



ST'PETERSBURG, THE GREATEST CITY OF RUSSIA

Saint-Petersburg 2016



THE FOUNDATION OF THE CITY

St. Petersburg is the second largest city in Russia. It was founded in 1703 by Peter the Great in 1703. It is situated on both sides of the Neva and along the coast of the Gulf of Finland.

St. Petersburg was renamed several times into Petrograd, Leningrad. In 1991 it was given its original name.





THE CITY DURING THE WORLD WAR II



During the World War II the city was occupied by the fascists and cut off from the rest of the country. The blockade lasted for 900 days and it was broken in 1944. After the war the city was rebuilt.

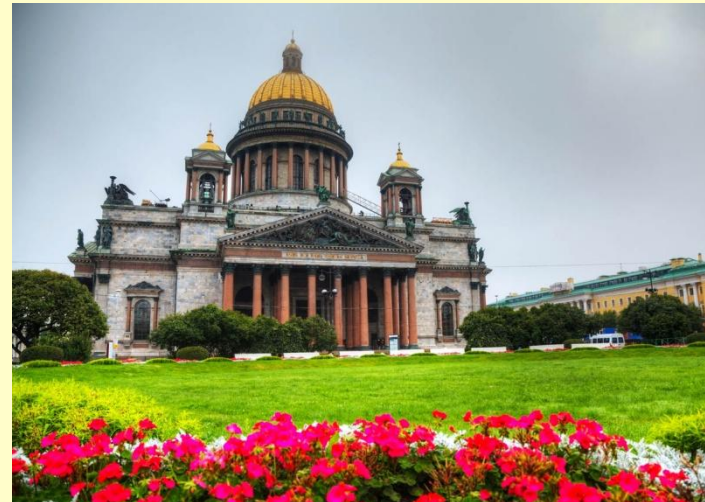




THE SIGHTS OF THE CITY



St. Petersburg is one of the most beautiful cities in the world. Our city is famous for its architecture. The magnificent buildings of the Winter Palace, the Admiralty, the Kazan and St. Isaac's Cathedral are masterpieces of the world architecture. The city is rich in monuments, museums and theatres. You can visit Peter- and- Paul's Fortress and the Summer Garden.





PETER AND PAUL FORTRESS



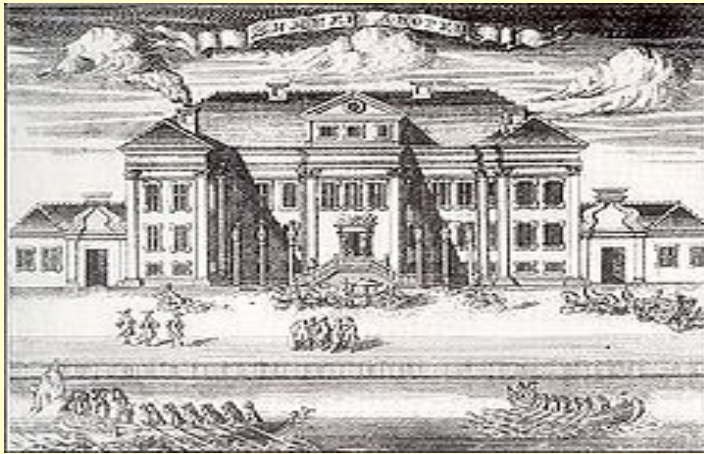
The history of the northern capital starts with the construction of Peter and Paul Fortress. That's why it's quite natural that the Peter and Paul Fortress is considered the oldest architect building .

At Holy Trinity May 27, 1703 Peter begins to strengthen the construction to protect the northern capital.

Its leadership was requested to Alexander Menshikov. As originally all the strengthening the buildings were wooden or excavation, the construction had already been finished by October.



WINTER PALACE



Winter Palace is one of the most important architectural monuments of St.Petersburg.

The palace is one of the highest achievements of Russian and world architecture of the XVIII century.

Originally Winter Palace was built by D.Trezzini in 1708 for the Emperor Peter the First and got the name "Winter small mansion"

Before the wedding of Catherine and Peter, in 1711-1712, the architect replaced it by the Second one, having taken down the first Winter Palace. It was named in honor of the upcoming wedding "Bridal chamber".

