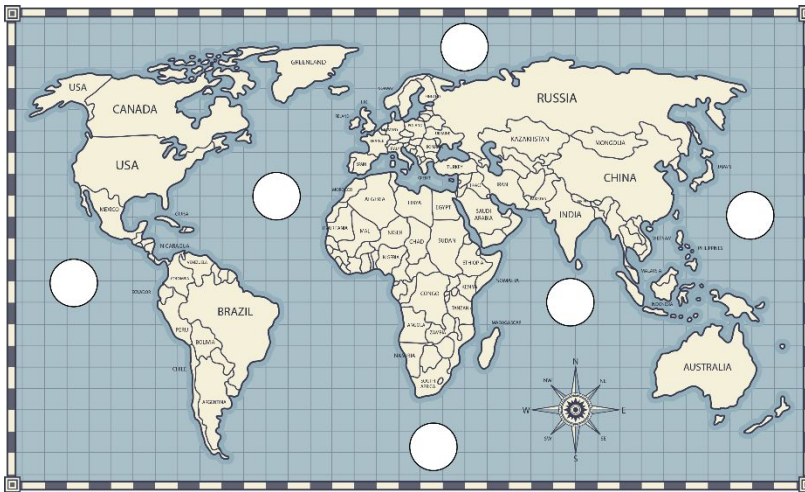


The Country Across the Ocean



1. The Arctic Ocean
2. The Atlantic Ocean
3. The Indian Ocean
4. The Pacific Ocean
5. The Southern Ocean

Listen to the text and complete the sentences.

An ocean is a body of saline water that composes much of a planet's hydrosphere (all the waters on the Earth's surface).

Approximately 71% of the Earth's surface is covered by oceans.

About 97% of all our planet's water is contained in our oceans.

The total volume is approximately 1.35 billion cubic kilometers (320 million cubic miles).

There is only one ocean on the planet, but it is divided into five sections or five oceans. The five sections of the ocean are the Atlantic, Pacific, Southern, Arctic and Indian oceans.

The _____ Ocean, including both the northern and southern sections, stretches from the eastern seaboard of the Americas, to the western seaboard of Europe and Africa.

The _____ Ocean reaches from the western seaboard of the Americas, all the way to Asia and Australia.

The _____ Ocean reaches from the western coast of Africa, along the southern edge of India, Australia and Asia, all the way down to where it meets the Southern ocean.

2. Listen to the text and complete the sentences.



The largest ocean on Earth is the _____ Ocean, covering _____ around of the Earth's surface.

The second largest ocean on Earth is the _____ Ocean, it covers _____ over of the Earth's surface.

The third largest ocean on Earth is the _____ Ocean, it covers _____ around of the Earth's surface.

The fourth largest ocean on Earth is the _____ Ocean, it covers _____ around of the Earth's surface.

The smallest ocean on Earth is the _____ Ocean, it covers _____ around of the Earth's surface.

THE DISCOVERY OF AMERICA



Do you Know...

1. Who discovered America and when?
2. Who sent Columbus to India?

Do you think these statements are true or false?

1. People in the US and Great Britain celebrate Columbus Day.
2. Before Columbus many other people explored the "New World".

THE DISCOVERY OF AMERICA

Christopher Columbus discovered America in 1492. We don't know much about the man. He was born in Italy but lived in Spain for a long time. He was a seaman and made many sea voyages.

Most people in Columbus' days thought that the earth was flat and they did not believe that beyond the Atlantic Ocean lay India. In 1492 the King and the Queen of Spain gave him money to go to India. He decided to sail west as he was sure that our planet was round. There were 3 caravels: the Santa Maria, the Nina and the Pinta. After sailing 4000 miles he reached some land.

Columbus thought that it must be India but it was not. It was a new land - a new continent. It was America. Columbus named the land they had reached San Salvador. People began to speak about the land as "the New World".

