

Changing weather [weðə] Unit 8.3



What's the weather [weðə] like today?

How's the weather today?



What are the shops like in London?

How are the shops in London?



Please ask these questions



1. Kакая еда (the food) в Лондоне?



1. What's the food like in London?

How's the food?



2. Kakue гостиницы (the hotels) в Лондоне?



2. What're the hotels like in London?

How are the hotels?



3. Какие парки (the parks) в Лондоне?



3. What're the parks like in London?

How are the parks?



4. Какие музеи (the museums) в Лондоне?



4. What're the museums like in London?

How're the museums?



5. Какие люди (the people) в Лондоне?



5. What're the people like in London?

How are the people?



Exercise 1 Page 84



Match the symbols with the weather [weða] descriptions

It's foggy - туманно	It's snowing
It's warm	It's cold
It's sunny	It's raining
It's windy	It's cloudy
[windi] ветрено	[klaudi] - облачно



It's foggy	It's snowing
It's warm	It's cold
It's sunny	It's raining
It's windy [windi]	It's cloudy



It's warm



It's warm. (20°C)

It's warm



It's foggy	It's snowing
It's warm	It's cold
It's sunny	It's raining
It's windy [windi]	It's cloudy



It's cold



It's cold



It's foggy	It's snowing
It's warm	It's cold
It's sunny	It's raining
It's windy [windi]	It's cloudy



It's windy



It's windy [windi] - ветрено



It's foggy	It's snowing
It's warm	It's cold
It's sunny	It's raining
It's windy [windi]	It's cloudy



It's cloudy



It's cloudy [klaudi] - облачно



It's foggy	It's snowing
It's warm	It's cold
It's sunny	It's raining
It's windy [windi]	It's cloudy



It's foggy



It's foggy - туманно



It's foggy	It's snowing
It's warm	It's cold
It's sunny	It's raining
It's windy [windi]	It's cloudy



It's snowing



It's snowing



It's foggy	It's snowing
It's warm	It's cold
It's sunny	It's raining
It's windy [windi]	It's cloudy



It's sunny



It's sunny



It's foggy	It's snowing
It's warm	It's cold
It's sunny	It's raining
It's windy [windi]	It's cloudy



It's raining



It's raining



Exercise 2A Page 84



Listen to some people talking about the weather [weðə] in their countries

Script

Page 155
Track 2.14



1. Before you read about Scotland



In the south [sauθ] of Scotland



In the north [no:0] of Scotland In the highlands [hailəndz]



Quite [kwait] warm — довольно тепло

Enjoy reading!!!





Read about Scotland



W – woman A – Ailsa

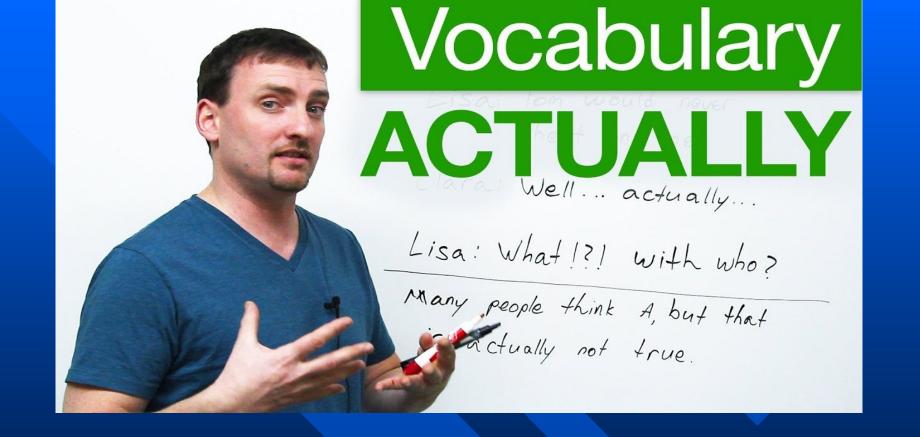


W: Ailsa, what's the weather like in Scotland right now?

A: In the south of Scotland it's quite warm and sunny, but in the north, in the highlands, there's still snow on the mountains



2. Before you read about Canada



Actually [æktʃuəli]- на самом деле



15 degrees [di'gri:z]- 15 градусов

Enjoy reading!!!





Read about Canada



W – woman
H – Heather



W: What's the weather like in Canada at the moment? H: Well, it's summertime in Canada right now

H: But it's actually not that warm. It's 15 degrees [di'gri:z] and really foggy today



3. Before you read about Norway



Late summer



W – woman S – Stig

Enjoy reading!!!





