The Role of Queen in British Politics



 The Queen in England plays the role of the Head of State in a Constitutional monarchy. In this system all powers to frame and execute laws reside with the Parliament and the Queen has no role to play here. The Constitutional monarch governs according to the rules passed by the Parliament. She has to maintain total political neutrality.

 The Queen continues to be the head of the state for any change in the government. This in a way is meant to provide stability. The Queen has a role in bestowing honors and in the appointment of the Parliamentary leaders. Also, the Queen is the Head of the Armed Forces.





• The Queen is the official Head of State and a symbol of the unity of the nation. She represents the tradition and a continuity of the monarchy. The Crown is hereditary and is passed on to the sovereign's eldest son (or daughter if there are no sons). The Queen works very hard. She reads State papers, signs documents, receives ambassadors and important visitors from abroad. She appoints the Prime Minister and other Ministers, judges, diplomats and bishops in the Church of England. She meets the Prime Minister once a week to discuss affairs of State and receive copies of all Cabinet papers. Laws are not laws until they have received her approval (the Royal Assent).

• She is expected to be impartial, or "above party politics".





• The Royal Family money comes from two sources: government funds and their own personal wealth, which is considerable. On the one hand the Queen is certainly one of the richest women in the world, but on the other her power is limited by the fact that so many of her expenses are paid for by government money. Parliament has had effective control of the monarch's finances since the seventeenth century.







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