

Pronouns

Take the place of a noun



She

Example: She is playing.



He

Example: He is happy.

The Pronoun

Classification of pronouns

- 1) personal: i, he, she, it, we, you, they
- 2) possessive: my, his, her, its, our, your, their
- 3) reflexive: myself, himself, herself, itself, ourselves
- 4) reciprocal: each other, one another
- 5) demonstrative: this, that, such
- 6) interrogative: who, whose, what, which
- 7) relative: who, whose, which, that, as
- 8) conjunctive: who, whose, which, what
- 9) defining: each, every, everybody, everyone
- 10) indefinite: some, any, somebody, anybody, thing
- 11) negative: no, none, neither, nobody, no one

PERSONAL PRONOUNS





They



She



He



It



I



We



You

Case

- Each personal pronoun has three cases: *subject*, *object*, and *possessive*. Which form to use depends on the pronouns function in a sentence.

Subject: **He** read about Death Valley.

Object: Julie asked **him** about the rocks.

Possessive: Ramon brought **his** book.



Possessive Pronouns:

- Some pronouns can take the place of possessive nouns.
- A pronoun that shows ownership is called a possessive pronoun.

my your her his
its our their

- An ant crawled on her leg.
- I swept ants off their table.

Possessive Pronouns

Possessive pronouns have two forms. One form is used before a noun. The other form is used alone.

	Singular	Plural
Used before nouns	my your his, her, its	our your their
Used alone	mine yours his, hers, its	ours yours theirs

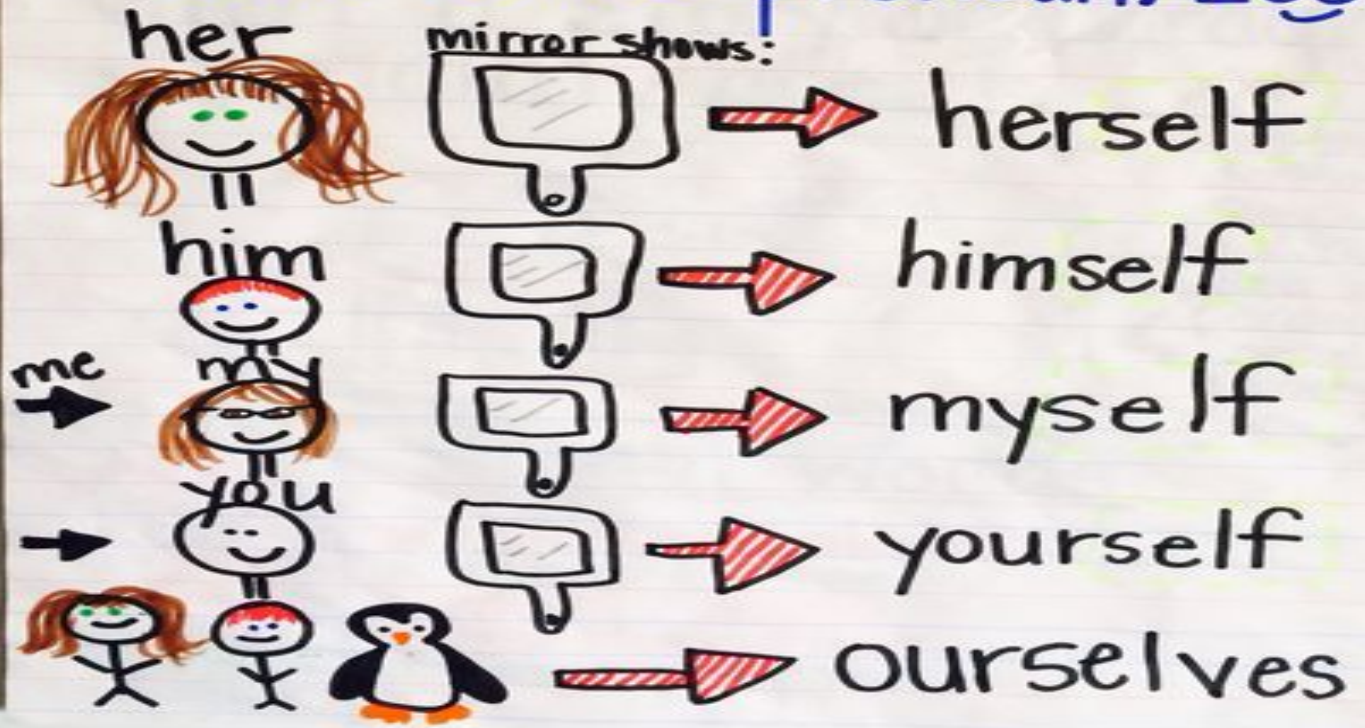
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**POSSESSIVE PRONOUNS ARE OFTEN
USED BEFORE THE NAMES OF
THE PARTS OF THE
BODY, CLOTHING, ETC .IN THAT
CASE THEY ARE NOT TRANSLATED IN
RUSSIAN**