Read about Norway

W: Hi, Stig. What's the weather like over there?

S: At the moment in Norway it's late summer. And today it's warm and sunny



4. Before you read about Brazil



Really hot and sunny

Enjoy reading!!!





Read about Brazil



W – woman A – Amber

W: Amber, what's the weather like in Brazil now? A: Well, this morning it was really hot and sunny, but now it's raining



Track 2.14



Exercise 2B Page 84



Listen again and complete the summaries



1. 2. In the south it's quite and sunny, but in the north there's still ... on the mountains



1. 2. In the south it's quite warm and sunny, but in the north there's still snow on the mountains



3. 4. It's not that warm. It's 15 ... and really today



3. 4. It's not that warm. It's 15 degrees and really foggy today



5. 6. It's late and today it's warm and



5. 6. It's late summer and today it's warm and sunny



7. 8. This morning it was really and sunny, but now it's



7. 8. This morning it was really hot and sunny, but now it's raining



Before ld, nd we read o as [ou] and i as [ai]



Child, mild, gold, hold, told, sold, mold, bold



Find, rind, blind, kind, bind, hind



Exercise 3B Page 84



[o] [ou]



1. cold [kould] – gold [gould]



2. top [top] — told [tould]



3. snow [snou] — hot [hot]



4. not [not] — lot [lot]



Track 2.16



Exercise 4 Page 84

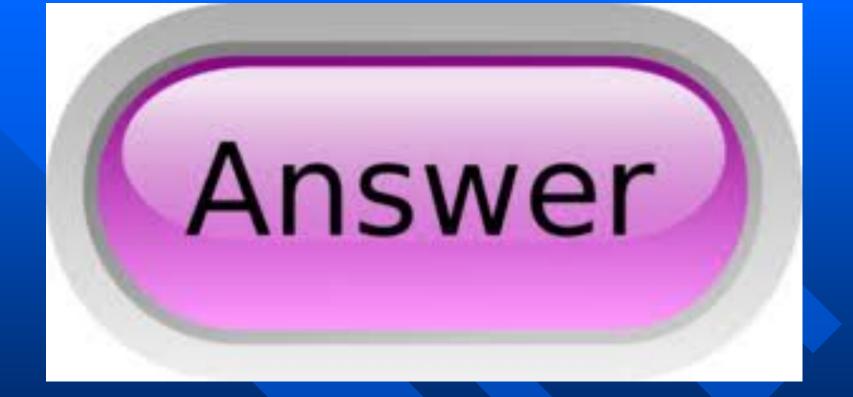


1. What's happening in the photos on page 84?





What's the weather like?



