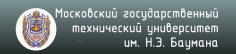


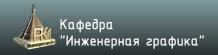
Начертательная геометрия 1 семестр для студентов ф-та ИУ

ЛЕКЦИЯ 5

Пересечение тел проецирующей плоскостью.

Подготовили: доценты кафедры РК-1 Сенченкова Л.С., Палий Н.В.

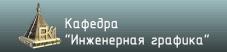


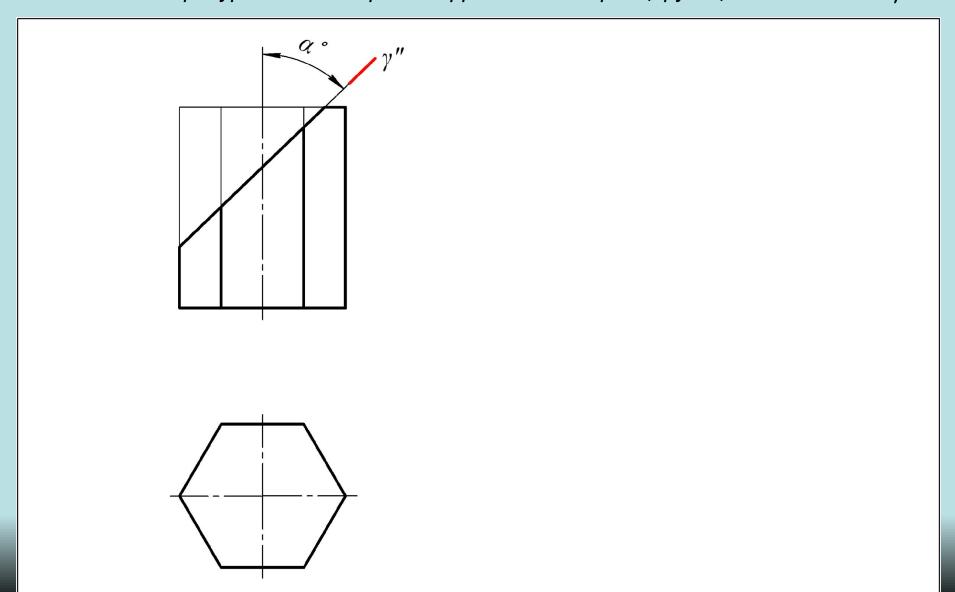


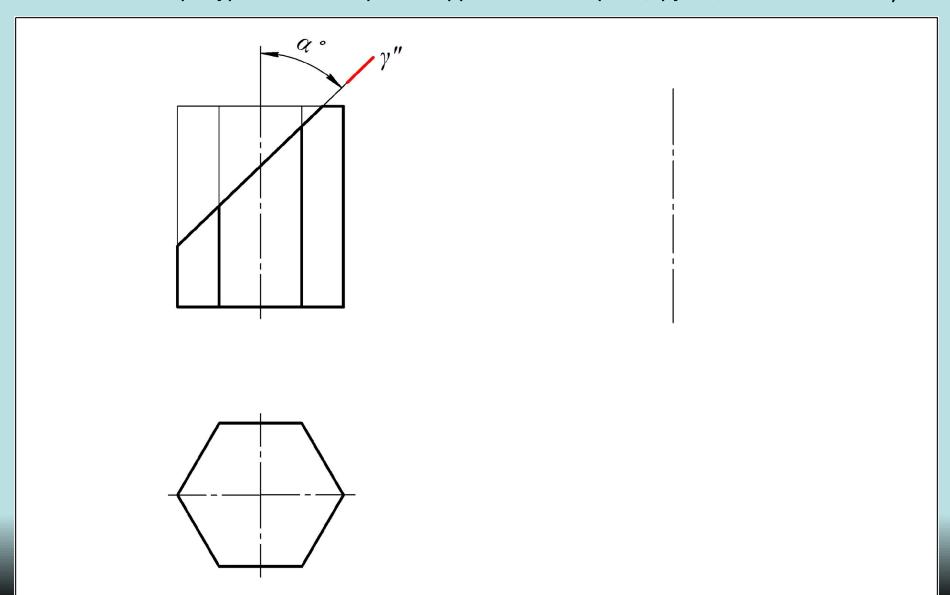
9. Пересечение геометрических фигур

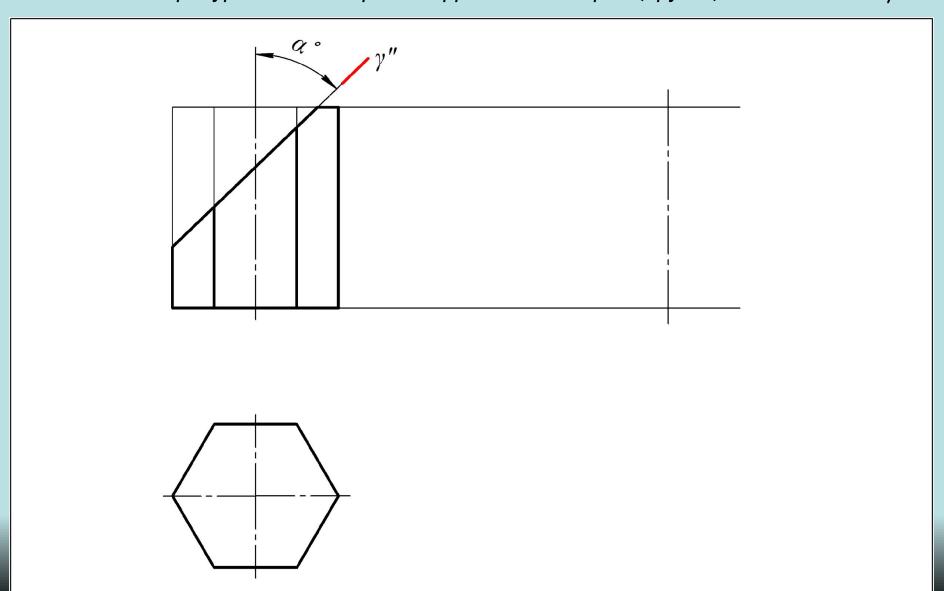
9.1. Пересечение тел проецирующей плоскостью

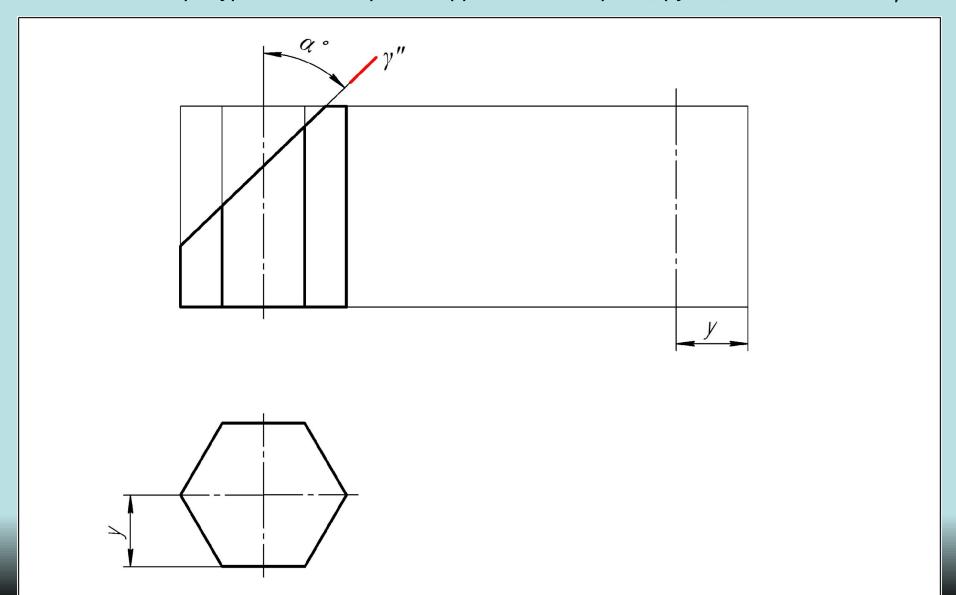
- Пересечение многогранников проецирующей плоскостью
- Пересечение тел вращения проецирующей плоскостью

