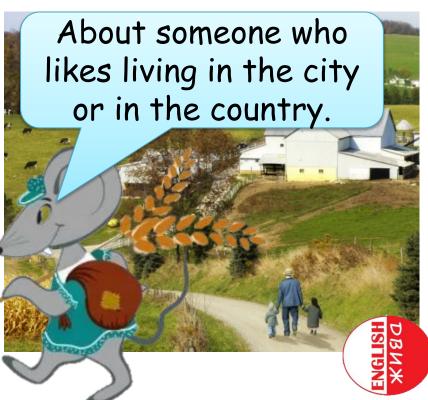
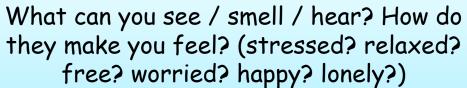
# A city mouse or a country mouse?











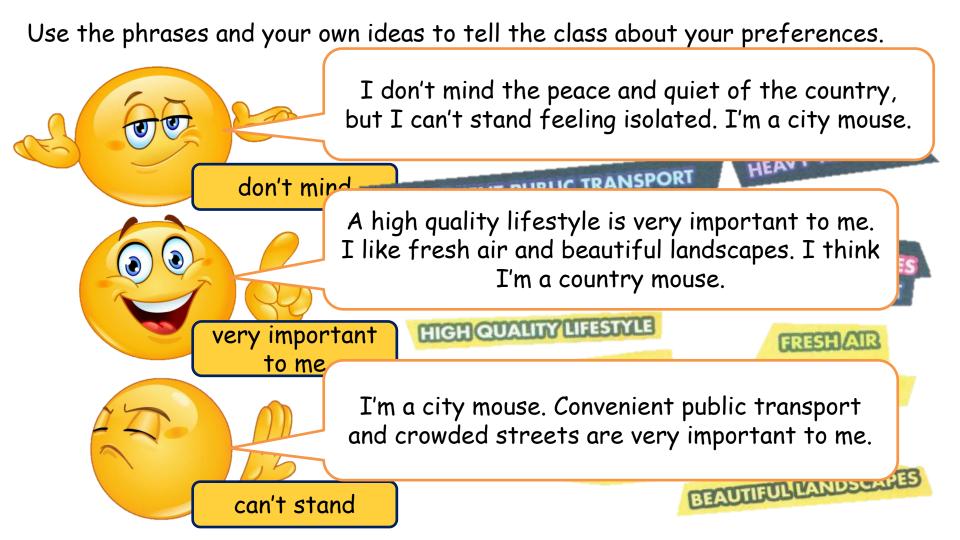




Use the phrases and your own ideas to tell the class about your preferences.







#### Before reading learn new words.

ГОСТЬ

обмен

двор фермы

ДОИТЬ

хлев, сарай

кормление

изолированный, одинокий

рядом

толчея и суета

огромный

оборудование, приспособление

тоскующий по дому

скучать

родной город









Read the title of the unit and the headings on this page. What do you expect to read about in the text on p. 7? Listen, read and check.

Swap

Day 2

#### Annabel, 14

Everyone gets up at 5 am because there's a lot to do on the farm. Sarah's mum is very nice. She brings me a cup of tea in bed, but I just go back to sleep. Later, I go outside to the **farmyard** to help Sarah's family. Today we are **milking** the cows in the **barn** and **feeding** the chickens. The animals are lovely, but I can't stand the smell.

#### Day 4

Sarah's mum takes me to school every morning. We drive five miles to meet the school bus, which leaves at 7 am. Sarah's school is very small, but everyone's so friendly.

#### Day 6

Learning about farming is interesting, but I'm happy I'm going home tomorrow. The fresh air is nice but it's too quiet here. I also feel **isolated**. In the city, the streets are crowded but you have everything **close at hand**. I miss the **hustle and bustle** of London but I don't want to leave all my new friends.