It's snowing and it's foggy



2. Which cities are they?





Answer

It's London and Manchester



3. What time of year is it?





Answer

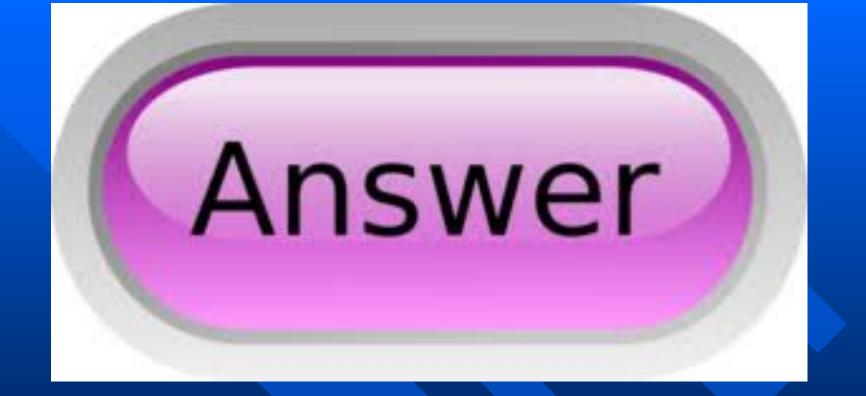
It's winter



4. Is the weather usually like this in these cities?







No, it isn't



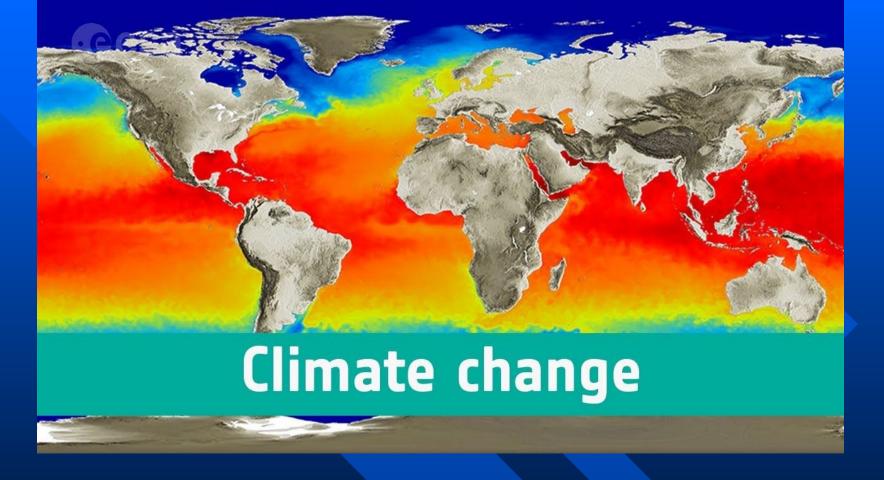
Exercise 5A Page 84



Read the text quickly and match it with one of the photos



Before you read paragraph 1



Climate [klaimit] - климат

seem

Seem — казаться



Extremes [iks'tri:mz] — экстремальные случаи

Enjoy reading!!!





Read paragraph 1



It certainly seems that there're several examples of unusually hot and cold conditions [kən'disənz] from the last few [fju:] years



Before you read paragraph 2



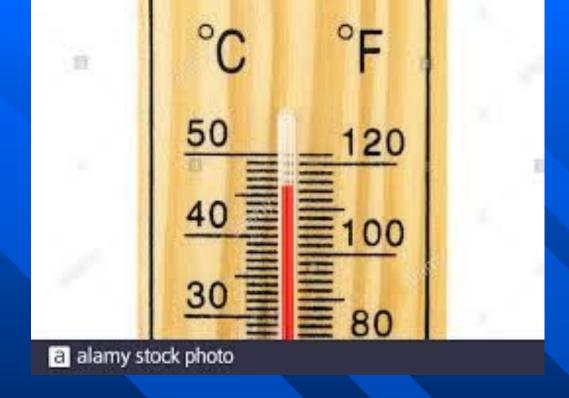
Heat [hi:t] wave — волна жары



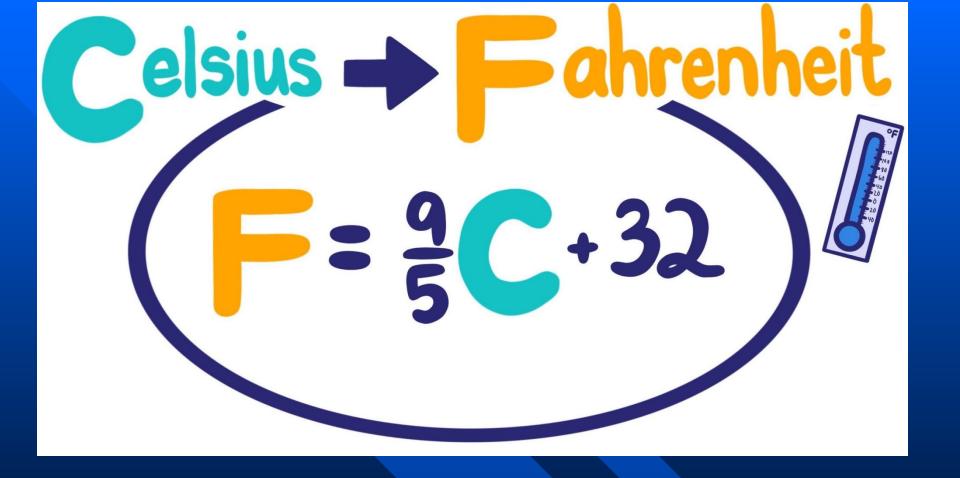
Temperature [temprits] — температура



Athens [æθinz] — Афины



46 degrees [dig'ri:z]— 46 градусов



Celius [selsius] — по шкале Целсия



Power [pauə] cut — отключение электричества



Complete [kəm'pli:t] darkness — полная темнота

Enjoy reading!!!





Read paragraph 2

Recently there was an extreme [iks'tri:m] summer heat wave in Greece. Temperatures [temprits] in Athens [æ0inz] reached 46 degrees Celsius

And 15 people died because of the heat. There were power cuts because so many people turned on their air conditioners





Before you read paragraph 3



Mild [maild] - мягкий



Below [bi'lou] zero- ниже нуля



Melt - таять

Enjoy reading!!!





