

Курс

АНГЛИЙСКИЙ ЯЗЫК ДЛЯ ТРЕНЕРОВ



Pronouns

Содержание:

- Личные местоимения
- Притяжательные местоимения
- Указательные местоимения
- Возвратные местоимения



Личные Местоимения

(кто, что)

Местоимение	Перевод	Пример	
I	Я	${f I}$ am a girl. – ${f S}$ (есть) девочка.	
You	Вы, ты	You are beautiful. – Ты (Вы) красивая.	
He	Он	He is a pupil. – Он (есть) ученик.	
She	Она	She is a girl. – Она (есть) девочка)	
It	Оно	It is a flower. – Это (есть) цветок).	
We	Мы	We love apples. — Мы любим яблоки.	
They	Они	They are a family. – Они (есть) семья.	



Личные Местоимения

(кого, что, кому, чему, кем, чем)

Местоимение	Перевод	Пример	
Me	Мне, Меня	He loves \mathbf{me} . — Он любит \mathbf{mehs} .	
You	Тебя, Вас	I love you . – Я люблю тебя .	
Him	Его, Ему	I love him . – Я люблю его .	
Her	Ее, Ей	I love \mathbf{her} . — Я люблю \mathbf{ee} .	
Us	Нас, Нам	They love us . – Они любят нас .	
Them	Их, Им	We love them . – Мы любим их .	



Притяжательные Местоимения

(чей, чья, чье)

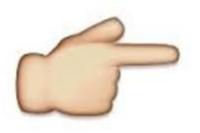
Местоимение	Перевод	Пример	
My	Мой	It is my book. – Это моя книга.	
Your	Твой, Ваш	It is your pen. – Это твоя ручка.	
His	Ero	It is his birthday. — Это его день рождения.	
Her	Ee	It is her dress. – Это ее платье.	
Our	Наш	It is our wedding day. – Это день нашей свадьбы.	
Their	Их	It is their house. – Это их дом.	



Притяжательные Местоимения

(чей, чья, чье)

Местоимение	Перевод	Пример	
Mine	Мой	The book is mine . – Эта книга моя .	
Yours	Твой, Ваш	The pen is yours . – Эта ручка твоя .	
His	Ero	The car is \mathbf{his} . – Эта машина \mathbf{ero} .	
Hers	Ee	The dress is hers . – Это платье ee .	
Ours	Наш	The boy is ours . – Этот мальчик наш .	
Theirs	Их	The house is theirs . – Этот дом их .	



Указательные местоимения

Местоимение	Перевод	Пример	
Единственное число			
This	Этот , эта, это This is a ball. – Это мяч.		
That	Тот, та, то	That is a book. – То – книга.	
Множественное число			
These	Эти	These are balls. –Это мячи.	
Those	Te	Those are books. – То – книги.	

Личные местоимения (я, он, их, вас...)

- (He, she, it) is a flower.
- My granny lives in a country.
- I go to (her, she, them) on holidays.
- My parents are doctors. (He, they, them) work in a hospital.
- (She, I, he) love my mom.
- I have a brother. Sometimes I ask (her, he, him) to help me.
- (Them, they, it) are going to school at the moment.
- (He, she, you) study very well.

- Притяжательные местоимения (наше, ваш, твой, мой...)
- My dad has a car. (Her, he, his) car is red.
- (Their, them, they) house is quite big.
- I have a boat. The boat is (my, mine, their).
- I like (your, him, it) answer more than (me, its, theirs).
- (My, mine, your) dog wails (his, her, its) tail when I come from school.
- We live in a small town. (Our, his, ours) town is very nice.
- She wears (their, her, his) dress to school every day.

Указательные местоимения (этот, те, эти...)

- (That, this) is our house and (that, this) is theirs.
- (This, these) are books.
- (This, these) is a red ball and (this, that) is a yellow ball.
- (That, these) is a cat and (those, this) are mice.
- I like (this, these) flowers!
- (That, those) pictures are very beautiful.
- They live in (these, this) country.

Simple tenses

- Present simple
- Past simple
- Future simple

Present Simple

- Present Simple используют обычно для описания постоянных, регулярных событий. Вот основные случаи его употребления:
- Повторяющиеся и регулярные действия, привычки; I brush my teeth every day.
- Общеизвестные факты; The sun is a star.
- Действия «сейчас» в самом широком смысле этого слова; I study Chinese. I live in Sidney.

Present Simple

Настоящее время – используется для описания привычных и постоянных действия



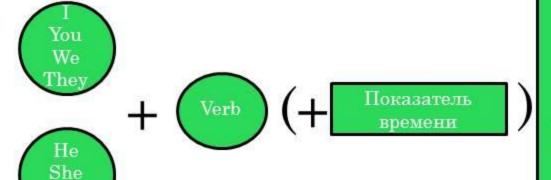
I often play with my dog.



I brush my teeth every morning.



I usually go to school by bus.





Показатели времени

Always — Всегда
Often — Часто
Usually — Обычно
Sometimes — Иногда
Seldom — Редко
Never — Никогда
Rarely — Редко
Every day\week\month\year —
Каждый
день\неделю\месяц\год.

