## NEWTON BINOMIAL FORMULA







#### Permutation

Permutations - compounds that can be composed of n items, changing in every way possible their order; their number

$$P_n = n!$$

The number **n** is called the order **permutations**.

#### n - faktorial-

it is the product of all natural numbers from unity and n, denoted by the symbol !

Using factorial sign, you can, for example, write:

1! = 1, 2! = 2\*1=2, 3! = 3\*2\*1=6, 4! = 4\*3\*2\*1=24,5! = 5\*4\*3\*2\*1 = 120.

You must know that 0! = 1

#### A task



#### How many ways can sit four musicians?

## **Solution**



 $P_n = n!$ P=4!=1\*2\*3\*4=24

#### Arrangements

Arrangements - compounds containing m items out of n data, different subjects or the order or the objects themselves?; their number



## A task

# The M11 group enrolled 24 students.

How many ways can a timetable duty if the duty team consists of three students?

#### **Solution**

$$A_{24}^{3} = \frac{24!}{(24-3)!} = \frac{24!}{21!} = \frac{21! \cdot 22 \cdot 23 \cdot 24}{21!} = 22 \cdot 23 \cdot 24 = 12144$$

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Answer: The number of ways is equal to the number of placements of 24 to 3, that is, 12144 method.

#### Combinations

Combinations - compounds containing items of m n, differing from each other, at least one subject; their number

$$C_n^m = \frac{n!}{m!(n-m)!}$$

### A task

#### The students were given a list of 10 books, that are recommended to be used to prepare for the exam.





In how many ways a student can choose from these 3 books?

#### **Solution**



#### 1\*2\*3

9

Answer: The number of ways is the number of combinations of 10 to 3, . 120 methods.

#### Newton binomial formula

 THE BINOMIAL THEOREM shows how to calculate a power of a binomial -- (a + b)<sup>n</sup> -- without actually multiplying out.

$$(a+b)^n = \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} a^{n-k} b^k$$

For example, if we actually multiplied out the 4th power of (a + b) --  $(a + b)^4 = (a + b)(a + b)(a + b)(a + b)$ -- then on collecting like terms we would find:  $(a + b)^4 = a^4 + 4a^3b + 6a^2b^2 + 4ab^3 + b^4 \dots \dots (1)$