Read paragraph 3

The south of Britain usually has a mild [maild] winter, but last year it was extremely [iks'tri:mli] cold. It snowed in London

And the temperature [temprits] remained below zero for several weeks, so the snow didn't melt

Because of the snow and ice the buses and trains stopped, so a lot of people didn't get to work



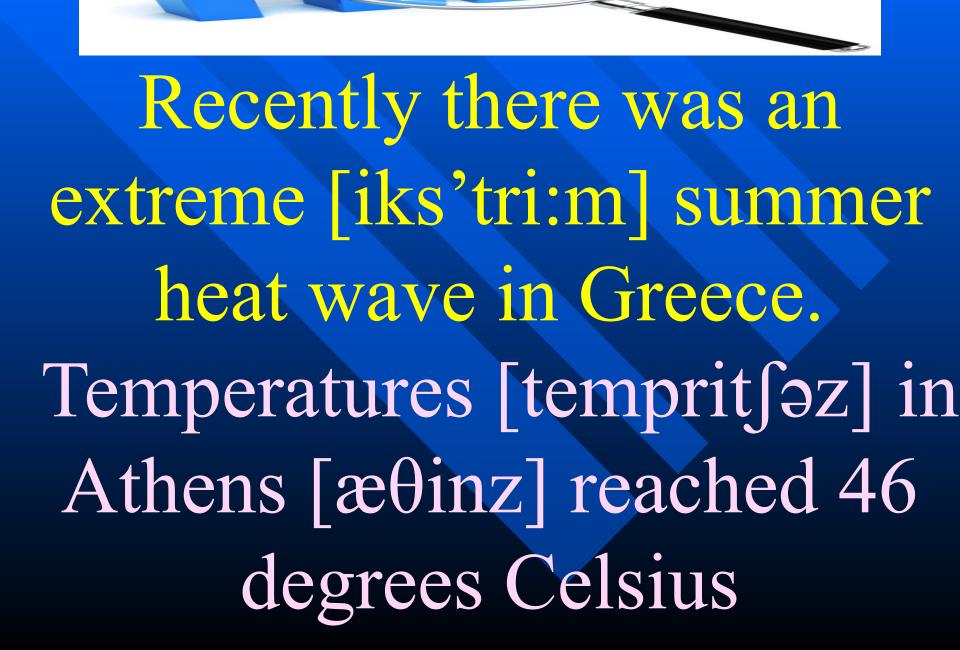
Exercise 5B Page 85



Read the text again and answer the questions



1. How hot was Athens [æθinz] recently?



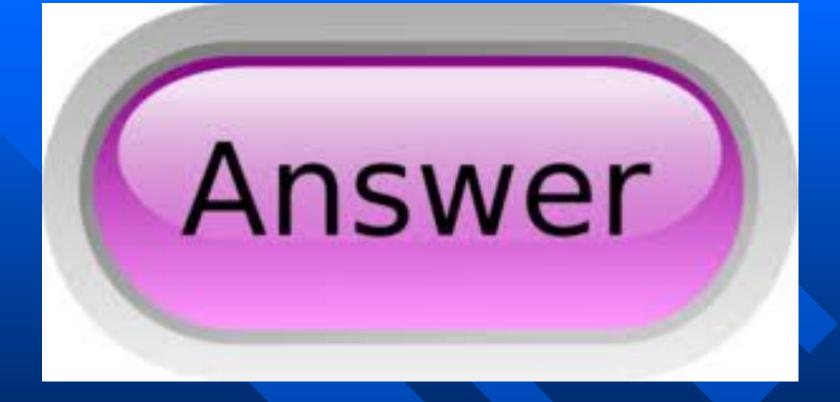
Answer

46 degrees Celsius



2. Why was it dark in the evening?

And 15 people died because of the heat. There were power cuts because so many people turned on their air conditioners

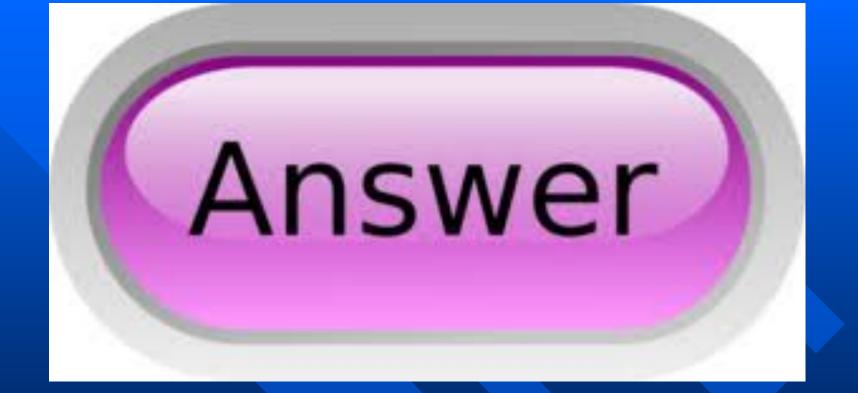


Because of power [pauə] cuts



3. How long was the temperature [temprits] below zero in London?

And the temperature [temprits] remained below zero for several weeks, so the snow didn't melt

