5 main sources of law are:

- Federal & state constitutions
- Common Law
- Statutes
- Court decisions
- Administrative Law

Constitution

A country's document which spells out the principles by which the government operates.

Common Law

<u>Precedent</u> - Doctrine stating that a judge is required to follow an earlier court decision when deciding a case with similar circumstances.

Statutes

Statute - laws specifically passed by a governing body

- -Can order people to do something
 - -Ex: Pay taxes
- -Can prevent people from doing something
 - -Ex: Discrimination

Court Decisions

Court Law is sometimes called case law.

Courts make laws in 3 ways:

- -Common law tradition
- -By interpreting statues (laws)
- -By judicial review

Administrative Law

A power given by the Legislative Branch to an administrative agency with knowledge over certain fields of business or departments.

Also called Regulatory agencies