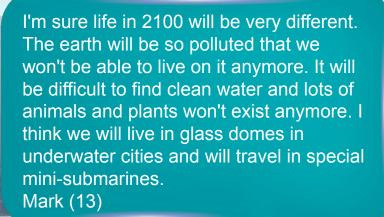


# Module 5 What the future holds





I think that we will be able to take holidays on the moon in 2100. A moon shuttle will travel from the Earth to the moon in only a few hours. There will be moon hotels where people can stay, and moon zoos, where we can see strange creatures. People will wear special suits that keep them on the ground. But I'm not sure everyone will have enough money to go on a holiday to the moon. **Jake** (14)

- Mark thinks that the earth will be
- a) covered in water
- b) very dirty
- c) cleaner than today
- 2. Jennifer believes there will be no robotic
- a) teachers
- b) schools
- c) housemaids
- 3. Jake thinks that not everyone will
- a) want to go on holiday to the moon
- b) be able to go on holiday to the moon \
- c) live on the moon
- 4. Brad thinks that flying cars will
- a) use a new kind of fuel
- b) cause pollution
- c) create traffic jams

I think life will change for the better in 2100. Everyone will have a robotic housemaid that will do all the housework and look after the kids. We will also have robotic teachers and if you don't want to go to school, you won't have to because there will be online schools. Jennifer (13)

> I believe we will have flying cars and we will be able to fly around cities. If we have flying cars, there won't be any traffic jams. I also think that there won't be any petrol left, so we will use another fuel that won't cause pollution. It will be better for the planet.

Brad (14)

# **Future Simple**

used to make predictions about the future based on what we think or imagine

I think life will be very different in 2100.

I think ...
I'm sure ...
I believe ...