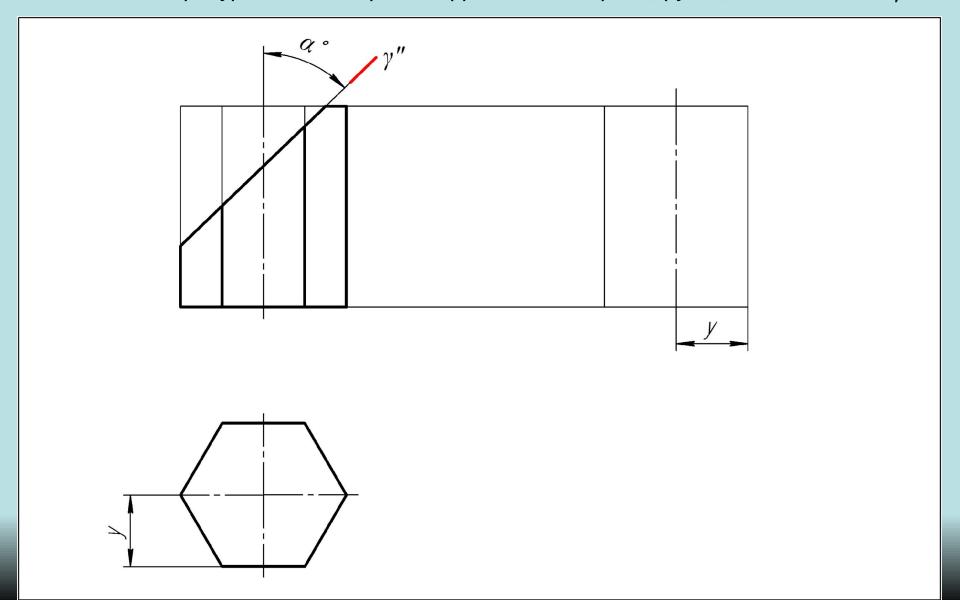


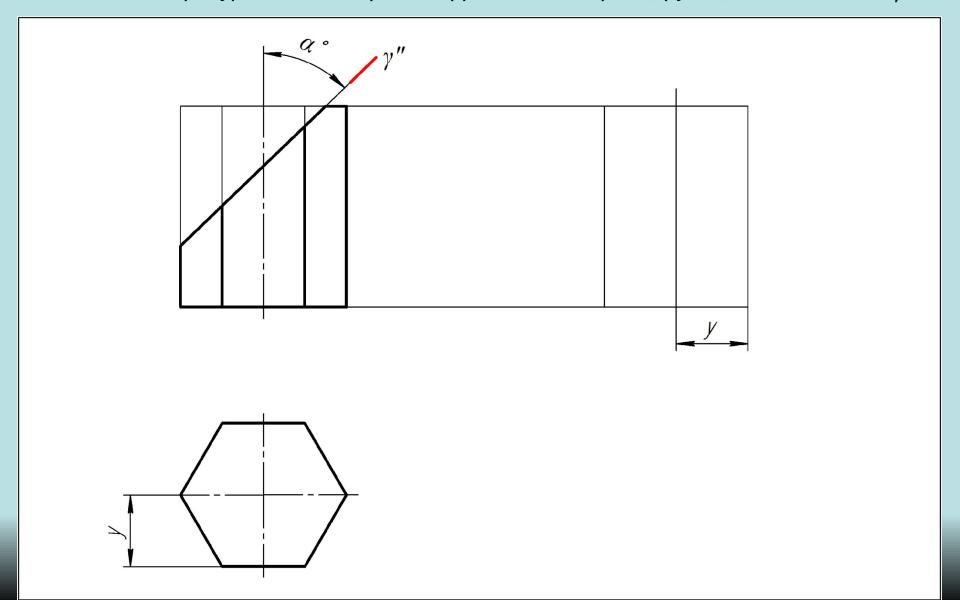


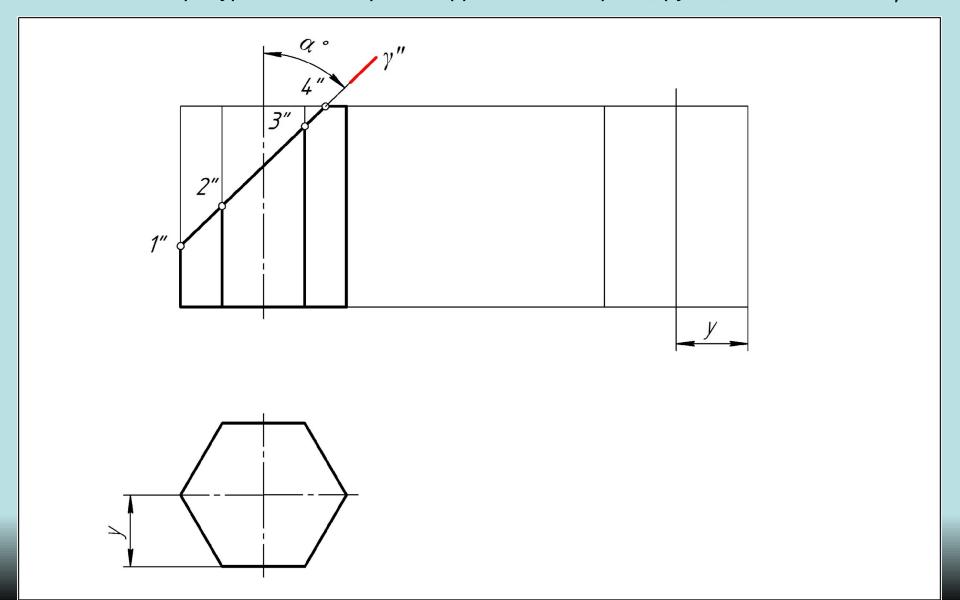


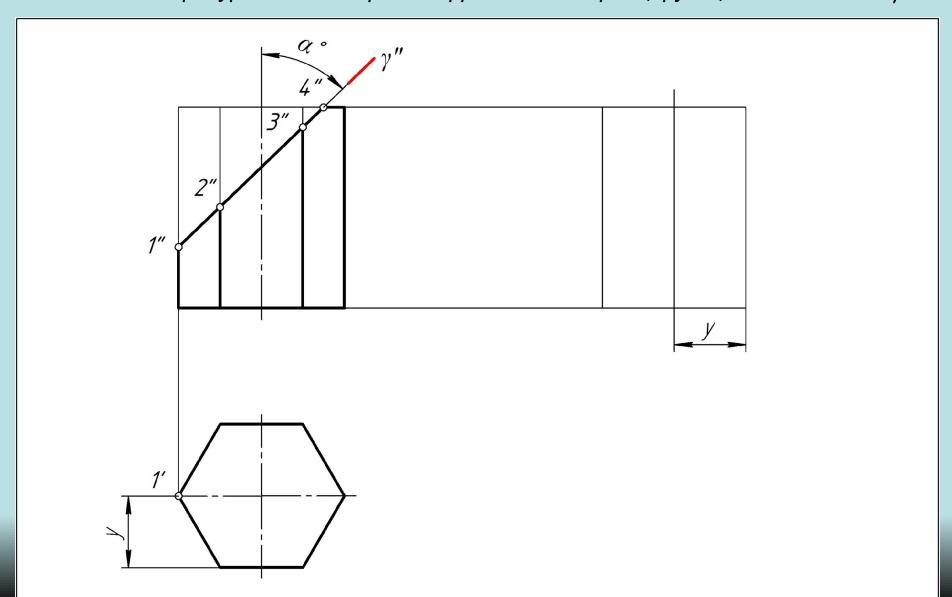


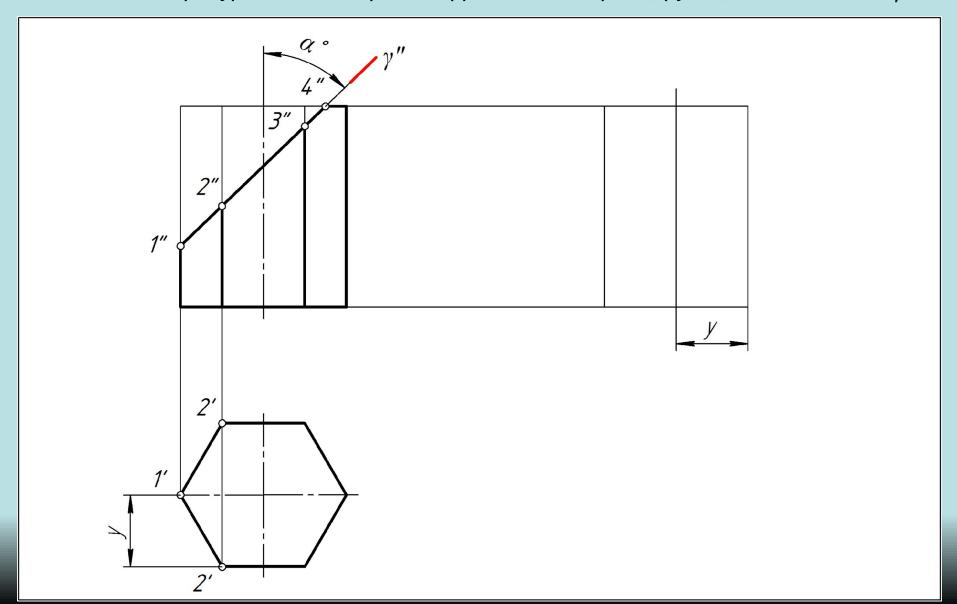


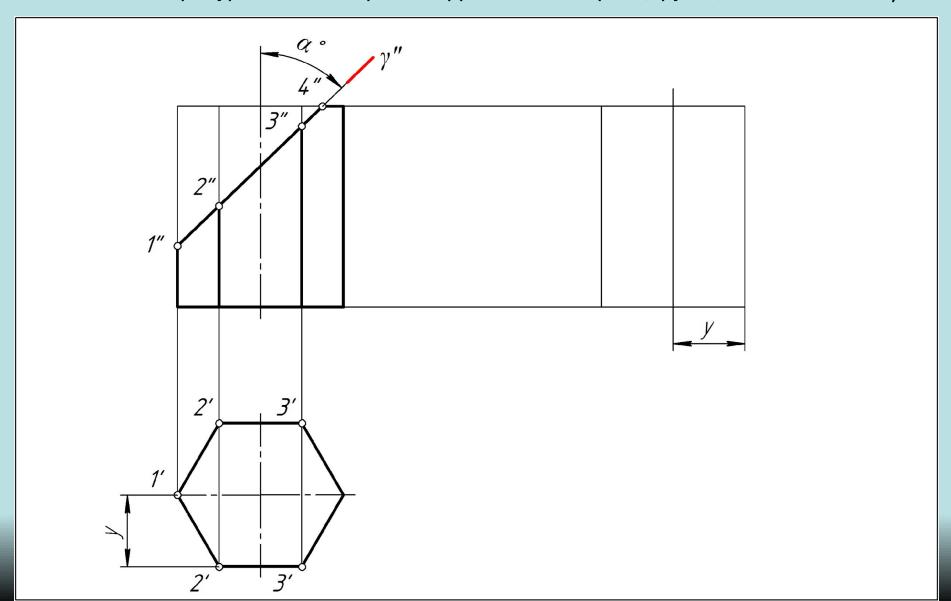


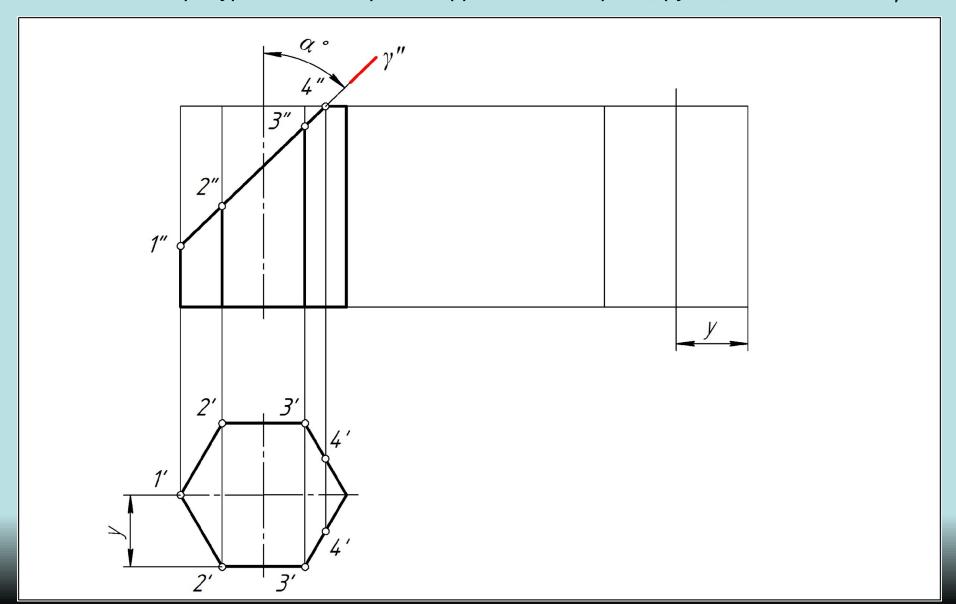


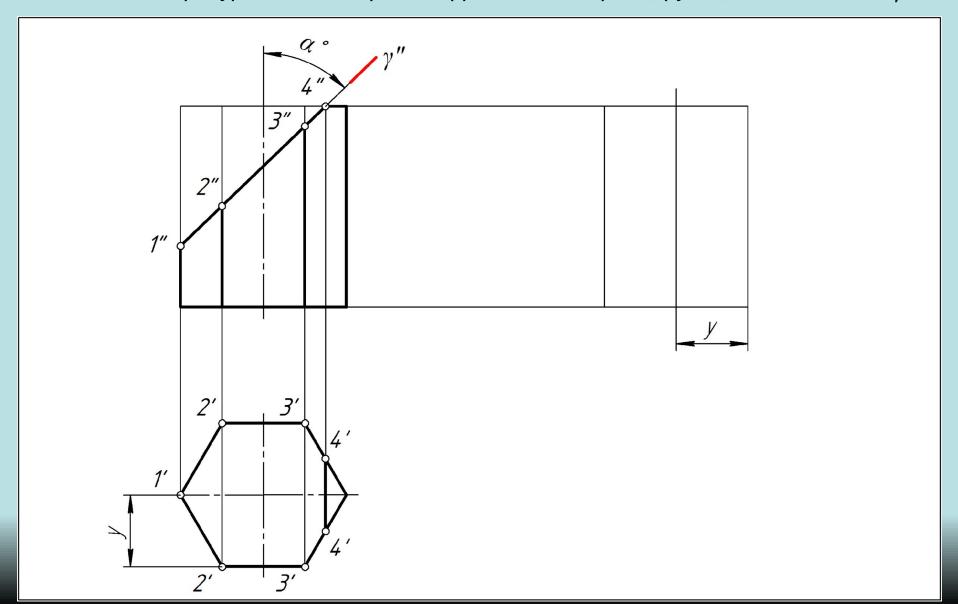


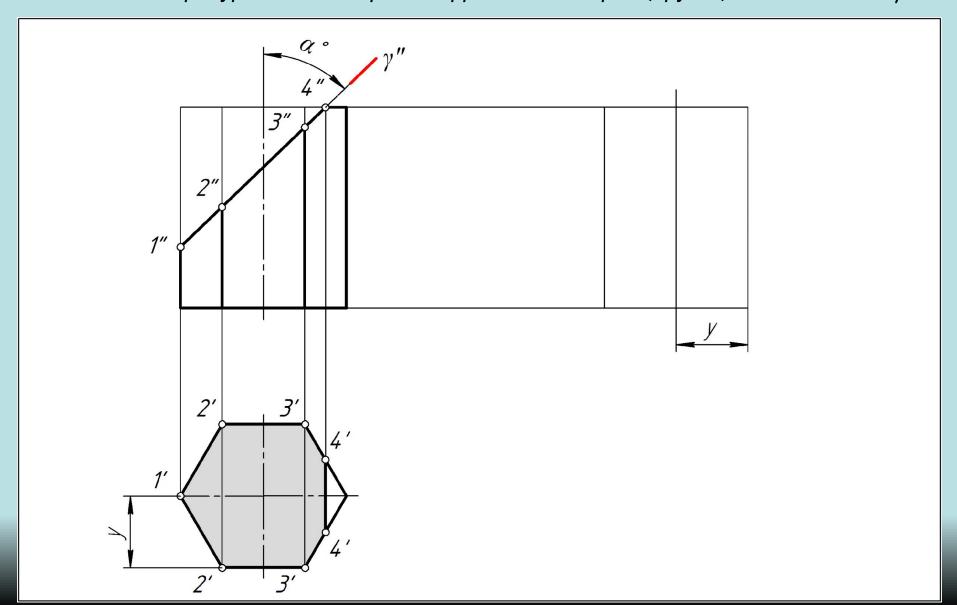


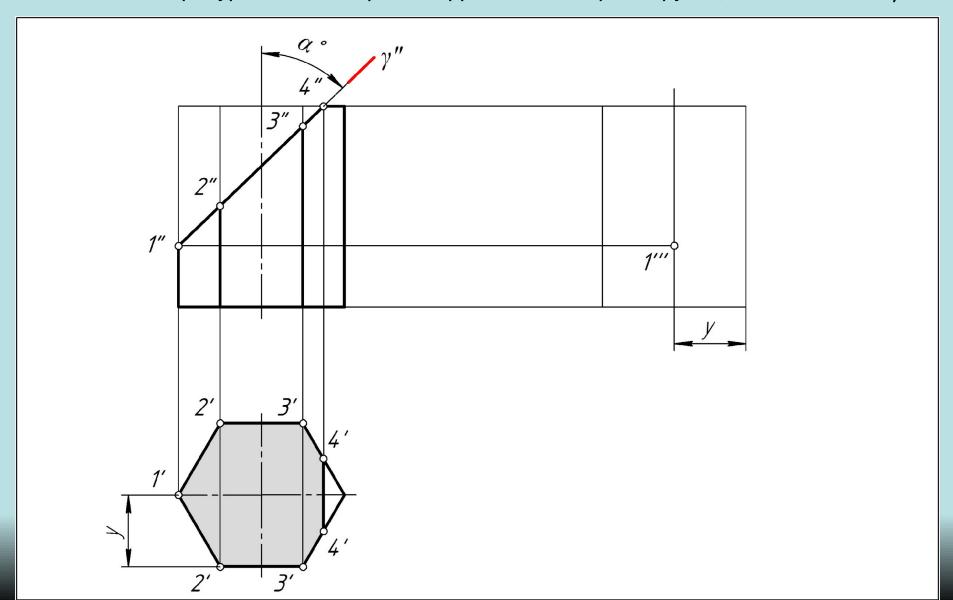


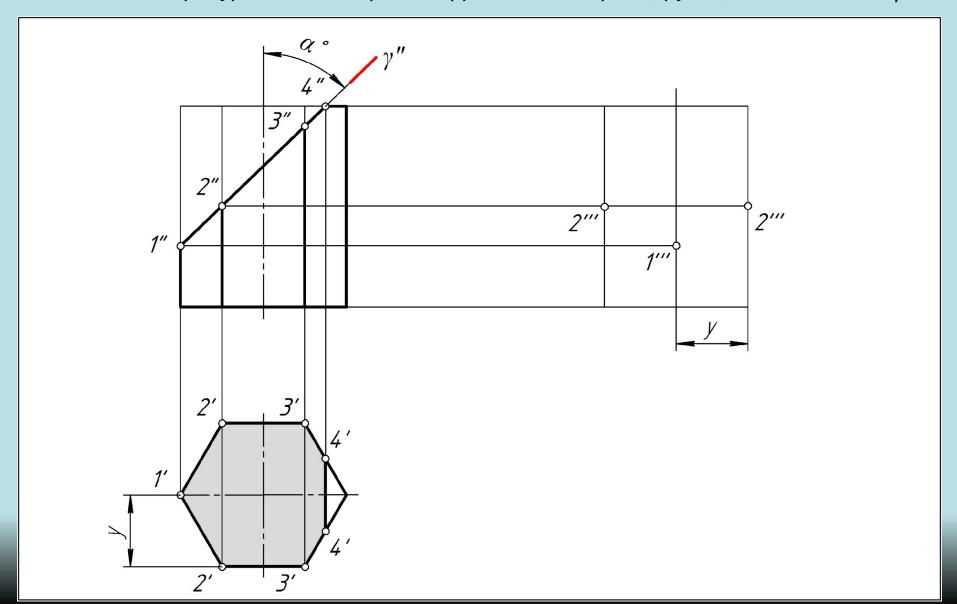


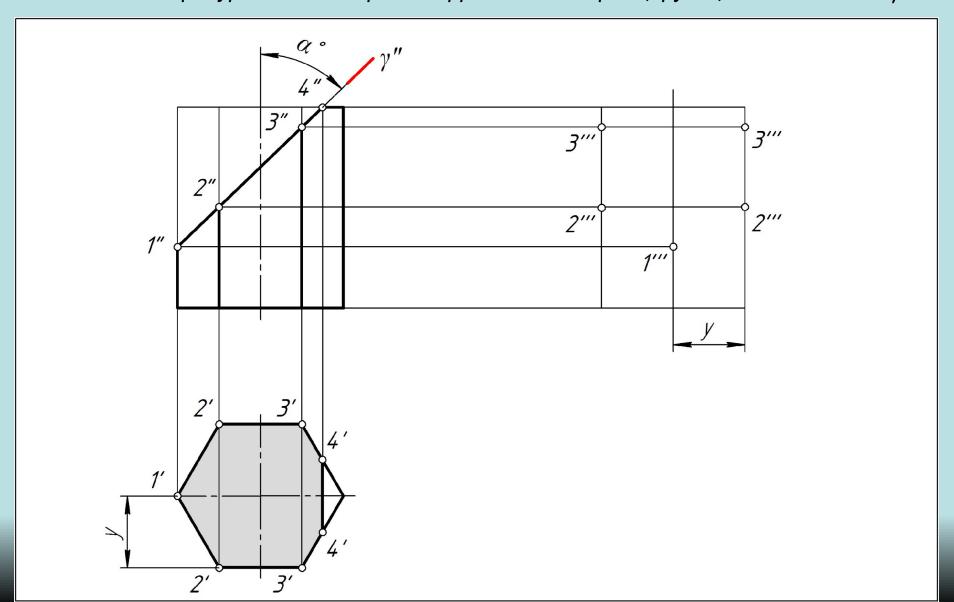


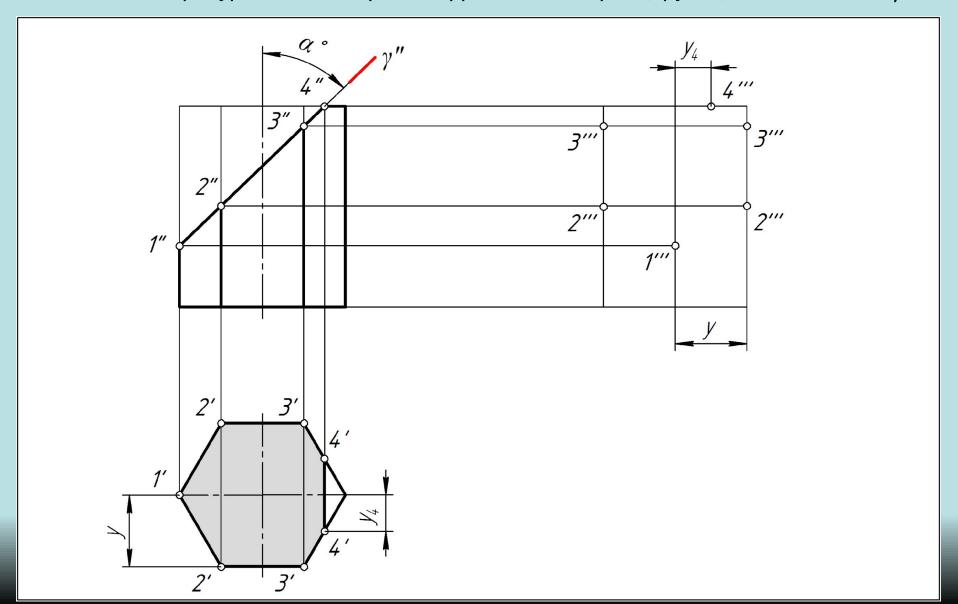