The text is about teenage lifestyles. Two teenagers are taking part in a reality show in which they swap families and schools.

hools for a week



an exchange, or something that is going to be or has been exchanged.

/SWDD/ US ₹₩ /SWG:D/

with 1,500 students and her friends are very interesting and helpful. I'm enjoying the lessons, but most of all I love the **facilities**. The computer room and the swimming pool are my favourites.

#### Day 6

Today, I'm feeling a bit tired. It's always noisy here and you can hear the traffic all night. I think I'm getting a bit homesick, too. I miss the beautiful landscapes and the people from my hometown. I'm happy I'm going home tomorrow but I'm sure I'll visit London and see Annabel's lovely family again!

#### Day 2

Everyone stays in bed late here. It's 8 am and Annabel's mum is making breakfast! In the afternoon, we're going shopping on Oxford Street and then we're going to the cinema! I'm so excited!

#### Day 4

I travel to Annabel's school by tube. Her school is **huge** with 1,500 students and her friends are very interesting and helpful. I'm enjoying the lessons, but most of all I love the **facilities**. The computer room and the swimming pool are my favourites.

#### Day 6

Today, I'm feeling a bit tired. It's always noisy here and you can hear the traffic all night. I think I'm getting a bit homesick, too. I miss the beautiful landscapes and the people from my hometown. I'm happy I'm going home tomorrow but I'm sure I'll visit London and see Annabel's lovely family again!

(true) or F (false). Then explain the

Annabel, 14

Sarah, 14

d. false

on

up

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are

m

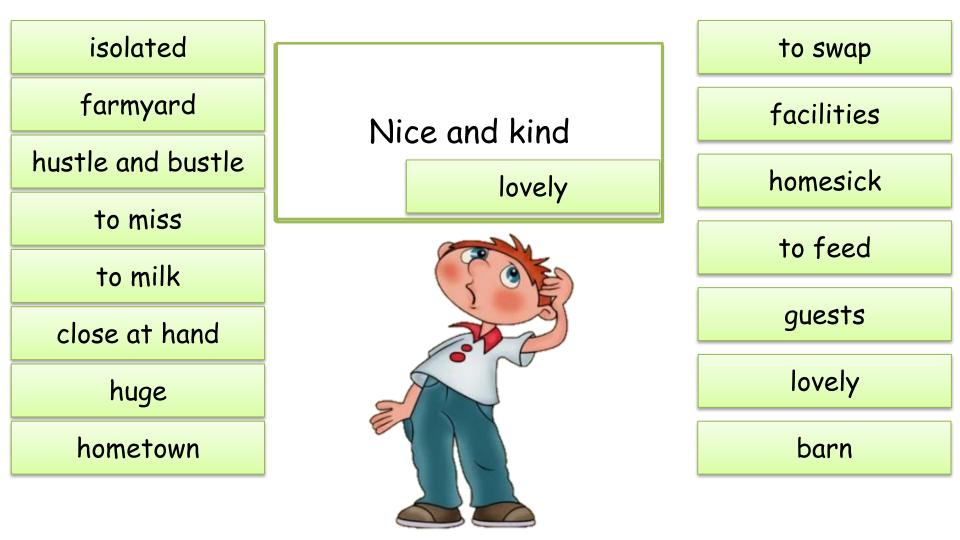
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are

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cilities<mark>. true</mark> ch the

gramme.



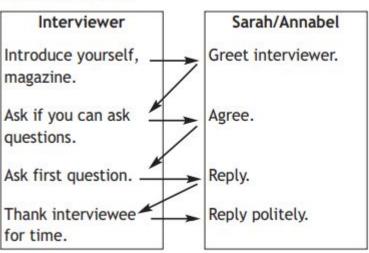
One of you works for a magazine. Interview Annabel or Sarah about their new

lifestyle. Scheme



You're welcome.

#### Interview outline



### Present Simple VS Present Continuous



## Present Simple

Постоянные действия и состояния

Mark <u>lives</u> in New Zealand.