+ / / you / we / they / he / she / it

will V<sub>1</sub>

I / you / we / they / he / she / it

won't V<sub>1</sub>

? Will

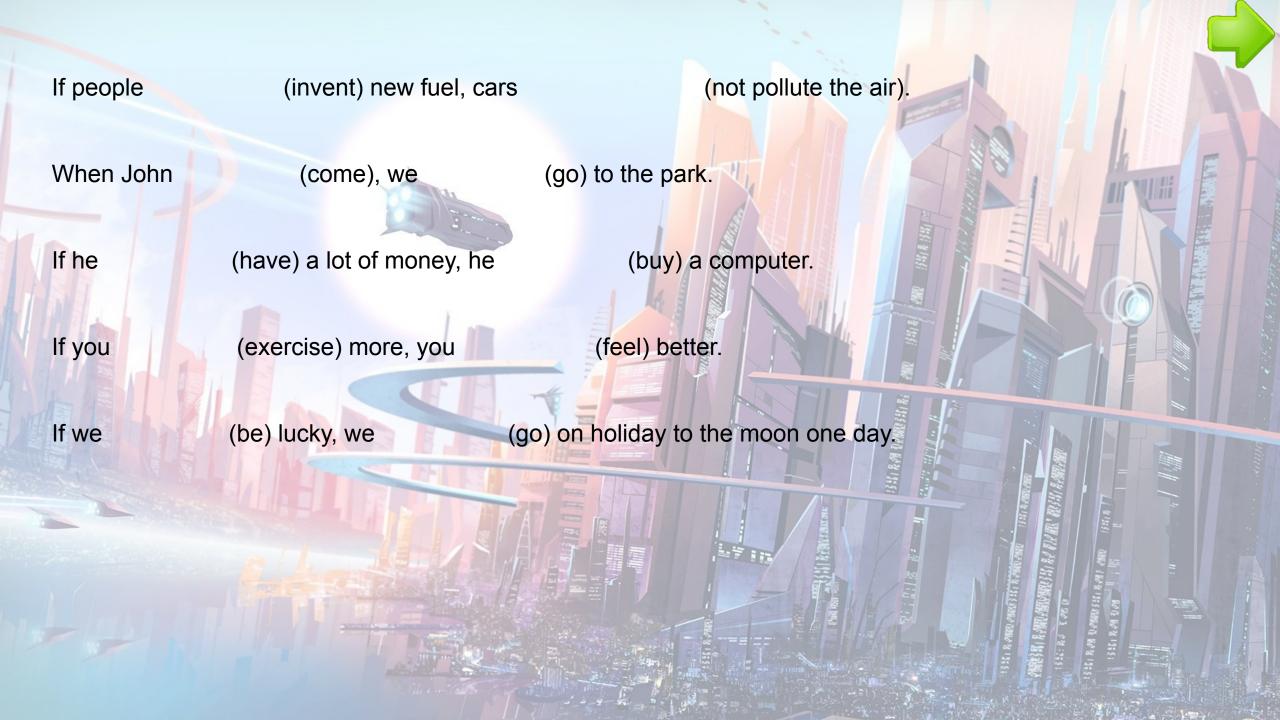
I / you / we / they / he / she / it

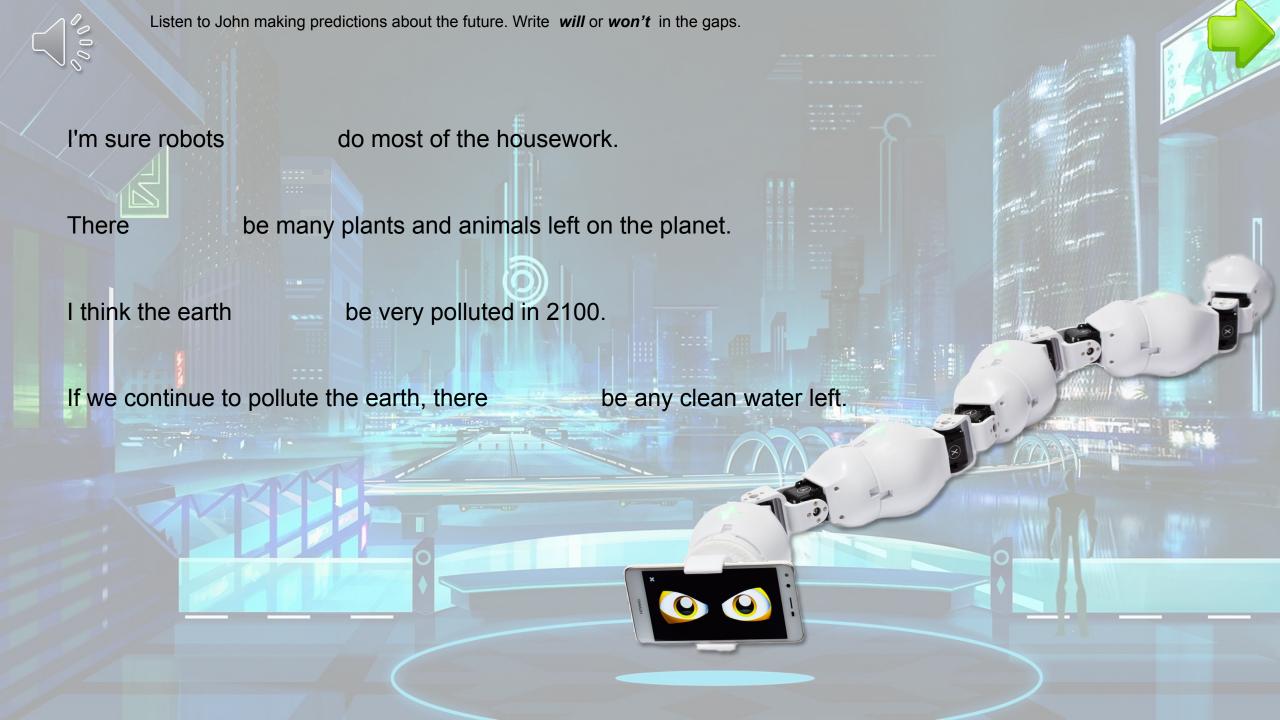
į.