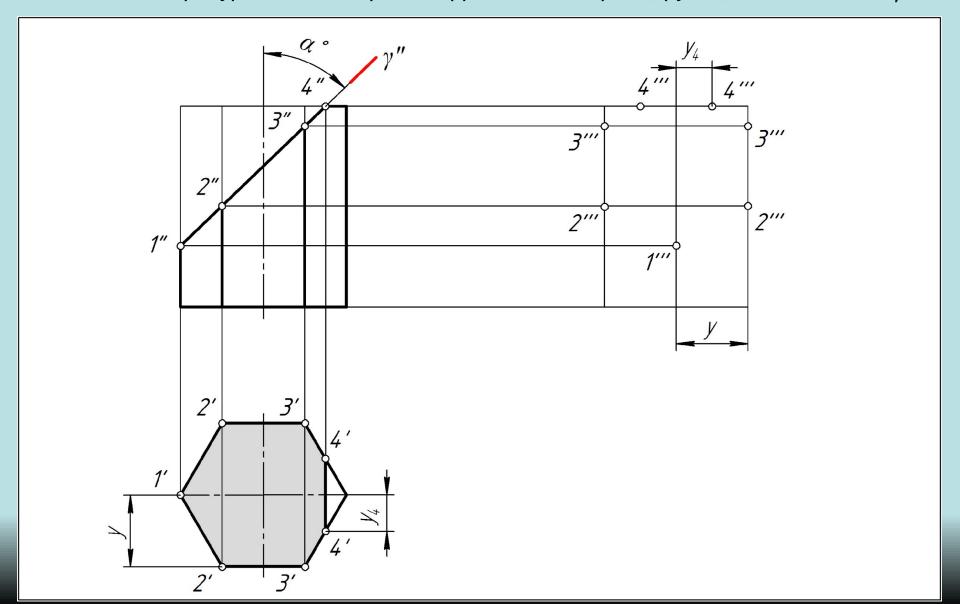


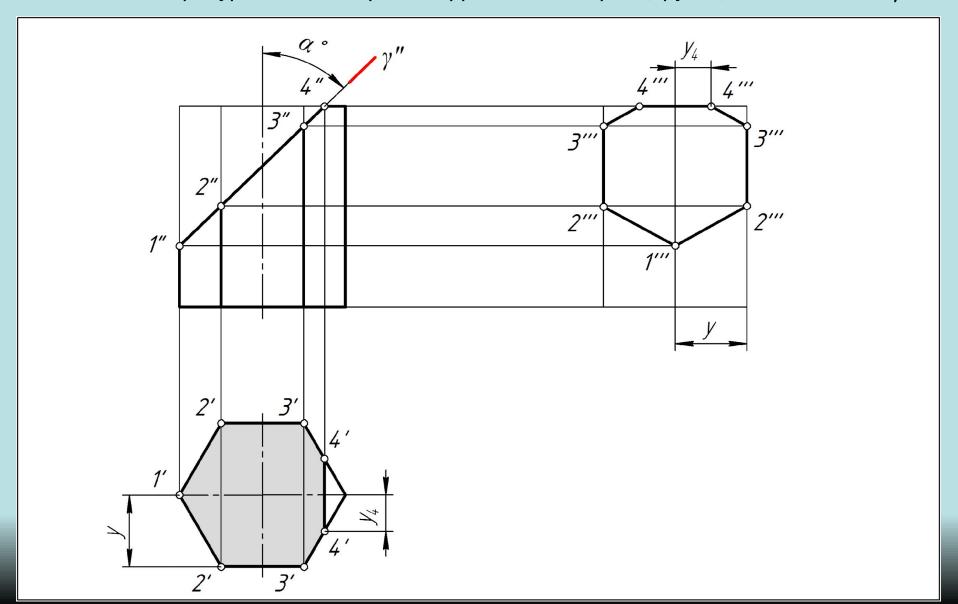


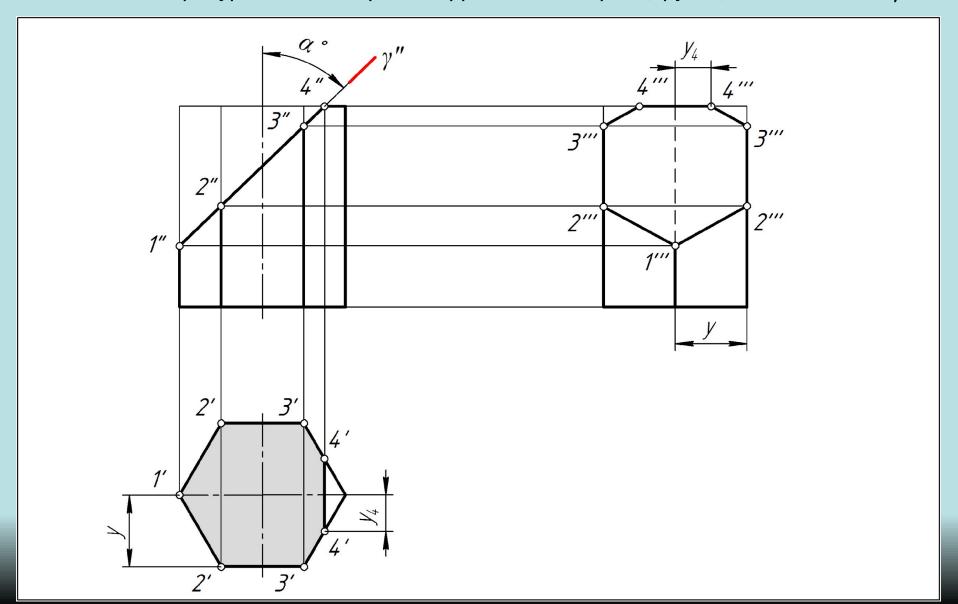


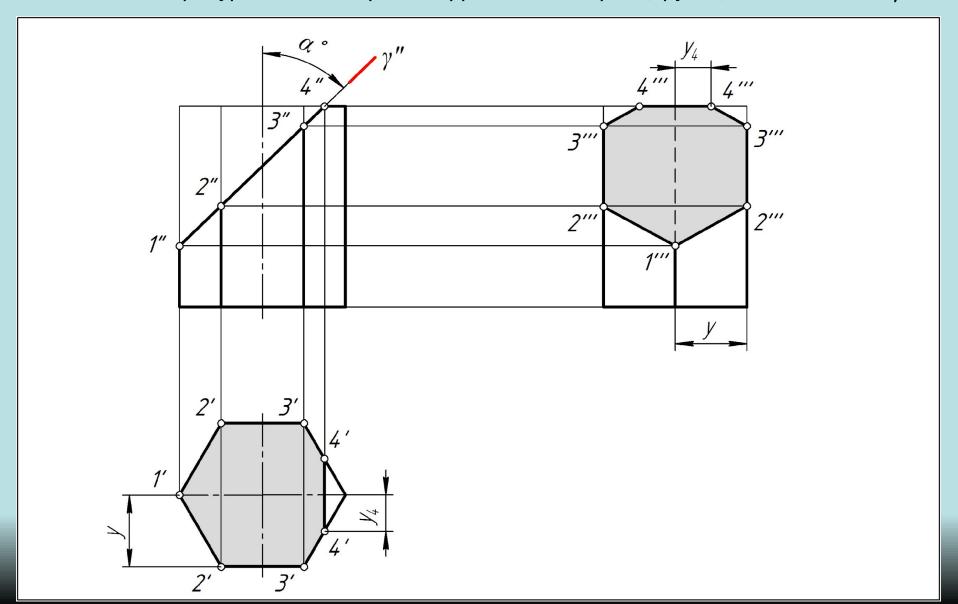


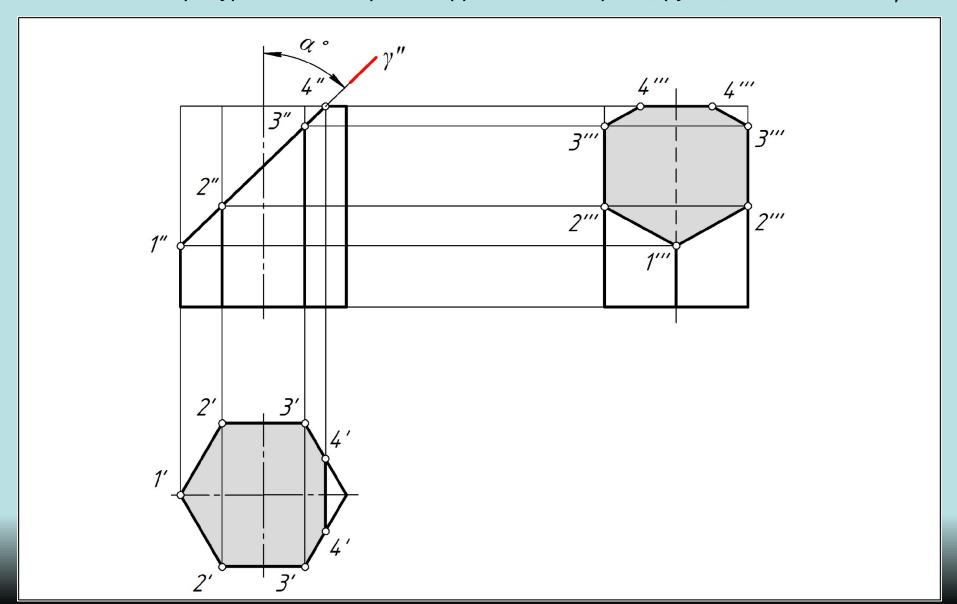


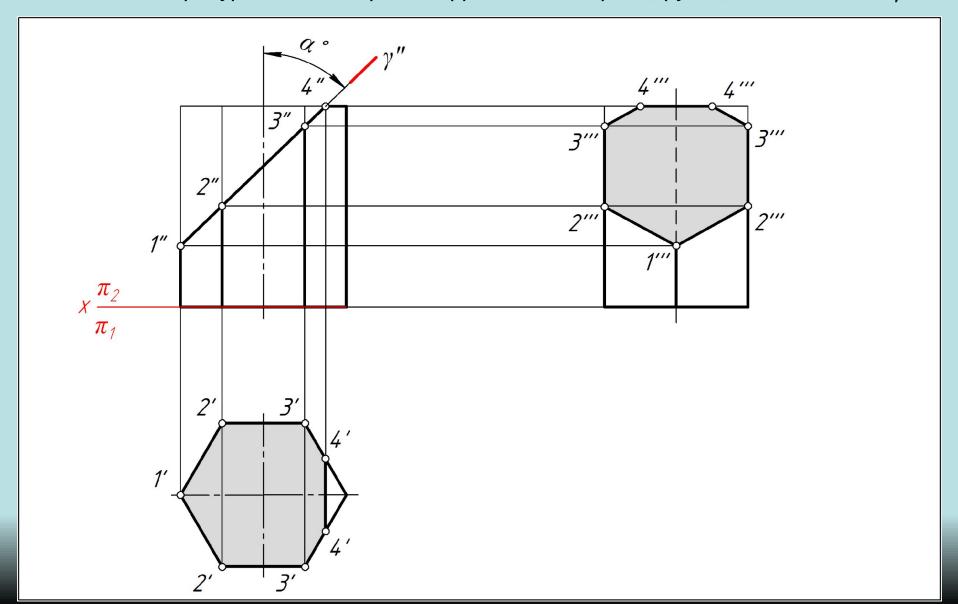


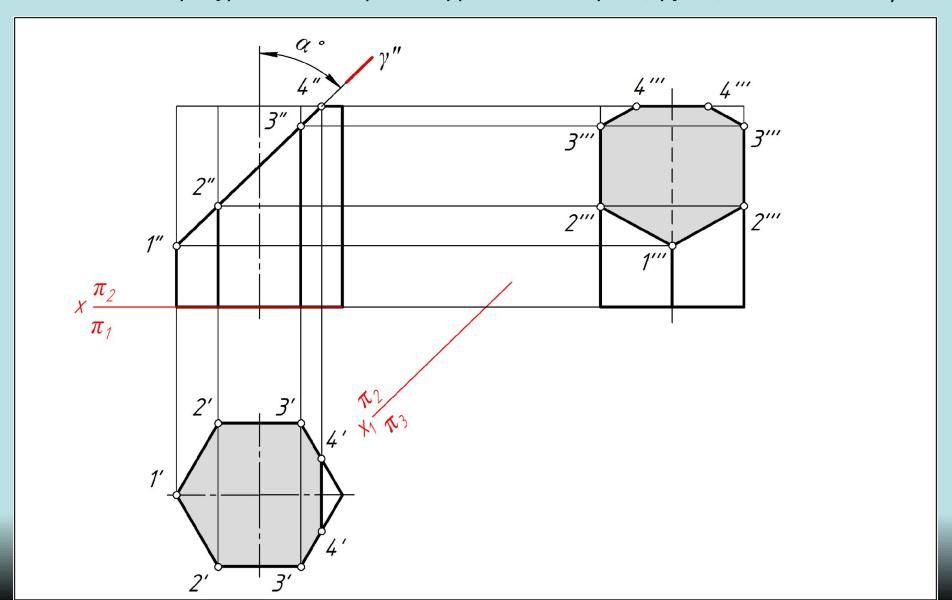


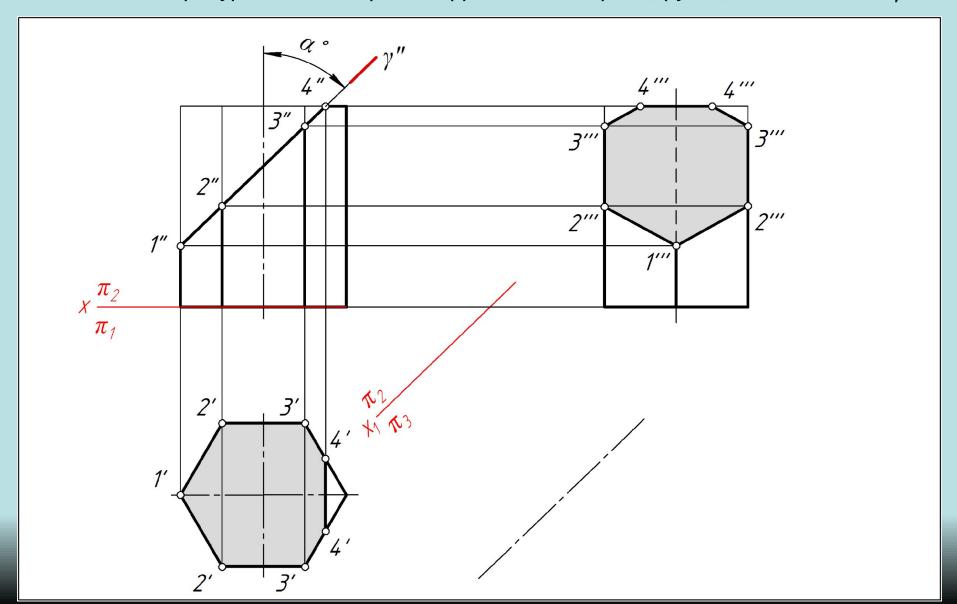


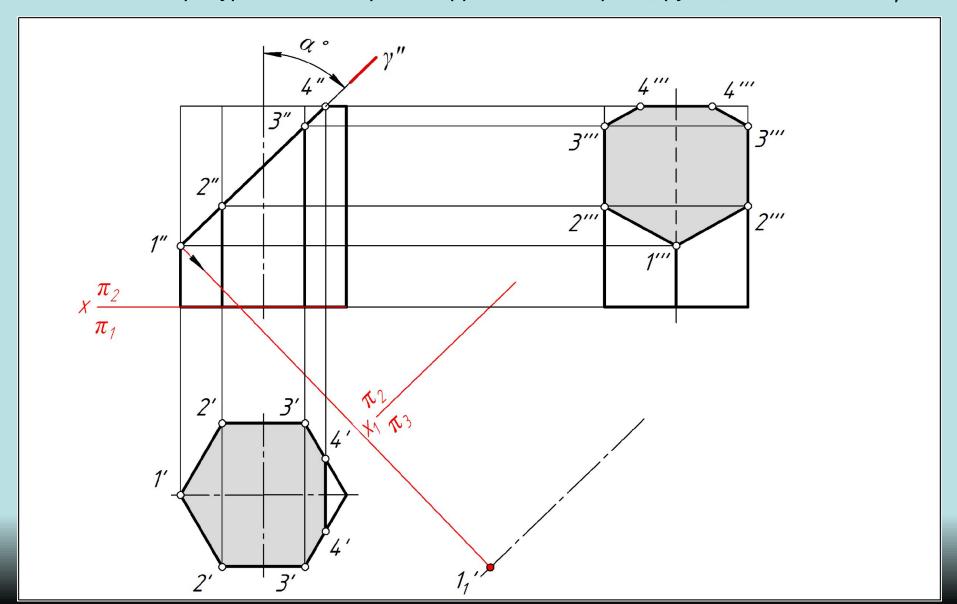


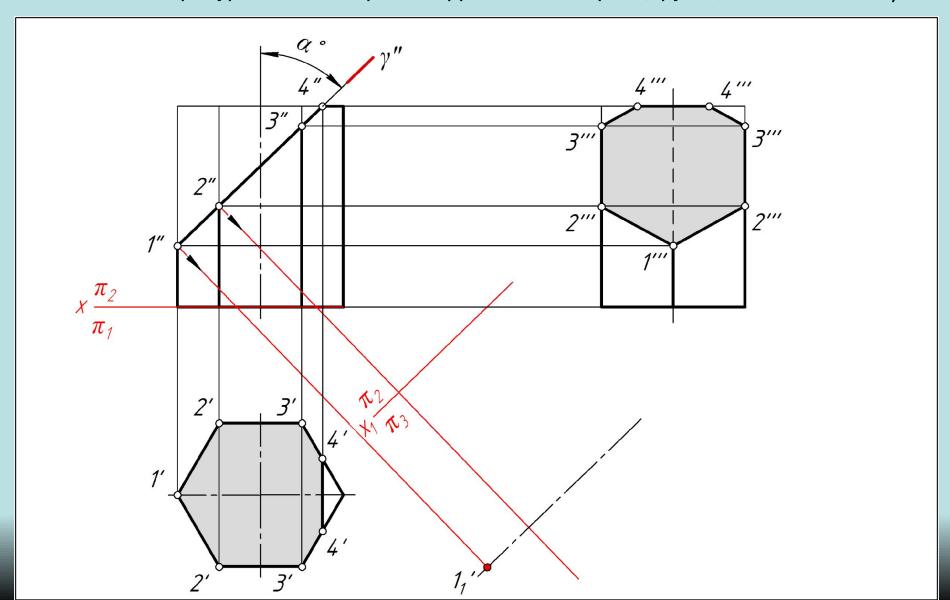


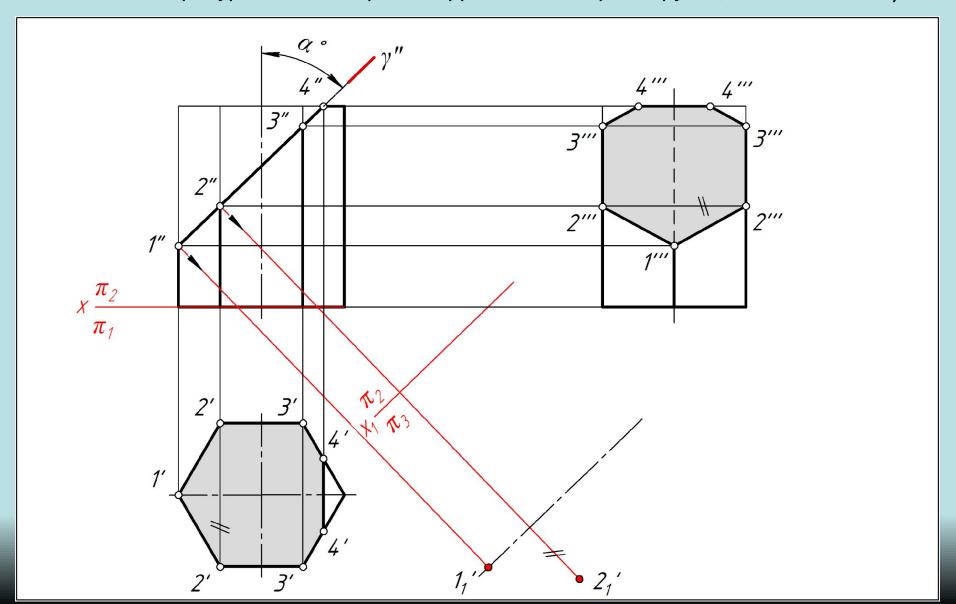


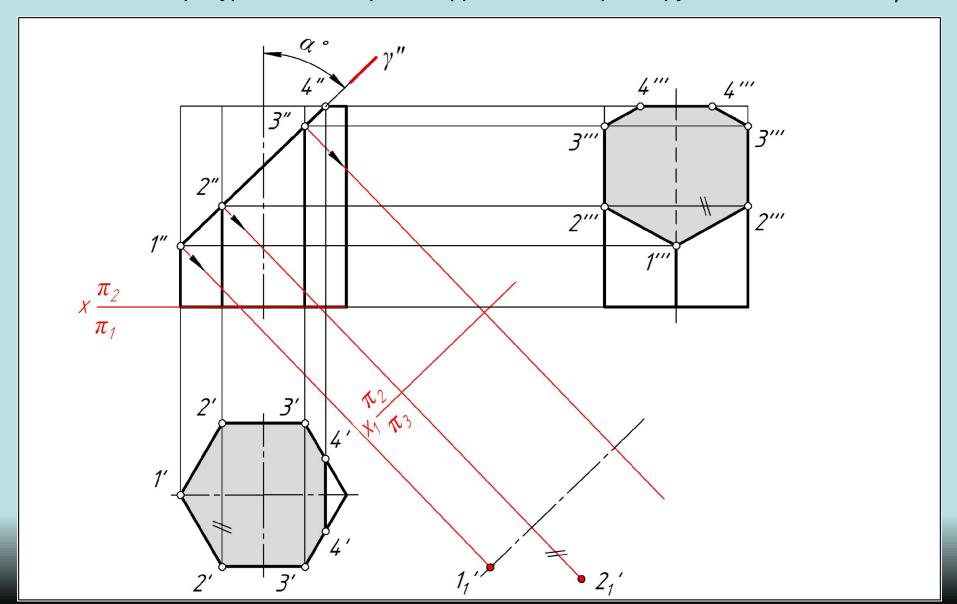


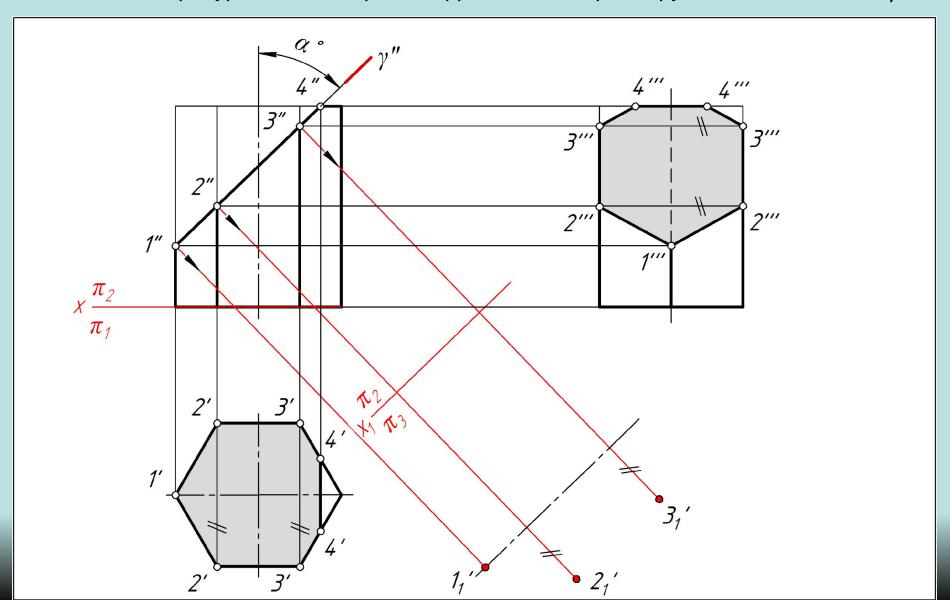