European people came to the New World for many reasons. Some hoped to find gold and silver. Priests and missionaries came to bring the Christian religion to the Indians.

Among those who came for freedom was a small group of English people called Pilgrims. Why did Columbus decide to go west? They wanted to start a new life and to have no religious problems they had in England.

In 1620 on the ship "Mayflower" they landed in the north-east of America. They set up a colony and called that part of the country "New England".

1. Christopher Columbus was Spanish.
2. Columbus was a sailor.
3. Columbus wanted to travel to Asia.
4. The King and the Queen of Spain helped him with his trip.
5. Columbus discovered America in 1498.
6. Columbus didn't know he was in America.

Ask 5 questions about the discovery of America.

Travel, journey, trip

Look at these emails and note the different collocations for *travel*, *journey* and *trip*

Clara,
Have you made your **travel arrangements** for the sales conference yet? If you want a good **travel agent**, I can recommend Atlas World. They specialise in **business travel**. Their number is 2587996. They're very helpful.
Noah

Hi Natalie,
I know next week is a **business trip**, but you must do some sightseeing too. I suggest we take a **day trip** to Canamuca. It's about two hours by car, and we can take a **boat trip** to the island and have lunch there. Looking forward to seeing you. **Safe journey**².
David

Hi Mia,
I'm finally here after an extremely **tiring journey**! The flight was three hours late, they lost my luggage, then there were no taxis at the airport. I hope my **return journey**¹ is better! I'm at the Hotel Rex, room 1305, tel: 987745. Give me a call.
Miles

Nora,
I got some **travel brochures** with details of **camping trips**. Want to meet for lunch to look at them? One of them is in Chile, but it's a long **overnight journey** from the capital to get there, so maybe we should look nearer home?
Lorna

¹ The opposite of **return journey** is **outward journey**
² said to someone who is about to make a journey

Complete each sentence with *trip*, *travel* or *journey*.

- 1 I'll get somebrochures today and we can start planning our holiday.
- 2 Tom is away on a business all week.
- 3 It's a rather difficult overnight to the mountains but it's well worth it.
- 4 I prefer to arrange my holidays myself rather than use a agent.
- 5 On Saturday we went on a day to an interesting old castle.
- 6 Was it a tiring from Seoul to Los Angeles?
- 7 On summer weekends we often used to go on camping .
.....
- 8 Do you use a special firm to arrange business .
..... for your staff?
- 9 Do you make your own arrangements or does your secretary do it all?
- 10 I hope your flight is on time tomorrow. Safe

Future Simple

Когда говорим о том, что хотим или собираемся сделать

Bob and Mary will spend a honeymoon in London. — Боб и Мэри проведут медовый месяц в Лондоне.

I will take a taxi. — Я возьму такси.

Когда мы что-то обещаем или вызываемся что-то сделать добровольно

I will send you a message. — Я пришлю сообщение.

I will cook a dinner. — Я приготовлю ужин.

События в будущем, которые нельзя изменить

It's Bob's B-day next week. Bob will turn 40. — На следующей неделе день рождения Боба. Ему исполнится 40 лет.

Когда предсказываем и предполагаем какие-то события (часто с фразами

I think, I expect, I wonder)

I think it will rain tomorrow. — Я думаю завтра будет дождь.

I wonder what will happen with Bob and Mary. — Мне интересно что будет с Бобом и Мэри.

Когда предупреждаем или угрожаем

Bob will regret this. — Боб пожалеет об этом.

I will stop you. — Я тебя остановлю.

Когда принимаем спонтанные решения

I think I will go with you to the party. — Я думаю, я пойду с тобой на вечеринку.

I will order pasta. — Я закажу пасту.

Важно знать!

О запланированных действиях в будущем мы говорим в Present Continuous или при помощи выражения be going to.

Bob and Mary are going to have a date tonight. — Боб и Мэри собираются на свидание сегодня вечером.

Shall и will нельзя считать модальными глаголами в чистом виде.