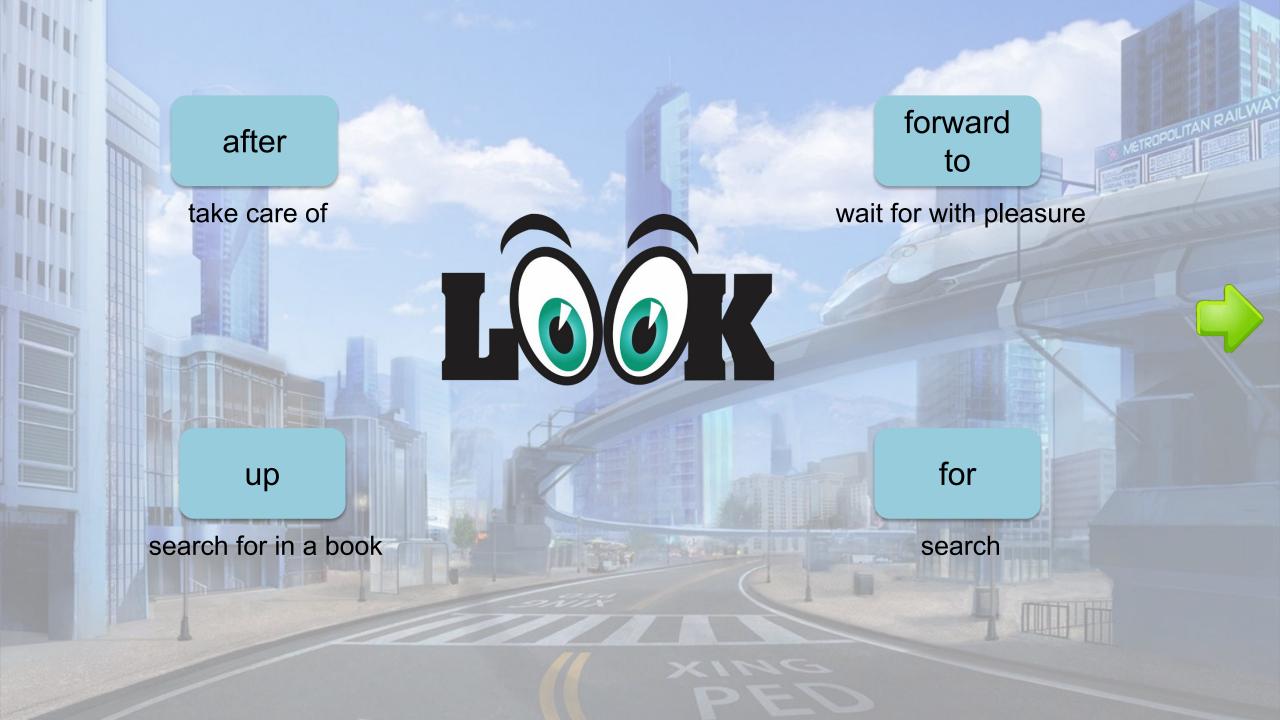
 $V_1$ 

We use the *Present*Simple after **if** and **when**,
not the Future Simple

If / When I go to Spain, I will take lots of photographs







look after We're really our summer holidays this year. look up Who will your little brother when your parents are at work? look forward to A: What are you B: My history textbook. look for I'll get the dictionary and the words I don't know.







**Chris**: Hey, Bridget! Where are you going?

**Bridget**: Hi, Chris. I'm on my way to buy a virtual pet.

**Chris**: What are you talking about? What is a virtual pet?

Bridget: Well, my mum says I can't have a real dog so I am going to

get a computerised one. **Chris**: A computerised dog?

Bridget: Yes, Chris, I am going to buy a puppy, name it, feed it, and

train it. All I have to do is press buttons on the gadget!

**Chris**: So when your virtual dog is hungry, you press a button that

shows you are feeding it?

Bridget: Exactly! There is a button for walking it as well. It will be like

having a real dog, because you have to take care of it every day.

Chris: Oh, come off it! It won't be like a real pet because it won't show

you any affection!

**Bridget**: Well... You have a point there. Still I like the idea.

Bridget is going to

A virtual pet is

When the virtual pet is hungry,

A virtual pet can't

## **Future Forms**



### Future Simple

- выражение решений, принятых в момент речи
- предсказание будущих событий, основанное на предположениях
- выражение обещаний, угроз, предупреждений, просьб, надежд, предположений
- выражение действий и событий, которые непременно произойдут в будущем и на которые мы не можем повлиять

be going to

- описание планов и намерений на будущее
- выражение предсказаний, имеющих объективные основания

Present Continuous

• выражение действий, запланированных на ближайшее будущее, обычно с указанием времени

Present Simple

• официальное составленные расписания и программы

### Time markers:

tomorrow
the day after tomorrow
tonight
soon
next week / month / year
in a week / month

It's very cold in here. I'll turn on the heating. Future Simple (решение, принятое в момент речи)

I think they'll win the match tonight. Future Simple (предсказание)

I promise I won't be late. Future Simple (обещание)

Now that I've got the money, I'm going to buy a digital camera.

be going to (планы на будущее)

I'm having lunch with Jane tomorrow. Present Continuous (запланированное действие)

Look! He's in front. He's going to win the race.

be going to (предсказание, имеющее объективное основание)

# **Zero Conditional**

for natural laws and general truths

If / When + Present Simple

**Present Simple** 

When you heat ice, it melts.