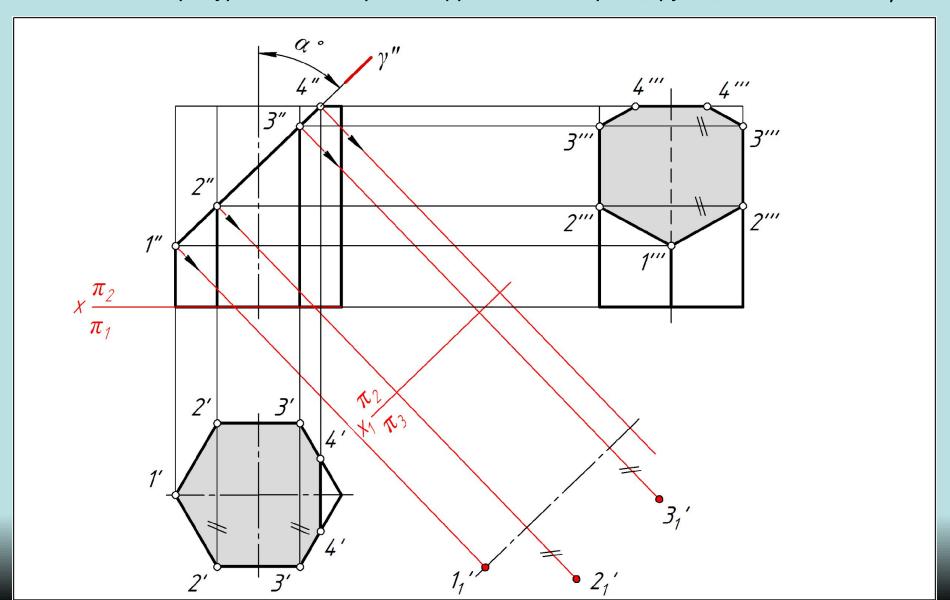


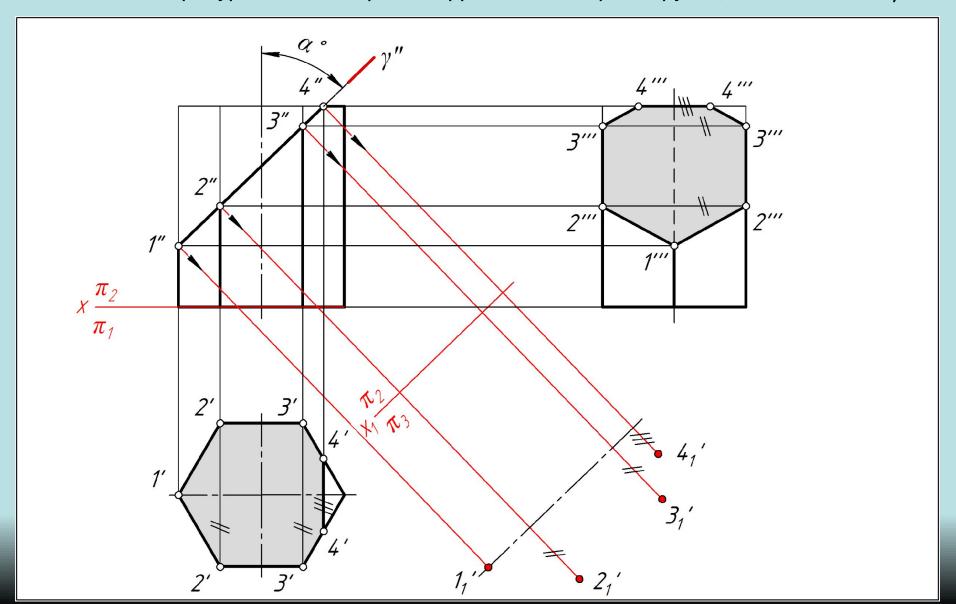


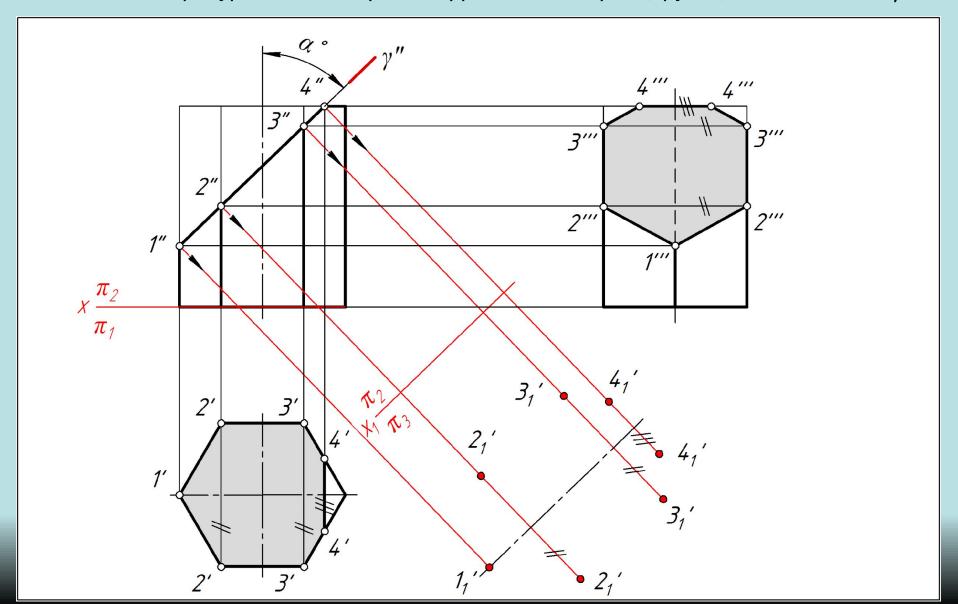


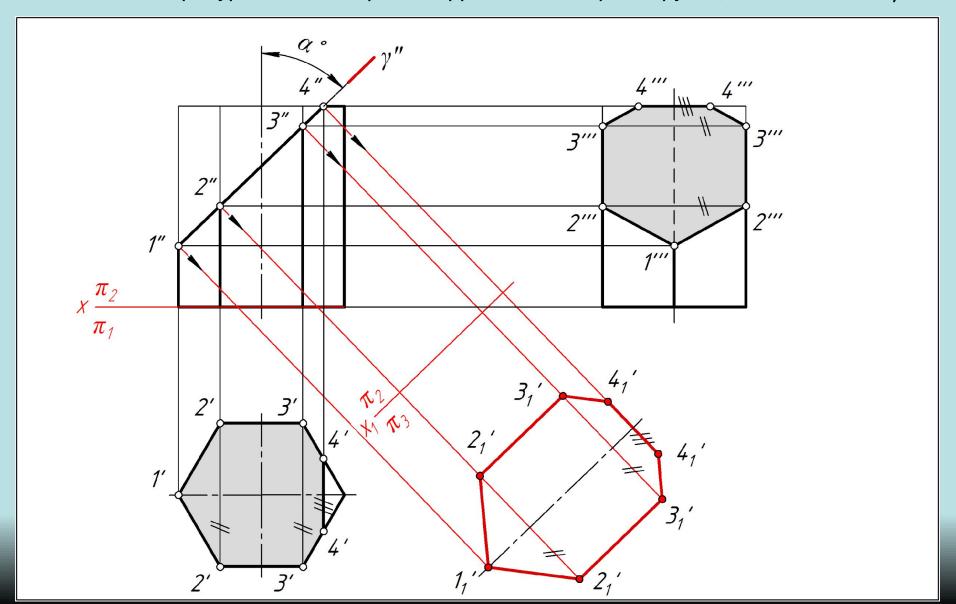






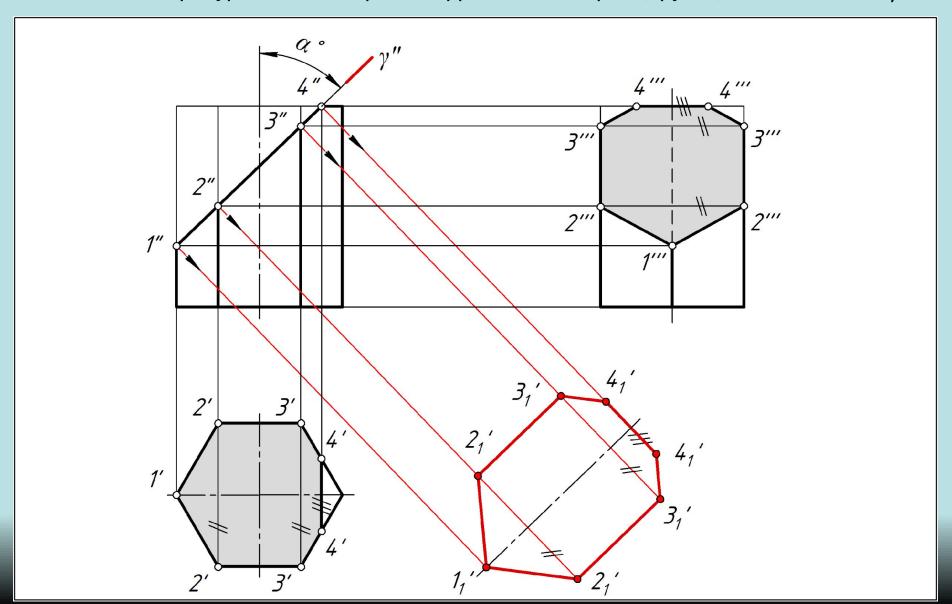


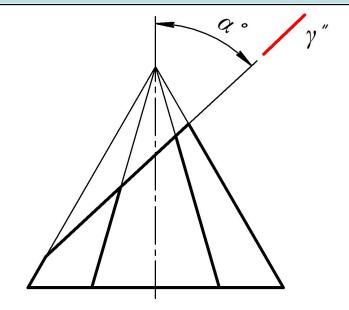


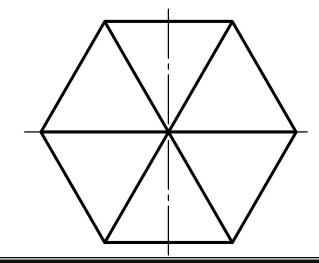


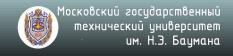
Пересечение многогранников проецирующей плоскостью

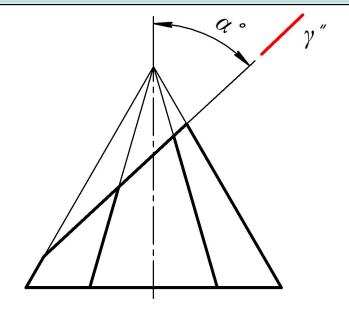
На рис. 47 построить горизонтальную и профильную проекции усеченной призмы и истинный вид фигуры сечения призмы фронтально-проецирующей плоскостью γ .