At the weekend – На выходных

КУРС "АНГЛИЙСКИЙ ЯЗЫК ДЛЯ ТРЕНЕРОВ"

Exercises

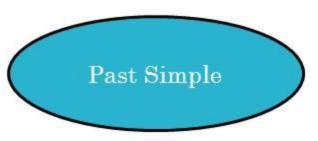
1. Her father (work)		
2. Her mother (stay)	at h	nome.
 3. Masha (drink) 	tea every	morning.
 4. And her parents (drink 	() NESS	coffee.
 5. The road to the schoo 	l (take)	a lot of time.
• 6. They (go)	on a bus.	
 7. At school Masha (sit) 	/42	with Natasha.
 8. They usually (talk) 	about the	eir favourite
cartoons.	1998	
9. Masha (love)	to study.	

Present simple



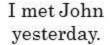
Past simple

- Past Simple используется для описания событий в прошлом. Вот несколько случаев:
- Описание простого прошлого; I saw John at school yesterday. I met him at him street.
- Перечисление последовательности; I saw him, then waved at him and crossed the street.
- Регулярность в прошлом. He often came here.



Прошедшее время – используется для описания действий в прошлом



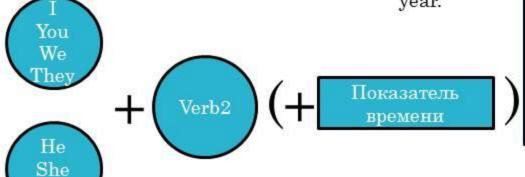


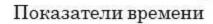


I had a toothache the other day.



We went to Paris last year.



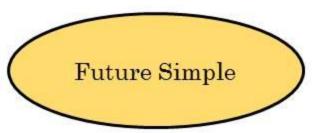


Yesterday — Вчера
Just now — Только что
The other day — На днях
Last week\month\year — На
прошлой неделе\месяце\году
An hour ago — Час назад
In 1995 — В 1995
At 5 o'clock — В 5 часов

- 1. She (to visit) her best friend yesterday evening.
- 2. They (to have) a big and tasty breakfast.
- 3. The child (to go) to bed at 10 p.m.
- 4. Where (you\to stay) last night?
- 5. (She\to stay) at her parents' house?
- 6. The film (to be) very good. I really (to enjoy) it.

Future simple

- Future Simple командует тем, что случится в будущем. Вот, в каких случаях оно может использоваться:
- Простое будущее событие; I will call you tomorrow.
- Регулярные действия; I will come here every year.
- Описание последовательности; I will come home, my mother will give us some food and we will hit the road.





I will call you tomorrow.

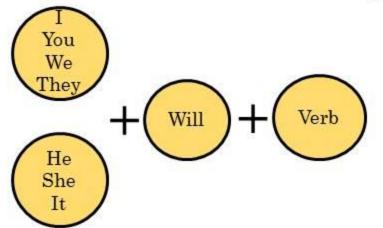
Простое будущее время используется для описания действий, который произойдут в будущем.



We will move in next fall.



I will come here every year.





Показатели времени

Tomorrow — Завтра
Tonight — Сегодня вечером
Next week\month\year — На
следующей
неделе\месяце\году
In an hour\minute — Через
час\минуту
Later — Позже
Soon — Скоро
In the future — В будущем

- —Mary called you last night. Ok. I (to call back) in a minute.
- They (to go) on a picnic tomorrow? I do not think so.
- The weather (not/to get) better.
- His parents believe that she (to become) an artist one day.
- —I (to buy) that dress, she said to the shop assistant.
- Monica (to be) 5 years old next month.
- What you (to get) for her birthday? I really have no ideas.
- —We are running out of petrol! Don't worry. We (to get) some on our way back.
- —Have you made up your mind about what to do with that offer? —Yes. I believe I (not/to reject) it.
- I (to protect) you from anything, my dear baby.
- I am not confident in my knowledge. I think I (not/to pass) the test. It scares
 me.
- After breakfast I (to set off) to the school. It is one day before the exam.

The Tenses

	Simple	Continuous	Perfect	Perfect Continuous
Present	 I have a dog. She doesn't have a dog. Do you have a dog? 	 I am drawing right now. She isn't drawing right now. Are you drawing right now? 	 I have done my homework already. She hasn't done my homework yet. Have you done your homework already. 	 I have been writing this letter for 3 hours already. I haven't been writing this letter for 3 hours already. Have you been writing this letter for 3 hours already?
Past	 I had a dog. She didn't have a dog. Did you have a dog? 	 I was drawing at that time. She wasn't drawing at that time. Were you drawing at that time? 	 I had brushed teeth before I went to bed. She hadn't brushed her teeth before she went to bed. Had you brushed your teeth before you went to bed? 	I had been doing this report and then I found it in the Internet.
Future	 I will have a dog. She will have a dog. Will you have a dog? 	 I will be drawing tomorrow. She will not be drawing tomorrow. Will you be drawing tomorrow? 	Next year I will have been married for 30 years.	This time next month I will have been working here for 3 years.