

## 1. Divide the food into groups.

Chocolate, potato, tea, steak, pear, carrot, garlic, cake, pineapple, broccoli, wine, water, peach, coffee, ice cream, tomato, ham, watermelon, cookies

## 1. MEAT

2. DRINKS
3. DESSERTS
4.FRUIT
5.VEGETABLES
4. Name the product according to the description.
1.You need me to make a sandwich or toast. -
2.I'm yellow or white. I'm made from milk. People like me on their pizza. 3.People eat us fried, boiled or scrambled. -
4.I'm a very popular fast food with a sausage in the middle. 5.l'm a long yellow fruit. -
6.Rabbits love this orange vegetable. -

## 3. Answer the questions

1.How often do you drink milk?
2.How often do you eat at restaurants?
3. What's your favorite food?
4. What food do you hate?

5.What's your favorite ice-cream flavor?
6. What's the strangest thing you've ever eaten?
7. Are you allergic to any food?
8. What's your favorite drink?

4. - Name 5 fruits.

- Name 5 vegetables.
- Name 5 drinks.
- Name 3 sweet foods.
- Name 3 salty foods.
- Name 3 bitter foods.

5.Put the letters into correct order.

1.ronega

2.ate
3.klim
4.yuymm

5.asbakftre
6.rgbuer
7.serdest
8.sarug
9.marsupeterk
10.styta


## 6. Complete the sentences.

1) Every morning I eat eggs and bacon for $\qquad$ .
2) This soup is so $\qquad$ .
3) Would you like tea with $\qquad$ ?
4) I prefer orange $\qquad$ to tomato juice.
5) To buy food you need to go to the $\qquad$ -
6) I am so hungry, I want to $\qquad$ .


## 7.Find the odd words.

1) bacon, beef, turkey, pork, lamb
2)carrot, melon, onion, cabbage, lettuce

2) beer, lemonade, tea, sugar, coffee, mineral water, juice
3) grapes, apple, pear, plum, ice-cream
4) butter, milk, cheese, cream, oil, yoghurt.


## 8. Переведи и найди слово

| $T$ | $J$ | $A$ | $M$ | $Y$ | 1 | $S$ | Яблоко |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $A$ | $P$ | $P$ | $L$ | $E$ | $C$ | $O$ | Варенье |
| $L$ | У | $U$ | $U$ | $W$ | $U$ | $N$ | Молоко |
| $C$ | $H$ | $E$ | $E$ | $S$ | $E$ | 1 | Сыр |
| $H$ | $E$ | $J$ | $Q$ | $T$ | $\times$ | $O$ | Суп |
| $S$ | $O$ | $U$ | $P$ | $D$ | Y | $N$ | Сок |
| $C$ | $H$ | $I$ | $C$ | $K$ | $E$ | $N$ | Чай |
| $H$ | $T$ | $C$ | $M$ | 1 | $L$ | $K$ | Лук |
| $F$ | $E$ | $E$ | $C$ | $O$ | $O$ | $H$ | Курица |
| $B$ | $A$ | $N$ | $A$ | $N$ | $A$ | $D$ | Банан |

## 9. Write down the missing letters and translate the text.

## English Meals

The English usually have 4 meals a day: br__kfast, lunch, t a ( 5 o'clock), and di er. Breakfast can be a full "English breakfast" of $c_{-} n$ flakes with $m_{-} \quad k$ and sugar, or b_con and eggs, toast and ma_ma_ade, tea or co_fee. Some people, however, have just a c $\_$p of tea or coffee with a toast. This is usually called a "continental breakfast".
At midday everything is stopped for 1_nch. Most offices and small shops are closed for an hour and the city pavements are full of people on their way to c_fes, coffee bars, rest__rants. Factory and plant workers usually eat in their canteens. The English like what they call "good plain $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{Z}}$ _d". Usually they like st__k, roast beef, Yorkshire p_dd_ng, and f_sh and ch_ps.
Afternoon tea is taken at about 5 o'clock, but it can hardly be called a meal. It is a cup of tea and a cake or b_sc_its. At the weekends afternoon tea is a special occasion. Friends and visitors are often invited to have a chat over a cup of tea.

Dinner is the most substantial meal of the whole day. It is usually eaten at 7 o'clock. The first course may be s__p (though the English don't like it very much). The main course will often be fish or $\mathrm{m}_{-\quad} \mathrm{t}$, perhaps the traditional $r_{-}$st beef of old England, and a lot of $v_{-}$ get_bles.
The, next course will be something sweet and often $b \_$ked, such as a fr_it p_e. Last of all there may be ch__ se, often with biscuits. It is common knowledge that the English are very fond of tea. They like to have "a nice cup of tea" 6 or 8 times a d_y, sometimes even m_re.
On Chr_ stm_s Day a roast t_rk_y is traditionally c_ _ ked for dinner. It is usually followed by Christmas pu_di_g.

## The Numerals Числительные

Числительным называется слово, обозначающее количество или порядок предметов по счету.

Числительные в английском языке, так же как и в русском, делятся на количественные и порядковые.

## Количественные

числительные обозначают количество предметов и отвечают на вопрос How many? - Сколько?

| 1 | one |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2 | two |
| 3 | three |
| 4 | four |
| 5 | five |
| 6 | six |

## От 13 до 19 числительные образуются при помощи суфрфикса teen

13 thirteen!
14 fourteen
15 fifteen !
16 sixteen
17 seventeen
18 eighteen
19 nineteen

Десятки (от 20 до 90) образуются при помощи суфффикса -ty
20 - twenty
30 - thirty
40 - forty
50 - fifty
60 - sixty
70 - seventy
80 - eighty
90 - ninety

## Составные числительные обозначают

десятки с единицами, начиная со второго десятка. Они пишутся через дефис
(черточку).
21 - twenty-one
47 - forty-seven
35 - thirty-five
38 - thirty-eight
53 - fifty-three

## Ex.1. Запишите и прочитайте количественные числительные

$3,5,11,12,13,24,69,32,28,57,78,93,15,47,53,77,82$, 99

## Еx.2.Запишите цифрами следующие количественные числительные:

Nine, seventeen, one, thirty, sixty-two, twenty-five, seventy-seven, eighty-four, eleven, six, fifty-five, nineteen, twenty-nine, twelve, fourteen, seventy-six