Непреложные истины и законы природы

The Moon goes round the Earth.

Привычки и регулярные действия

She always cleans the house at weekends.

#### Key words:

- usually
- often
- always
- every day
- · every week
- · every month
- · every year
- in the morning
- in the afternoon
- in the evening
  - at night
- · at the weekend
  - on Fridays

Расписания и программы

The train leaves at 6:00 am.

Чувства и эмоции

<u>I love</u> skiing because it's a fun sport.

Present Simple употребляется также в спортивных комментариях, обзорах, повествованиях



Beckham wins the ball, then he crosses and Owen scores.

### Present Continuous

Действия, происходящие в момент речи, в настоящий период времени.

Mum is cooking in the kitchen.

He is looking for a new penfriend in England.

Запланированные действия в будущем.

He is playing tennis this afternoon.

Меняющиеся и развивающиеся ситуации

Mary is getting more and more beautiful.

#### Key words:

- now
- at the moment
  - at present
  - these days
  - nowadays
    - still
    - today
    - · tonight

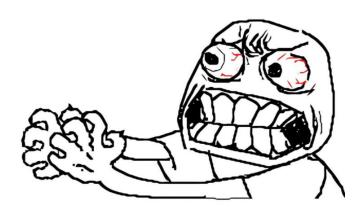


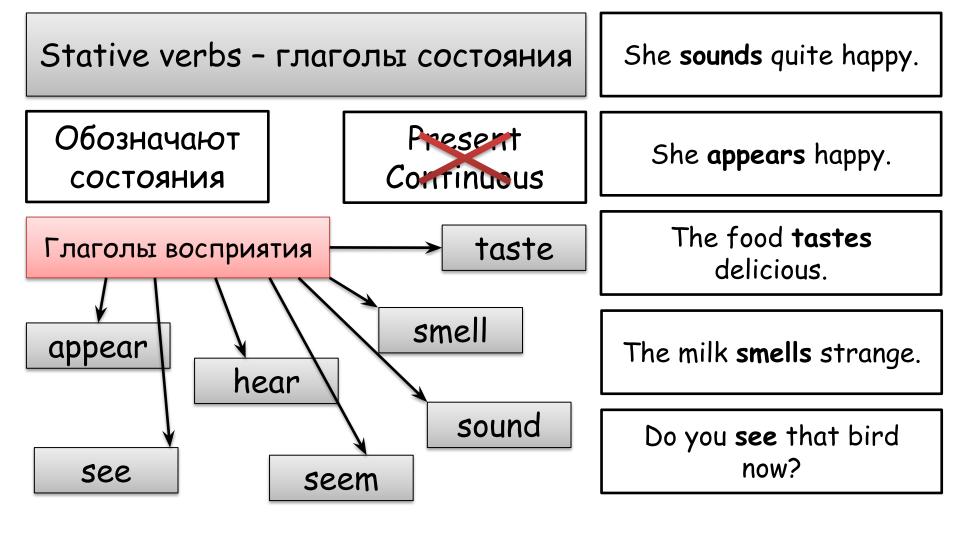
Такие наречия, как always, для выражения эмоционального состояния (часто раздражения) по поводу повторяющегося действия.