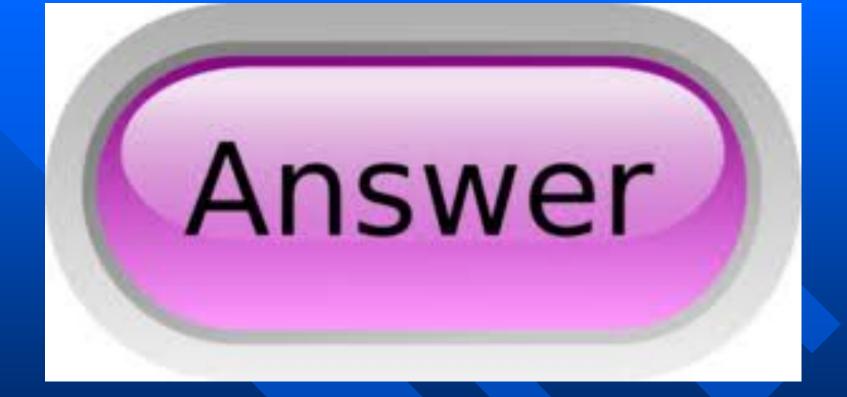


For several weeks



4. Why didn't some people get to work?

Because of the snow and ice the buses and trains stopped, so a lot of people didn't get to work



Because the buses and trains stopped

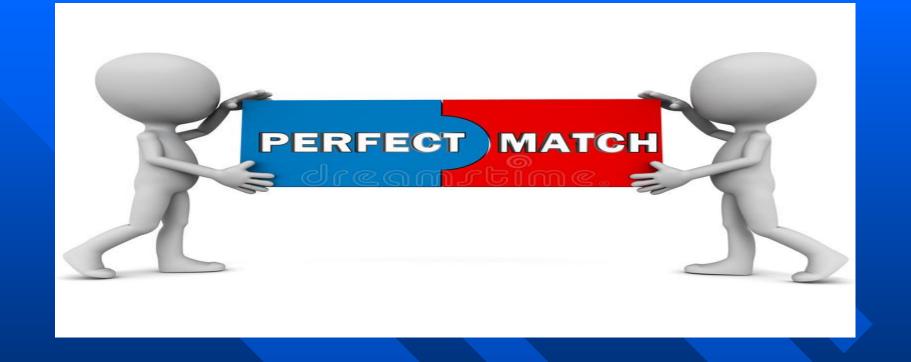


Exercise 6 Page 85



Match the words with their meanings

mild	change from solid to liquid
heat wave	when there's no electricity
heat	machines that make the air
	cold
power cut	a short period of very hot
	weather
air	the noun from hot
conditioners	
melt	not extreme, not very hot or
	cold



1. Mild [maild] — not extreme, not very hot or cold

mild	change from solid to liquid
heat wave	when there's no electricity
heat	machines that make the air
	cold
power cut	a short period of very hot
	weather
air	the noun from hot
conditioners	
melt	not extreme, not very hot or
	cold



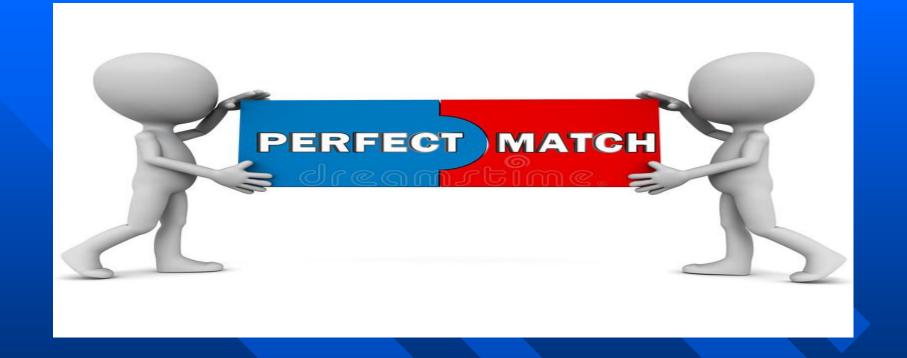
2. Heat wave—a short period of very hot weather (d)

mild	change from solid to liquid
heat wave	when there's no electricity
heat	machines that make the air
	cold
power cut	a short period of very hot
	weather
air	the noun from hot
conditioners	
melt	not extreme, not very hot or
	cold