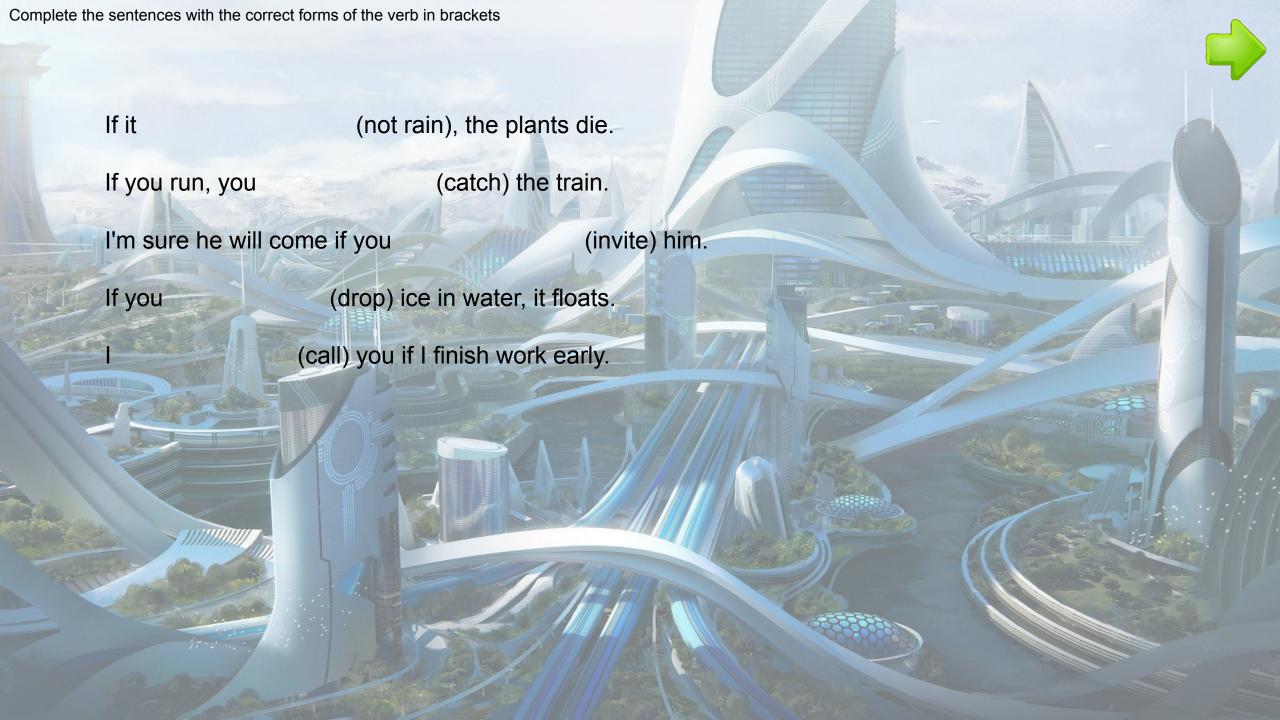
# **First Conditional**

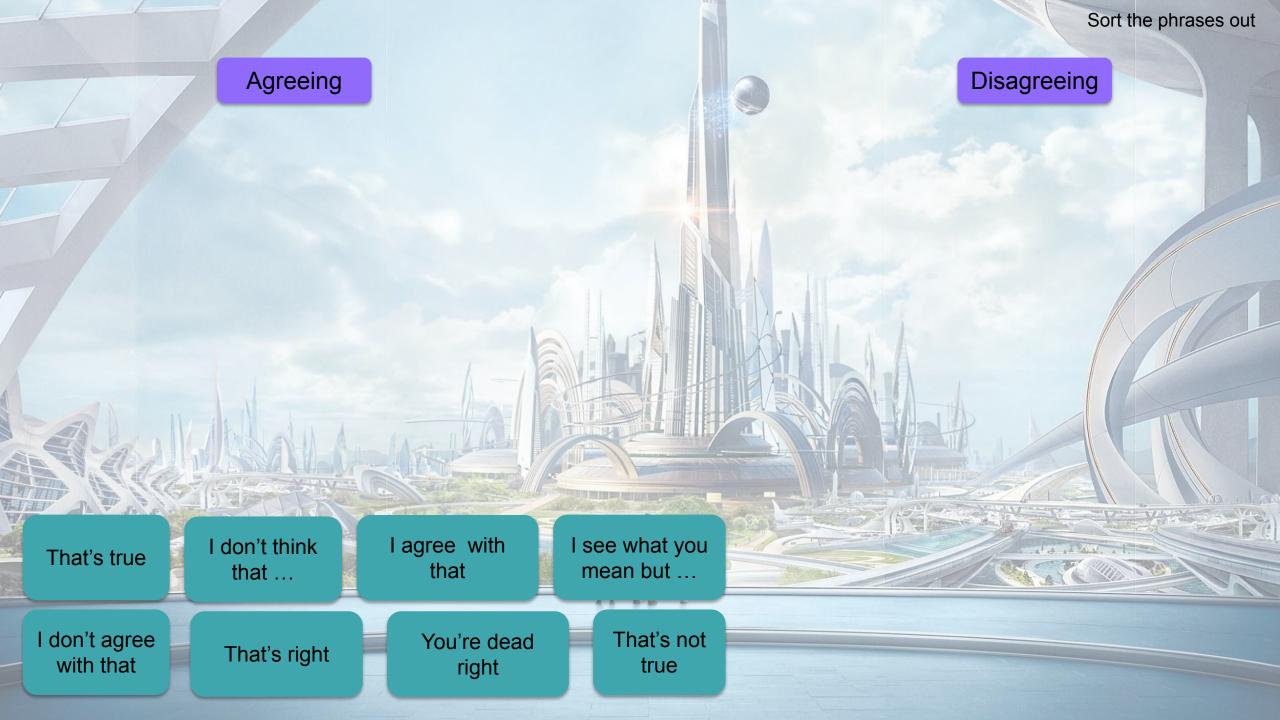