The Third Winter Palace was built by the architect G. I. Mattarnovi later - in 1716-1720. It was a magnificent two-stored building. In this Palace the Emperor Peter the Great spent the last years of his life. As a consequence of the mourning event of January 28 (February 8), 1725 Grand hall of the Palace was renamed into the Funeral .



PALACE SQUARE



Palace Square is the main square of St. Petersburg the architectural ensemble, appeared in the second half of the XVIII — the first half of the XIX century.

Historical and cultural monuments of federal significance: the Winter Palace, the building of the Guards corps headquarters, the building of the General staff with the triumphal arch, the Alexander column form the square.

As a part of the historic buildings of St. Petersburg's downtown the square is included in the World heritage list.



THE MOST FAMOUS SIGHTS OF ST.PETERSBURG

**You can visit the Hermitage and the
Mariinsky Opera and Ballet House.**





THE HERMITAGE

When, in 1852 the Hermitage was opened for the audience? It was the only European museum beyond England which had the collection of English paintings. Today “The Hermitage” is one of the largest museums of the world, the funds of which have a lot of really priceless works of art. It consists of the Winter Palace, the Old, the New and the Maly Hermitages, the Hermitage Theatre and the Hermitage Garage, the Spare house of the Winter Palace, Menshikov Palace and the Eastern part of the Headquarters.





THE MAGNIFICENT MONUMENTS

You can take photos of the Bronze Horseman and the Alexander Column.





THE BRONZE HORSEMAN

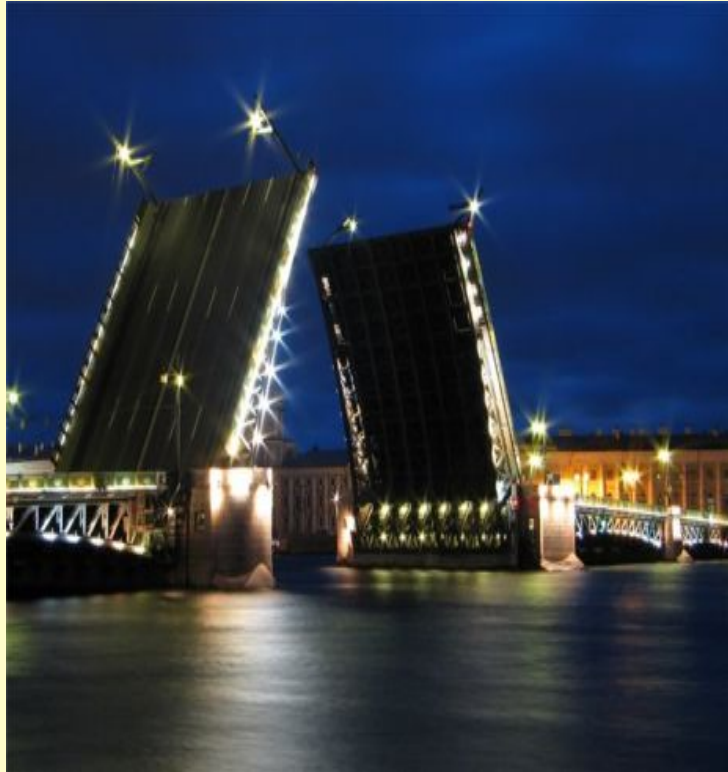


One of the famous monuments of the city, one of its sights and symbols of St. Petersburg, the horse statue of the Creator of the new capital and reformer of Russia Peter the Great. The Monument to Emperor Peter I, on the Senate square, was built during the reign of Empress Catherine II.

On both sides of the rock there are signs: Peter the Great to Catherine II summer 1782.



THE DVORTSOVY RAISING BRIDGE



Our city is also famous for the beautiful Neva and its bridges. St. Petersburg is especially beautiful during the White Nights in summer.



**The presentation was prepared by the
cadet of the first course
Tuktarov Emil**



LITERATURE:

- 1) <http://www.ilovepetersburg.ru;>
- 2) http://www.liveinternet.ru/users/sh_la/post214102953/#