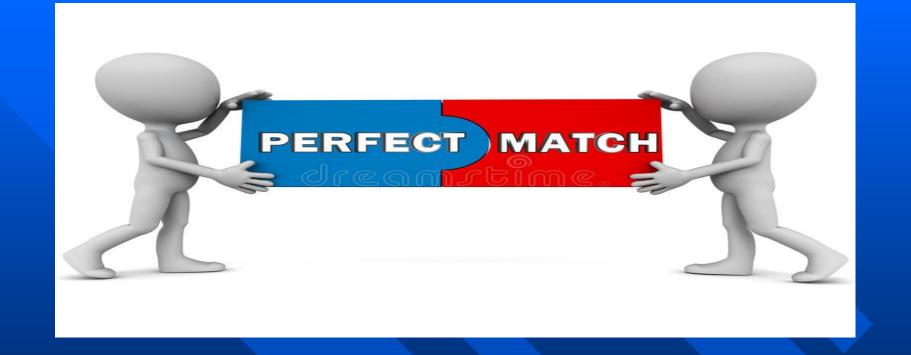
3. Heat — the noun from "hot" (e)

mild	change from solid to liquid
heat wave	when there's no electricity
heat	machines that make the air
	cold
power cut	a short period of very hot
	weather
air	the noun from hot
conditioners	
melt	not extreme, not very hot or
	cold



4. Power cuts — when there's no electricity (b)

mild	change from solid to liquid
heat wave	when there's no electricity
heat	machines that make the air
	cold
power cut	a short period of very hot
	weather
air	the noun from hot
conditioners	
melt	not extreme, not very hot or
	cold



5. Air conditioners — machines that make the air cold (c)

mild	change from solid to liquid
heat wave	when there's no electricity
heat	machines that make the air
	cold
power cut	a short period of very hot
	weather
air	the noun from hot
conditioners	
melt	not extreme, not very hot or
	cold



6. Melt – change from solid to liquid [likwid] (жидкий) (а)



Exercise 7 Page 85



Nouns and adjectives
Which adjectives do these
nouns come from?



1. Tiredness [taiədnəs]?



1. Tiredness [taiadnas] tired



2. Happiness?



2. Happiness - happy



3. Fitness?



3. Fitness - fit



4. Sickness?



4. Sickness - sick



5. Baldness [bo:ldnəs]?



5. Baldness [bo:ldnəs] — bald (лысый)



6. Craziness?



6. Craziness — crazy (сумасшедший)







We use Present Simple for actions that happen often, every year, etc

EXAMPLE

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We always eat a pizza on Friday evenings



We use Present Continuous for actions happening now



We're having our pizza now



Page 87



Exercise 8A Page 85



Listen to a phone conversation

Script

Page 156
Track 2.18



Before you read

NO, NO,
I HARDLY EVER
MISS A SHOW

Hardly ever [evə] — почти нет



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IMAGE ID: 80104624

Crazy – безумный

at least

At least [li:st] — по меньшей мере



Depressed [di'prest] — в депрессии



I suppose [sə'pouz]— я думаю (считаю, полагаю)



J – Jan (in New York)
L – Luke (in London)
(A telephone conversation)

J: Hello

L: Jan, it's Luke

J: Luke? You don't usually call at this time. You always phone in the evenings

L: I know. But I am not at work. I am at home

J: Oh, are you sick?

L: No, but I can't get into the office

L: The underground isn't working today

J: Really? Why?

L: It's snowing here

J: Snowing! So what?

L: Well, it's really snowing a lot. So the trains and buses aren't [a:nt] running. People can't get to work and lots of people are staying at home

J. But it snows all through the winter in New York. Nothing stops because of that!

L: I know. But it hardly ever snows in London

L: It's a shock for us

J: That's crazy!

L: Well, at least [li:st], it isn't raining

J: yes. I hate rainy weather

J: I always feel sad and depressed when the sky is gray and there's no sun L: I know what you mean. London is always gray in December and January

J: Yeah, I prefer snow really. Everything looks so beautiful

L: Mm. I suppose so



Exercise 8B Page 85



1. Luke is phoning Jan from the office

L: I know. But I am not at work. I am at home

J: Oh, are you sick?