for hypothetical future actions

If / When + Present Simple

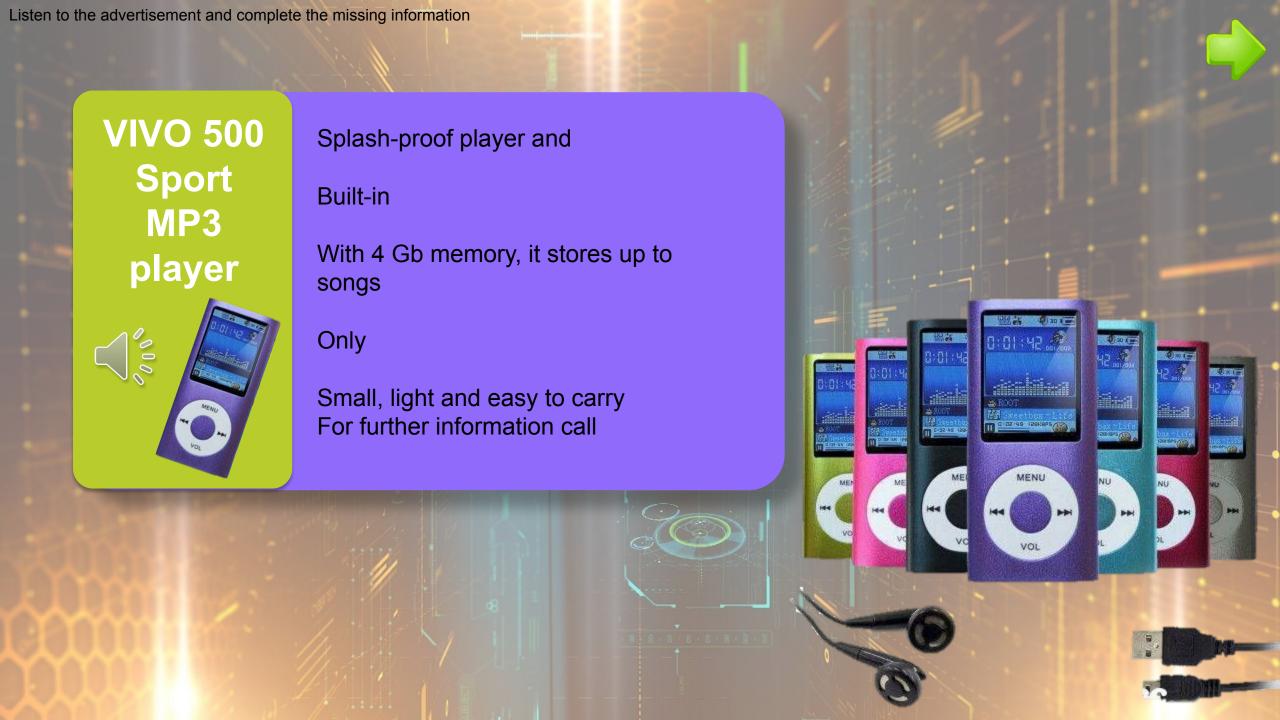
