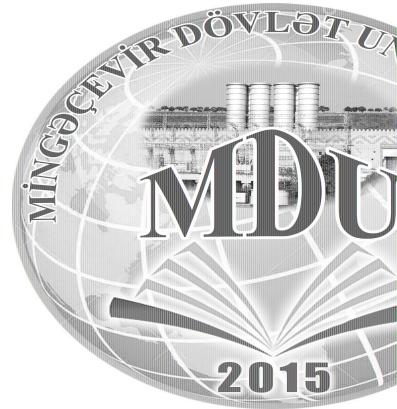




**Koronavirusa
birgə qalib gələk!**



Chair: Foreign Languages

Aims of the lesson - improve reading and listening skills and learn new words

To do shopping



When we want to buy something for the family, we must go to the shop where we can buy everything we want. But in our family my father always goes shopping. Some days ago my father felt ill and my mother told me to do shopping myself.

That day I took a shopping bag and left the house for the market. When I was going there I met Arif, a friend of mine, who was also going shopping. We both went to the supermarket, which was not far from our house. There one can buy everything he needs. It is a large two-storied building with a grocery shop on the first floor.



When we entered the shop there were many people. They were buying bread at the baker's, meat at the butcher's. Then we went to the greengrocer's for vegetables, or fruits. Some people were buying cakes and various kinds of sweets at the confectioner's.

If you want to buy any clothes, you must go to the men's and boys' or ladies' and girls' outfitter's. Except of all these you will buy boots and shoes at the boot and shoe shop, jewelery and silver and gold watches at the jeweler's, cigarettes at the tobacconist's, and books at the bookseller's.



In all the departments salesmen or the salesgirls standing behind the counter will meet you. The cashier you will meet at the cash desk in all departments too. When crossing the departments one by one you will see the salesgirls behind the counters serving the customers. When buying things we always ask the salesmen - “How much is this?” or “What is the price of that?” The answer will be ... After knowing the price the salesman or the salesgirl gives us the goods we need. The cashier weighs that good again and tells us the whole sum to pay. Then we give money to the cashier. The cashier then we gives us a check and of course our change. Then he wraps the good and gives it to you. I put that good in my shopping bag, thank her for serving and leave the shop.



New words

a shopping - alver, bazarlıq

to buy - almaq

to be sold - satılmaq

a shopping bag - bazar çantası

A market - bazar, dükan

Both - hər ikisi

A supermarket - universal mağaza

To need - ehtiyacı olmaq

Two-storied building - ikimərtəbəli bina

A grocery shop - ərzaq malları mağazası

a department stor - univərmaq

A butcher's - ət dükanı

Greengrocer's - tərəvəz dükanı

A vegetable - tərəvəz

A fruitterer's - meyvə dükançısı

A cake - tort

Sweet - konfet, sirniyyat

A salesgirl – satıcı qadın (qız)
behind - arxada, arxasında
a counter – pıştaxta /dükanda/
a cashdesk – kassa
to cross – keçmək, ötüb keçmək
a customer – alıcı /dükanda/
a price – qiymət (malın)
a bill – hesab çeki
to be weighed – tərəzidə çəkmək
to wrap – bükmək /malı və s./
scales – tərəzi
cashier – kassır
a change – xırda pul



Exercises

I. Answer the questions

1. What do we do when we want to buy something?
2. What happened to speaker's father?
3. How can we ask about the price of something?
4. Where do we buy clothes?
5. Is the department store far from their house?
6. How can you describe the department store?
7. Do you like shopping?
8. What was the last thing you bought?

II. Use the verbs in the Present Simple or Present Continuous Tense

1. You must (to pay) the bill for the goods at once.
2. We (to go) to the supermarket to do shopping ourselves.
3. He (to look) around the department to buy some socks.
4. She will not (to forget) going to the baker's (to buy) some bread.
5. I didn't want (to choose) such thing for my birthday party.
6. I shall (to decide) to pack everything myself.
7. A friend of mine (to come) to me and thanked me for everything.
8. They always (to sell) ready-made clothes for grown up people.
9. That customer (to want) to buy some cheaper material.
10. Shoe department (to sell) only foreign made shoes.
11. The younger salesgirls (to serve) only children.
- 12.

III. Use the verbs in Past Simple or Past Continuous form

1. She always (to bring) foreign fashion goods for men.
2. The students (to go) to the supermarket in the center.
3. The salesman (to hand) them another coat to wear.
4. The boy (to try on) the new fashion raincoat there.
5. The saleswoman (to put on) the new pair shoes.
6. This (to be) the most famous department store in our street.
7. My friend (to decide) to drop in a leather department.

III. Listen to the dialogues and complete the sentences below.







SNACKS AND DRINK



I.Translate the sentences into the Azerbaijani language

- 1. You mustn't be so slow in choosing presents for your boys.**
- 2. They wanted to buy some pairs of socks and some handkerchiefs.**
- 3. I came to the cash desk and paid the bill at once.**
- 4. When winter comes you have to wear warm clothes only.**
- 5. For warm clothes people go to the department store.**
- 6. She was looking for the dictionary to translate the text.**
- 7. The young customer was looking for the leather goods.**
- 8. I asked the shop assistant to bring some packets of cigarettes.**
- 9. The saleswoman went into the store and soon came back.**
- 10. What was the reason for you to give up smoking forever?**
- 11. Were they satisfied with the things, which we bought yesterday?**
- 12. I told my mother not to be worried for my shopping**
- 13. The shop assistant wrote us a bill to take to the cash desk.**
- 14. I advised him to wear a white shirt and black tie for the party.**