L: No, but I can't get into the office



1. Luke is phoning Jan from home



2. In London, lots of people are staying at home today

L: Well, it's really snowing a lot. So the trains and buses aren't running. People can't get to work and lots of people are staying at home



2. In London, lots of people are staying at home today



3. It hardly ever snows in New York



L: I know. But it hardly ever snows in London



3. It often snows in New York



4. It's raining in London

L: It's a shock for us

J: That's crazy!

L: Well, at least, it isn't raining

J: Yes. I hate rainy weather



4. It's snowing in London



5. Jan hates rain

L: It's a shock for us

J: That's crazy!

L: Well, at least, it isn't raining

J: Yes. I hate rainy weather



5. Jan hates rain



Exercise 8C Page 85



Discuss these questions



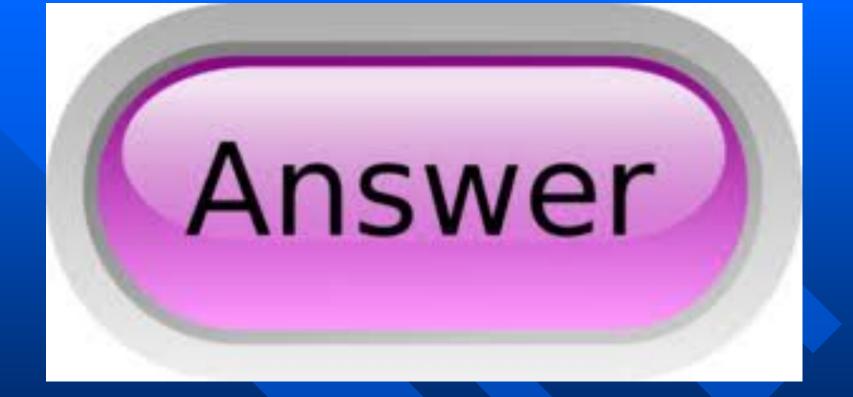
1. Jan says she likes snow. Why?

Answer

Everything looks so beautiful



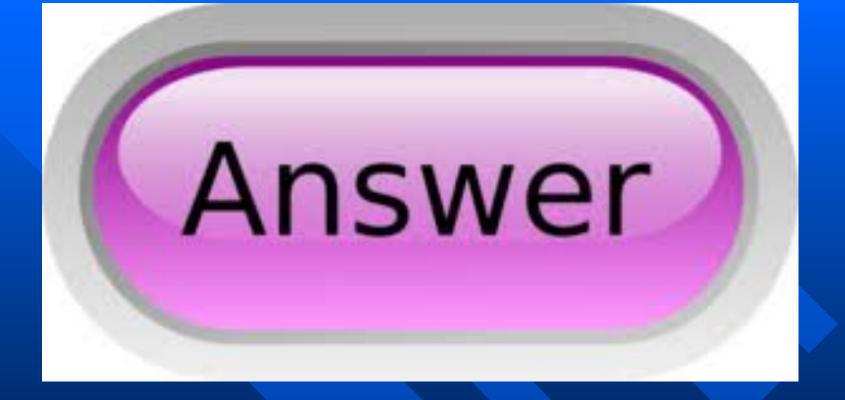
2. Do you like winter weather?



Yes, I do
No, I don't



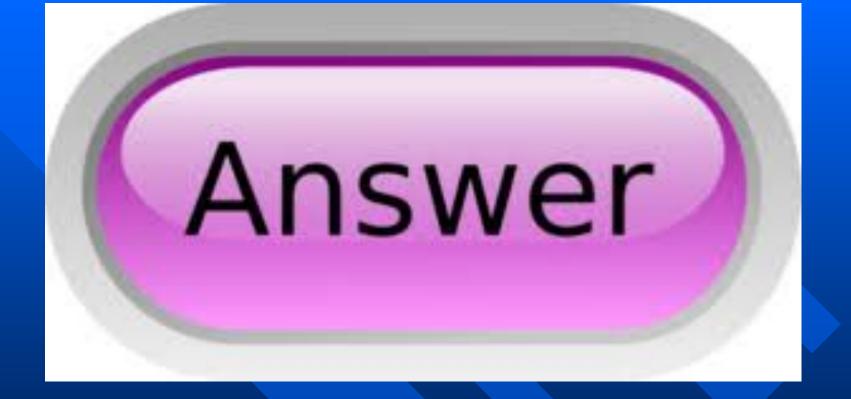
2. What's the weather like in your country in winter?