will + infinitive

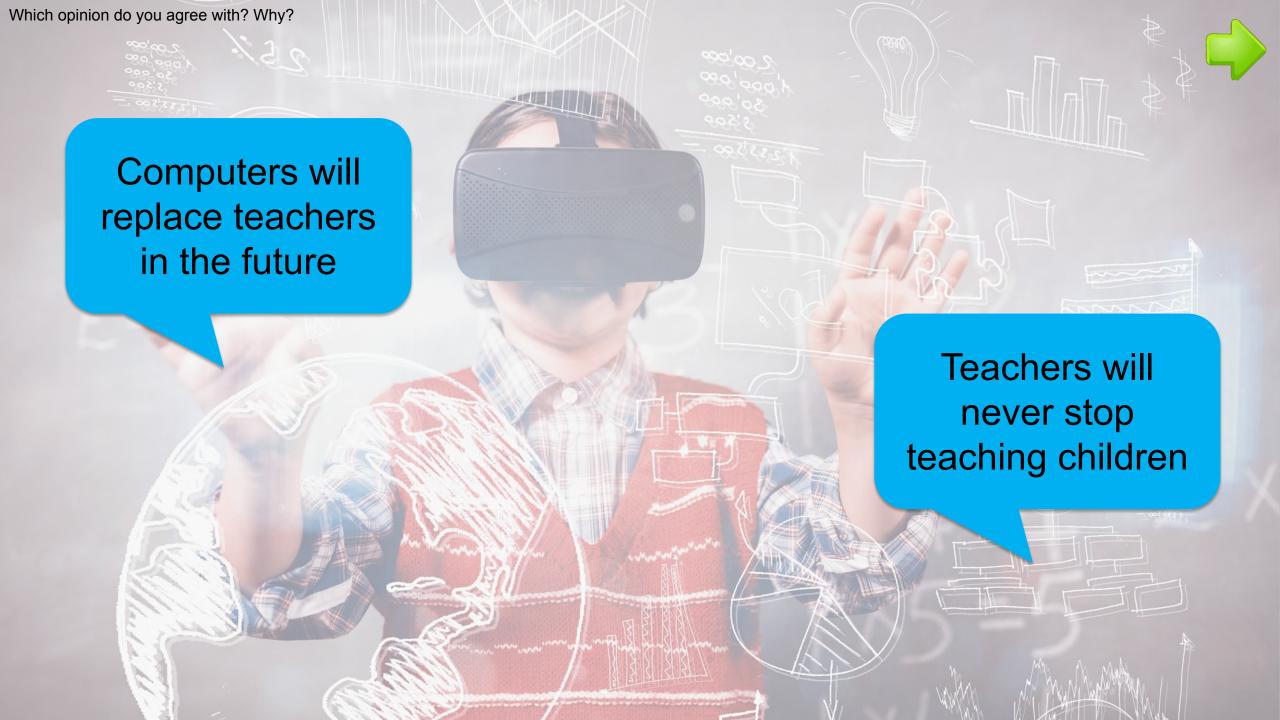
If you study hard, you will pass your exams.