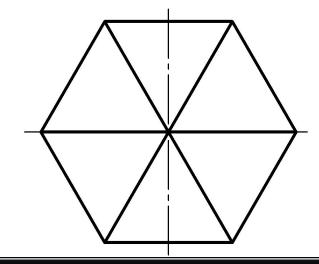




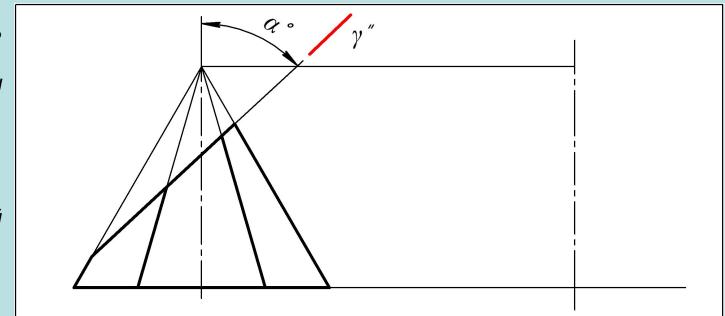


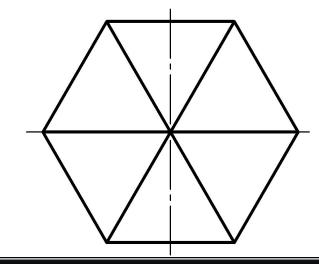




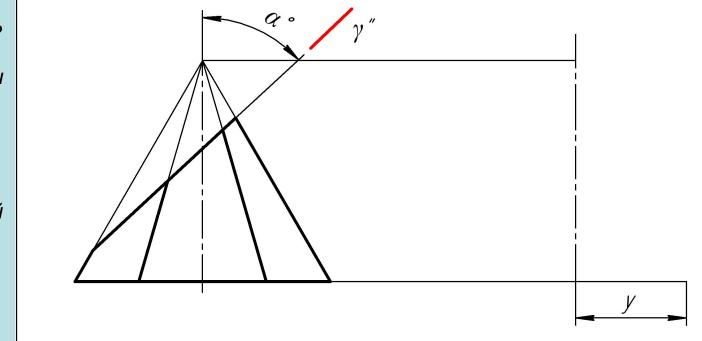


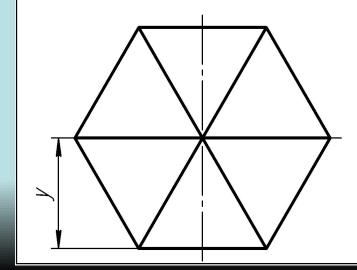


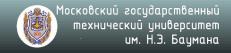


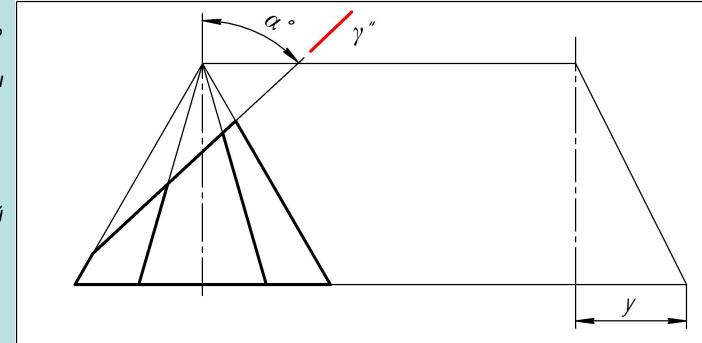


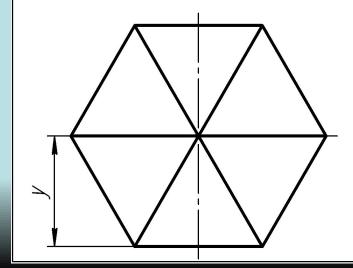


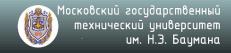


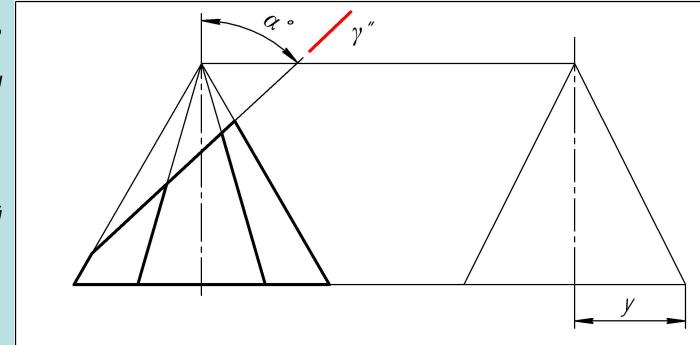


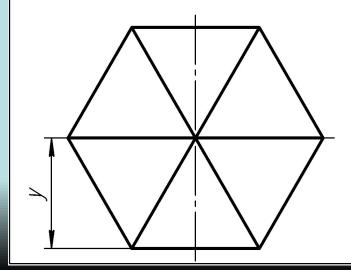


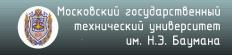


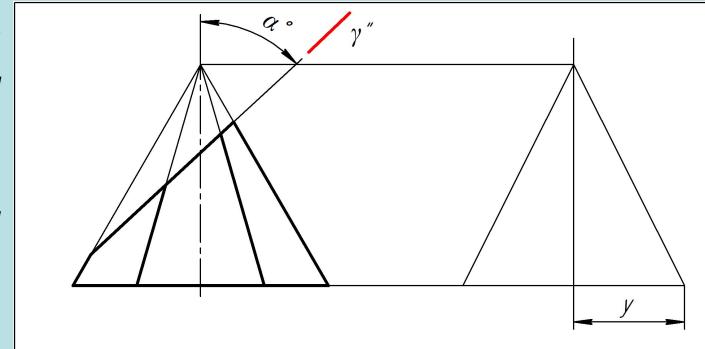


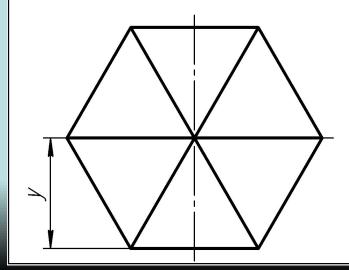


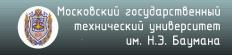


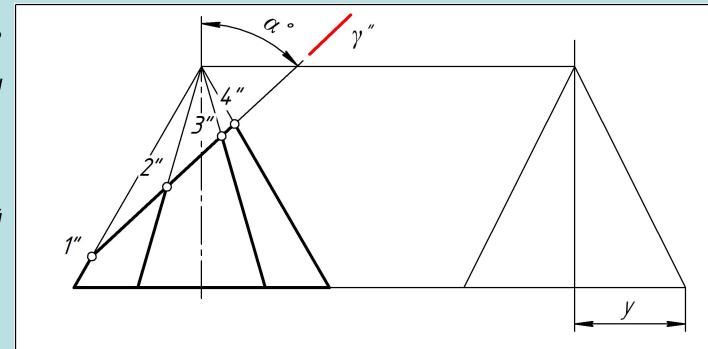


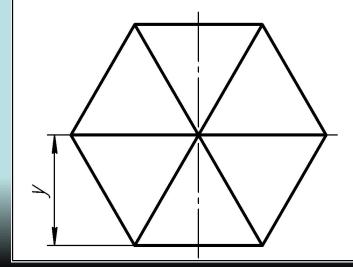


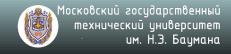


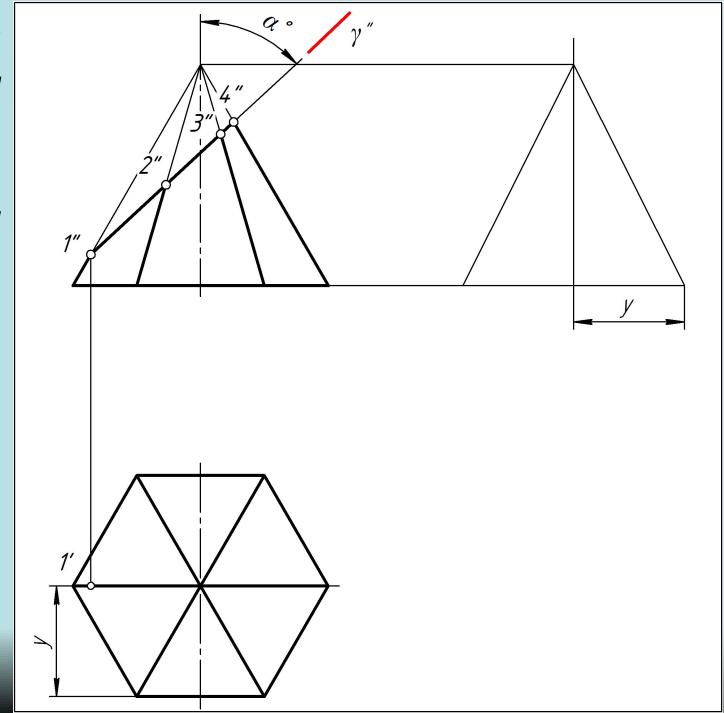


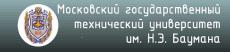


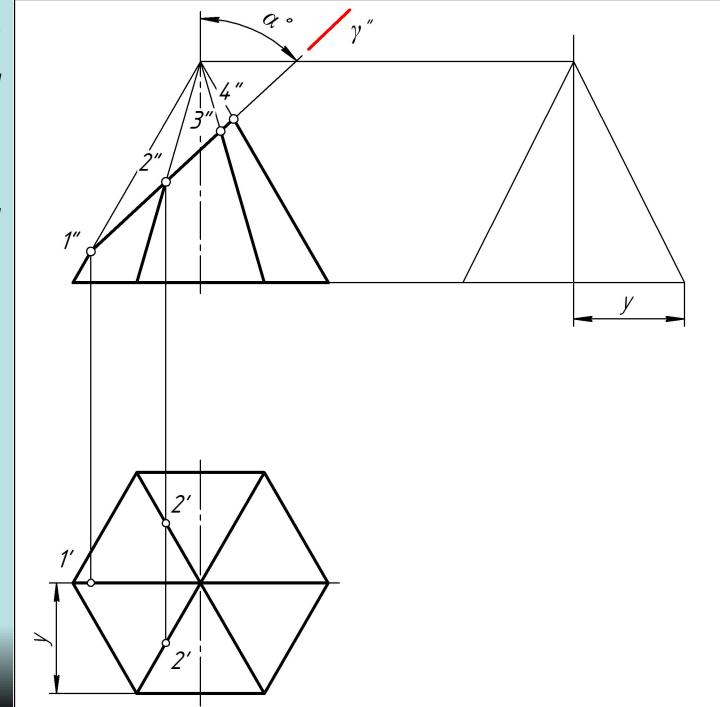


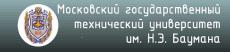


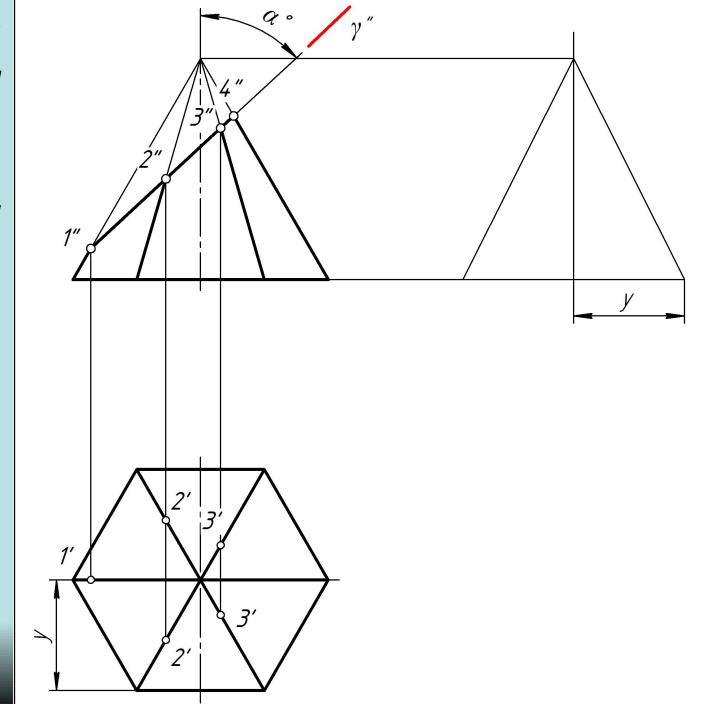


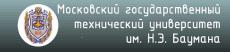


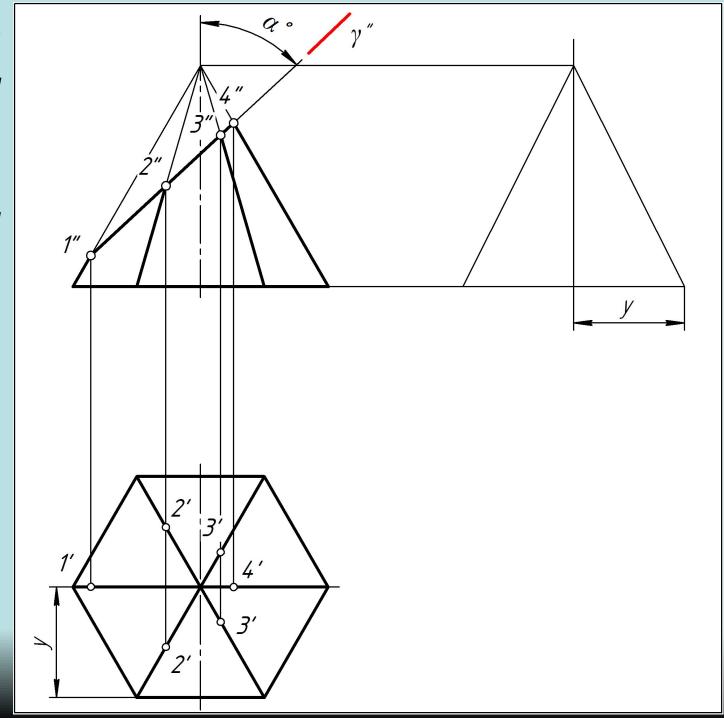




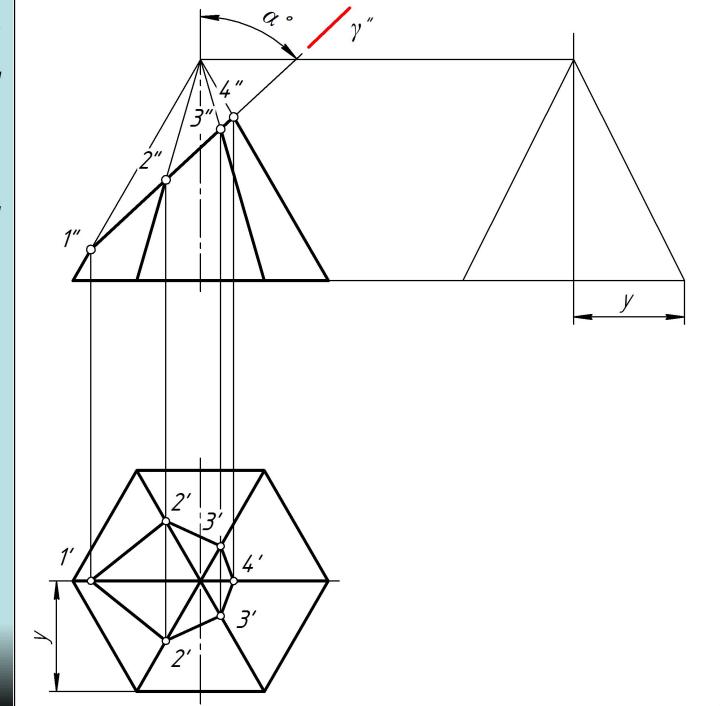


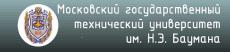


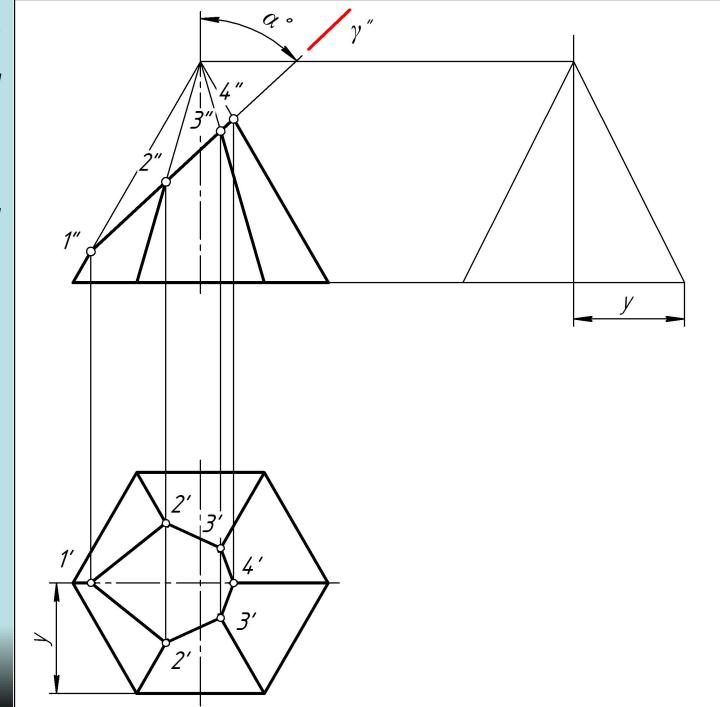




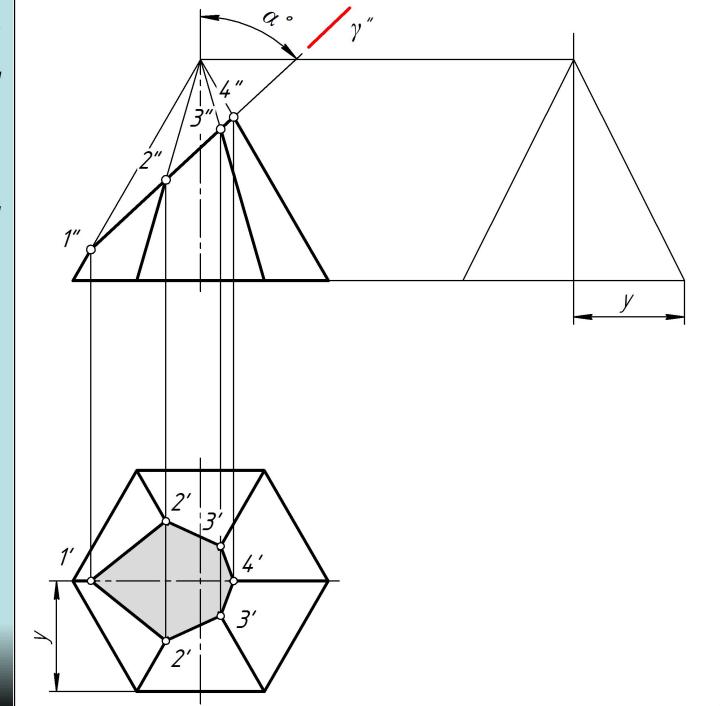


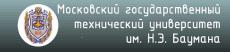


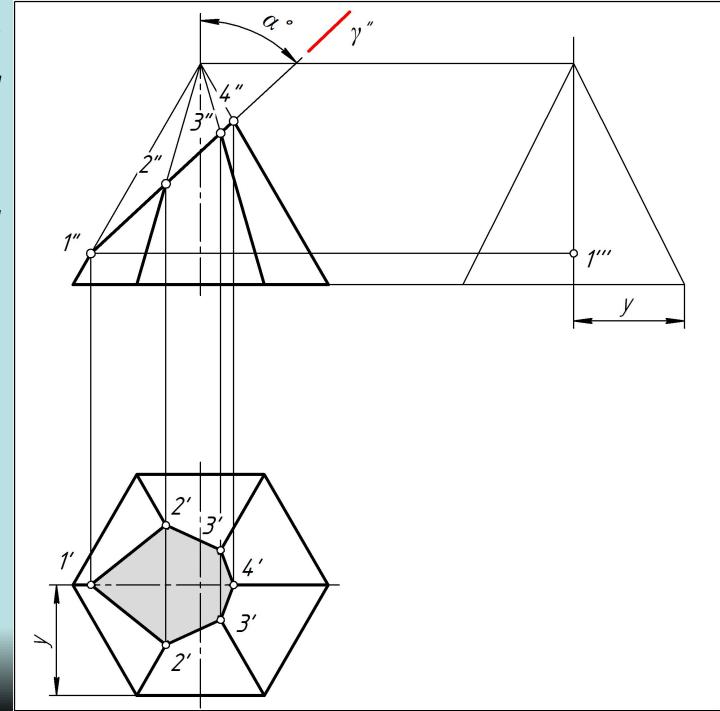




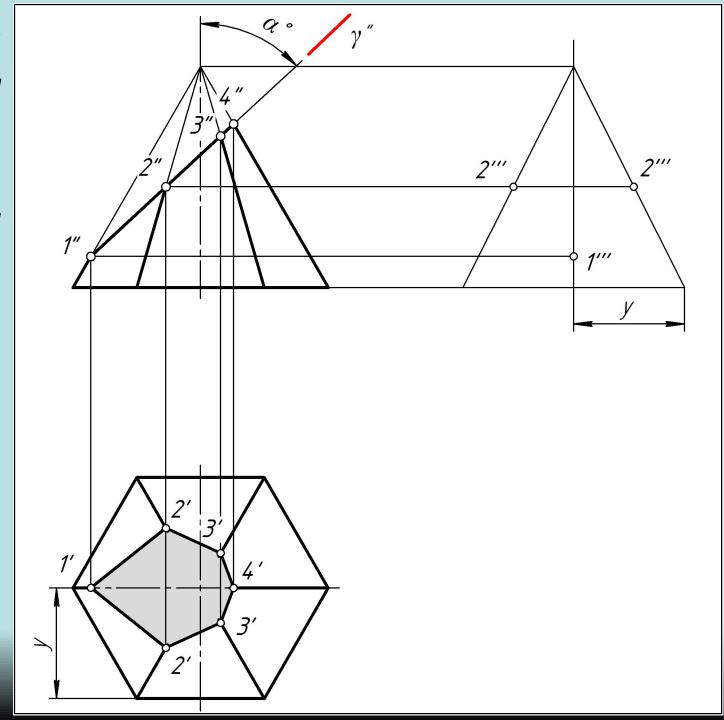




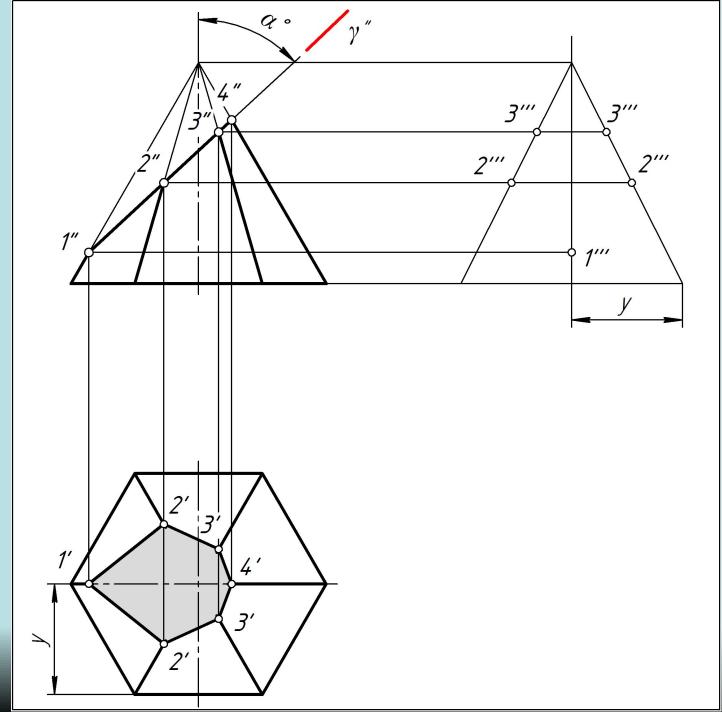




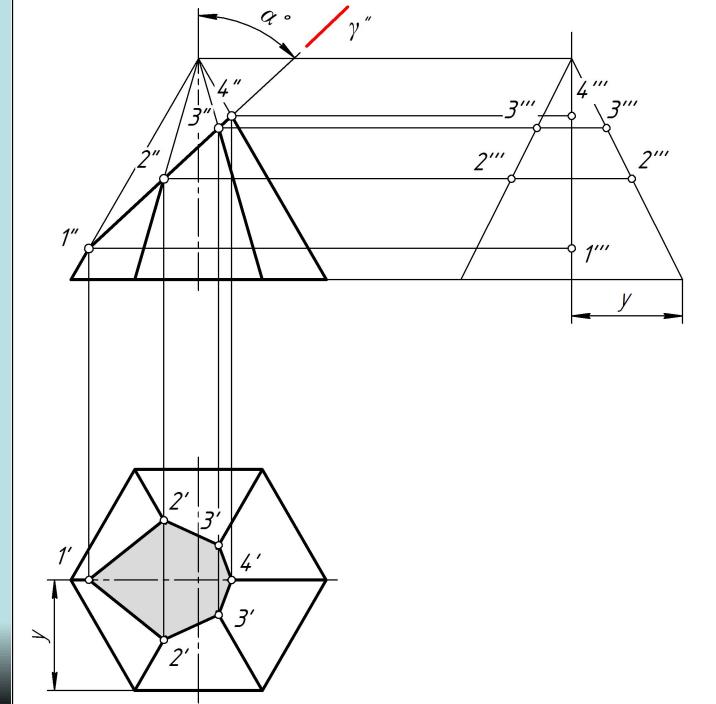




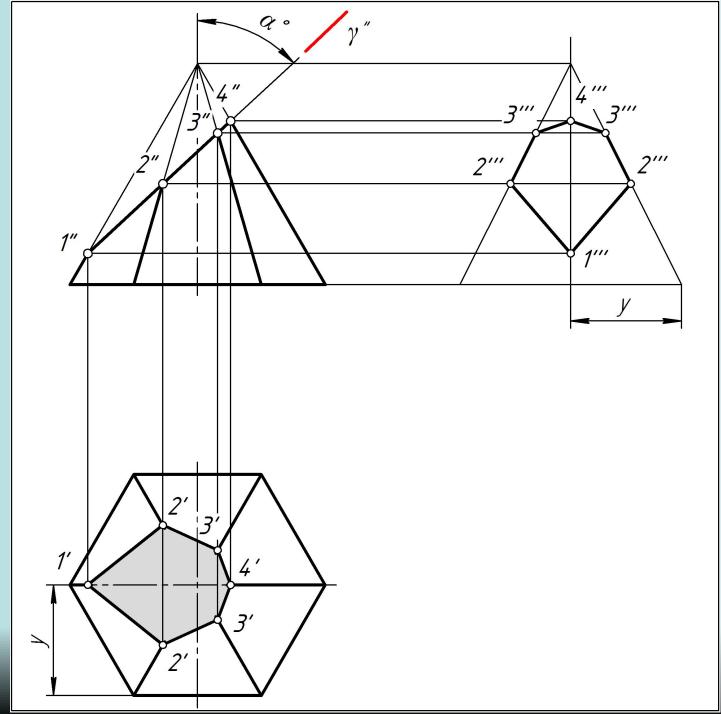




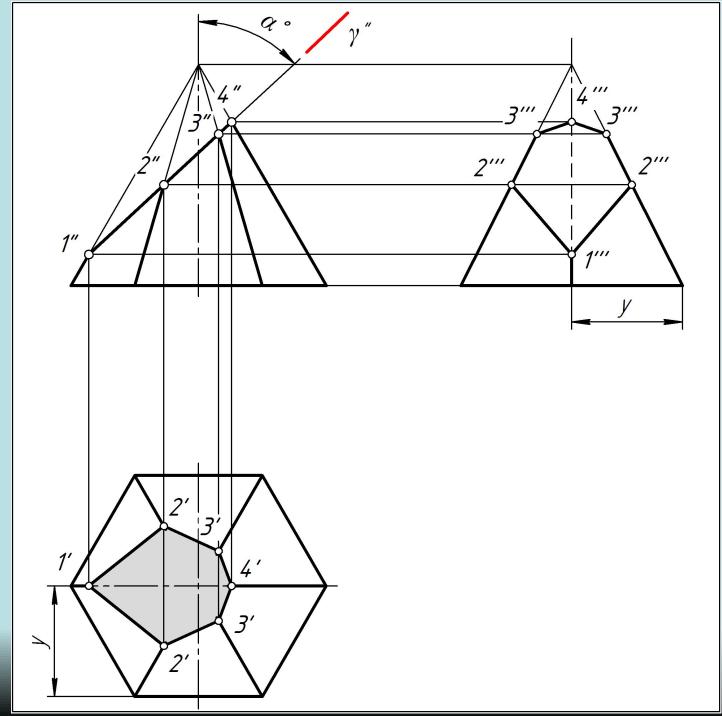




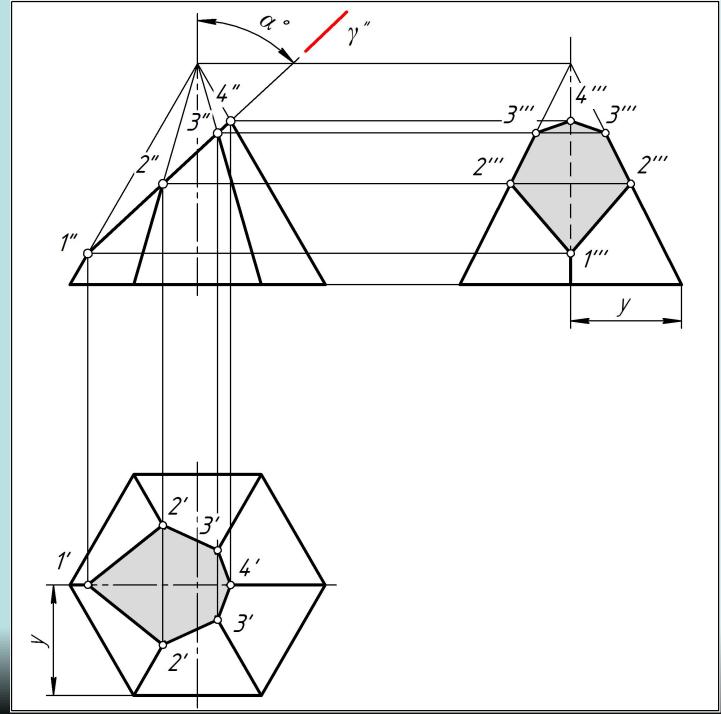




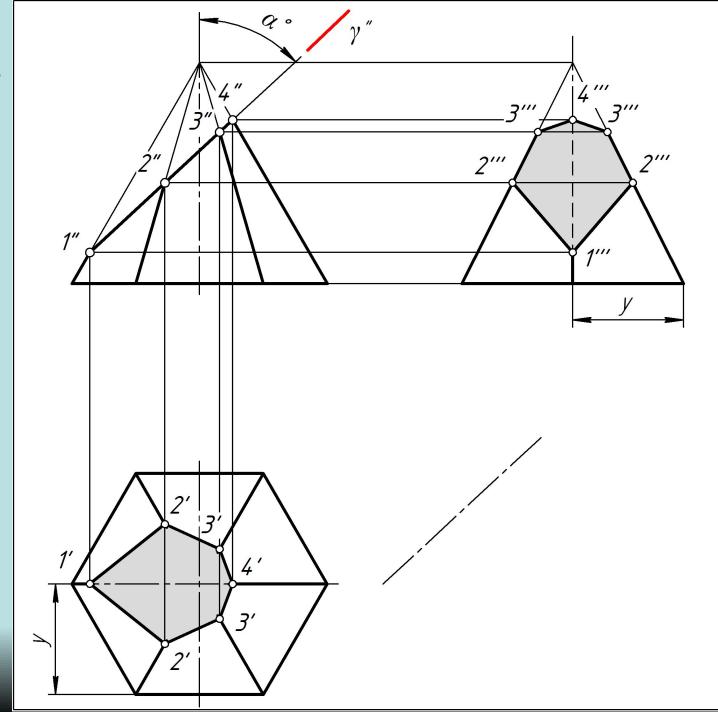