Reflexive Pronouns -

A mirror shows a reflection. Reflexive Pronouns show back to the pronoun. Look:





REFLEXIVE PRONOUNS



PERSON	SINGULAR	PLURAL
1st	Myself	Ourselves
2nd	Yourself	Yourselves
3rd	Herself Himself Itself oneself	themselves

**We use reflexive pronouns
when the pronoun both
does and receives the action.**

(Reflexive pronouns
always act as **objects**,
not **subjects**.)



Right:

“**I** hurt **myself**.”

“**She** dressed **herself**.”

“**They** contradicted **themselves**.”

“**He** locked **himself** out of the car.”



Wrong:

“John and **myself** are sick.”

“They loved Sam and **ourselves**.”



2. Reflexive pronouns may be used as predicatives

Ex: When she came back she was **herself again**

3. Reflexive pronouns may be used to form the reflexive voice (in this case reflexive pronouns are structural words)

Ex: And then I dressed **myself and came away to find you**





RECIPROCAL PRONOUNS

A reciprocal pronoun is a pronoun used to identify an action or feeling that is reciprocated

We use reciprocal pronouns when each of two or more subjects is acting in the same way towards the other.

For example, Ram is talking to Sita, and Sita is talking to Ram. So we say-

- Ram and Sita are talking to each other

THERE ARE TWO TYPES OF **RECIPROCAL PRONOUNS** IN THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE:

- EACH OTHER
- ONE ANOTHER



Reciprocal pronouns have 2 cases

1.Common case-used as an object

Ex: They are shaking hands with **one another**

2.General case-used as an attribute

Ex:They took **each other`s hands**



Demonstrative Pronouns

THIS

THAT


THESE

THOSE

THIS 

SINGULAR



THESE 

PLURAL



THAT 

SINGULAR



THOSE 

PLURAL



Usage of Demonstrative Pronouns in Sentences



THAT is
amazing.



THIS
feels right.



THIS
is prettier
than THAT.



THOSE
are mine.



THESE
look great.

Interrogative pronouns

They are those words used to ask for an element of the sentence.

We always find them in the beginning of the interrogative sentence.

They usually start by the letters "wh-".

who

how

what





USAGE OF INTERROGATIVE PRONOUNS IN SENTENCES

RELATIVE PRONOUNS



WHO

It is used to refer to people

Example: The man who works at the Post Office is very kind.



WHICH

It is used to refer to animals and objects

Example: Tina has a bunch of flowers which his friend bought.



WHOSE

It is used to refer to possession

Example: Whose is that dictionary?
Have you seen the girl whose father

THAT

It is used to refer to people, animals,

It can replace WHO or WHICH

Example: The blue jacket that she is putting on belongs to her friend.



WHERE

It used to refer to places

The hotel where we slept was excellent

WHEN

It is used to refer to time

That was the day when my sister was born



Indefinite Pronouns

someone

Someone took a cookie from the cookie jar!



There is something fishy going on!



something

somebody

Somebody took a cookie from the cookie jar!



Somewhere over the rainbow...

somewhere



indefinite pronouns

PRESENTATION ENDED



**THANK YOU FOR YOUR
ATTENTION :)**