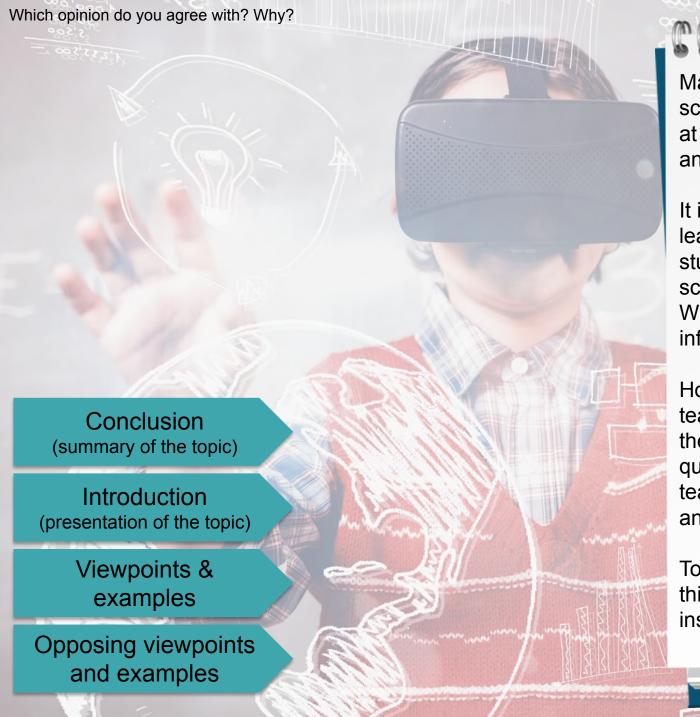














Many people believe that there won't be any schools in the future. Instead, students will learn at home with the help of a personal computer and the Internet.

It is true that technology plays a big part in learning today. In many parts of the world, students use personal computers to write their school assignments or keep notes of lectures. What's more, students go online to look up useful information or do an online course.

However, computers will never be able to replace teachers. Teachers motivate their students, help them out with difficult tasks, answer their questions and give clear explanations. Moreover, teachers show young children how to behave and act as role models for them.

To sum up, technology can help students learn things. Unfortunately, it cannot offer them the inspiration and support that teachers can. What percentage of teens own a DVD player?

What two items do 30% of teens own?

What item do most children have in their bedroom?

What percentage of kids own a digital TV?

How do they pay for the gadgets?

Teenagers spend a lot of time in their bedrooms hanging out with their friends but your average teenager's bedroom has changed a lot in the past few years.

Up until recently, teenagers had teddy bears, dolls sports equipment, tape recorders, board games and the odd radio in their bedroom. Nowadays, these traditional toys are all but gone and innovations such as MP3 music players and games consoles are popular instead.

A recent survey showed that seven out of ten British teens have a TV in their room and six out of ten have a games console. More than half the children have a DVD player or a hi-fi system, while around one in three have a digital music player (mp3) or a computer (PC), and 10% of teens have digital TV.

So, it's not surprising that around a third of the kids have gadgets worth up to £2000 in their rooms. How do they pay for them? Well, nine out of ten of them receive these hi-tech goods as Christmas or birthday presents, while others save their pocket money or earn the money through working.

Some parents might be shocked to find out that their son or daughter could be sleeping on a gold mine. It seems fair to say that as new technology increases, so does the value of kids' bedrooms.

used by a person giving instructions

used by a person asking for instructions

Can you help me send an e-mail? This is how you can send an e-mail

That was easier than I thought

Now connect to the Internet

Make sure you click on 'send' when you finish writing

Got it! What's next? Sorry, can you say that again?

You may also select an e-mail address from your address book

You may also select an e-mail address from your address book

Can you help me send an e-mail?

This is how you can send an e-mail

That was easier than I thought

Now connect to the Internet

Got it! What's next?

Sorry, can you say that again?

Make sure you click on 'send' when you finish writing

Cathy: Mark, do you have a minute?

Mark: Sure, what do you need?

Cathy: ...

Mark: No problem, Cathy. First of all, turn on your computer.

Cathy: All right.

Mark: ...

Then access your e-mail account.

Cathy:

Mark: Click on 'Create a message' and type it in.

• • •

Cathy: Anything else, Mark?

Mark: Oh, yes. Include the e-mail address of the person you are sending it to!

Cathy: Thanks, Mark. ...