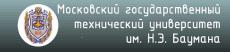


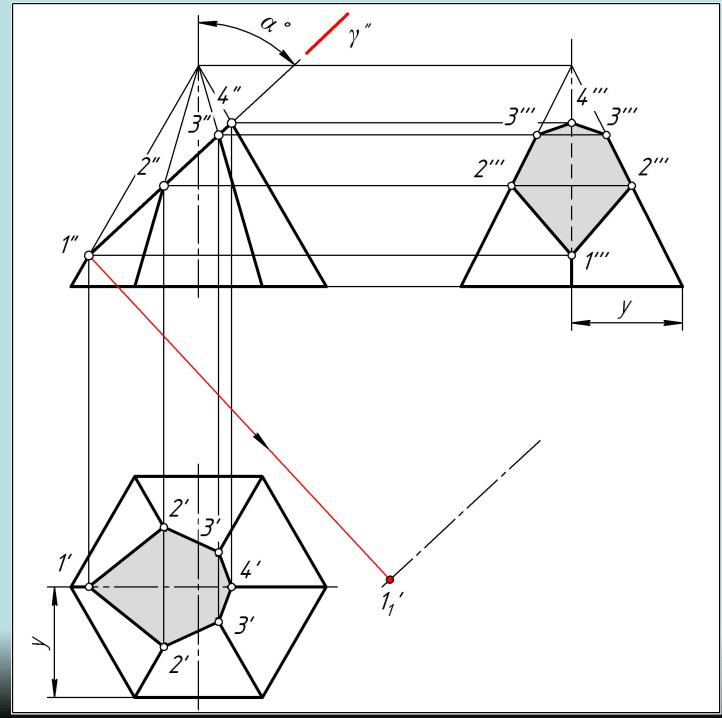




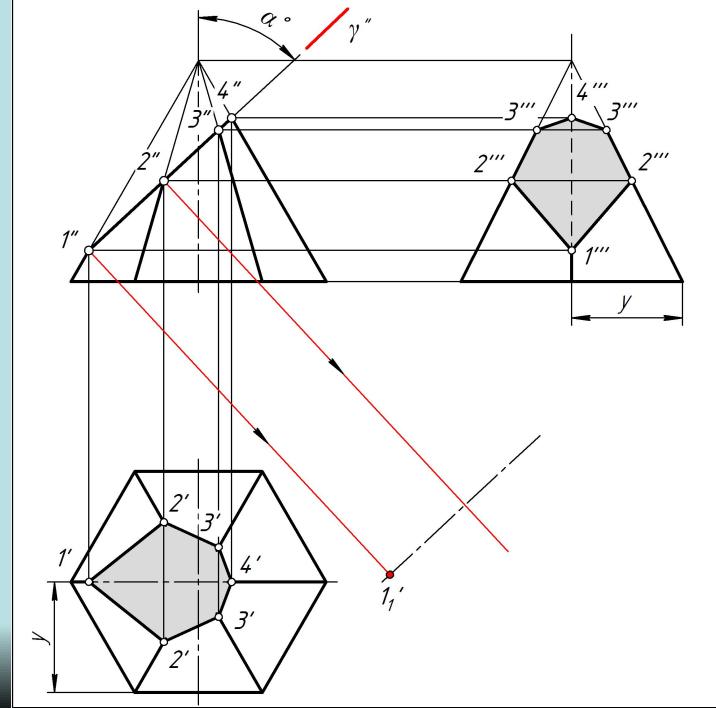


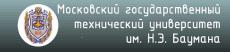


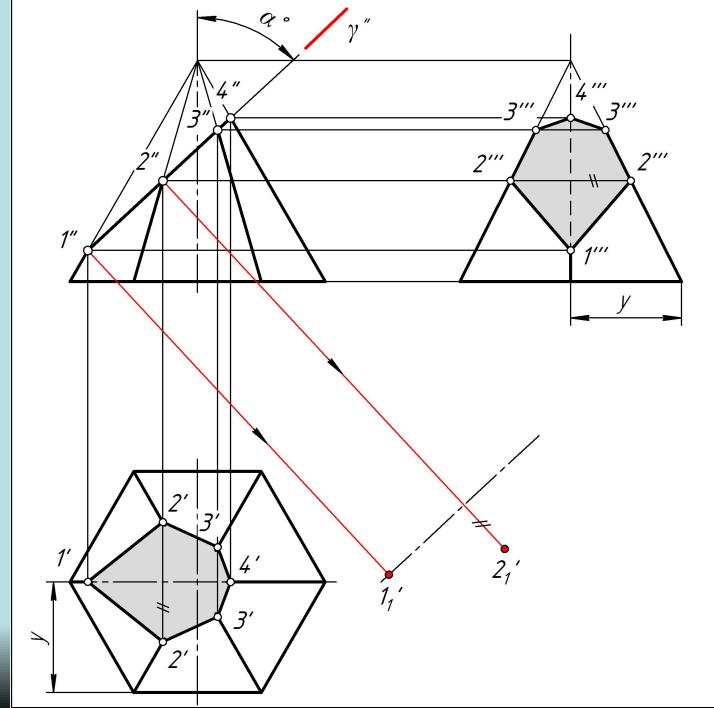




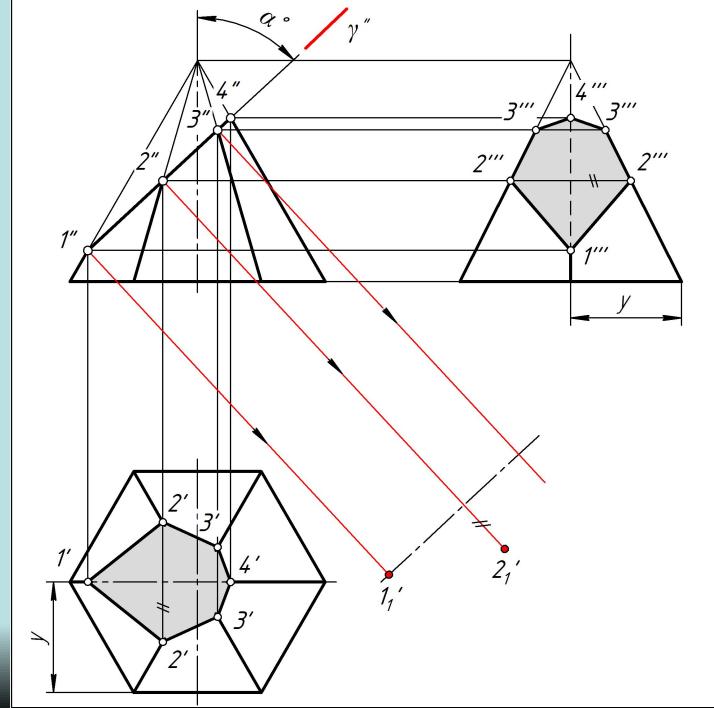




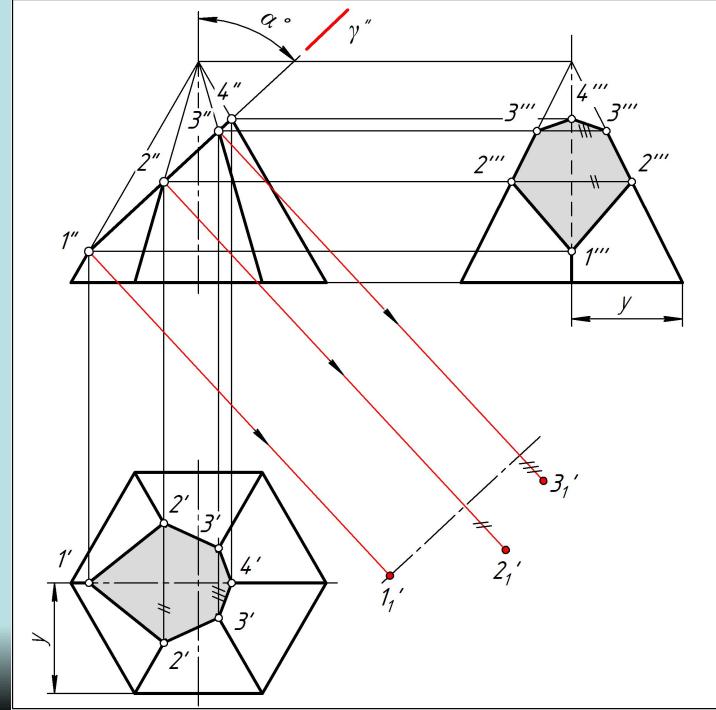


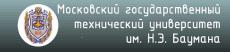


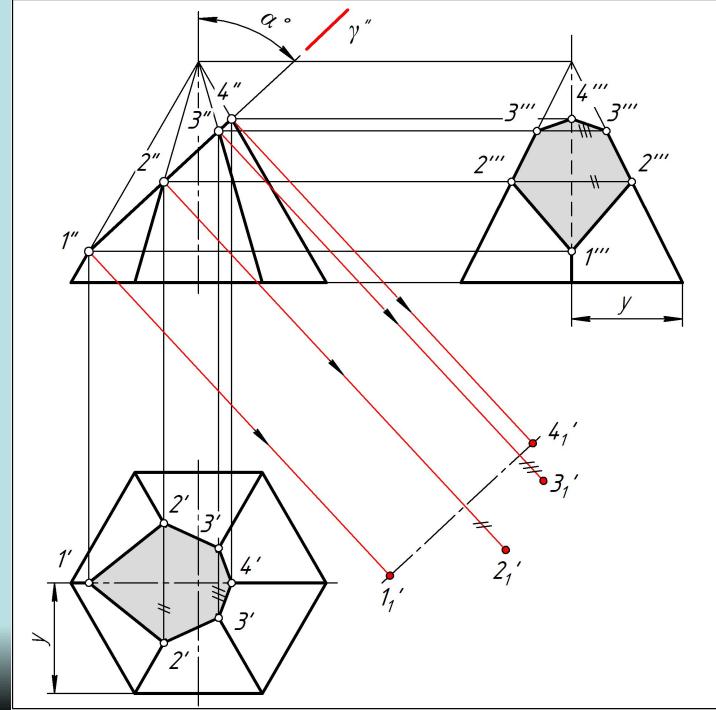




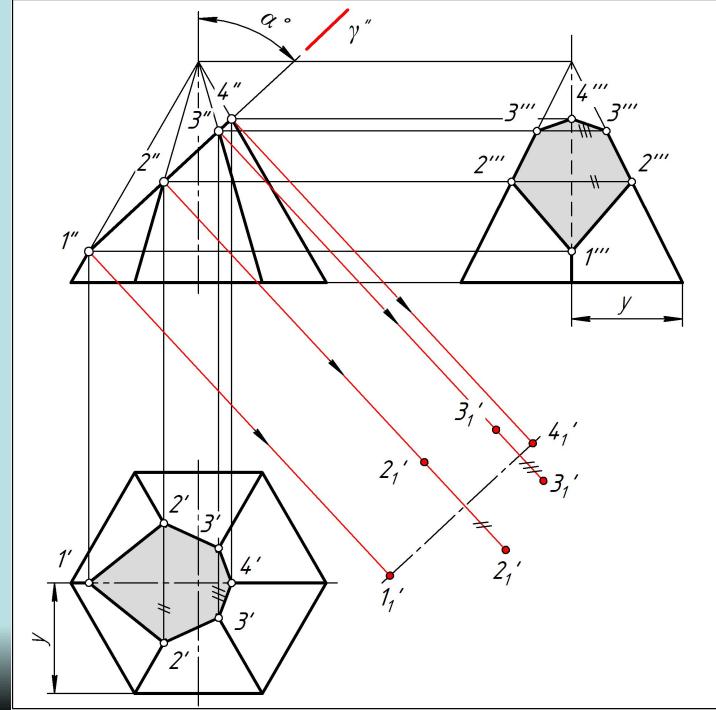




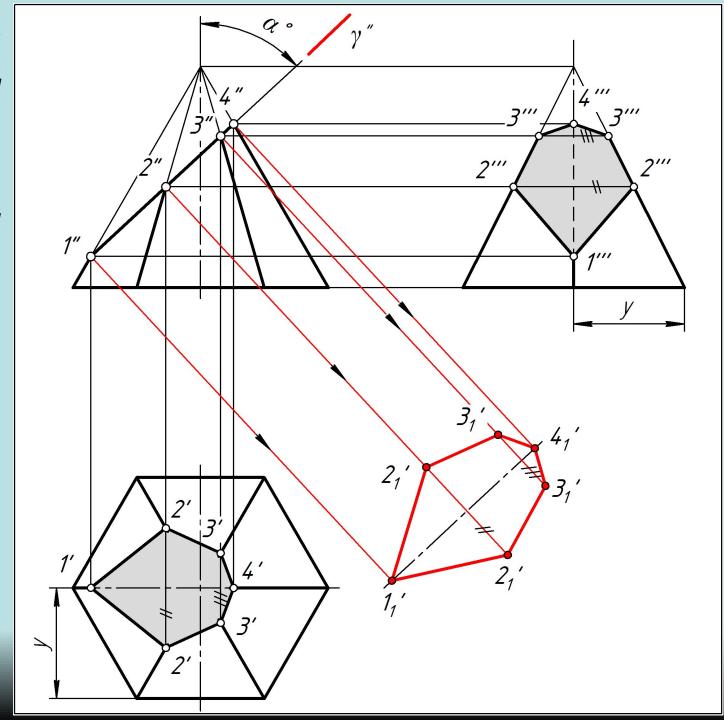


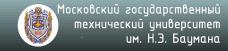


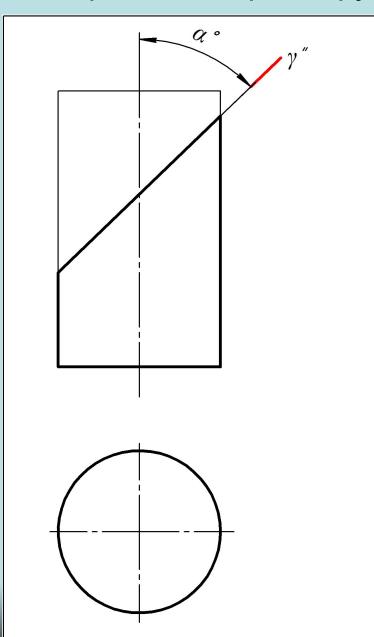




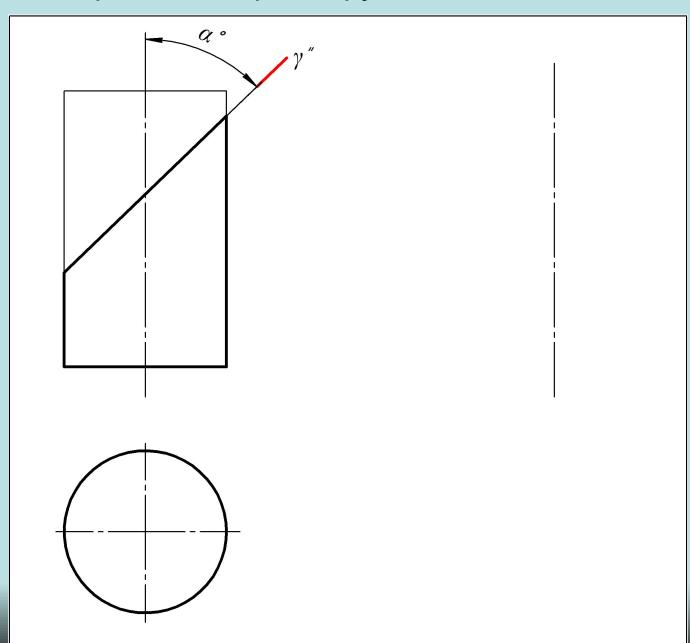


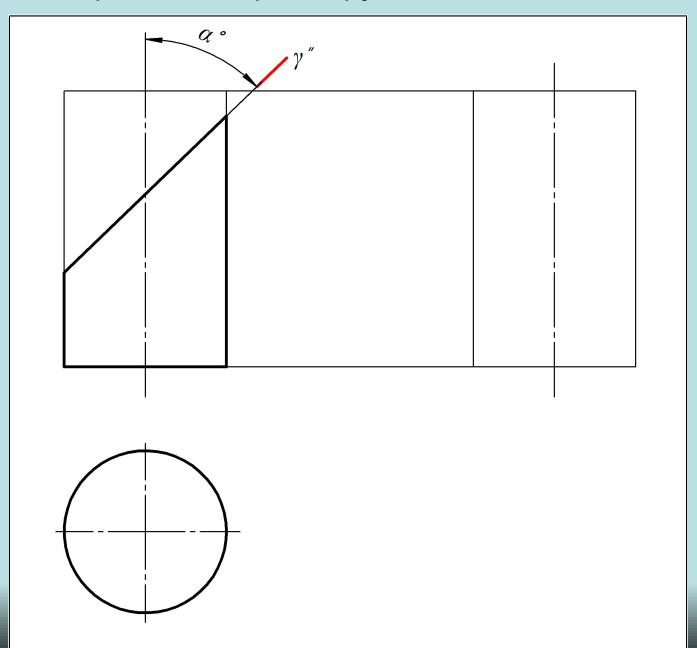


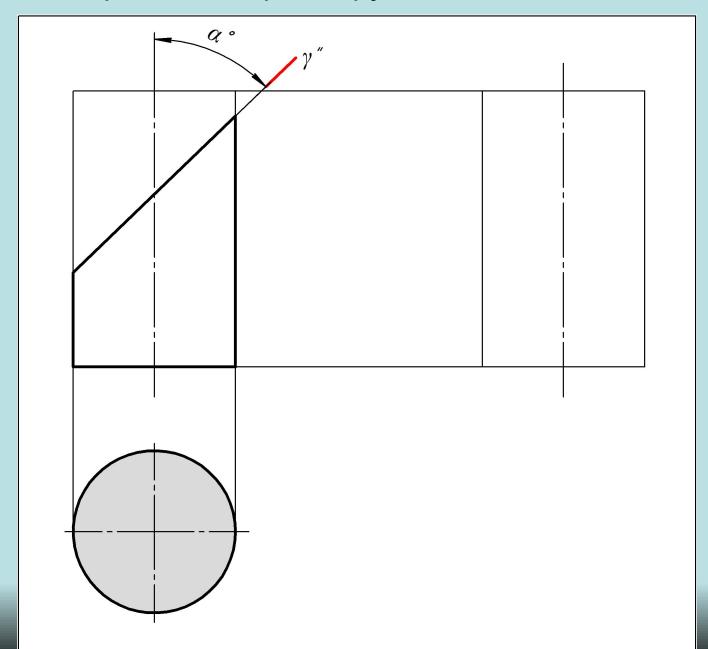


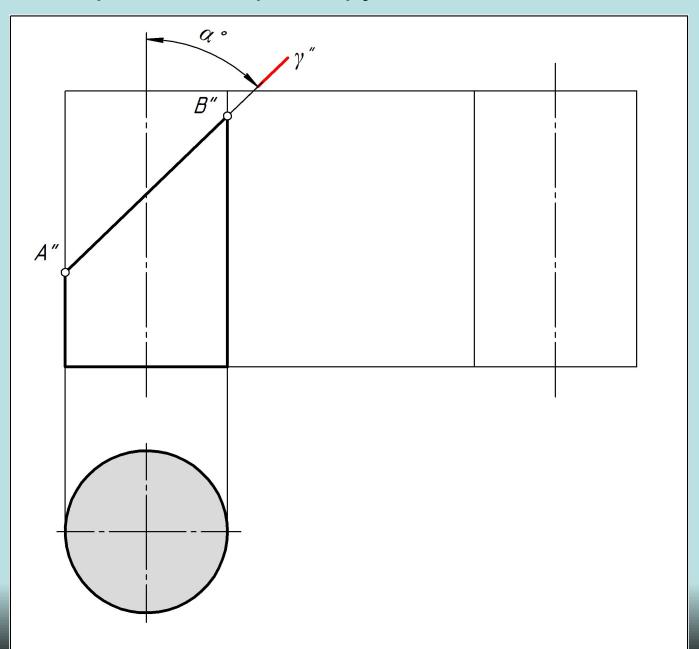


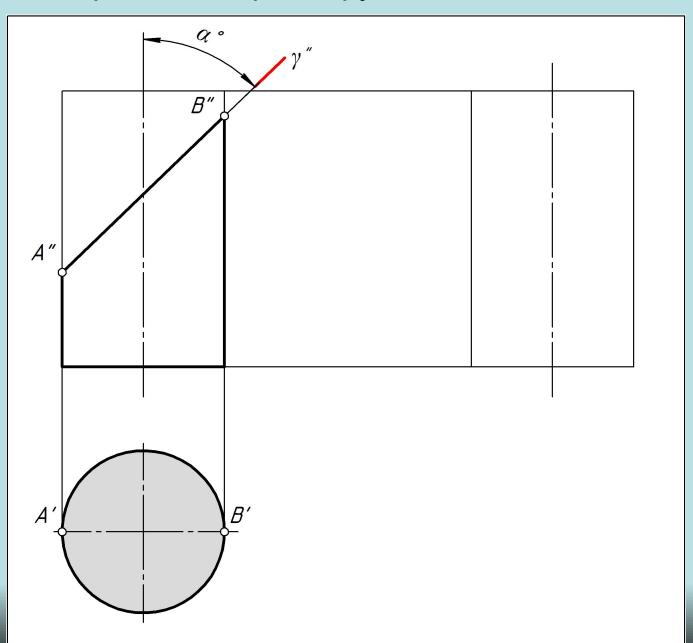


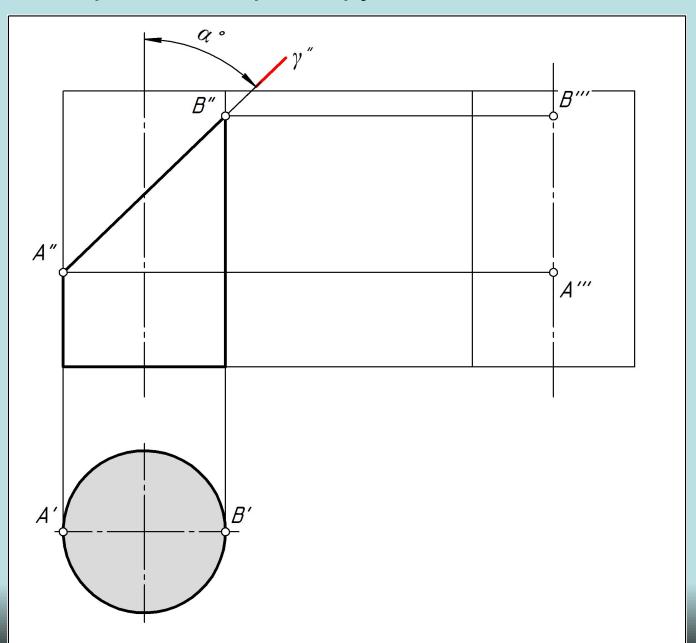


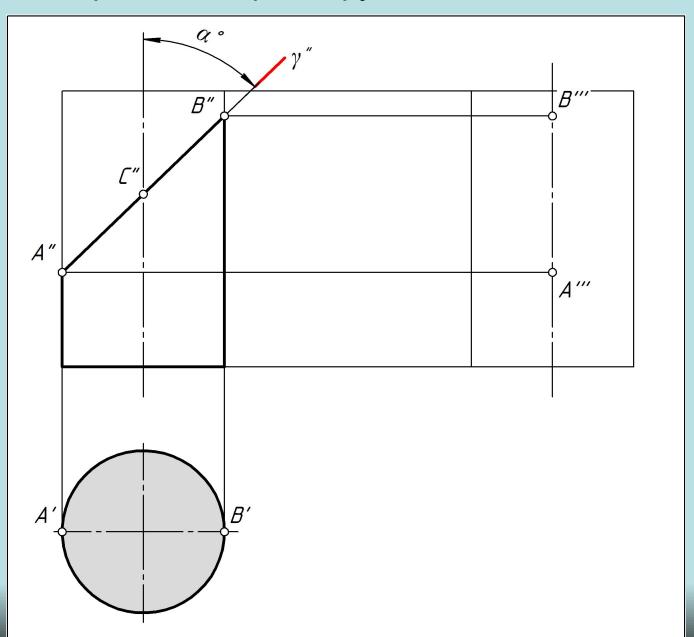


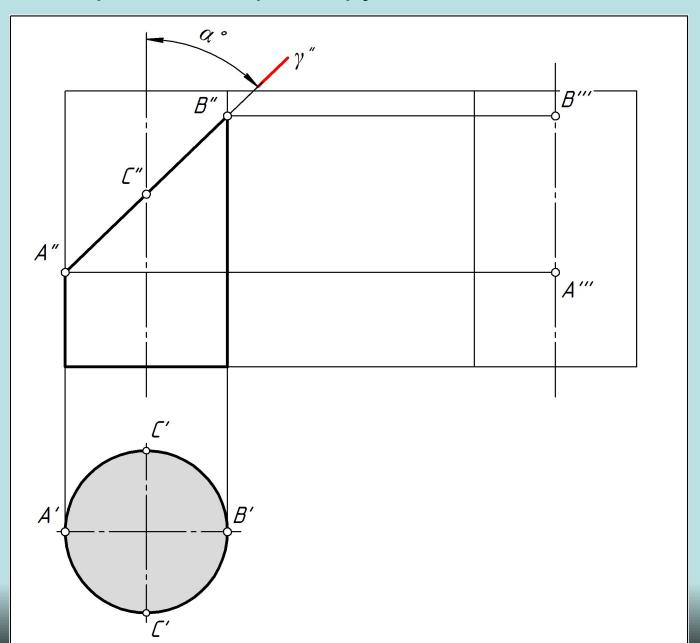


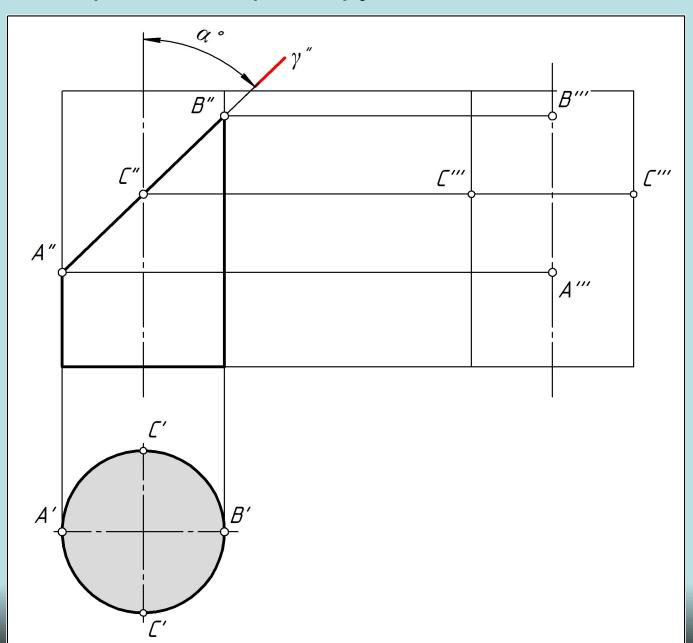


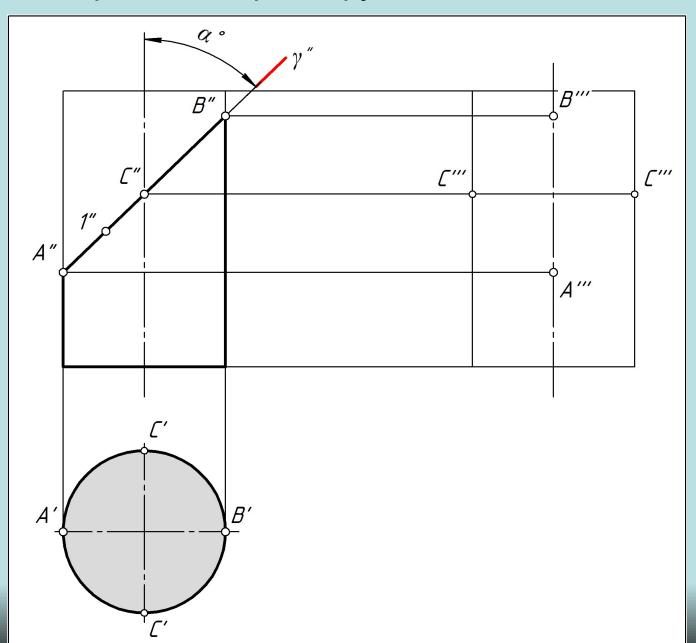


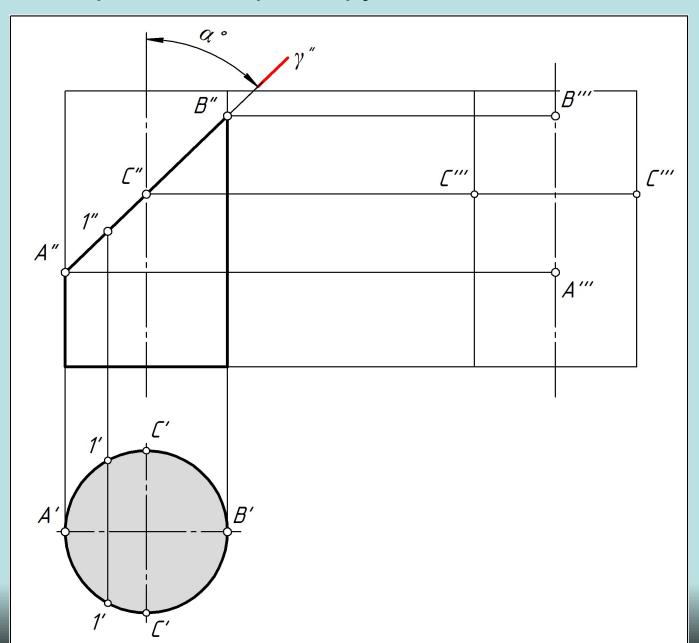


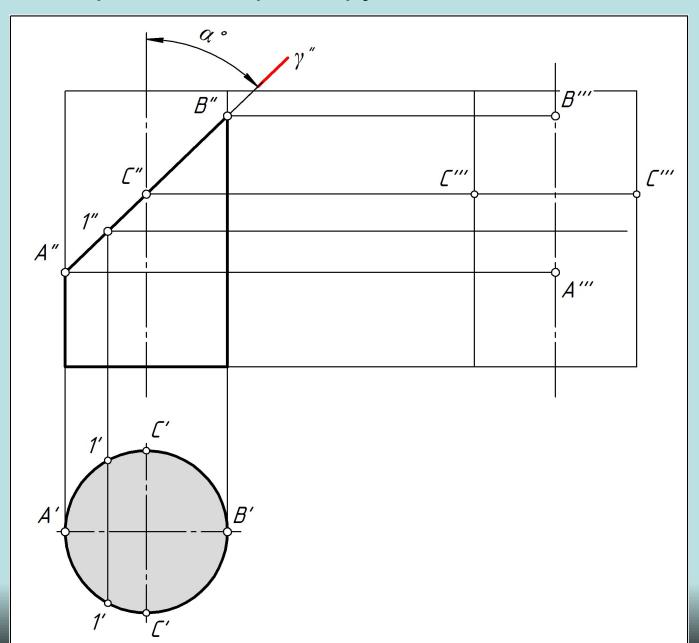


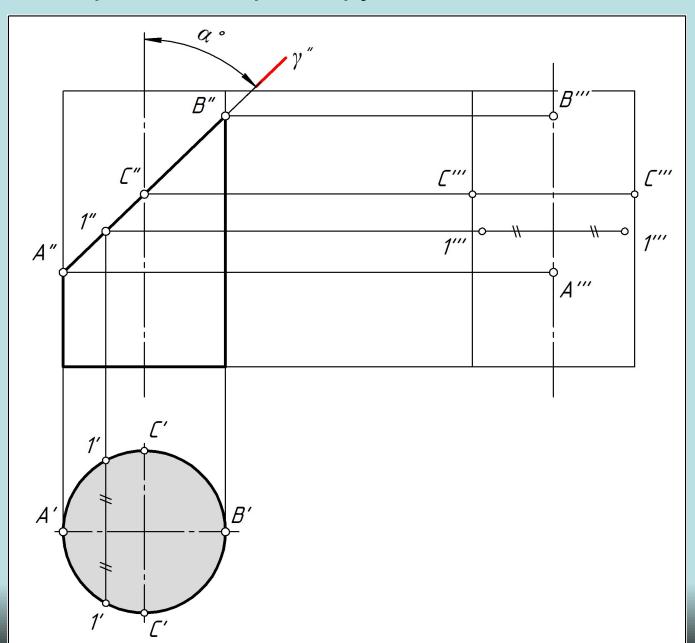


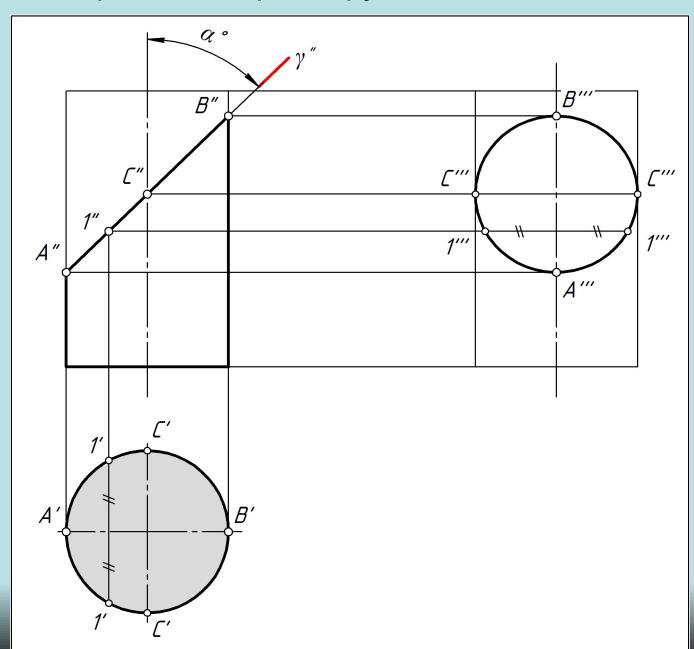


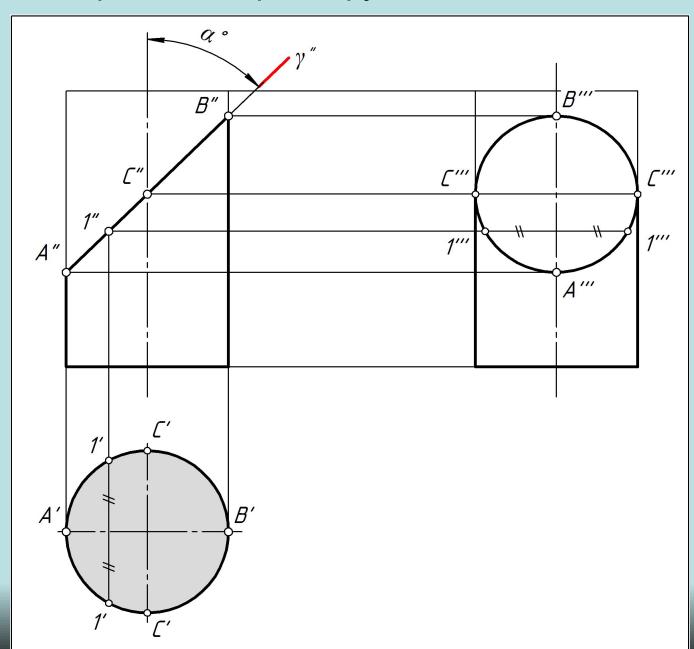


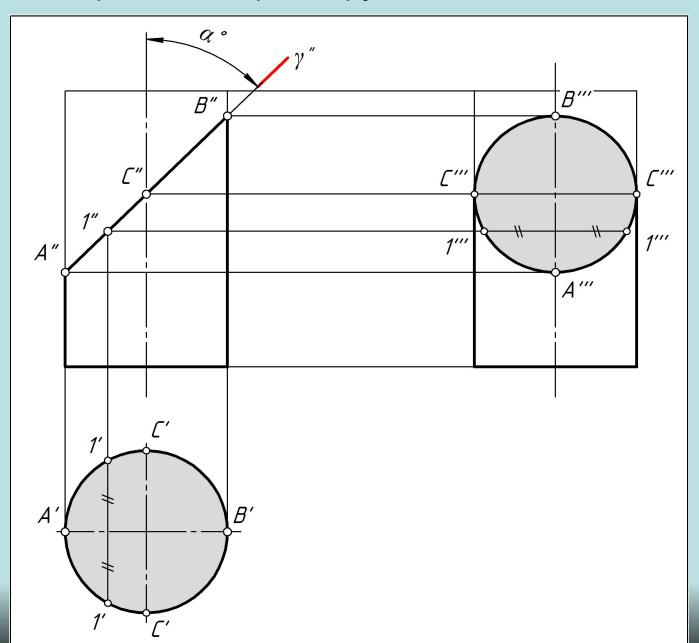


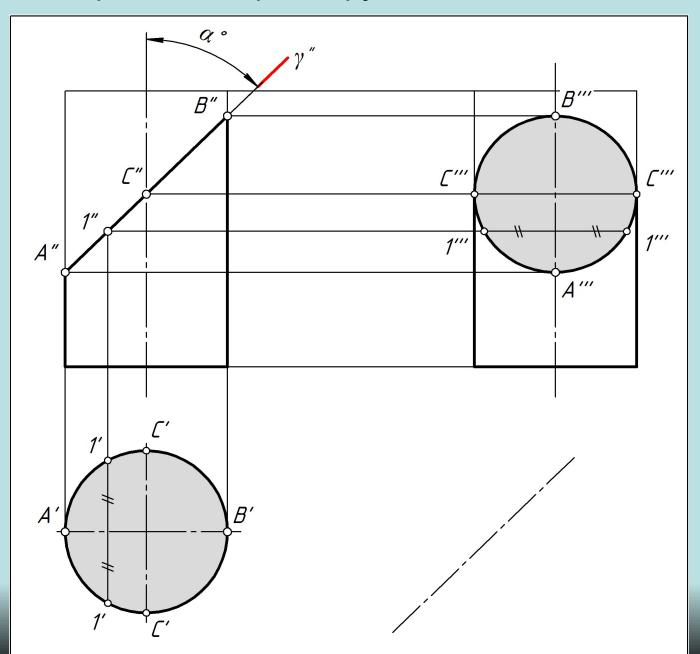


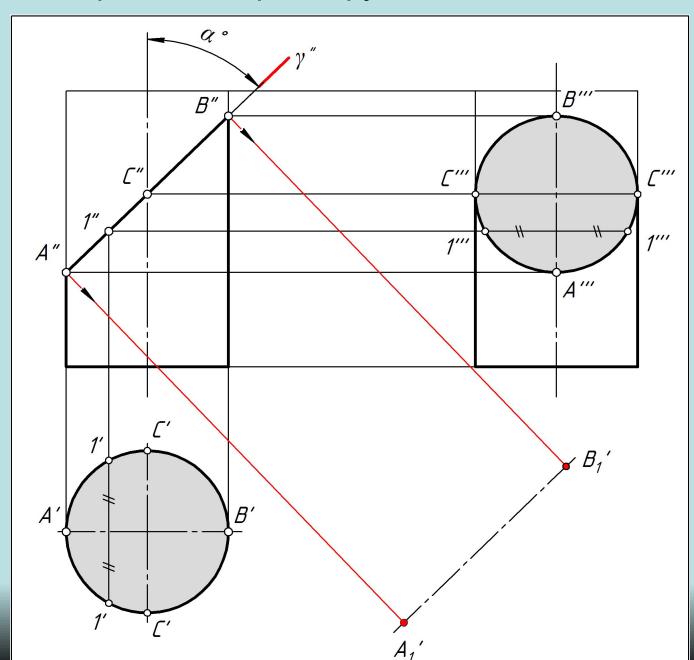


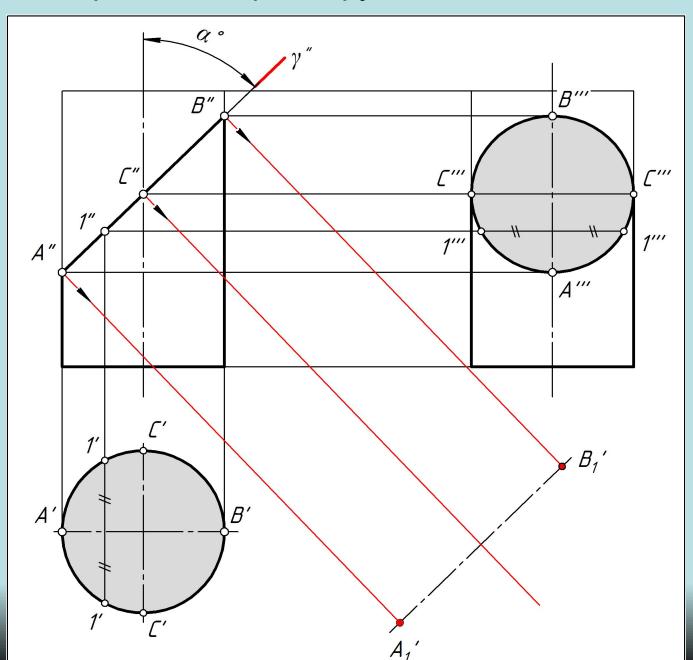


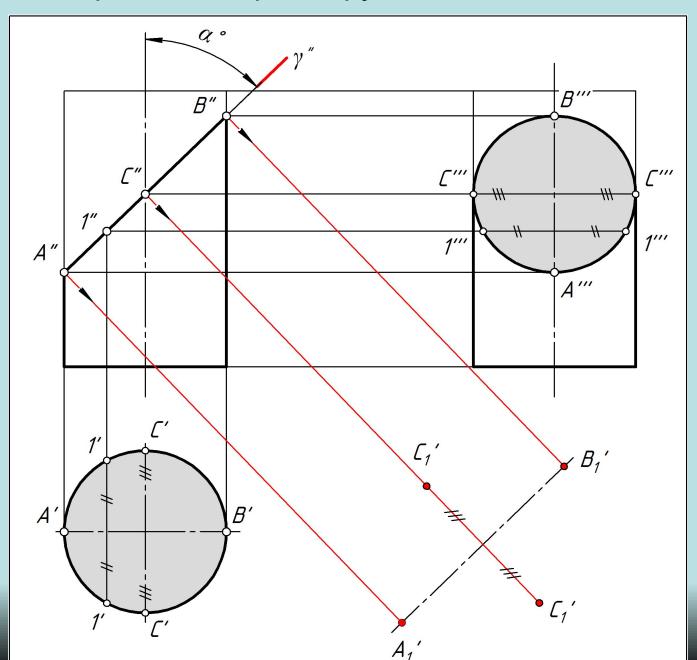


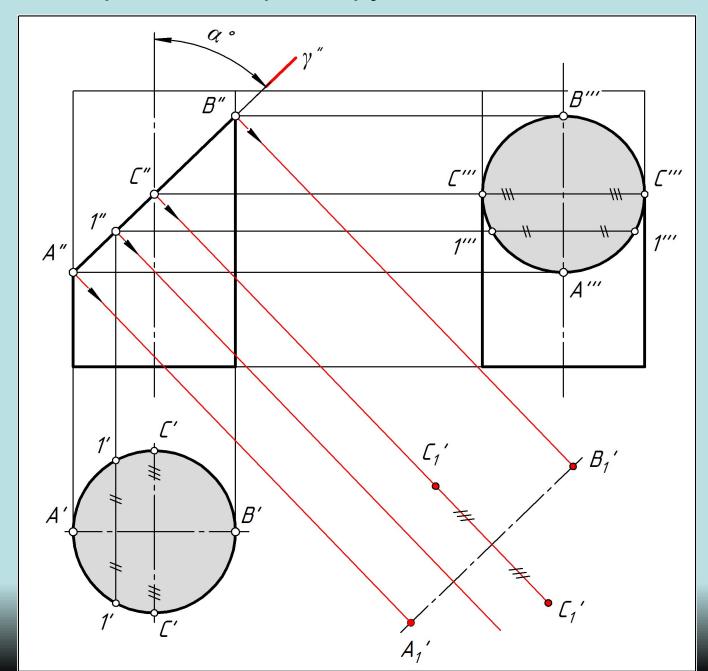


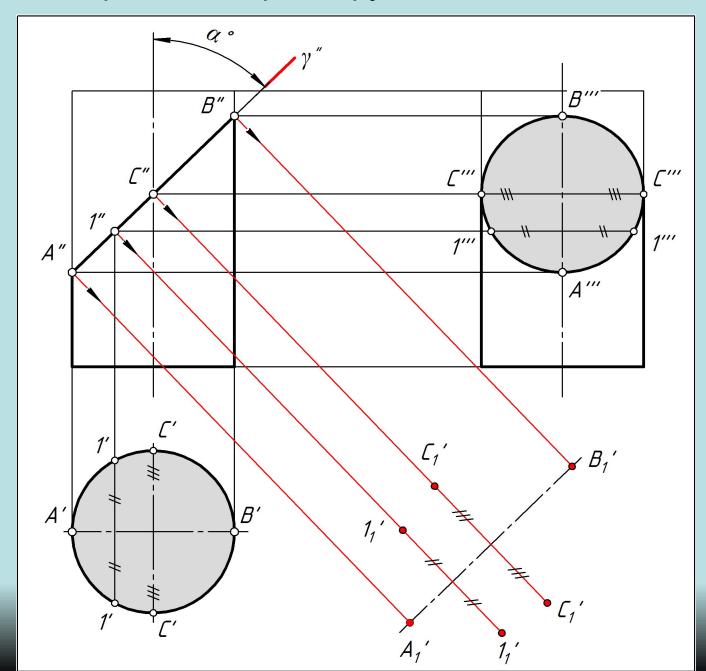


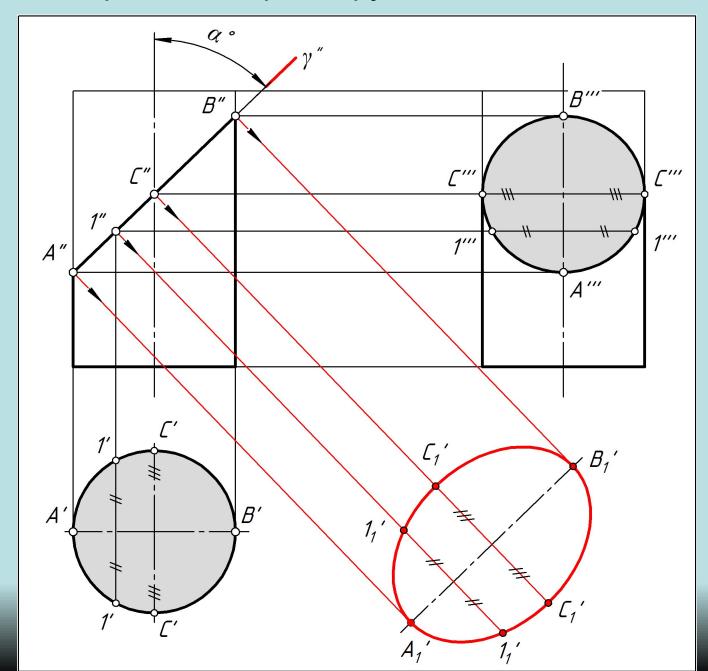


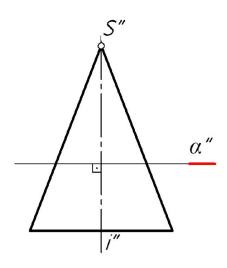




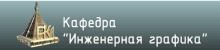