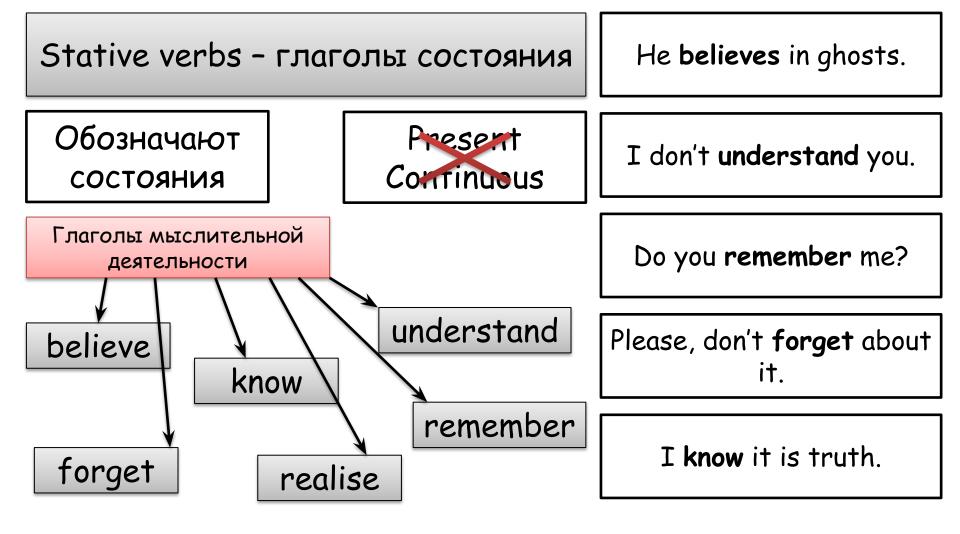
<u>She is</u> always <u>losing</u> her keys.