I am visiting a lawyer at 8 pm. — Я пойду к адвокату в 8 вечера.
Они практически всегда сочетают в себе свое модальное значение со значением будущего времени. Собственно, большинству из нас знакомы эти два глагола, как вспомогательные для образования формы будущего времени.

Shall — для 1 лица единственного и множественного числа (I, We)

Will — для всех остальных случаев (You, She/He/It, They)

Вот несколько примеров:

I shall meet her tomorrow – Я встречу с ней завтра .

We shall stay in London – Мы остановимся в Лондоне.

She will be delighted – Она будет очень вдохновлена.

They will meet us at the railway station – Они встретят нас на вокзале.

Смысловой оттенок **will** — намерение, даже своеобразное обещание. Да и существительное **will** переводиться как «воля, желание, твердое намерение». А вот **shall** — это скорее про долженствование. Shall I be back by 11 o'clock? – Должен ли я вернуться к 11? Don't worry, I will be back by 11 o'clock – Не волнуйся, я вернусь к 11.

Отвечая «**Yes, I will**» человек выражает свою волю, желание сделать это. А если ответит «**Yes, I shall**» — это будет равносильно «Да, конечно. Мне уже не отвертеться».

«will not» = won't
«shall not» = shan't

Exercise 1. Write down what your family members will do on the weekend.

My mother	help parents
about the house	
My dad	cook dinner
My granny	walk the dog
My granddad	listen to the
music	
My sister	work in the
garden	
My brother	read
newspapers	
I	go to the
disco club	
.....	

Exercise 2

Put the verbs in brackets in the form of Future Simple

1. I think we _____ two return tickets. (to buy)
2. Kate _____ ten tomorrow. (to be)
3. My aunt _____ to Canada next summer. (to go)
4. I _____ you in the evening. (to phone)
5. I'm sure our 3-day tour _____ more than 5000 roubles. (to cost)

Exercise 3

Insert the short forms 'll or won't. \ Вставьте краткие формы 'll или won't.

1. Lucy was born in 1995. In 2007 she _____ be 12.
 2. It's sunny today. It _____ rain.
 3. Kelly is eleven today. She _____ be twelve until next year.
 4. Rob is nine. He _____ be ten on his next birthday.
 5. This month is May. It _____ be June next month.
 6. Jenny: 'Mum, the bus is late. I _____ be home until eight o'clock.
 7. It's 25 degrees today. It _____ snow tomorrow.
- I sent the letter this afternoon. It _____ arrive until tomorrow.

Exercise 4

Read the suggestions in column A and find the solution in column B. Write your solutions starting with I think I'll...

НАПРИМЕР: 1 It's hot in this room. I think I'll open a window.

- 2 I'm hungry.
3 My flat is in a mess.
4 I haven't got any stamps
5 I want some new glasses.
6 I'm cold.
7 I've just missed my bus.
8 There's a good film on TV
9 My watch is broken.
10 My friend is happy

- go to the optician's
open a window
buy a new one
turn on the heating
watch it
take a taxi home
get something to eat.
go to the post office
fall in love
tidy it

Exercise 5

Complete the sentences. Use Future Simple \ Закончите предложения, используя Future Simple.

- 1) Amy's brother is thirteen. He _____ (be) fourteen on his next birthday.
- 2) I bought a lottery ticket, but I _____ (not win)
- 3) My dad is thirty-nine. He _____ (be) forty next year.
- 4) My sister Mary is on holidays. She _____ (visit) our grandparents soon.
- 5) My brother's clever. He _____ (pass) all his exams successfully.
- 6) It's raining now. But it _____ (become) sunny in some 2 or 3 hours.
- 7) Debbie and Bob are always late. They _____ (not arrive) on time.

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Exercise 6

Describe your plans for the future. Begin like this

When I graduated from my college I will Then I'll

After it I ...

Exercise 8

You are on an island or in an unfamiliar city for you. What do you think you'll do? (5-7 sentences)