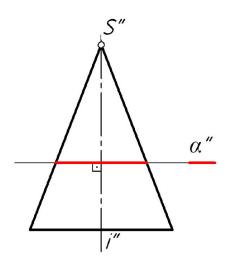




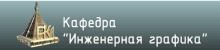
$$\varphi$$
 = 90; $\alpha \perp i$

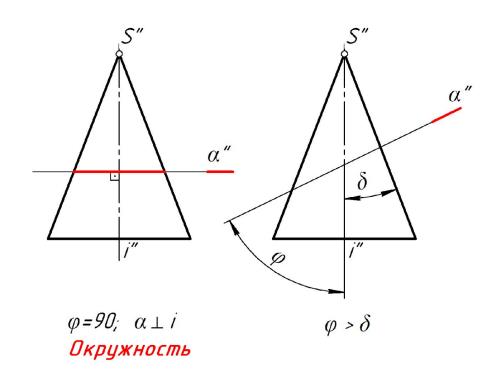


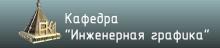
Секущая плоскость α не проходит через вершину конуса S (рис. 50)

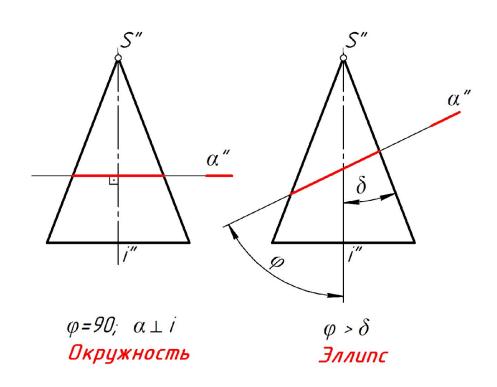


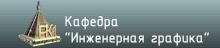
φ=90; α ⊥ *i Dкружность*



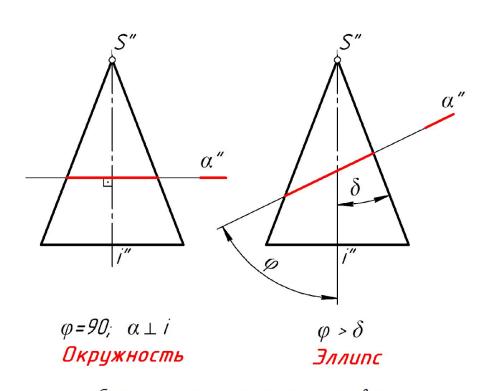




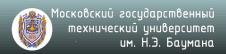


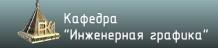


Секущая плоскость α не проходит через вершину конуса S (рис. 50)

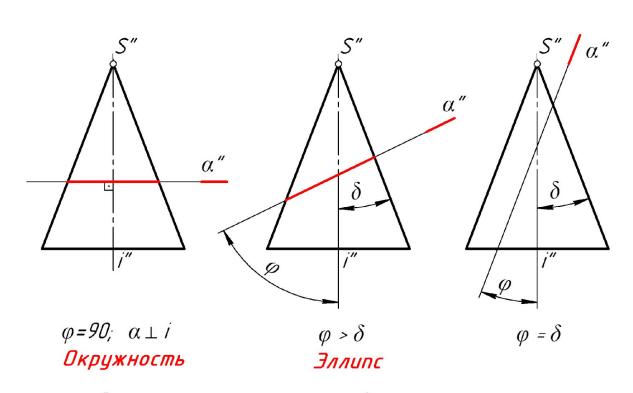


Секущая плоскость пересекает все образующие конуса

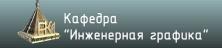




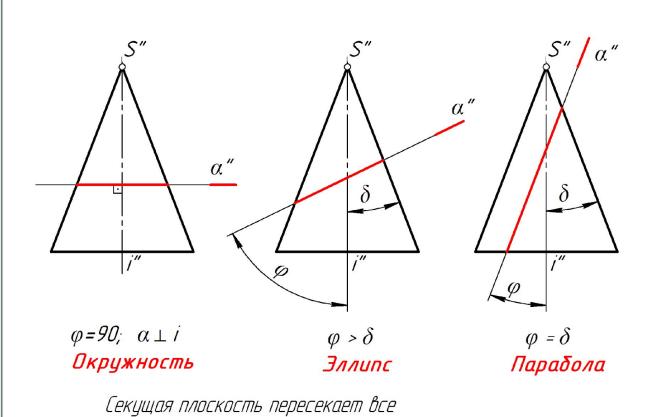
Секущая плоскость α не проходит через вершину конуса S (рис. 50)

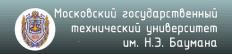


Секущая плоскость пересекает все образующие конуса

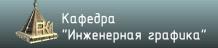


Секущая плоскость α не проходит через вершину конуса S (рис. 50)

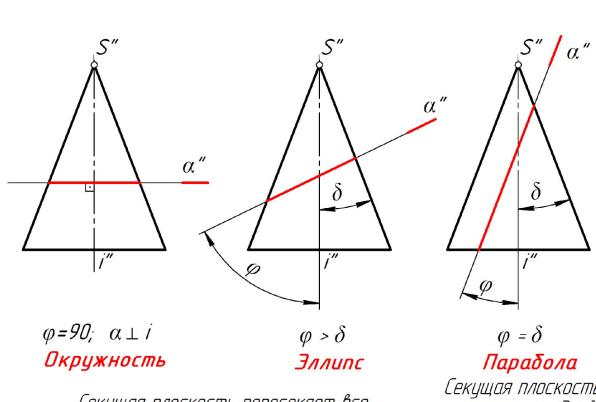




образующие конуса

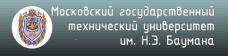


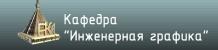
Секущая плоскость α не проходит через вершину конуса S (рис. 50)

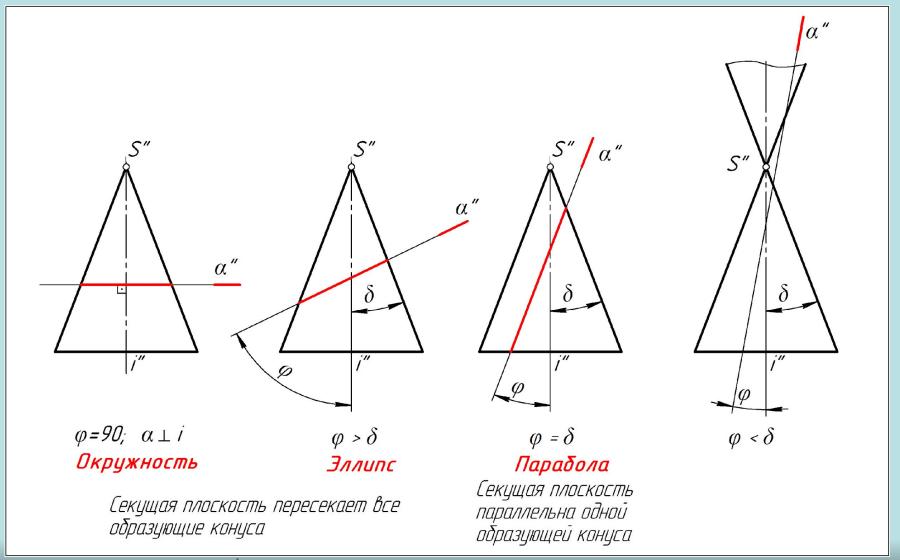


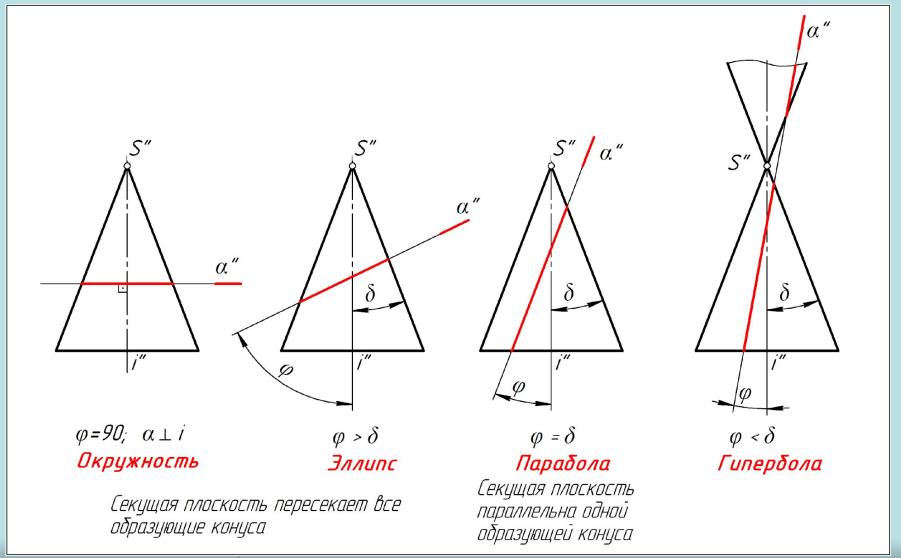
Секущая плоскость пересекает все образующие конуса

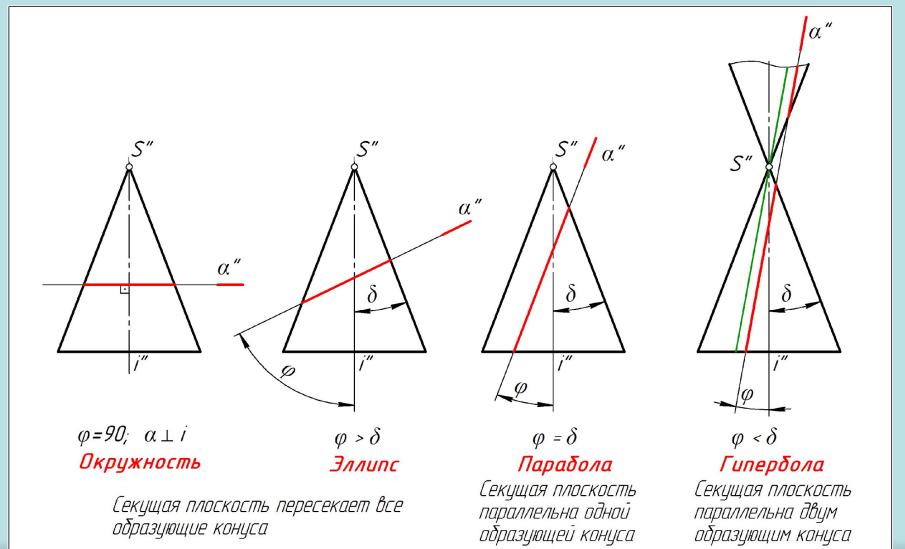
Секущая плоскость параллельна одной образующей конуса

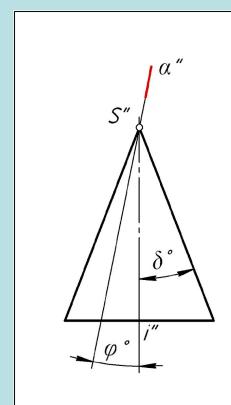






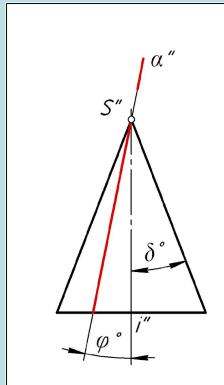






$$\varphi$$
 ° < δ °

Секущая плоскость α проходит через вершину конуса S (рис. 51)