It snows a lot and it's always cold



3. Do you think the weather is changing?



Yes, I do
No, I don't



Exercise 9 Page 85



Underline the verbs in the Present Continuous



The underground isn't working today



It snows all through the winter in New York



The trains and buses aren't running



You always phone in the evenings



Exercise 10 Page 85



Choose the correct form of the verbs in the sentences



1. At the moment it rains/ is raining



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1. At the moment it is raining



2. We never take/are taking the bus to work



2. We never take the bus to work



3. I always carry/am carrying my umbrella in winter



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3. I always carry my umbrella in winter



4. It's hot so Kevin doesn't wear/isn't wearing a coat today



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4. It's hot so Kevin isn't wearing a coat today



5. We study/'re studying a new tense in the English class



5. We're studying a new tense in the English class



6. My parents don't drink/ aren't drinking coffee after 6 p.m



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6. My parents don't drink coffee after 6 p.m.



Exercise 11 Page 85



Write what the people usually do and what they're doing now



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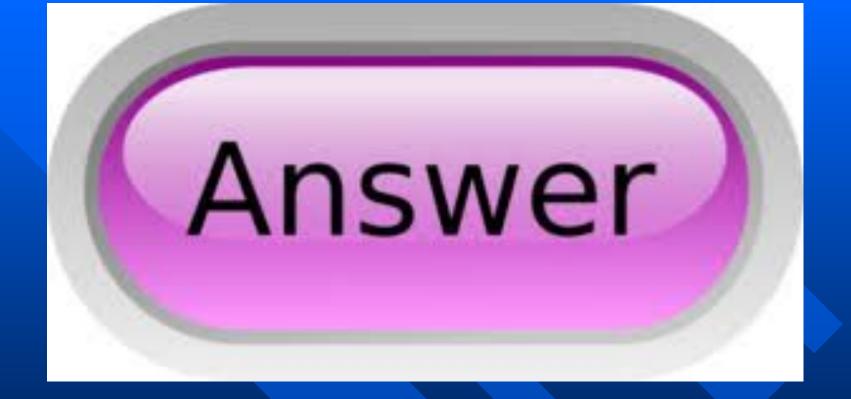
1. Peter usually drives a bus. Today he's sunbathing



2. Laura usually walks to work.



What's Laura doing today?



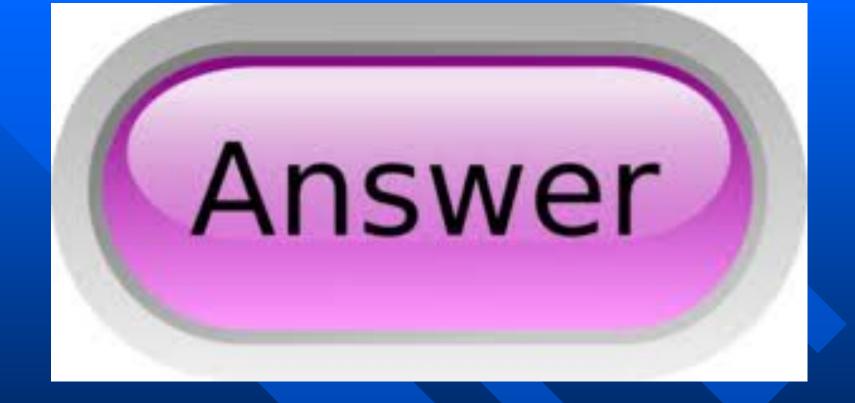
She's driving her new car



3. Sally usually cleans the house.



What's Sally doing today?



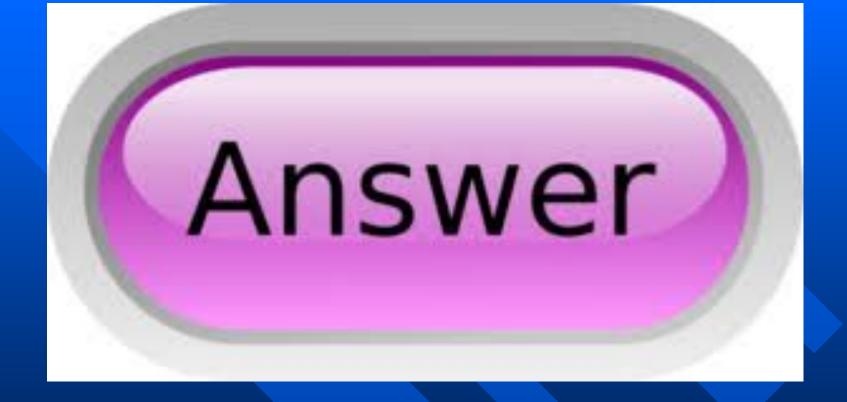
She's playing football today



4. Anna usually wears jeans



What's she wearing today?



She's wearing a dress today