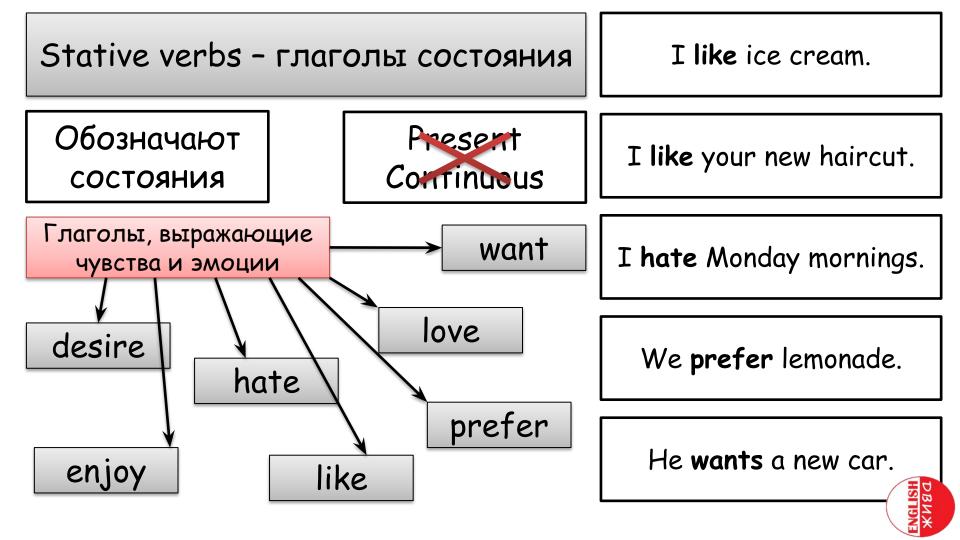


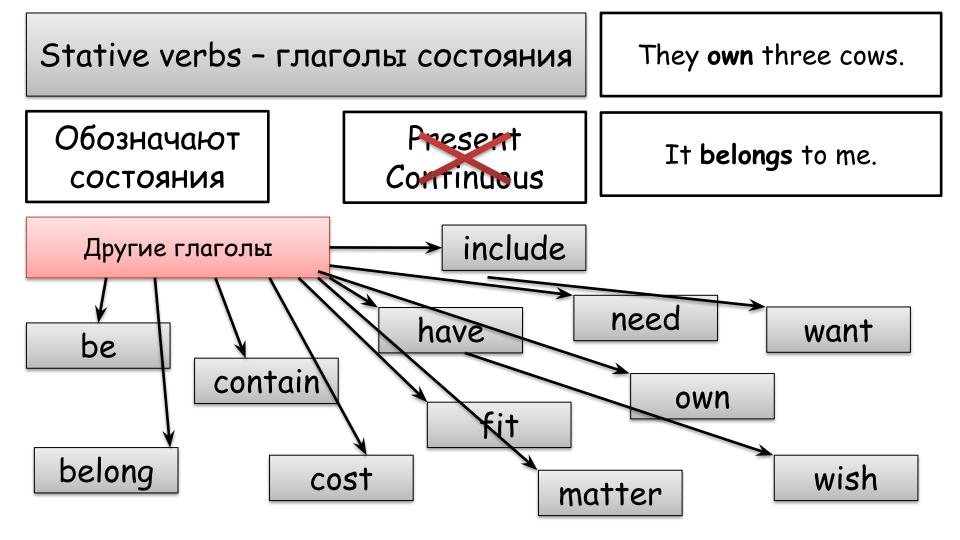








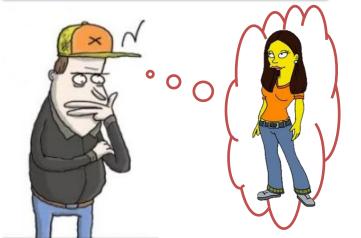






Думать, полагать

I think she's beautiful.



Обдумывать, размышлять

He is thinking about going to France.



Have

Иметь, владеть

She has twelve cats.



Хорошо проводить время; принимать душ, обедать

James is having a great time at school.

He is having a shower.

They are having dinner.



### See

Видеть; понимать

You can **see** the tree in my garden.

I **see** what he means.



Встречаться

I'm seeing John this afternoon.



# Taste

Быть ... на вкус

This coffee tastes good.



Пробовать на вкус

Ann is tasting the pudding.





# Appear

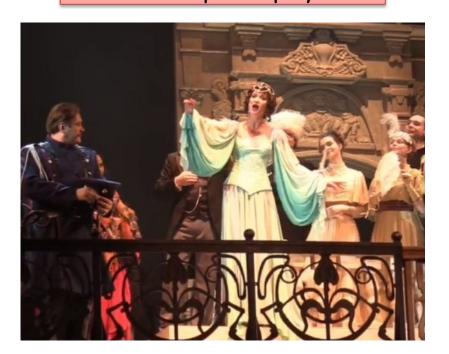
Казаться, производить впечатление

She **appears** to know the way.



Выступать, играть, появляться

She is appearing in a Shakespeare play.



# Smell

Иметь запах, пахнуть

Her perfume smells sweet.



Нюхать, вдыхать аромат

She is smelling the flower.



иным значением.



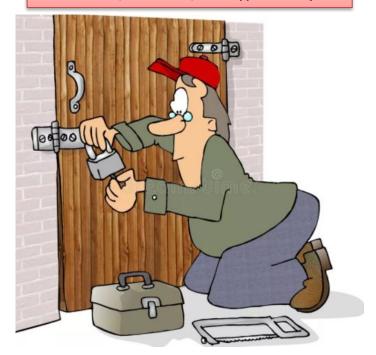
Быть впору, нужного размера

The dress fits her perfectly.



Устанавливать

Tom is fitting a new lock on the bathroom door.



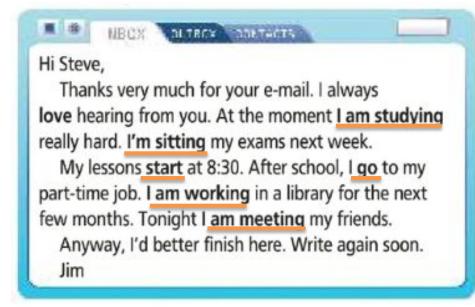
Глаголы **look** (когда речь идёт о чьей-либо внешности), **feel** (переживание определенных эмоций) и **ache** могут использоваться во временах *Simple* и *Continuous* <u>без изменения значения</u>.

She feels very stressed.

She is feeling very stressed.



Explain the use of the verbs in bold.



An action happening at the moment of speaking.

Future plans.

Present state and facts.

Routine, habit

Future plans. Future plans

#### Find examples in the text above.

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Put the verbs in brackets in the Present Simple or the Present Continuous. Give reasons.