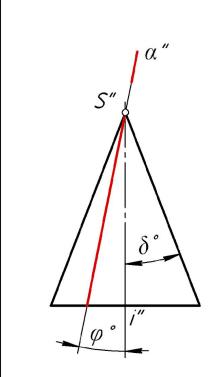


$$\varphi$$
 ° < δ °

Две образующие

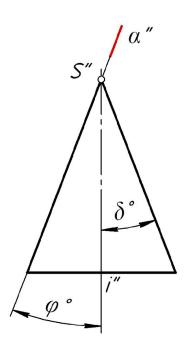


Секущая плоскость α проходит через вершину конуса S (рис. 51)



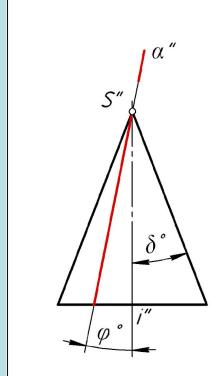


Две образующие



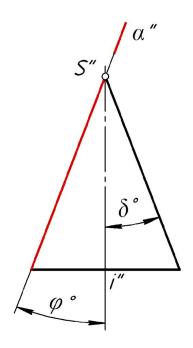
$$\varphi$$
 ° = δ

Секущая плоскость α проходит через вершину конуса S (рис. 51)



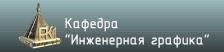


Две образующие

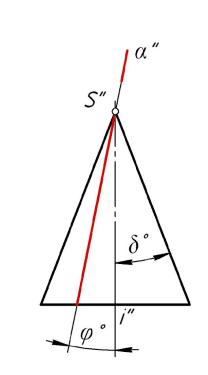


$$\varphi$$
 ° = δ

Одна образующая

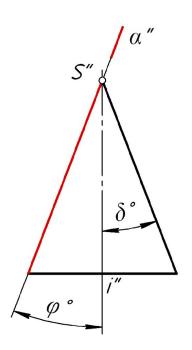


Секущая плоскость α проходит через вершину конуса S (рис. 51)



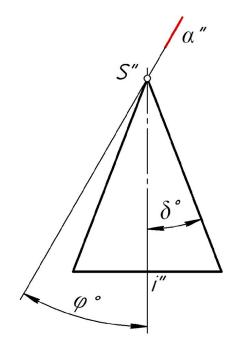


Две образующие



$$p$$
 \circ = δ \circ

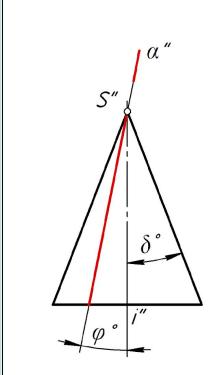
Одна образующая



$$\varphi$$
 $\sim \delta$ \sim

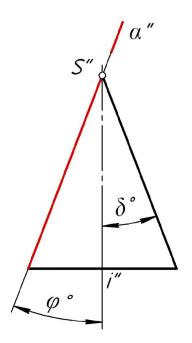
Конус

Секущая плоскость α проходит через вершину конуса S (рис. 51)



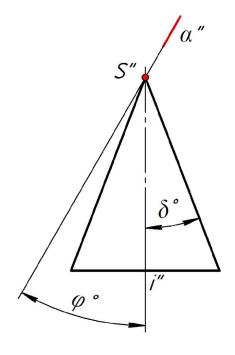


Две образующие



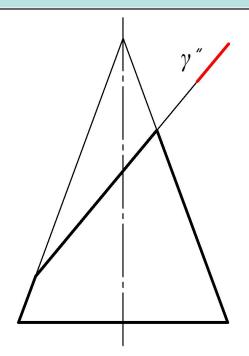
$$\varphi$$
 ° = δ

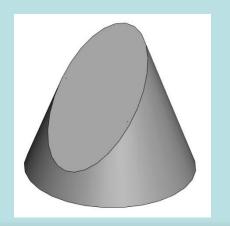
Одна образующая

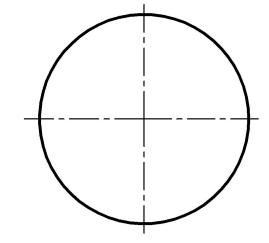


Точка – вершина S

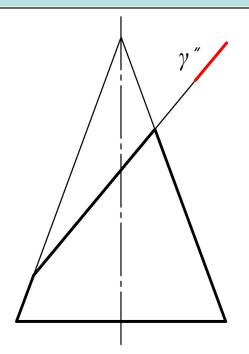


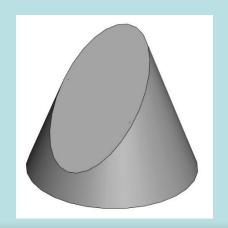


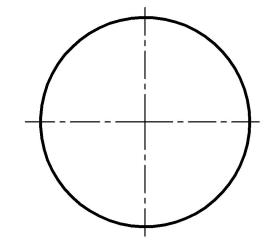


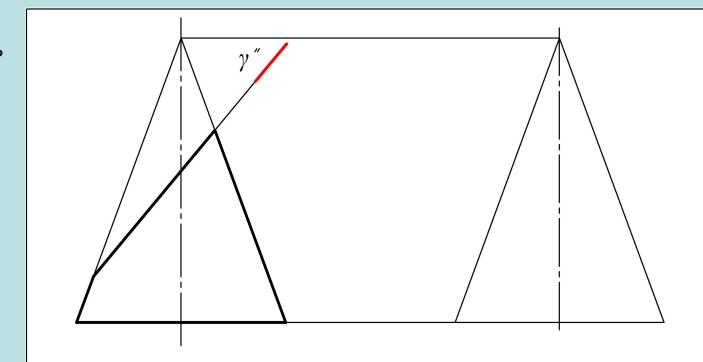


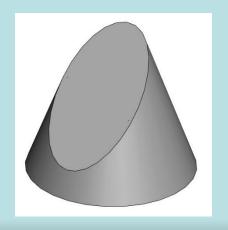
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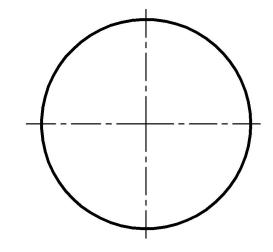




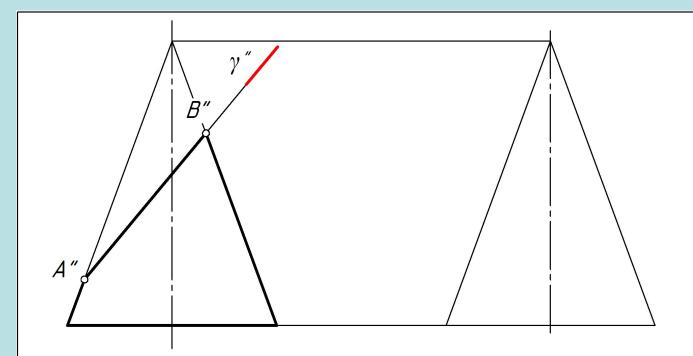


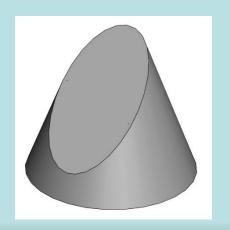


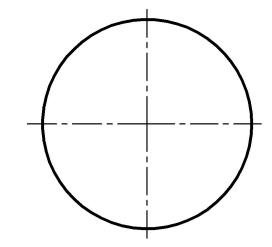




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