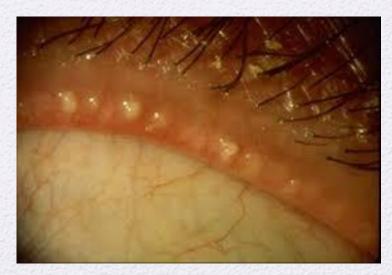


Demodex Brevis

• The adult *D. brevis* mite is about 0.2 mm long and tends to live inside the lash's sebaceous glands and in meibomian glands (type of glan in eyelids).



 It has been suggested that D. brevis can be associated with meibomian gland disease (photo) and subsequent tear lipid deficiency.



Demodex Folliculorum

- Longer, at about 0.4 mm in length, and has a more slender, tapered body than *D. brevis*.
- Lives within the hair follicles on human skin, feeding on dead skin cells.

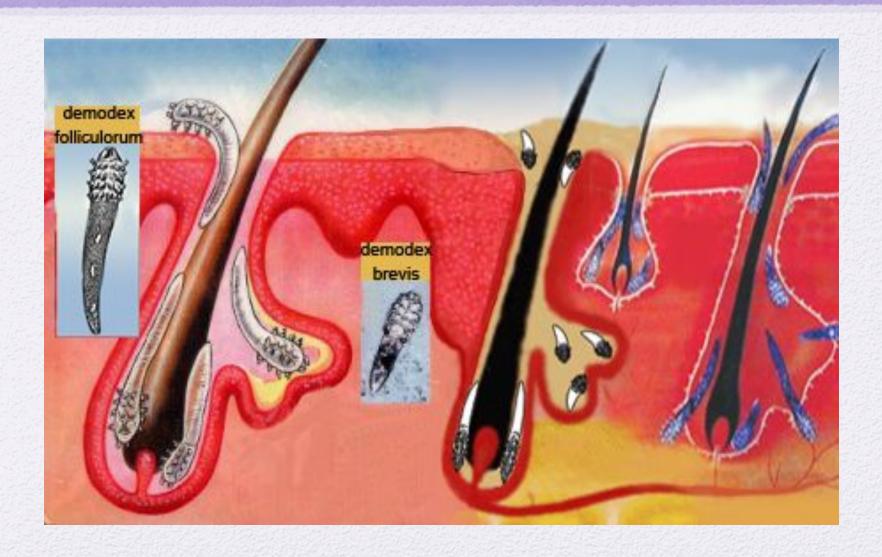


Demodex folliculorum

Железница угревая



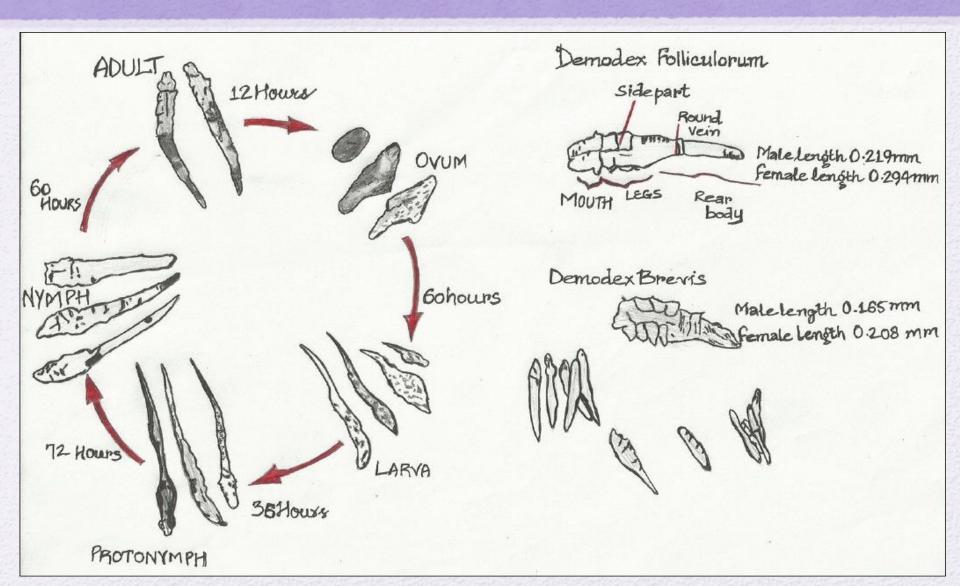
Yes, they are nasty:c



Life Cycle, Survival of Demodex

- The life cycle is usually 2 to 3 weeks.
- A female Demodex mite lays 15 to 20 eggs inside the hair follicle near the sebaceous glands.
- The eggs develop into larvae, which become an adult eight-legged mite.
- The adult male Demodex mite will leave the follicle in search of a mate, while the adult female mite remains in the follicle.
- The mites are capable of walking approximately 10 mm/h and tend to be more active in the dark.
- On dry skin, demodex does not live.

Life Cycle Map



Facts

- It's the myth that demodex is the cause of the appearance of acne.
- Demodex can live on healthy skin with out causing acne. Moreover, demodex is found on the healthy skin of most people, especially on oily skin.
- And only under certain favorable conditions for the development of the demodex mite leads to the formation of acne and the development of demodicosis.



Symptoms

- Itchy skin
- Scaly skin
- Redness
- Increased skin sensitivity
- Burning sensation
- Skin that feels rough like sandpaper
- Eczema (dermatitis)

How It Looks on the Face









I'M NOT FINISH

https://youtu.be/Tbr3PMNrfbw

How Do You treat Demodex?

- There are lots of medications and ways that can help you to prevent Demodex from spreading.
- Medical treatments are used when there is a large number of mites on your face. For D. folliculorum on the eyelashes, a medicated ointment may be used. This helps trap the mites and prevent them from laying their eggs in other hair follicles.

Medicine

 Creams, gels, and face washes with the following active ingredients may also help:

- benzyl benzoate
- salicylic acid
- selenium sulfide
- sulfur soap





Peace and Love:3

That's why ALWAYS WASH YOUR HANDS AND DON'T EVEN DARE TO TOUCH SOMEONE'S FACE!!!!

Thank You Very Much
For Listening