- 1. A: Why ...... are you ... (you/be) in such a hurry?
  B: I'm worried. My exam ... starts/is starting rt) in ten minutes.
- 2. A: I ... am thinking .... (think) of changing school.
  B: I ... don't think .... (not/think) it's a good idea. You'll be lonely.
- 3. A: Why ..... are you .... (you/be) angry?
  B: My sister .is always taking (always/take) my clothes.
- 4. A: Tom ......looks ..... (look) very stressed.
  B: Yes. He ....is studying . (study) a lot these days.
- 5. A: Why are you leaving you/leave) now?
  B: my train ...... leaves ..... (leave) in an hour.



### Writing (an e-mail)

Write an e-mail to your English penfriend. Write about:

Where you live

Your daily routine

What you are doing these days/tonight. Hi Shannon,

Thanks very much for your e-mail. I am very well. I am happy living in the country because I can't stand the constant noise and pollution of the city.

I get up very early every morning and I get the bus to school. My lessons start at 8 am and I finish at 4 pm. I like my school and I have a lot of friends there.

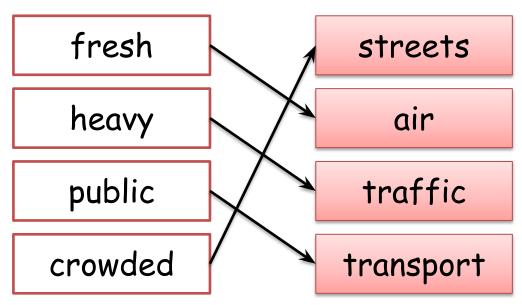
At the moment, I am studying very hard for my exams, but next weekend I am going to the seaside with my friends. I can't wait!

Write to me again soon.

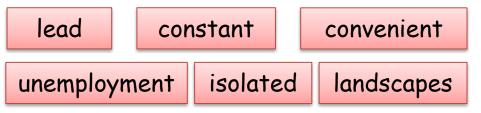
Love,

Clara

Match the words to form collocations.



Fill in the correct words.



## Workbook

- 1. Very few people . lead ... a healthy lifestyle in big cities.
- 2. Our house is next to the train station, which is very convenient
- 3. Many young people have to deal with unemployment when they finish their studies.
- 4. Thailand is a country with amazing landscapes
- 5. I can't study when there's .... constant .... noise around me.
- 6. She lives in a(n). isolated area in Northern Norway.

Put the verbs in brackets into the Present Simple or Present Continuous.

- 1. Does he like ... (he/like) the English countryside?
- 2. Peter ... is going .... (go) to the theatre now.
- 3. I'm happy I .... am flying (fly) home tomorrow.
- 4. She ... wants .... (want) to visit London again.
- 5. I ... don't know . (not know) where she is.
- 6. He .... starts ... (start) school at 8:30 every day.
- 7. She is always calling always/call) me late at night.



### Going to school in the Australian Outback

The places in Australia that are very far away from the city are called The Australian Outback. In the Australian Outback, children don't walk to school. They don't even take the bus or the train. This is because the school is more than 300 kilometres away.

So how do these children get an education? The answer is simple. These children don't go to school at all! They have lessons on their home computer and speak to their teachers through a web camera.

Children in the Australian Outback are very good students. Maybe this is because it is easier to study away from the hustle and bustle of a big city or maybe computer lessons are more fun than normal lessons. Whatever the reasons, children in the Australian Outback seem to enjoy "school" more than many other children in the world.

Read and choose A, B or C.

1. The Australian Outback is close to the sea.

#### True

#### False

Doesn't say

2. Children in the Australian Outback don't get an education.

#### True

False

Doesn't say

3. The students study online.

#### True

False

Doesn't say

4. The students don't speak to their teachers.

#### True

False

Doesn't say

5. School is more fun for children in the Australian Outback.

#### True

False

Doesn't say